## Supplementary Information Facile Fabrication of Magnetically Assembled Colloidal Photonic Crystal Film via Radical Polymerization Aimei You, Yuhua Cao\*, Guangqun Cao The Key Laboratory of Food Colloids and Biotechnology, Ministry of Education, School of Chemical and Material Engineering, Jiangnan University, Wuxi 214122, P. R. China Synthesis of Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@OA Magnetic Nanoparticles.

9 Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@OA magnetic nanoparticles were prepared by the classical chemical co-10 precipitation procedure. FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (4.05 g) and FeSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O (2.78 g) were 11 dissolved with water (100 mL) by vigorous stirring under N<sub>2</sub> gas protection. Once the 12 solution was heated to 90°C, ammonium hydroxide (15 mL) and OA (0.67 g) were 13 rapidly added in sequence. After stirring for 1h, Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@OA magnetic nanoparticles 14 were obtained. Then the Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@OA nanoparticles were separated by means of 15 magnetic aggregation with a magnet. Next, the nanoparticles were washed with water 16 and ethanol, respectively, and dried under vacuum at 50°C overnight. The dried 17 magnetic nanoparticles were dispersed well in chloroform or cyclohexane.

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## 19 Preparation of MCNPs by Three-step Miniemulsion Polymerization.

20 MCNPs were prepared by the three-step miniemulsion polymerization. In the 21 first step, 0.5 g Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@OA were dispersed in 2.5 mL organic solvent, and added 22 drop-wise into 40mL aqueous solution containing 0.05 g SDS under vigorous stirring 23 for pre-emulsification. After 30 min, the solution was sonicated in ice-water bath for 30 s to get the miniemulsion A. In the second step, 0.1 g MMA and 1.2 g EGDMA 24 25 were added into 40 mL aqueous solution containing 0.05 g SDS as in step 1 for preemulsification. Then the solution was sonicated in ice-water bath for 15 s to get the 26 miniemulsion B. In the third step, a mixture of the magnetite miniemulsion A and the 27 miniemulsion B was sonicated in ice-water bath for 30 s. After that, the miniemulsion 28 was transferred into a three neck-bottomed flask, and heated to 70°C under an 29 atmosphere of nitrogen. Finally, 10 mg KPS was added to initiate polymerization by 30 stirring at 350 rpm. The polymerization time was 18 h. 31

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## 33 FT-IR characteristic of MCNPs.

34 The functional groups of MCNPs were analyzed by FT-IR, shown in Figure S1. The peaks at 2925 cm<sup>-1</sup> and 1453 cm<sup>-1</sup> were characteristic peaks for C-H stretching 35 36 and bending vibrations. The peak at 1732 cm<sup>-1</sup> was attributed to the stretching vibration of C=O in ester group in EGDMA and MMA. The peaks at 1162 cm<sup>-1</sup> was 37 from stretching vibration of C-O-C in EGDMA. The peaks at 1260 cm<sup>-1</sup> might be 38 characteristic peak of S=O stretching vibration resulted from the surfactant SDS and 39 the KPS during polymerization. The peaks near 590 cm<sup>-1</sup> were characteristic peaks of 40 Fe-O-Fe in magnetite. All these adsorption peaks confirmed the successful formation 41 42 of magnetite @ poly(MMA-co-EGDMA) composite.

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## 47 Fig. S1 FT-IR spectrum of MCNPs

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49 Table S1 The influence of surfactant concentration on the particle size  $(D_h)$ ,

50 polydispersity indexes (PDI), and the content of magnetite

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Sample	SDS(mmol/L)	$D_{h}(nm)$	PDI	TGA (%)
MCNP-1	0.87	296	0.340	33.8
MCNP-2	1.7	166	0.171	38.2
MCNP-3	2.6	162	0.163	39.6
MCNP-4	3.5	152	0.160	48.5
MCNP-5	4.3	152	0.162	45.8
MCNP-6	5.2	148	0.158	45.8
MCNP-7	6.1	145	0.151	56.2
MCNP-8	7.0	146	0.150	60.7