SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Design of Chiral Urea-Quaternary Ammonium Salt Hybrid Catalysts for Asymmetric Reactions of Glycine Schiff Bases

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1. General Information:

¹H- and ¹³C-NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance III 300 MHz spectrometer, on a Bruker Avance III 700 MHz spectrometer with TCI cryoprobe or on Bruker DRX 400, 300, 250 MHz spectrometers. All NMR spectra were referenced on the solvent peak. High resolution mass spectra were obtained using an Agilent 6520 Q-TOF mass spectrometer with an ESI source and an Agilent G1607A coaxial sprayer or using a Thermo Fisher Scientific LTQ Orbitrap XL with an Ion Max API Source. Additional mass spectral analyses were carried out using an electrospray spectrometer, Waters 4 micro quadrupole. Elemental analyses were performed with a FLASHEA 1112 series-Thermo Scientific for CHNS-O apparatus. IR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Tensor 27 FT-IR spectrometer with ATR unit. HPLC analysis were performed either by using a Waters instrument or using a Dionex Summit HPLC system with a Chiralcel OD-H (250 x 4.6 mm, 5 μ m), a Chiralcel OD-R (250 x 4.6 mm, 10 μ m), a Chiralpak AD-H (250 x 4.6 mm, 5 μ m), or a Chiralpak IA-3 (250 x 4.6 mm, 3 μ m) chiral stationary phase. Optical rotations were recorded on a Perkin Elmer Polarimeter Model 241 MC and on a Schmidt + Haensch Polarimeter Model UniPol L 1000. All chemicals were purchased from commercial suppliers and used without further purification unless otherwise stated. All reactions were performed under an Ar-atmosphere.

2. Optimized Protocol for the Synthesis of Bifunctional Ammonium Salts:

Optimized protocol for quaternization with electron-withdrawing substituents:



General Syntheses of 13 (via Steps A, B as depicted in Scheme 2 of the manuscript):

Step 1 (A): The corresponding benzaldehyde (2 mmol) was added to a solution of **11** (428 mg, 2 mmol, 1 eq) (prepared from (*S*,*S*)-cyclohexanediamine-**5**-dihydrochloride¹ according to literature²) in THF/methanol = 1/1 (10 mL) and the solution was stirred at r.t. overnight. After the addition of NaBH₄ (114 mg, 3 mmol, 1.5 eq) stirring was continued for another 2 h at r.t.. The reaction was quenched by addition of water and extracted with water/diethyl ether. The organic phase was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and evaporated to dryness to obtain the crude product **12** in quantitative yield which could be directly used without any purification.

Compound 12c (R¹ = 3,5-(CF₃)₂-Ph): Obtained in 95% yield (824 mg, 1.9 mmol). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.08-1.35 (m, 4H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 1.61-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.96 (s (b), 1H), 1.99-2.15 (m, 2H), 3.31-3.47 (m, 1H), 3.83 (d, 1H, J = 14.1 Hz), 4.00 (d, 1H, J = 14.1 Hz), 4.48 (d, 1H, J = 7.3 Hz), 7.73 (s, 1H), 7.82 (s, 2H) ppm.

Step 2 (B): The corresponding amine **12** (1.7 mmol) was dissolved in 3 ml DMF. After the addition of K_2CO_3 (287 mg, 2.1 mmol, 1.2 eq) and methyl iodide (646 µl, 10.4 mmol, 6 eq) the suspension was stirred for 20-30 h at 60 °C. After removal of excess methyl iodide under reduced pressure, the suspension was extracted with dichloromethane/brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄ and removal of the solvent under reduced pressure gives **13**, which was used without further purification.

¹⁾ H.-J. Schanz, M. Linseis, D. Gilheany, Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 2003, 14, 2763-2769.

²⁾ D. W: Lee, H.-J. Ha, W. K. Lee, Synth. Commun. 2007, 37, 737-742.

Compound 13c (R¹ = 3,5-(CF₃)₂-Ph): Obtained in 70% yield (1.13 g, 1.2 mmol). $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ (c = 1.8, dichloromethane) = -7.4°; ¹H NMR (700 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.32-1.40 (m, 1H), 1.46 (s, 9H), 1.58-1.66 (m, 1H), 1.66-1.74 (m, 1H), 1.77-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.95-2.06 (m, 3H), 2.59-2.64 (m, 1H), 3.22 (s, 3H), 3.28 (s, 3H), 4.11-4.18 (m, 1H), 4.93-5.00 (m, 1H), 5.16 (d, 1H, *J* = 12.8 Hz), 5.36 (d, 1H, *J* = 12.8 Hz), 5.87 (d, 1H, *J* = 9.9 Hz), 8.01 (s, 1H), 8.13 (s, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 24.8, 24.8, 27.7, 28.5, 35.7, 49.7, 51.1, 51.7, 63.1, 77.8, 81.5, 122.8 (q, *J* = 273 Hz), 124.9, 130.3, 133.0 (q, *J* = 34 Hz), 133.6, 155.9 ppm; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): -62.8 ppm; IR (film): $\vec{\nu}$ = 3431, 3270, 3011, 2980, 2939, 2867, 1695, 1625, 1516, 1467, 1455, 1393, 1370, 1323, 1281, 1242, 1176, 1138, 1048, 1024, 904, 870, 844, 737, 709, 683 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₂H₃₁F₆N₂O₂⁺: 469.2284 [M⁺], found: 469.2281.

Optimized protocol for quaternization with sterically demanding substituents:



General Syntheses of 13 (via C,D as depicted in Scheme 2 of the manuscript):

Step 1 (C): Amine **11** was prepared acoording to literature³. **11** (535 mg, 2.5 mmol) was dissolved in 40 ml 1,2-dichloroethane. After addition of formaldehyde (37w% aq. solution, 394 µl, 5 mmol, 2 eq) the solution was stirred at r.t. for 15 min. Then NaBH(OAc)₃ (1.25 g, 5.8 mmol, 2.3 eq) was added and the solution was stirred at r.t. overnight. The reaction was quenched with 50 ml saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄ and removal of the solvent under reduced pressure gave **19** (581 mg, 2.4 mmol, 96%) which was directly used without further purification. Analytical data were in accordance with those reported in literature³. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 0.96-1.34 (m, 4H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.60-1.70 (m, 1H), 1.72-1.86 (m, 2H), 2.11-2.28 (m, 1H), 2.21 (s, 6H), 2.40-2.52 (m, 1H), 3.12-3.24 (m, 1H), 5.28 (s, 1H) ppm.

³⁾ N. R. Amarasinghe, P. Turner, M. H. Todd, Adv. Synth. Catal. 2012, 354, 2954-2958.

Step 2 (D): A solution of **19** (50 mg, 0.2 mmol) and the corresponding benzyl bromide derivative (0.6 mmol, 1.5 eq) in 0.5 mL DMF was stirred at 60 °C overnight. Evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure gave crude **13** which was used without further purification.

