

## Electronic Supplementary Information

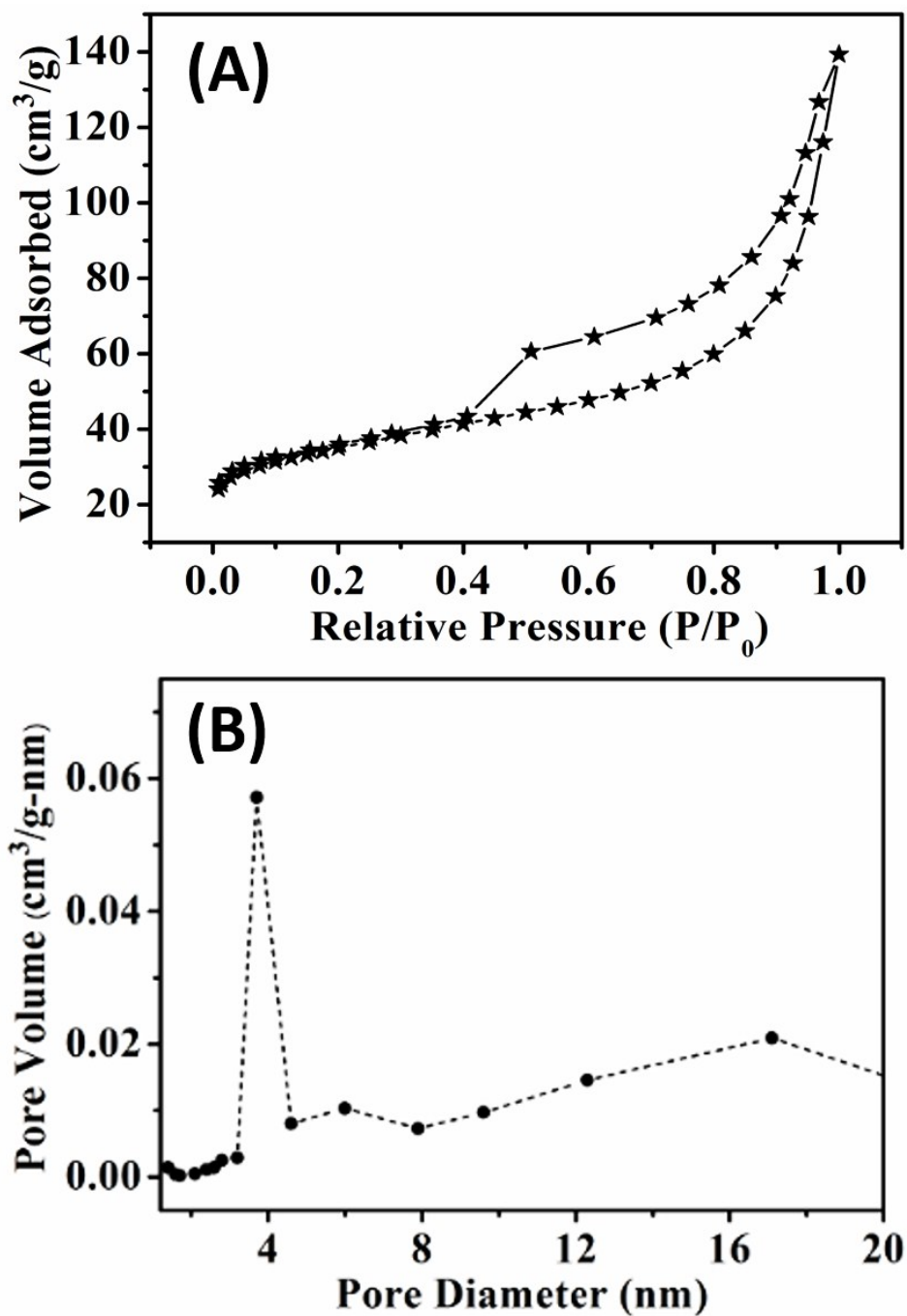
### **Integrating three-dimensional graphene/Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@C composite and mesoporous Co(OH)<sub>2</sub> nanosheets arrays/graphene foam into a superior asymmetric electrochemical capacitor**

