Electronic Supplementary Information

Multifunctional human serum albumin modified reduced

graphene oxide for targeted photothermal therapy of

hepatocellular carcinoma

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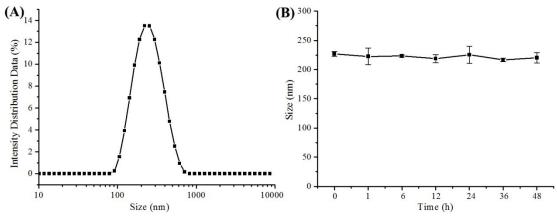


Fig. S1 Dynamic light scattering (DLS) spectra of GO-HSA (A) and their corresponding size distribution over time (B).

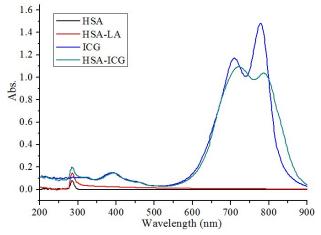


Fig. S2 The UV-vis-NIR absorption spectra of free ICG, HSA, HSA-ICG and HSA-LA.

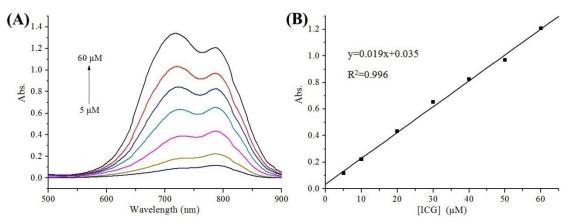


Fig. S3 (A) The Vis-NIR absorption spectra of different concentrations of ICG in HSA solution; (B) the calibration curve for ICG quantitation.

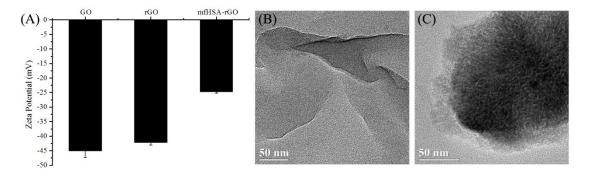


Fig. S4 (A) Surface zeta potential of GO, rGO and mfHSA-rGO; (B) TEM image of GO; (C) TEM image of mfHSA-rGO.

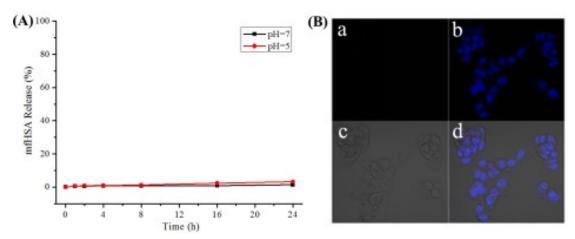


Fig. S5 (A) The release behaviour of the mfHSA-rGO in buffer (with pH 5 or 7) determined by measuring ICG fluorescence of the supernatant; (B) Confocal microscopy images of mfHSA-rGO treated HepG2 cells. The d images were merged with the Hoechst image (nucleus staining) and cellular morphology.

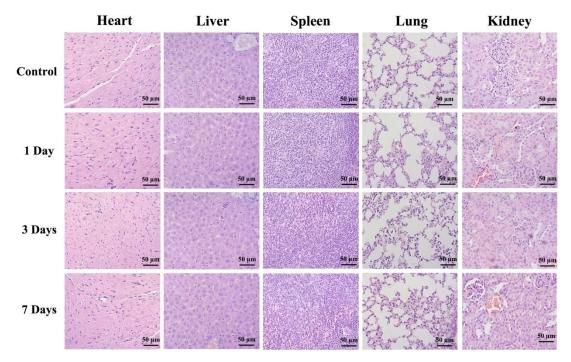


Fig. S6 Histopathological analysis of the mice injected with 200μ g rGO-mfHSA for 1, 3, and 7 days. The mouse injected with 200μ L PBS was used as control. The major organs of the mice were isolated and H&E stained. The H&E staining showed no signs of inflammation or deformities.