Compound 13a ($\mathbb{R}^1 = \alpha$ -Naphthyl): Analytical data were found to be in accordance with literature⁴. [α]_D²³ (c = 1.0, dichloromethane) = -5.2°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.25-1.38 (m, 1H), 1.45 (s, 9H), 1.58-1.77 (m, 3H), 1.85-2.08 (m, 3H), 2.52-2.64 (m, 1H), 2.99 (s, 3H), 3.14 (s, 3H), 4.14-4.28 (m, 1H), 5.07-5.20 (m, 1H), 5.30 (d, 1H, *J* = 13.4 Hz), 5.47 (d, 1H, *J* = 13.4 Hz), 6.16 (d, 1H, *J* = 10.1 Hz), 7.40-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.67 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.0 Hz), 7.86 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 7.94 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 8.22 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.2 Hz) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 24.5, 24.6, 27.6, 28.4, 35.6, 48.8, 50.6, 51.6, 62.3, 76.5, 80.7, 123.3, 123.6, 125.0, 126.6, 128.1, 129.3, 132.0, 133.1, 134.0, 134.1, 155.6 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 3439, 3244, 3005, 2976, 2936, 2864, 1697, 1508, 1489, 1456, 1393, 1366, 1321, 1273, 1242, 1159, 1047, 1024, 870, 808, 783, 733 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₃₅N₂O₂⁺: 383.2699 [M⁺], found: 383.2693.

Optimized protocol for deprotection and coupling with iso(thio)cyanates:



General Syntheses of 1 (E,F):

Step 1 (*E*): The corresponding ammonium salt **13** (1.1 mmol) was dissolved in 12 ml dichloromethane and hydroiodic acid (57w% aq. solution, 1.45 ml, 11 mmol, 10 eq) was added. After stirring for 2 h at r.t. the reaction was basified with saturated sodium carbonate solution and extracted with dichloromethane. The organic phase was dried over Na_2SO_4 and removal of the solvent under reduced pressure gave crude **14** in quantitative yield.

⁴⁾ J. Novacek, M. Waser, Eur. J. Org. Chem. 2014, 802-809.

Compound 14c (R¹ = 3,5-(CF₃)₂-Ph): Obtained in quantitative yield (689 mg, 1.1 mmol). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.31-1.76 (m, 5H), 1.84-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.96-2.07 (m, 1H), 2.27-2.37 (m, 1H), 3.06 (s, 3H), 3.17 (s, 3H), 3.46 (s (b), 2H), 3.56-3.68 (m, 1H), 4.06-4.17 (m, 1H), 5.12 (d, 1H, J = 12.7 Hz), 5.48 (d, 1H, J = 12.7 Hz), 7.96 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 2H) ppm.

Step 2 (*F*): A solution of **14** (1 mmol) and the corresponding iso(thio)cyanate (1.2 mmol, 1.2 eq) in 20 ml dichloromethane was stirred for 2-6 h at r.t.. Evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure gave crude **1**, which was further purified by column chromatography (dichloromethane/methanol = 50/1 to 10/1) to obtain pure catalysts **1**.

Compound 1a: Obtained in 61% (over 4 steps, starting from 0.2 mmol 11) as a yellowish oil. MeOOC COOME Analytical data were found to be in accordance with literature⁴. $[\alpha]_D^{23}$ (c = 0.75, dichloromethane) = -49.1°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.25-1.48 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.90 (m, 2H), 1.91-2.08 (m, 2H), 2.15-2.28 (m, 1H), 2.58-2.70 (m, 1H), 2.90 (s, 3H), 3.17 (s, 3H), 3.94 (s, 6H), 4.45-4.70 (m, 2H), 5.42 (d, 1H, J = 13.1 Hz), 5.70 (d, 1H, J = 13.1 Hz), 7.15 (t, 2H, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.24 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.45 (d, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 7.66 (t, 2H, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.97 (d, 1H, J = 9.7 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.42 (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J = 9.7 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.42 (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J = 9.7 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.42 (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J = 9.7 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.42 (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J = 9.7 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.42 (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J = 9.7 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.42 (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J = 9.7 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.42 (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J = 9.7 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.42 (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J = 9.7 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.42 (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J = 9.7 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.42 (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J = 9.7 Hz), 8.08 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 8.42 (t, 1H, J = 1.4 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J = 9.7 Hz), 8.56 (d, 2H J

2H, J = 1.4 Hz), 9.05 (s, 1H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 24.5, 25.0, 27.4, 36.1, 48.0, 50.6, 51.4, 52.4, 63.5, 77.3, 122.9, 123.2, 123.8, 124.6, 125.0, 126.4, 127.8, 129.0, 131.2, 131.7, 132.8, 133.6, 133.9, 139.9, 155.2, 166.3 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu} = 3244$, 3028, 2943, 2866, 1717, 1684, 1558, 1541, 1508, 1437, 1346, 1317, 1242, 1123, 1047, 997, 876, 808, 783, 754 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₀H₃₆N₃O₅⁺: 518.2655 [M⁺]; found: 518.2662.

Compound 1c: Obtained in 65% (123.2 mg, 0.217 mmol) as a colourless oil. $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{21}$ (c = 1.3,



CHCl₃) = 13.0°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.16 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz 3H), 1.24-1.41 (m, 1H), 1.43-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.67-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.90-2.12 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.61 (m, 1H), 3.06 (s, 3H), 3.18-3.34 (m, 5H), 4.22-4.38 (m, 1H), 4.59-4.52 (m, 1H), 5.32-5.47 (m, 2H), 5.99 (s, 1H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 8.00 (s, 2H), ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 15.5, 24.7, 25.1, 27.4, 35.2, 35.9, 48.1, 50.9, 51.0, 65.3, 78.0, 122.7 (q, *J* = 273Hz), 124.8, 130.5, 133.0 (q, *J* = 34 Hz), 133.4, 157.7 ppm; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): -62.9 ppm IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 3295, 3021, 2988, 2936, 2864, 2349, 2288, 1656, 1546, 1449, 1373, 1278, 1174, 1130, 904, 843, 751, 719, 682, 663, 593, 463, cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₀H₂₈F₆N₃O⁺: 440.2131 [M⁺]; found: 440.2118.

Compound 1d: Obtained in 67% (96 mg, 0.14 mmol) as an orange oil. $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ (c = 0.75, dichloromethane) = -29.3°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.29-1.46 (m, 1H), 1.56-2.06 (m, 5H), 2.11-2.23 (m, 1H), 2.55-2.67 (m, 1H), 3.19 (s, 3H), 3.28 (s, 3H), 4.40-4.62 (m, 2H), 5.37 (s, 2H), 7.39 (t, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.47 (d, 1H, J = 9.2 Hz), 7.73 (dd, 2H, $J_I = 8.1$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.5$ Hz), 7.84 (dd, 1H, $J_I = 8.1$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.8$ Hz), 7.94 (s, 1H), 8.03 (s, 2H), 8.69 (t, 1H, J = 2.1 Hz), 9.11 (s, 1H) pm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 24.5, 25.0, 27.3, 36.0, 49.1, 50.6, 50.9, 65.0, 78.4, 113.0, 117.5, 122.5 (q, J = 275 Hz), 124.3, 124.9, 129.6, 130.2,

133.1 (q, J = 34 Hz), 133.3, 140.4, 148.6, 155.1 ppm; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): -63.0 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu} = 3462$, 3254, 3031, 2944, 2866, 1692, 1600, 1548, 1529, 1485, 1451, 1434, 1372, 1352, 1325, 1280, 1206, 1178, 1137, 904, 843, 830, 798, 737, 709, 683 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₄H₂₇F₆N₄O₃⁺: 533.1982 [M⁺]; found: 533.1998.