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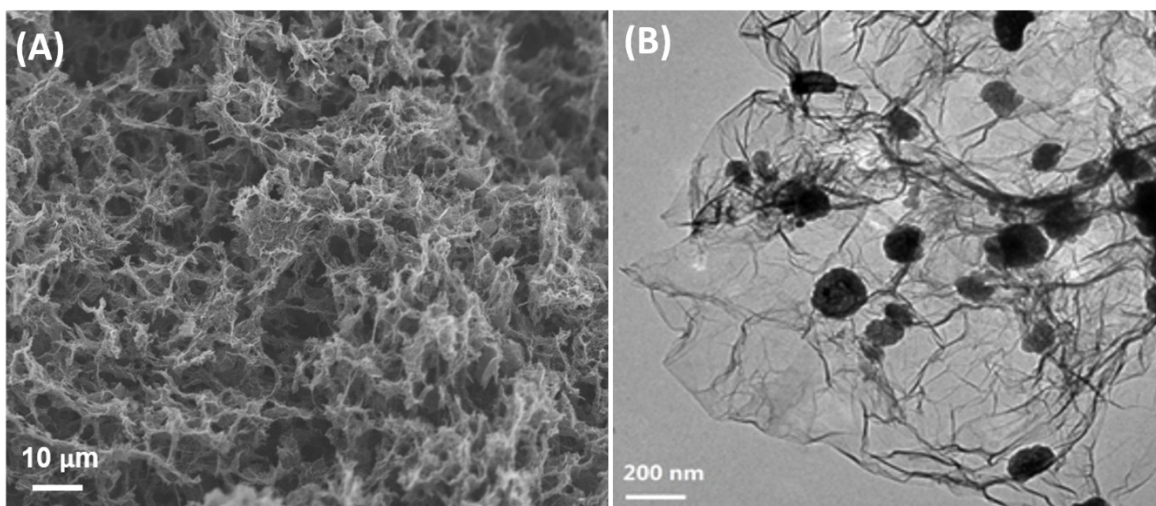
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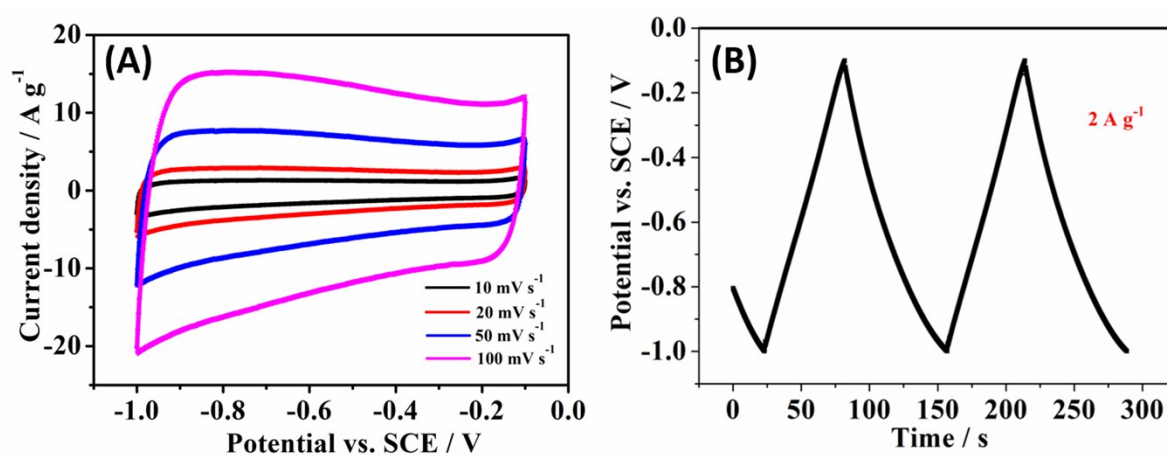
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**Figure S1** Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms (A) and pore size distributions (B) for graphene/Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@C composite.



