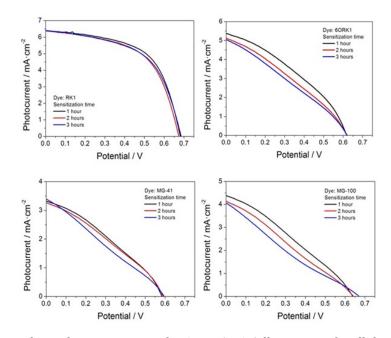
## Organic dyes for the sensitization of ZnO nanostructured photoanodes: effect of the anchoring functions

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Molecule	thio	btdz	ph	C=C	CN	СООН	$PO_3H_2$
(trans)							
60RK1	6.5	40.86	11.26	18.09	2.27	4.51	-
MG100	7.95	43.08	16.97	17.95	3.42	-	0
MG41	3.86	23.29	18.77	28.35	4.80	2.21	-

**Table S1**: Contribution of the various groups to the LUMO (%). Thio = thiophene, btdz = benzothiadiazo, ph = phenyl (bearing the cyanoacrylic group). % are calculated from coefficients  $\geq$  1%. Total is not = 100% (between 83-90%).



**Figure S1:** Current-voltage characteristics under 1-sun AM1.5 illumination for all the organic dyes using different sensitization times.

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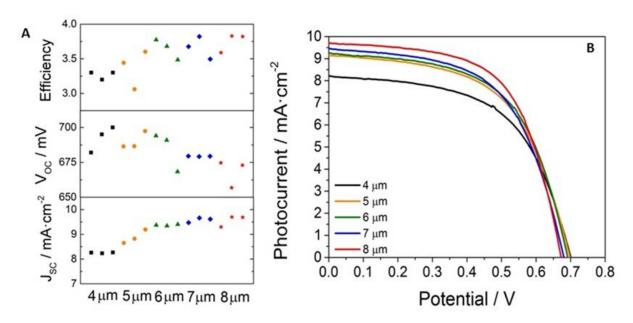
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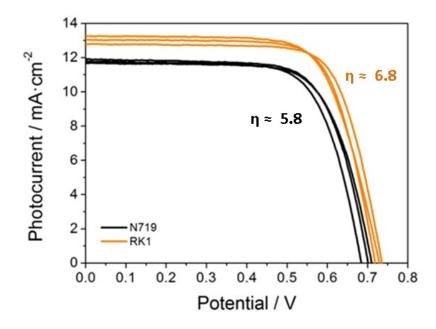
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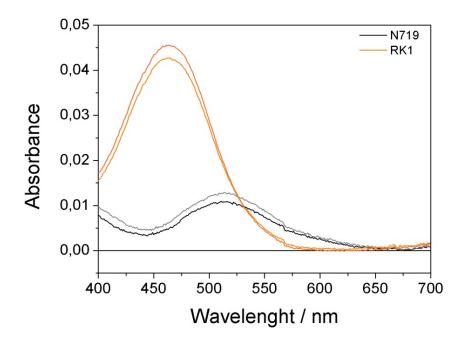
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**Figure S2:** (A) Photovoltaic parameter (efficiency, open-circuit photovoltage and short-circuit photocurrent) for RK1-DSSCs using different thickness of photoanode. 3 samples have been measured. (B) Current-voltage for the best cell of each configuration. All DSSCs were characterized under 1-sun AM 1.5 illumination.



**Figure S3:** Current-voltage curves under 1 sun AM 1.5 illumination for RK1 and N719 using a  $12\mu m$   $TiO_2$  film as photoanode.



**Figure S4:** Absorbance spectra of solution (0.1M KOH in methanol) containing the desorbed dye. From these spectra, the following dye loadings have been calculated:  $4.6 \cdot 10^{-8}$  moles/cm<sup>2</sup> and  $2.7 \cdot 10^{-8}$  moles/cm<sup>2</sup> for RK1- and N719-photoanodes respectively.

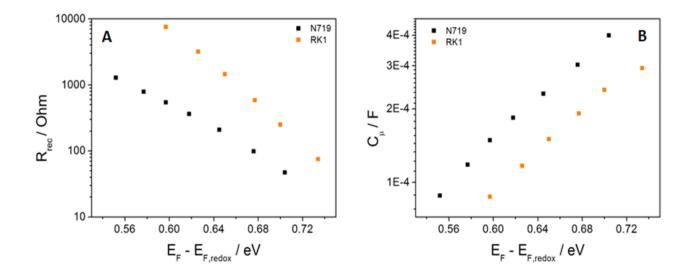


Figure 5: (A) Electron recombination resistance and (B) chemical capacitance data as extracted from EIS measurements in  $TiO_2$ -DSSC with RK1 and N719 as sensitizers.

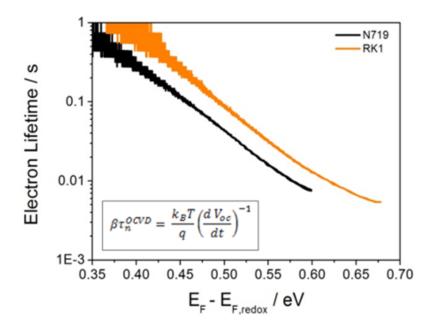
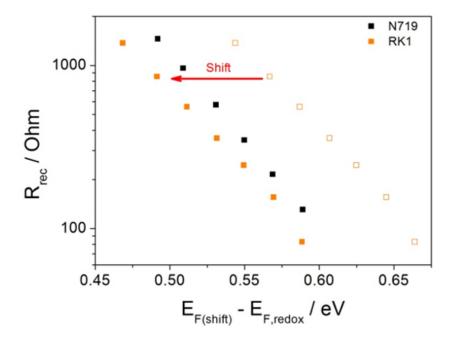
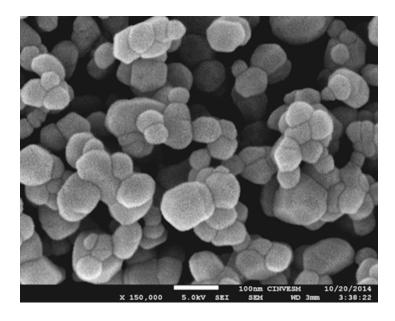


Figure S6: Electron lifetime as extracted from OCVD for N719-DSSC and RK1-DSSC.



**Figure S7**: Electron recombination resistance data as extracted from EIS measurements for N719-DSSC and RK1-DSSC after (filled squares) and before (empty squares) applying a shift on the Fermi level (both sample show the same capacitance at the same electron density).



**Figure S8:** SEM picture of a sintered ZnO nanostructured film used as photoanode