Compound 1e: Obtained in 79% over 2 steps (1.15 g, 1.53 mmol) as an orange oil. $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ (c = 0.75,



ĊF₂

dichloromethane) = -51.2° ; ¹H NMR (700 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.36-1.44 (m, 1H), 1.55 (qd, 1H, J_I = 12.1 Hz, J_2 = 2.9 Hz), 1.68-1.77 (m, 1H), 1.80-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.85-1.92 (m, 1H), 2.00-2.07 (m, 1H), 2.17-2.23 (m, 1H), 2.59-2.65 (m, 1H), 3.13 (s, 3H), 3.25 (s, 3H), 4.39 (qd, 1H, J_I = 10.5 Hz, J_2 = 3.4 Hz), 4.67 (td, 1H, J_I = 10.8 Hz, J_2 = 2.7 Hz), 5.36 (d, 1H, J = 13.5 Hz), 5.38 (d, 1H, J = 13.5 Hz), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, 1H, J = 9.8 Hz), 7.95 (s, 1H), 8.00 (s, 2H), 8.08 (s, 2H), 9.15 (s, 1H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (175 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 24.7, 25.1, 27.4, 36.0, 48.5, 50.6, 50.9, 65.6, 78.0, 116.1, 118.3, 122.5 (q, J = 273 Hz), 123.4 (q, J

= 273 Hz), 125.1, 130.1, 132.2 (q, J = 33 Hz), 133.2, 133.2 (q, J = 34 Hz), 140.6, 155.1 ppm; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): -63.1, -63.1 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 3462, 3273, 3091, 3048, 2945, 2867, 1696, 1624, 1567, 1474, 1443, 1387, 1318, 1278, 1176, 1131, 1042, 945, 904, 884, 845, 737, 704, 683, 648 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₂₆F₁₂N₃O⁺: 624.1879 [M⁺]; found: 624.1880.

3. Asymmetric Michael Addition Reactions:

General Procedure: Degased toluene (5 mL) was added to a mixture of the Schiff base **5** (0.1 mmol), catalyst **1c** (10 mol%), and Cs_2CO_3 (1.5 eq) in the Schlenk tube. Stirring rate was set to 1000 rpm and the corresponding electrophile **15** (1.5 eq.) was added. After 24 h at 25 °C the reaction mixture was filtrated over a plug of Na₂SO₄. The solvents were removed under reduced pressure. The crude products were purified by column chromatography (silica gel, heptanes:EtOAc = 20:1 to 2:1) giving the products **16** in the reported yields.

R-(+)-16a. Obtained as a colourless oil in 85% yield and with e.r. = 95:5 upon reacting Schiff base 5a with acrylate 15a in the presence of 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under the general reaction conditions. Ph \downarrow_{Ph}^{N} $\downarrow_{CO_2tBu}^{CO_2tBu}$ Analytical data are in full accordance with those reported in literature^{5,6}.[α]_D²¹ (c = 0.70, CHCl₃) = 74.9°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.44 (s, 9H), 2.16-2.27 (m, 2H), 2.33-2.41 (m, 2H), 3.59 (s, 3H), 3.93-3.99 (m, 1H), 7.14-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.47 (m, 6H), 7.60-7.68 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 28.2, 28.8, 30.5, 51.7, 64.9, 81.3, 127.9, 128.1, 128.6, 128.7, 128.9, 130.5, 136.6, 139.6, 170.8, 170.9, 173.7 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 2978, 2926, 1738, 1707, 1661, 1599, 1578, 1449, 1369, 1319, 1279, 1260, 1234, 1153, 943, 920, 849, 812 cm⁻¹; The enantioselectivity was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-H, eluent: *n*-hexane:*i*-PrOH = 95:5, 0.5 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times: 10.9 min (major; *R*-enantiomer), 12.3 min (minor; *S*-enantiomer)); Absolute configuration was determined by comparison of the retention times and the [α]_D-value with reported data^{5,6}. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₇NO₄: 382.2013 [M+H]⁺; found: 382.2013.

R-(+)-16b. Obtained as a colourless oil in 74% yield and with e.r. = 92:8 upon reacting Schiff base 5b with acrylate 15b in the presence of 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under the general conditions. Analytical data are in full accordance with those reported in literature^{7,8}. $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ (c = 0.85, CHCl₃) = 17.9°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 2.23-2.32 (m, 2H), 2.33-2.40 (m, 2H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 4.11-4.17 (m, 1H), 5.16 (dd, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 12.5 Hz, 2H), 7.08-7.14 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.42 (m, 11H), 7.59-7.67 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 28.5, 30.4, 51.5, 64.1, 66.6, 127.8, 128.0, 128.1, 128.2, 128.5, 128.7, 128.9, 130.5, 135.8, 136.1, 171.4, 173.4 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 3063, 2959, 2928, 2853, 1742, 1705, 1659, 1599, 1578, 1499, 1449, 1420, 1389, 1377, 1317, 1279, 1209, 1192, 1177, 1157, 922, 754, 706 cm⁻¹; The

⁵⁾ B. Lygo, C. Beynon, C. Lumley, M. C. McLeod, C. E. Wade; Tetrahedron Lett., 2009, 50, 3363-3365.

⁶⁾ J. S. Bandar, A. Barthelme, A. Y. Mazoria, T. H. Lambert; *Chem. Sci.*, **2015**, *6*, 1537-1547.

⁷⁾ T. Shibuguchi, H. Mihara, A. Kuramochi, T.Ohshima, M. Shibasaki, Chem. Asian J, 2007, 794-801.

⁸⁾ T. Shibuguchi, H. Mihara, A. Kuramochi, T.Ohshima, M. Shibasaki, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2006, 45, 4635–4637.

enantioselectivity was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-H, eluent: *n*-hexane:*i*-PrOH = 95:5, 0.5 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times: 29.6 min (major; (R)-enantiomer), 36.1 min (minor; (S)-enantiomer)); Absolute configuration was determined by comparison of the retention times and the $[\alpha]_{\rm D}$ -value with reported data^{7,8}. HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₂₅NO₄: 416.1856 [M+H]⁺; found: 416.1858.

(+)-16c. Obtained as a colourless oil in 90% yield and with e.r. = 92:8 upon reacting Schiff base 4c N with acrylate 15c using 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under the general reaction CO₂Me Ρ'n conditions. Analytical data are in full accordance with those reported in CO₂Me 16c literature.⁷ $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ (c = 0.9, CHCl₃) = 63.1°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 2.20-2.29 (m, 2H), 2.32-2.40 (m, 2H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 4.13 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.48 (m, 6H), 7.60-7.67 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 28.6, 30.4, 51.6, 52.2, 64.1, 127.8, 128.1, 128.6, 128.8, 128.9, 130.6, 172.0, 172.2, 173.4 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 3057, 3051, 2992, 2955, 1736, 1624, 1576, 1445, 1437, 1316, 1265, 1204, 1172, 1074, 1028, 1001, 781, 731, 702 cm⁻¹; The enantioselectivity was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-H, eluent: *n*-hexane:*i*-PrOH = 95:5, 0.5 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times: 19.2 min (major; (+)-enantiomer), 21.6 min (minor; (-)-enantiomer)); HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₃H₂₁NO₄: 340.1543 [M+H]⁺; found: 340.1543.