**Figure S2** FESEM and TEM images of graphene/ $\text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4$ @C composites after cycling.

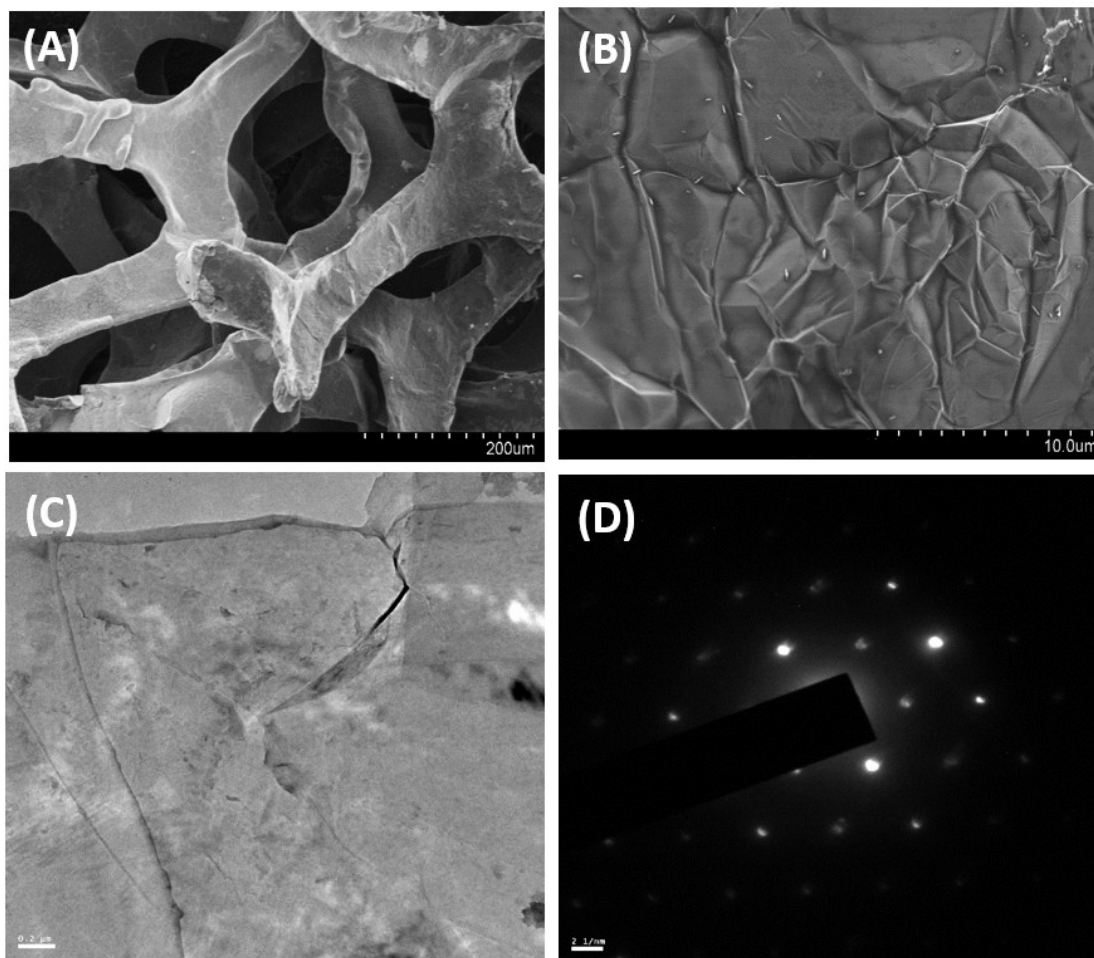


**Figure S3** Electrochemical properties of pure graphene. (A) CV curves at different scan rates.

(B) galvanostatic charge-discharge curves at  $2 \text{ A g}^{-1}$ .