R-(+)-16d. Obtained as a colourless oil in 63% yield and with e.r. = 95:5 upon reacting Schiff base 4c with acrylate (15d) using 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under the standard CO₂tBu conditions. Analytical data are in full accordance with those reported in CO₂*n*Bu literature⁹. $[\alpha]_{D}^{21}$ (c = 0.3, CHCl₃) = 21.7°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 16d 298 K): 0.90 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.28-1.40 (m, 2H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.48-1.60 (m, 2H), 2.17-2.27 (m, 2H), 2.31-2.40 (m, 2H), 3.93-4.03 (m, 3H), 7.13-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.47 (m, 6H), 7.61-7.68 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 13.8, 19.2, 28.2, 28.8, 30.7, 30.9, 64.4, 67.0, 81.3, 127.9, 128.1, 128.4, 128.6, 128.9, 130.2, 136.6, 139.6, 170.8, 170.9, 173.4 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu} = 2957$, 2929, 2855, 2361, 2341, 1734, 1703, 1660, 1448, 1368, 1277, 1151, 920, 845, 764, 702, 639, 464 cm⁻¹; The enantioselectivity was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-H, eluent: *n*-hexane: *i*-PrOH = 95:5, 10 °C, retention 0.5 mL/min,times: 9.8 min (major, R-(+)-enantiomer), 10.5 min (minor; S-(-)-enantiomer)); HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₆H₃₃NO₄: 424.2488 [M+H]⁺; found: 424.2475.

⁹⁾ J. S. Bandar, T. H. Lambert, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2012, 134, 5552-5555.

R-(+)-16e. Obtained as a colourless oil in <10% yield and with e.r. = 83:17 upon reacting Schiff base 4c with acrylate (15e) using 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under the standard CO₂tBu conditions and in 52% yield and with e.r. = 83:17 upon reacting Schiff base 4c Ρh CO₂tBu with acrylate (15) using 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C using 5 eq. of Cs₂CO₃. 16e Analytical data are in full accordance with those reported in literature⁹. $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ (c = 0.87, CHCl₃) = 14.4°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.44 (s, 9H), 2.13-2.30 (m, 4H), 3.91-3.67 (m, 1H), 7.14-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.52 (m, 6H), 7.56-7.68 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 28.2, 29.0, 32.2, 80.3, 81.2, 128.0, 128.1, 128.6, 128.7, 129.0, 130.4, 136.7, 139.7, 170.8, 171.1, 172.6 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 3061, 2977, 2932, 2873, 2349, 1724, 1625, 1448, 1367, 1252, 1148, 845, 753, 697, 523 468 cm-1; The enantioselectivity was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-H, eluent: *n*-hexane:*i*-PrOH = 100:1, 0.5 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times: 15.3 min (major, R-(+)enantiomer), 16.3. min (minor; S-(-)-enantiomer)); HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₆H₃₃NO₄: 424.2488 [M+H]⁺; found: 424.2473.

R-(+)-16f. Obtained as a colourless oil in 96% yield and with e.r. = 91:9 upon reacting Schiff base 4c with acrylate (15f) using 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under the standard Ph 、 CO₂tBu Ρh CO₂Bn conditions. Analytical data are in full accordance with those reported in 16f literature⁹. $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ (c = 1.44, CHCl₃) = 41.0°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.44 (s, 9H), 2.20-2.30 (m, 2H), 2.38-2.47 (m, 2H), 3.95-4.01 (m, 1H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 7.12-7.19 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.45 (m, 11H), 7.61-7.67 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 28.2, 28.7, 30.9, 65.0, 66.3, 81.3, 127.9, 128.1, 128.3, 128.6, 128.6, 128.7, 128.9, 130.5, 136.1, 136.6, 139.6, 170.8, 170.9, 173.1 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 3062, 3025, 2978, 2932, 1732, 1668, 1456, 1368, 1276, 1254, 1147, 1073, 1028, 919, 846, 751, 696, 638, 459 cm⁻¹; The enantioselectivity was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-H, eluent: *n*-hexane:*i*-PrOH = 100:1, 1 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times: 17.7 min (major, R-(+)-enantiomer), 20.9. min (minor; S-(-)-enantiomer)); HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₃₁NO₄: 458.2331 [M+H]⁺; found: 458.2311.

R-(+)-16g. Obtained as a colourless oil in 81% yield and with e.r. = 65:35 upon reacting Schiff base 4c
^{Ph} CO₂t^{Bu} with acrylate (15g) using 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under the general reaction solutions. Analytical data are in full accordance with those reported in literature⁹. [α]_D²¹ (c = 0.92, CHCl₃) = 17.0°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K):
1.38 (s, 9H), 2.08-2.32 (m, 2H), 3.14-3.37 (m, 2H), 3.97-4.04 (m, 1H), 7.08-7.16 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.47 (m, 6H), 7.51-7.60 (m, 4H), 7.61-7.69 (m, 1H), 7.86-7.93 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 27.2, 28.1, 53.0, 63.7, 81.9, 127.8, 128.2, 128.3, 128.8, 129.0, 129.4, 130.8, 133.8, 136.2, 139.0, 139.2, 170.0, 171.6 ppm; IR (film): *ν* = 3060, 2977, 2932, 1768, 1622, 1446, 1393,

1368, 1306, 1291, 1230, 1142, 1086, 845, 750, 691, 532, 440 cm⁻¹; The enantioselectivity was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-H, eluent: *n*-hexane:*i*-PrOH = 95:5, 1 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times: 18.6 min (major, *R*-(+)-enantiomer), 26.6 min (minor; *S*-(-)-enantiomer)); HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₇H₂₉NO₄S: 464.1896 [M+H]⁺; found: 464.1884.

(+)-16h. Obtained as a colourless oil in around 10% yield and with e.r. = 88:12 upon reacting Schiff base 4c with acrylamide (15h) using 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under the CO₂tBu standard conditions. Analytical data are in accordance with those reported in CONMe₂ literature¹⁰. $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ (c = 0.26, CHCl₃) = 42.3°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 16h 298 K): 1.43 (s, 9H), 2.15-2.25 (m, 2H), 2.27-2.47 (m, 2H), 2.90 (s, 3H), 3.00 (s, 3H), 3.98-4.04 (m, 1H), 7.12-7.19 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.46 (m, 6H), 7.61-7.66 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 28.2, 29.4, 29.7, 35.5, 37.5, 65.1, 81.2, 127.9, 128.2, 128.6, 128.7, 128.9, 130.4, 136.6, 139.7, 170.6, 171.3, 172.7 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 3080, 3055, 2953, 2930, 2173, 1736, 1714, 1659, 1622, 1599, 1578, 1491, 1447, 1437, 1358, 1317, 1275, 1265, 1204, 1177, 1161, 1094, 1074, 1042, 1028, 1001, 941, 920, 810, 783, 766, 733, 698 cm⁻¹; The enantioselectivity was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel OD-R, eluent: AcN:H₂O = 55:45, 0.7 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times: 11.1 min (major, R-(+)enantiomer), 12.9 min (minor; S-(-)-enantiomer)); HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₄H₃₀N₂O₃: 395.2329 [M+H]⁺; found: 395.2325.

¹⁰⁾ G.N Gururaja, R. Herchl; A. Pichler; K. Gratzer; M. Waser; Molecules 2013, 18, 4357-4372.

(*R*,*S*)-(+)-16j. Obtained as a colourless oil in 85% yield and with d.r. = 20:1 and e.r. = 95:5 (major $Ph \xrightarrow{Ph} \xrightarrow{CO_2/Bu}$ diastereomer) upon reacting Schiff base 4c with dimethylmaleat (15j) using $Ph \xrightarrow{Ph} \xrightarrow{CO_2/Bu}$ 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under standard conditions. $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ (c = 0.59, 16j CHCl₃) = 92.2°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.43 (s, 9H), 2.58 (dd, J = 5.2, 16.9 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (dd, J = 9.3, 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.51-3.59 (m, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 4.20 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 7.13-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.27- 7.46 (m, 6H), 7.57-7.63 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 28.0, 32.7, 45.1, 51.9, 52.0, 66.3, 81.9, 127.7, 128.1, 128.6, 128.9, 129.1, 130.7, 136.2, 139.2, 169.1, 172.0, 172.4, 172.7 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu} = 2979$, 2952, 1732, 1626, 1437, 1368, 1228, 1148, 1001, 845, 782, 752, 696, 513 cm⁻¹; E.r. was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-H, eluent: *n*-hexane:*i*-PrOH = 98:2, 1.0 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times of the major diastereomer: 14.3 min (minor; (-)-enantiomer)), 17.6 min (major, (+)-enantiomer); HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₂₉NO₆: 440.2073 [M+H]⁺; found: 440.2057.

(R,R)-(+)-16j'. Obtained as a colourless oil in 96% yield and with d.r. > 20:1 and e.r. = 88:12 (major diastereomer) upon reacting Schiff base 5a with dimethylfumarat (15j') using CO₂tBu 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under the general conditions. Analytical data are in . Ph MeO₂C accordance with those reported in literature⁹. $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ (c = 0.82, full 16i' CHCl₃) = 73.7° ; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.43 (s, 9H), 2.69 (dd, J = 3.9, 17.0 Hz, 1H), 3.10 (dd, J = 9.6, 17.0 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (s, 3H), 3.61-3.69 (s, 4H), 4.20 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H, characteristic)signal of the minor diastereomer), 4.42 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.12-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.27-7.47 (m, 6H), 7.57-7.63 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 28.1, 32.4, 44.7, 51.9, 52.1, 66.2, 82.1, 128.0, 128.1, 128.5, 128.9, 129.1, 130.6, 136.2, 139.4, 169.3, 172.2, 172.7, 172.9 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu} = 2979, 2952, 1732, 1626, 1437, 1368, 1228, 1148, 1001, 845, 782, 752, 696, 513 \text{ cm}^{-1}$; E.r. was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-H, eluent: *n*-hexane:*i*-PrOH = 98:2, 1.0 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times of the major diastereomer: 16.7 min (major, (+)-enantiomer), 39.4 min (minor; (-)-enantiomer)); HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₅H₂₉NO₆: 440.2073 [M+H]⁺; found: 440.2062.

(2*R*,3*S*)-(+)-16*k*. Obtained as white solid in 25% yield and with d.r. = 3:1 and e.r. = 86:14 (major $Ph \rightarrow Ph \rightarrow CO_2 PBu$ diastereomer) upon reacting Schiff base 4*c* with cyclohexenone (15*k*) using 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under standard conditions and in 36% yield and with d.r. = 3:1 and e.r. = 86:14 upon reacting Schiff base 4*c* with 5 eq. of cyclohexenone (15*k*) using 10 mol% catalyst. $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ (*c* = 0.86, CHCl₃) = 39.9°; ¹H

NMR (300 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.55-1.74 (m, 3H), 1.95-2.56 (m, 5H), 2.60-2.44 (m, 1H), 3.79 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H, minor), 3.90 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1H, major), 7.08-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.48 (m, 6H), 7.63-7.70 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 25.5*, 26.3, 28.2, 38.3, 40.1*,

40.3, 41.0, 42.2*, 68.0, 69.1*, 81.6, 127.9, 127.9*, 128.2, 128.4*, 128.7, 128.8, 128.8*, 128.9, 130.6, 136.5*, 136.7, 139.3, 139.4*, 170.3, 170.4*, 171.1, 171.5* ppm (*denotes minor diastereomer where observable); IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 3059, 2976, 2931, 2864, 2349, 1709, 1624, 1446, 1422, 1367, 1282, 1224, 1146, 1107, 965, 846, 781, 752, 696, 637, 504 cm⁻¹; The enantioselectivity was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-H, eluent *n*-hexane:*i*-PrOH = 98:2, 0.5 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times of the major diastereomer: 26.5 min (major, (+)-enantiomer), 44.8 min (minor; (-)-enantiomer)); HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C₂₅H₂₉NO₃: 392.2226 [M+H]⁺; found: 392.2229.

(+)-16l. Obtained as a colourless oil in 82% yield and with d.r. = 4:1 and with e.r. = 95:5 (major diastereomer) upon reacting Schiff base 4c with cyclopentenone (151) using ,CO₂tBu Ρh 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under standard conditions. $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{21}$ (c = 1.15, $CHCl_3$ = 86.8°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K) of the major diastereomer: 1.44 (s, 9H), 1.55-1.69 (m, 1H), 1.96-2.08 (m, 1H), 2.08-2.56 (m, 4H), 2.85-3.00 (m, 1H), 4.00 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H, major), 7.12-7.20 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.50 (m, 6H), 7.59-7.66 (m, 1H), 7.59-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.66 (m, 2H),2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ, CDCl₃, 298 K): 25.5*, 26.4, 28.2, 38.3, 40.1*, 40.3, 41.0, 42.2*, 68.5, 69.1*, 81.6, 127.9, 128.2, 128.4*, 128.7, 128.8*, 128.8, 128.9, 130.6, 136.7, 139.3, 170.3, 170.4*, 171.1, 171.5* ppm (*denotes the minor diastereomer where observable).; IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 3059, 2975, 2872, 2372, 1732, 1623, 1446, 1367, 1277, 1253, 1142, 910, 845, 781, 754, 695, 563, 485, cm⁻¹; The enantioselectivity was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-H, eluent n-hexane : i-PrOH = 100:3.5, 1.0 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times (major diastereomer): 7.1 min (major, (+)enantiomer), 10.1 min (minor, (-)-enantiomer)); HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₄H₂₈NO₃: 378.2069 [M+H]⁺; found: 378.2057.