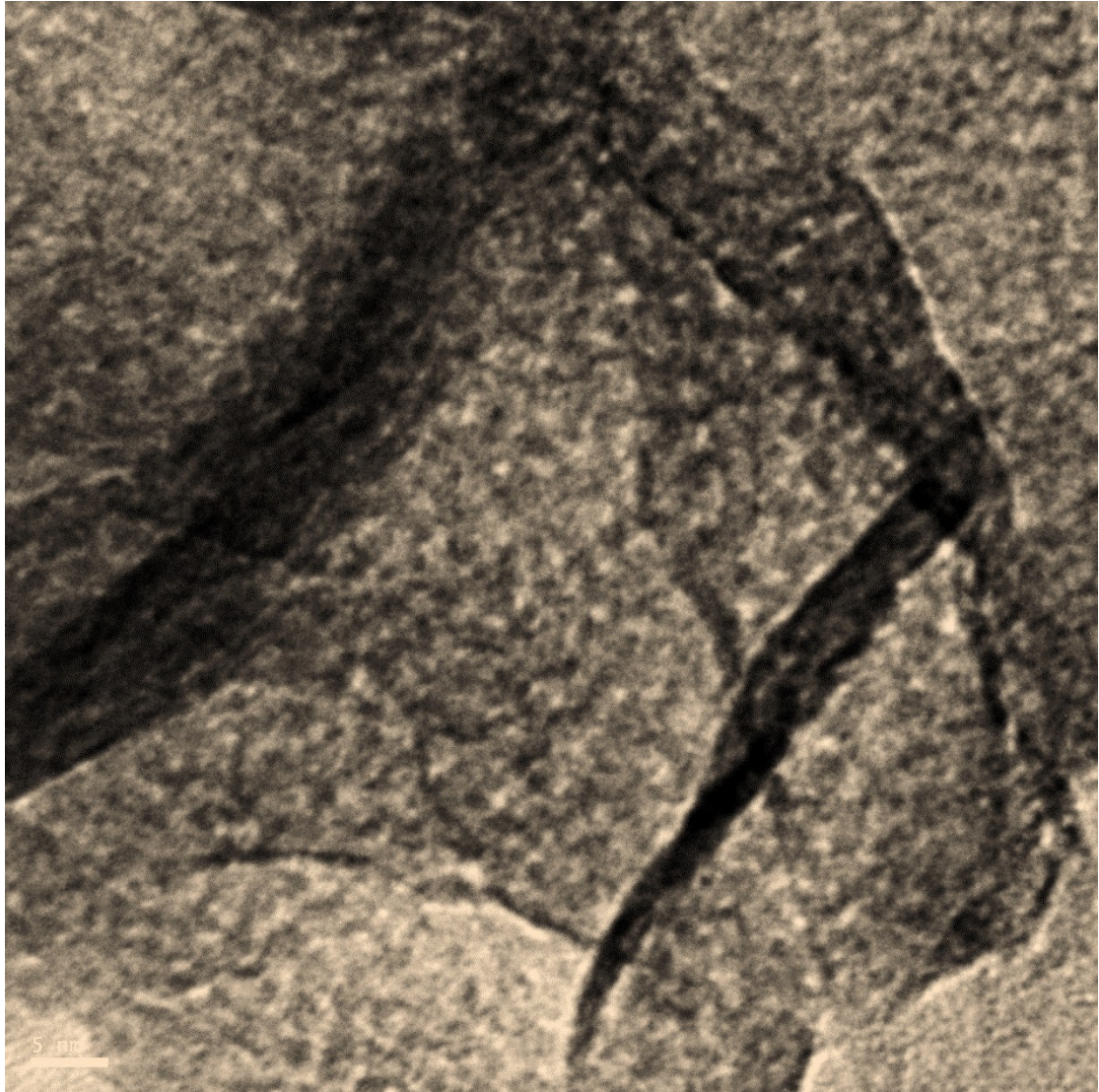
**Table S1.** Specific capacitances of recently published state-of-the-art FeO<sub>x</sub>-based materials, tested in three-electrode configuration.