(2*R*, 3*S*)-(+)-16*m*. Obtained as a colourless oil in 90% yield and with d.r. > 20:1 and e.r. = 93:7 (major $Ph + Ph_{Ph} + CO_2 fBu$ diastereomer) upon reacting Schiff base 4*c* with chalcone (15*m*) using 10 mol% catalyst at 25 °C under standard conditions. Analytical data are in full accordance with those reported in literature¹¹. [α]_D²¹ (c = 0.65, CHCl₃) = 53.1°; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 1.32 (s, 9H), 3.56-3.82 (m, 2H), 4.14-4.24 (m, 2H), 6.67-6.75 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.20 (m, 5H), 7.30-7.58 (m, 9H), 7.65-7.72 (m, 2H), 7.94-8.00 (m, 2H) ppm; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, δ , CDCl₃, 298 K): 28.0, 40.2, 44.9, 71.1, 81.4, 126.7, 127.7, 128.2, 128.3, 128.5, 128.6, 128.7, 128.9, 129.0, 130.5, 133.0, 136.4, 137.3, 139.5, 141.5, 170.2, 171.3, 198.8 ppm; IR (film): $\overline{\nu}$ = 3060, 3027, 2979, 2931, 1727, 1685, 1597, 1447, 1367, 1147, 1002, 845, 750, 694, 546, 531 cm⁻¹; The enantioselectivity of the major diastereomer was determined by HPLC (Chiralcel AD-

¹¹⁾ T. Ma, X. Fu, C. W. Kee, L. Zong, Y. Pan, K.-W. Huang, C.-H. Tan, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, *133*, 2828–2831.

H, eluent: *n*-hexane:*i*-PrOH = 95:5, 1.0 mL/min, 10 °C, retention times: 12.1 min (major, (+)-enantiomer), 16.6 min (minor, (-)-enantiomer)); HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₅H₃₅NO₄: 504.2587 [M+H]⁺; found: 504.2565.

4. Asymmetric Aldol-Initiated Cascade Reactions:

General Procedure: In a round-bottom flask, 2-cyanbenzaldehydes **6** (0.10 mmol) were added at room temperature to a stirred solution of glycine Schiff base **5** (1.1 eq., 0.11 mmol), K_2CO_3 (1 eq.) and catalyst **1d** (5% mol) in CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL). The mixture was stirred at r.t. for 24 h (1000 rpm). After, the mixture was purified directly by flash chromatography on silica gel with hexane:ethyl acetate = 8:2 to give the intermediates **7** as a mixture of diastereoisomers. The products **7** were dissolved in a cooled solution of 0.5 M HCl (1 mL) and THF (3 mL) (0 °C). The mixtures were stirred at the same temperature for 2 h and then concentrated under vacuum. The resulting residue was treated with saturated NaHCO₃ (20 mL), extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (4 x 30 mL) and purified by flash chromatography (silica gel, hexanes:EtOAc = 2:1).

(-)-8b. Obtained according to the general procedure in 80% (27 mg, 0.08 mmol) as an amorphous solid. (dr = 2.5:1; e.r. (major) = 91:9). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -4$ (c 0.5 in CHCl₃). 1H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.04$ (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (dd, $J_1 = 8.1$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 1.44 (s, 9H) ppm. ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 170.1$, 168.3, 144.8,

136.9, 129.1, 128.5, 124.1, 123.4, 82.9, 81.7, 57.2, 27.8 ppm. MS (ESI): $m/z = 343.2 (M+H)^+$. Anal. calcd for $C_{14}H_{16}BrNO_4$:C, 43.14; H, 4.71; N, 4.09. Found: C, 43.39; H, 4.62; N, 4.23%. HPLC

separation of the major diastereomer: Chiralcel OD-H, hexane:i-PrOH = 9:1, 25 °C, 0.7 mL/min, (retention times: 27.1 min (minor); 35.0 min (major)).

(-)-8d. Obtained according to the general procedure in 75% (22 mg, 0.075 mmol) as an amorphous solid. (dr = 3:1; e.r. (major) = 87:13). $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -1.5$ (c 0.35 in CHCl₃). ¹H-NMR (250 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.34-7.29$ (m, 2H), 7.23-7.22 (m, 1H), 5.71 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (d, J = 3.3 Hz, 1H,) 3.86 (s, 3H), 1.42 (s, 9H) ppm. ¹³C-NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 170.3$, 170.0, 138.2, 128.5, 123.3, 123.0, 122.7, 107.5, 82.5, 81.6, 57.4, 55.7, 27.8 ppm. MS (ESI): m/z = 294.1 (M+H)⁺. Anal. calcd for C₁₅H₁₉NO₅: C, 61.42; H, 6.53; N, 4.78. Found: C, 61.35; H, 6.63; N, 4.56%. HPLC separation of the major diastereomer: IA3 column, hexane:i-PrOH = 9:1, 25 °C, 0.6 mL/min, (retention times: 30.2 min (major); 33.4 min (minor)).

5. Copies of NMR Spectra of Key-Intermediates and Most Relevant Catalysts:

Crude product















160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 ppm





.3.983 .3.964 .3.961 .3.942 .3.591 .CO₂tBu Ph、 Ρ'n .CO₂Me 16a 3.5 7.5 5.02 6.13 6.5 6.0 5.5 2.5 7.0 5.0 4.5 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.5 ppm 2.02 95 3.02 5.04 90.6 173.75 139.59 130.59 130.46 128.94 128.58 128.58 128.58 128.58 81.35 77.58 77.16 76.74 64.92 51.65 *_*,N CO₂tBu Ph Ρh CO₂Me 16a 170 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 160 150 30 ppm

6. Copies of NMR Spectra of Selected Products 16 and Products 8:



























7. Copies of HPLC Chromatograms of Products 16 and 8:

Operator:Admin Timebase:U-3000_DAD Sequence:WAS_20150303_TIF_95-5-05

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No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	11,06	n.a.	241,158	52,295	50,09	n.a.	BMB*
2	12,44	n.a.	210,807	52,110	49,91	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			451,964	104,405	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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NO/	Ret. Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	гуре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		
	1 10,91	n.a.	903,789	192,805	94,81	n.a.	BM *
	2 12,31	n.a.	44,727	10,545	5,19	n.a.	BM *
Tota	d:		948,516	203,350	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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	No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре	
L		min		mAU	mAU*min	%			
	1	29,27	n.a.	191,252	115,654	50,18	n.a.	M *	
L	2	35,73	n.a.	153,953	114,842	49,82	n.a.	BMB*	
ŀ	Total:			345,205	230,496	100,00	0,000		

default/Integration

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39 TIF-281-	02		
Sample Name: Vial Number:	TIF-281-02 RA3	Injection Volume: Channel:	5,0 UV_VIS_2
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	250
Control Program:	AD_H_100min_95-5_flow05	Bandwidth:	4
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10
Recording Time:	9.4.2015 11:08	Flow ml/min:	0,500
Run Time (min):	40,00	Sample Amount:	1,0000



No.	Ret.Time	Р	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	29,56	n.a.		288,527	175,217	91,73	n.a.	BMB*
2	36,08	n.a.		21,300	15,791	8,27	n.a.	BMB*
Total:				309,827	191,008	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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default/Integration

0

-100| 17,04

No.

1

2

Total:

18,00

n.a.

n.a

Ret.Time

min

19,20

21,52

19,00

Peak Name

20,00

Height

mAU

521,987

457,950

979,937

21,00

Area

mAU*min

197,204

197,195

394,398

22,00

Rel.Area

%

50,00

50,00

100,00

Chromeleon (c) Dionex 1996-2006 Version 6.80 SR12 Build 3578 (207169)

min

Туре

BMB*

BMB*

23,77

23,00

n.a.

n.a.

0,000

Amount

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41 TIF-285-	02		
Sample Name:	TIF-285-02	Injection Volume:	5,0
viai Number:	RB1	Channer.	00_015_2
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	250
Control Program:	AD_H_100min_95-5_flow05	Bandwidth:	4
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10
Recording Time:	9.4.2015 17:16	Flow ml/min:	0,500
Run Time (min):	25,00	Sample Amount:	1,0000



No.	Ret.Time	Pe	ak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	19,20	n.a.		875,758	332,098	91,99	n.a.	BMB*
2	21,56	n.a.		67,865	28,932	8,01	n.a.	BMB*
Total:				943,623	361,031	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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43 TIF-291-	02		
Sample Name: Vial Number: Sample Type: Control Program: Quantif Method:	TIF-291-02 RC1 unknown AD_H_100min_95-5_flow05 AD_H	Injection Volume: Channel: Wavelength: Bandwidth: Temperature/Column:	5,0 UV_VIS_2 250 4
Recording Time: Run Time (min):	13.4.2015 14:03 63,33	Flow ml/min: Sample Amount:	0,500 1,0000



No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	9,72	n.a.		672,386	128,319	50,05	n.a.	BM *
2	10,48	n.a.		612,855	128,060	49,95	n.a.	MB*
Total:				1285,241	256,379	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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44 TIF-289-	02		
Sample Name:	TIF-289-02	Injection Volume:	5,0
Sample Type	unknown	Wavelength:	250
Control Program:	AD_H_100min_95-5_flow05	Bandwidth:	4
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10
Recording Time:	13.4.2015 15:07	Flow ml/min:	0,500
Run Time (min):	22,46	Sample Amount:	1,0000



No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	9,77	n.a.		330,788	62,823	94,90	n.a.	BM *
2	10,53	n.a.		15,837	3,374	5,10	n.a.	M *
Total:				346,626	66,197	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		
	15,16	n.a.	274,994	87,626	49,87	n.a.	BM *
2	16,14	n.a.	255,833	88,098	50,13	n.a.	MB*
Tota	l:		530,827	175,724	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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67 TIF-301-(02		
Sample Name:	TIF-301-02	Injection Volume:	5,0
Vial Number:	RA4	Channel:	UV_VIS_2
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	250
Control Program:	AD_H_80min_100-1_flow05	Bandwidth:	4
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10
Recording Time:	24.4.2015 9:50	Flow ml/min:	0,500
Run Time (min):	80,00	Sample Amount:	1,0000



No.	Ret.Time	Pe	ak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	15,33	n.a.		70,872	21,150	82,94	n.a.	BM *
2	16,30	n.a.		12,818	4,351	17,06	n.a.	MB*
Total:				83,690	25,501	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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60 TIF-292-	02		
Sample Name:	TIF-292-02	Injection Volume:	5,0
Vial Number:	RD1	Channel:	UV_VIS_1
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	220
Control Program:	AD_H_80min_100-1_flow1	Bandwidth:	4
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10
Recording Time:	17.4.2015 16:29	Flow ml/min:	1,000
Run Time (min):	32,16	Sample Amount:	1,0000



No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		3
1	17,78	n.a.	125,380	57,801	49,97	n.a.	BMB
2	20,95	n.a.	104,763	57,872	50,03	n.a.	BMB
Total:			230,144	115,673	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

58 TIF-294-02						
Sample Name: Vial Number:	TIF-294-02 RD3	Injection Volume: Channel:	5,0 UV_VIS_2			
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	250			
Control Program:	AD_H_80min_100-1_flow1	Bandwidth:	4			
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10			
Recording Time:	17.4.2015 15:23	Flow ml/min:	1,000			
Run Time (min):	30,09	Sample Amount:	1,0000			



No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	17,68	n.a.		359,414	165,197	90,92	n.a.	BM *
2	20,92	n.a.		30,151	16,500	9,08	n.a.	MB*
Total:				389,565	181,697	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		3
1	35,18	n.a.	173,671	147,978	50,13	n.a.	BMB*
2	51,18	n.a.	120,671	147,209	49,87	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			294,342	295,188	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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64 TIF-299-03						
Sample Name:	TIF-299-03	Injection Volume:	5,0			
Vial Number:	RC4	Channel:	UV_VIS_1			
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	220			
Control Program:	AD_H_80min_100-1_flow1	Bandwidth:	4			
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10			
Recording Time:	23.4.2015 16:14	Flow ml/min:	1,000			
Run Time (min):	44,07	Sample Amount:	1,0000			



No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	18,60	n.a.		198,293	101,521	65,01	n.a.	BMB*
2	26,56	n.a.		72,672	54,653	34,99	n.a.	BMB*
Total:				270,965	156,174	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

Operator:Admin Timebase:U-3000_DAD Sequence:WAS_20151501_TIF_ODR

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No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	11,03	n.a.	446,048	185,719	49,83	n.a.	BM
2	12,51	n.a.	291,605	186,975	50,17	n.a.	MB
Total:			737,653	372,694	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

Operator:Admin Timebase:U-3000_DAD Sequence:WAS_20151501_TIF_ODR

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11 TIF-305-03						
Sample Name: Vial Number:	TIF-305-03 RA2	Injection Volume: Channel:	10,0 UV VIS 2			
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	250			
Control Program:	OD_R_80Min_45_55_flow07	Bandwidth:	4			
Quantif. Method:	OD_R	Temperature/Column:	10			
Recording Time:	4.5.2015 15:32	Flow ml/min:	0,700			
Run Time (min):	41,41	Sample Amount:	1,0000			



No.	Ret.Time	Peak Nam	e Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	11,09	n.a.	108,191	45,189	88,27	n.a.	M *
2	12,90	n.a.	11,641	6,006	11,73	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			119,832	51,195	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре	
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%			
1	14,89	n.a.	209,925	77,705	50,19	n.a.	BMB*	
2	17,01	n.a.	181,888	77,104	49,81	n.a.	BMB*	
Total:			391,813	154,810	100,00	0,000		

default/Integration

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56 TIF-296-	02		
Sample Name:	TIF-296-02	Injection Volume:	5,0
Vial Number:	RE3	Channel:	UV_VIS_1
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	220
Control Program:	AD_H_80min_100-1_flow1	Bandwidth:	4
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10
Recording Time:	17.4.2015 14:27	Flow ml/min:	1,000
Run Time (min):	25,43	Sample Amount:	1,0000