FeO <sub>x</sub> electrode	Electrolyte	Potential range (V vs. SCE)	Specific capacitance (F g <sup>-1</sup> )	Rate capability	Ref
graphitic nanoflake/Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	2M KOH	-1.2 to -0.6 V	299 at 0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup>	131 at 0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup>	S1
Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> film	1M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	-0.55 to 0.05 V	105 at 20 mV s <sup>-1</sup>	Not reported	S2
Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> powders	0.1M K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	-0.8 to 0.25 V	75 at 10 mV s <sup>-1</sup>	Not reported	S3
C-dots/Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	1M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	-1 to 0 V	208 at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup>	80 at 20 A g <sup>-1</sup>	S4
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> nanotube	1M Li <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	-0.8 to 0 V	138 at 1.3 A g <sup>-1</sup>	91 at 12.8 A g <sup>-1</sup>	S5
FeOOH rods	1M Li <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	-0.85 to -0.1 V	116 at 0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup>	93 at 1.5 A g <sup>-1</sup>	S6
Octadecahedron Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	1M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	-1 to 0.1 V	118 at 2 A g <sup>-1</sup>	50 at 3.3 A g <sup>-1</sup>	S7
Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> nanoparticles	1M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	-0.9 to 0.1 V	207.7 at 0.4 A g <sup>-1</sup>	90.4 at 10 A g <sup>-1</sup>	S8
Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /CNF composite	1M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	-0.9 to 0.1 V	127 at 10 mV s <sup>-1</sup>	53 at 10 mV s <sup>-1</sup>	S9
Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /CNT composite	6M KOH	-1 to 0 V	129 at 2.5 mA cm <sup>-1</sup>	103 at 40 mA cm <sup>-1</sup>	S10
Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /carbon nanosheets	1M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	-0.8 to -0.2 V	163.4 at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup>	113 at 10 A g <sup>-1</sup>	S11
Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> /carbon black	1M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>3</sub>	-0.75 to 0.5 V	510 at 15 mA g <sup>-1</sup>	Not reported	S12
Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> nanotubes/rGO	1M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	-1 to 0 V	215 at 2.5 mV s <sup>-1</sup>	88 at 100 mV s <sup>-1</sup>	S13
FeO <sub>x</sub> /carbon foams	2.5M Li <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	-0.8 to 0.2 V	343 at 5 mV s <sup>-1</sup>	Not reported	S14
Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> particles-graphene	1M KOH	-1 to 0.1 V	220.1 at 0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup>	134.6 at 5 A g <sup>-1</sup>	S15
FeOOH/graphene	1M LiOH	-1.15 to 0.1 V	326 at 0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup>	293 at 10 A g <sup>-1</sup>	S16
Au-Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> nanoparticles	6M KOH	-1 to 0.4 V	464 at 1 A g <sup>-1</sup>	120 at 10 A g <sup>-1</sup>	S17
Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> -f-HEG	1M Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	-0.5 to -0.5 V	180 at 10 mV s <sup>-1</sup>	160 at 100 mV s <sup>-1</sup>	S18

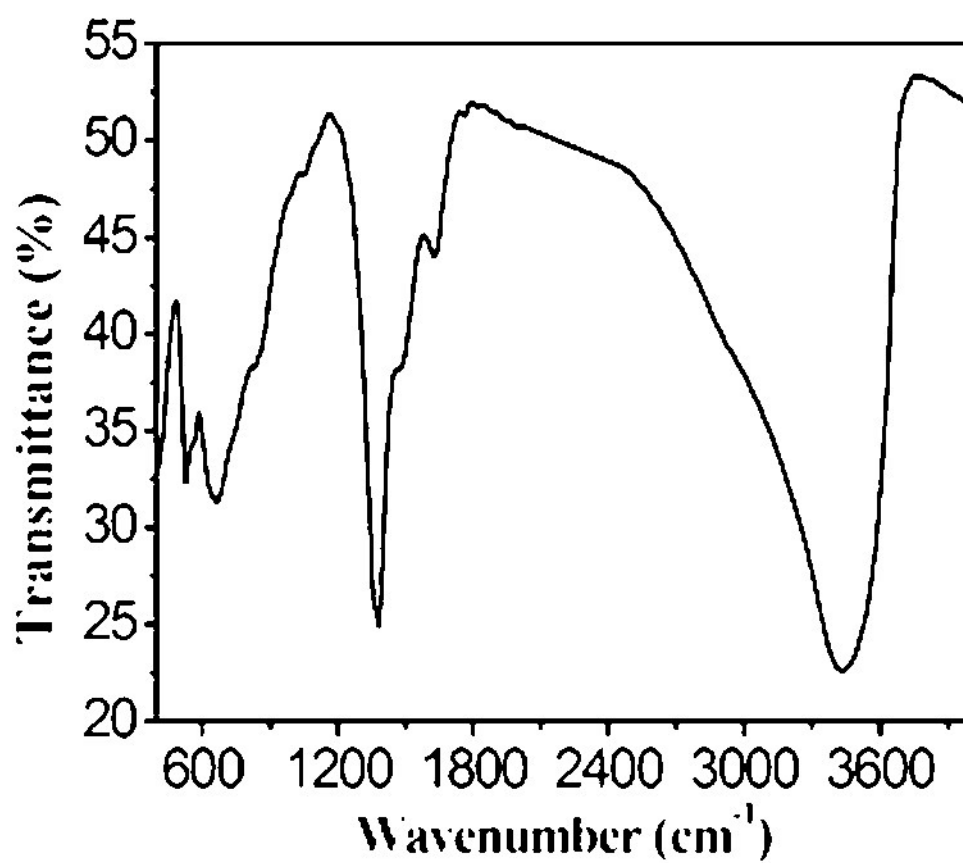


**Figure S4** FESEM images (A, B) and TEM images (C) and the SAED pattern (D) of graphene foam.

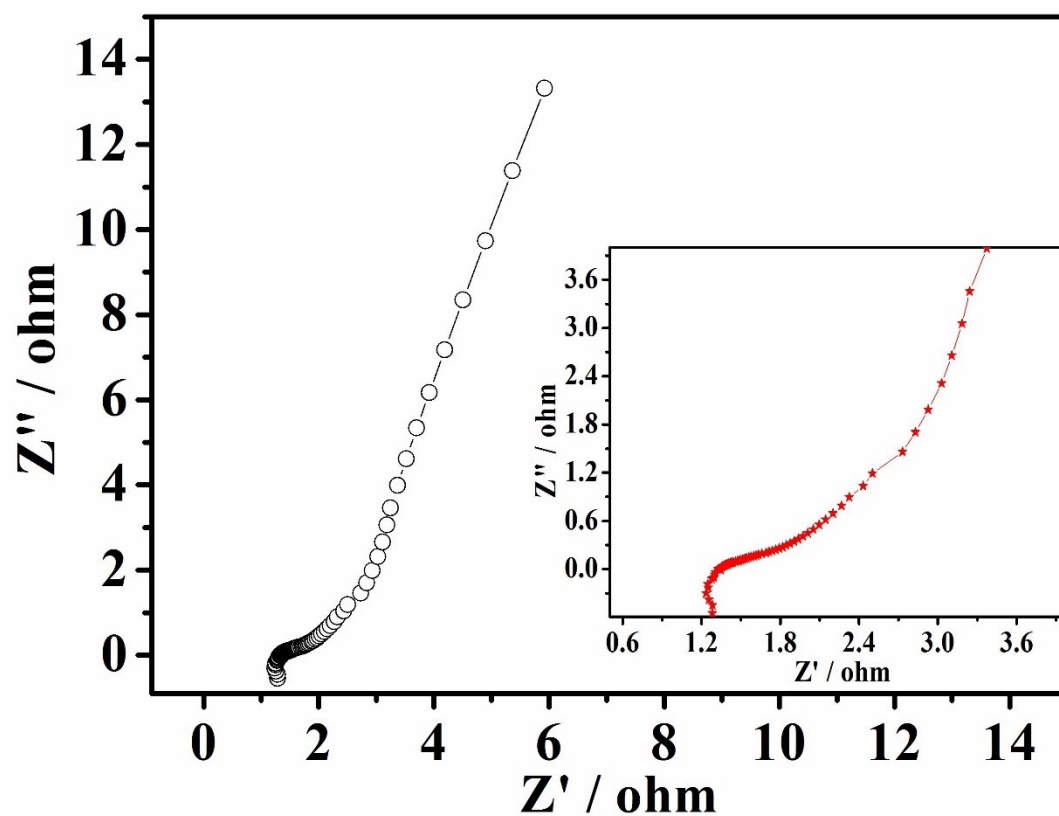




**Figure S5** The TEM image of the  $\text{Co(OH)}_2$  nanosheet on the GFs.

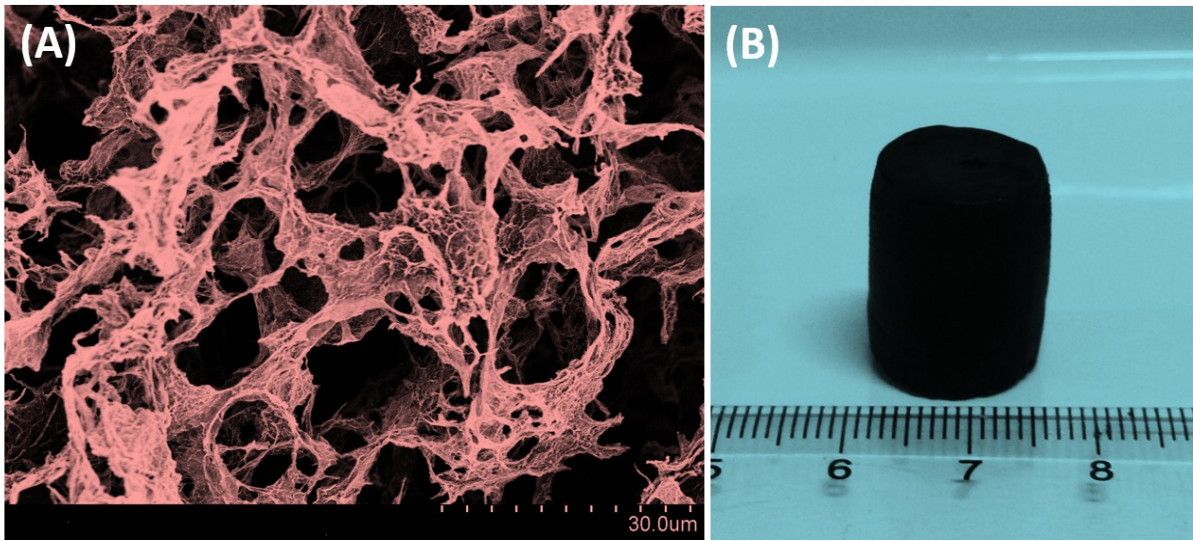


**Figure S6** FT-IR spectrum of Co(OH)<sub>2</sub> NAs/GF.

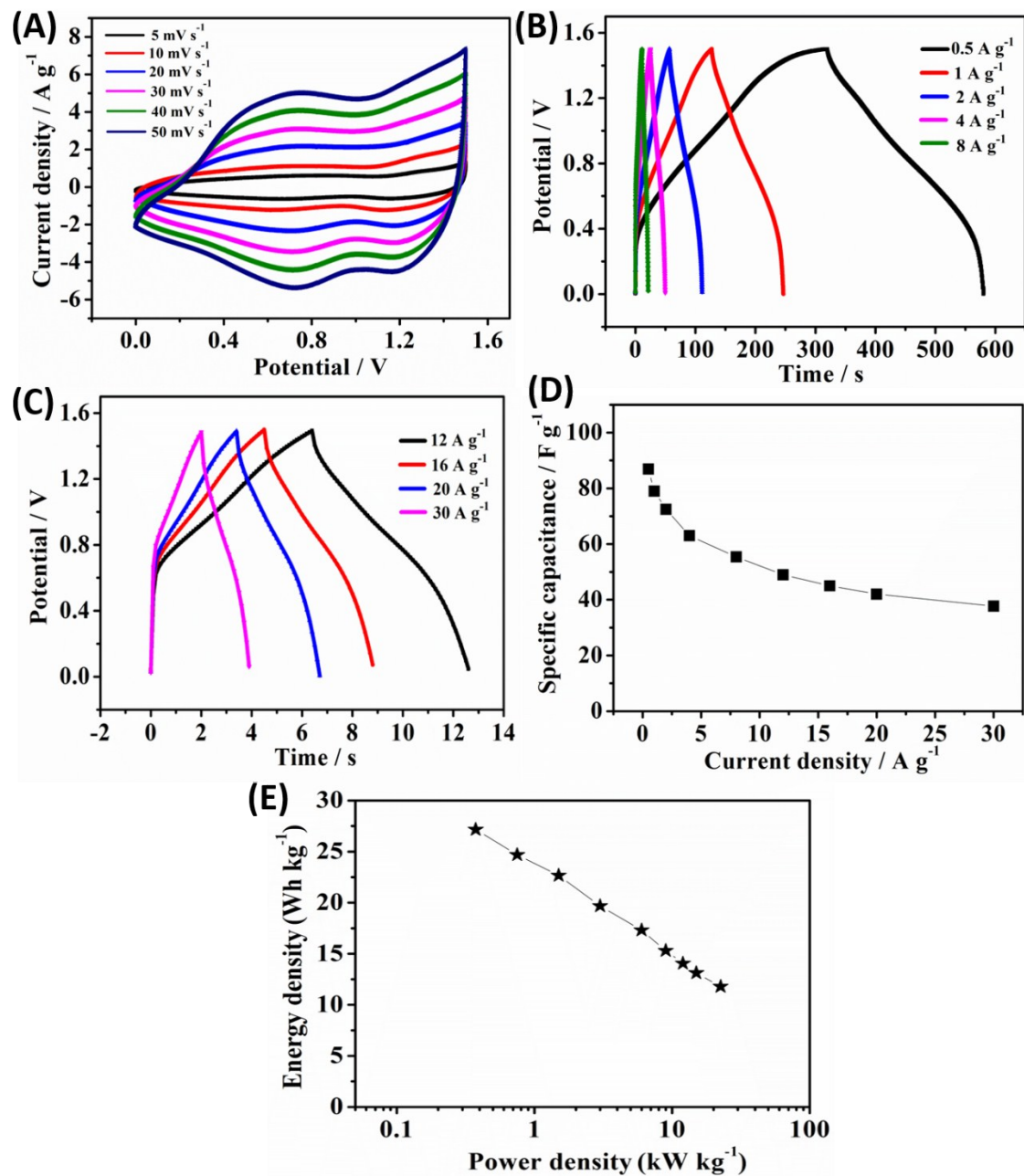


**Figure S7** Nyquist plots for the Co(OH)<sub>2</sub> NAs/GF//graphene/Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>@C ASC. The frequency range is from 10<sup>-1</sup> to 10<sup>5</sup> at the bias potential of 1.4 V. The lower right inset presents high-frequency region of the plot.





**Figure S8** the FESEM image (A) and the photograph (B) of the graphene.



**Figure S9** Electrochemical properties of the Co(OH)<sub>2</sub> NAs/GF//graphene ASC device in 1 M KOH electrolyte. (A) CV curves at various scan rates. (B, C) GCD curves at various current densities. (D) Specific capacitances at various current densities. (E) Ragone plot.

**The specific capacitances, energy densities, and power densities can be calculated by the following equations on the basis of galvanostatic charge–discharge curves:**

$$C = \frac{I\Delta t}{m\Delta V} \quad (1)$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2 \times 3.6} CV^2 \quad (2)$$

$$P = \frac{E \times 3600}{\Delta t} \quad (3)$$

Where  $C$  ( $F\ g^{-1}$ ) is the specific capacitance,  $E$  ( $Wh\ kg^{-1}$ ) is the energy density,  $P$  ( $W\ kg^{-1}$ ) is the power density,  $I$  (A) is the discharge current,  $\Delta t$  (s) is the discharge time,  $m$  (g) is the sum mass of the active material and  $\Delta V$  (V) is the potential drop during the discharge process.

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