No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	14,76	n.a.		352,084	131,976	92,35	n.a.	BM *
2	16,95	n.a.		26,215	10,937	7,65	n.a.	BMB*
Total:				378,298	142,913	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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8 TIF-342-	02		
Sample Name:	TIF-342-02	Injection Volume:	10,0
Vial Number:	RC1	Channel:	UV_VIS_1
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	220
Control Program:	AD_H_120min_98-2_flow1	Bandwidth:	4
Quantif, Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10
Recording Time:	5.6.2015 15:28	Flow ml/min:	1,000
Run Time (min):	49,49	Sample Amount:	1,0000



No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		10101004
1	14,24	n.a.	266,031	105,264	46,89	n.a.	BMB*
2	16,37	n.a.	13,653	6,488	2,89	n.a.	MB*
3	17,73	n.a.	197,516	106,457	47,42	n.a.	BMB*
4	33,89	n.a.	6,733	6,266	2,79	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			483,933	224,476	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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9 TIF-344-	02		
Sample Name:	TIF-344-02	Injection Volume:	10,0
viai Number.	RGZ	Channel.	00_015_1
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	220
Control Program:	AD_H_120min_98-2_flow1	Bandwidth:	4
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10
Recording Time:	5.6.2015 16:18	Flow ml/min:	1,000
Run Time (min):	93,74	Sample Amount:	1,0000



No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	14,29	n.a.	46,331	16,941	4,81	n.a.	BMB*
2	16,21	n.a.	30,448	12,778	3,63	n.a.	BMB*
3	17,58	n.a.	568,620	319,457	90,78	n.a.	BMB*
4	34,37	n.a.	3,117	2,733	0,78	n.a.	BMB*
Total:			648,516	351,909	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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	No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
		min		mAU	mAU*min	%		010-020
Γ	1	15,18	n.a.	7,382	2,847	0,79	n.a.	BMB*
	2	16,68	n.a.	659,226	310,585	86,45	n.a.	BM *
	3	19,05	n.a.	9,560	5,668	1,58	n.a.	BMB*
L	4	39,36	n.a.	36,445	40,176	11,18	n.a.	BM *
T	otal:			712,612	359,277	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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82 TIF-310-03						
Sample Name:	TIF-310-03	Injection Volume:	5,0			
Vial Number:	RE1	Channel:	UV_VIS_2			
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	250			
Control Program:	AD_H_60min_98-2_flow05	Bandwidth:	4			
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10			
Recording Time:	29.5.2015 10:34	Flow ml/min:	0,500			
Run Time (min):	60,00	Sample Amount:	1,0000			



No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	26,51	n.a.	344,715	193,815	42,86	n.a.	BM *
2	28,18	n.a.	51,660	31,015	6,86	n.a.	MB*
3	32,21	n.a.	45,356	32,167	7,11	n.a.	BMB*
4	44,50	n.a.	198,224	195,238	43,17	n.a.	BM *
Total:			639,955	452,235	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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84 TIF-327-	02		
Sample Name: Vial Number:	TIF-327-02 RB1	Injection Volume: Channel:	20,0 UV VIS 2
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	250
Control Program:	AD_H_60min_98-2_flow05	Bandwidth:	4
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10
Recording Time:	29.5.2015 13:02	Flow ml/min:	0,500
Run Time (min):	58,30	Sample Amount:	1,0000



No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	26,50	n.a.	192,499	108,767	86,09	n.a.	M *
2	44,76	n.a.	17,948	17,574	13,91	n.a.	MB*
Total:			210,447	126,341	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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7 TIF-340	-02		
Sample Name: Vial Number: Sample Type: Control Program: Quantif. Method: Recording Time: Run Time (min):	TIF-340-02 RE1 unknown AD_H_40Min_100_3,5_flow1 AD_H 5.6.2015 14:16 28,88	Injection Volume: Channel: Wavelength: Bandwidth: Temperature/Column: Flow ml/min: Sample Amount:	10,0 UV_VIS_1 220 4 10 1,000 1,000
450 WAS 20150306	TIF_95-5-05 #7 [modified by Admin]		UV_VIS_1



No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	7,10	n.a.	405,634	92,964	43,59	n.a.	BM *
2	7,71	n.a.	67,262	14,964	7,02	n.a.	M *
3	8,22	n.a.	57,090	14,864	6,97	n.a.	M *
4	10,04	n.a.	230,618	90,464	42,42	n.a.	BM *
Total:			760,603	213,256	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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5 TIF-341-	02		
Sample Name:	TIF-341-02	Injection Volume:	20,0
Vial Number:	RA2	Channel:	UV_VIS_1
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	220
Control Program:	AD_H_40Min_100_3,5_flow1	Bandwidth:	4
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10
Recording Time:	5.6.2015 13:40	Flow ml/min:	1,000
Run Time (min):	14,12	Sample Amount:	1,0000



No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	7,08	n.a.	1887,742	471,113	76,17	n.a.	BM *
2	7,71	n.a.	208,414	51,107	8,26	n.a.	M *
3	8,21	n.a.	253,420	71,146	11,50	n.a.	M *
4	10,05	n.a.	63,082	25,111	4,06	n.a.	BM *
Total:			2412,658	618,477	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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79 TIF-317	-02		
Sample Name: Vial Number:	TIF-317-02 RD2	Injection Volume: Channel:	5,0 UV VIS 2
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	250
Control Program:	AD_H_60min_95-5_flow1	Bandwidth:	4
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10
Recording Time:	15.5.2015 15:46	Flow ml/min:	1,000
Run Time (min):	30,00	Sample Amount:	1,0000



No.	Ret.Time	Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min		mAU	mAU*min	%		
1	12,09	n.a.	211,544	80,528	50,21	n.a.	BMB*
2	16,59	n.a.	148,099	79,839	49,79	n.a.	BM *
Total:			359,642	160,367	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

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80 TIF-316-02							
		м. 					
Sample Name:	TIF-316-02	Injection Volume:	5,0				
Vial Number:	RD3	Channel:	UV_VIS_2				
Sample Type:	unknown	Wavelength:	250				
Control Program:	AD_H_60min_95-5_flow1	Bandwidth:	4				
Quantif. Method:	AD_H	Temperature/Column:	10				
Recording Time:	15.5.2015 16:16	Flow ml/min:	1,000				
Run Time (min):	24,59	Sample Amount:	1,0000				



No.	Ret.Time		Peak Name	Height	Area	Rel.Area	Amount	Туре
	min			mAU	mAU*min	%		2000
1	12,09	n.a.		435,656	168,067	92,69	n.a.	BM *
2	16,61	n.a.		25,038	13,260	7,31	n.a.	BM *
Total:				460,693	181,326	100,00	0,000	

default/Integration

HPLC trace of the racemic mixture of diastereomers



HPLC trace of enantioenriched major diastereomer



HPLC trace of enantioenriched mixture of diastereomers



HPLC trace of rac- major diastereomer



HPLC trace of enantioenriched major diastereomer



HPLC trace of rac- major diastereomer



	RT (min)	Area (⊡V*sec)	% Area	Height (Ⅳ)	% Height
1	11.788	4868466	11.99	158764	12.54
2	14.675	35736984	88.01	1107132	87.46





	RT (min)	Area (IV*sec)	% Area	Height (⊠∕)	% Height
1	30.144	22878533	87.23	381 <mark>0</mark> 32	87.14
2	33.334	3347953	12.77	<mark>56218</mark>	12.86