

Supporting Information

Hybrid $\text{SnO}_2\text{-Co}_3\text{O}_4$ nanocubes prepared via $\text{CoSn}(\text{OH})_6$ intermediate through sonochemical route for Energy Storage Applications

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Figure S1. FESEM images of (a) bare SnO_2 and (b) pristine Co_3O_4

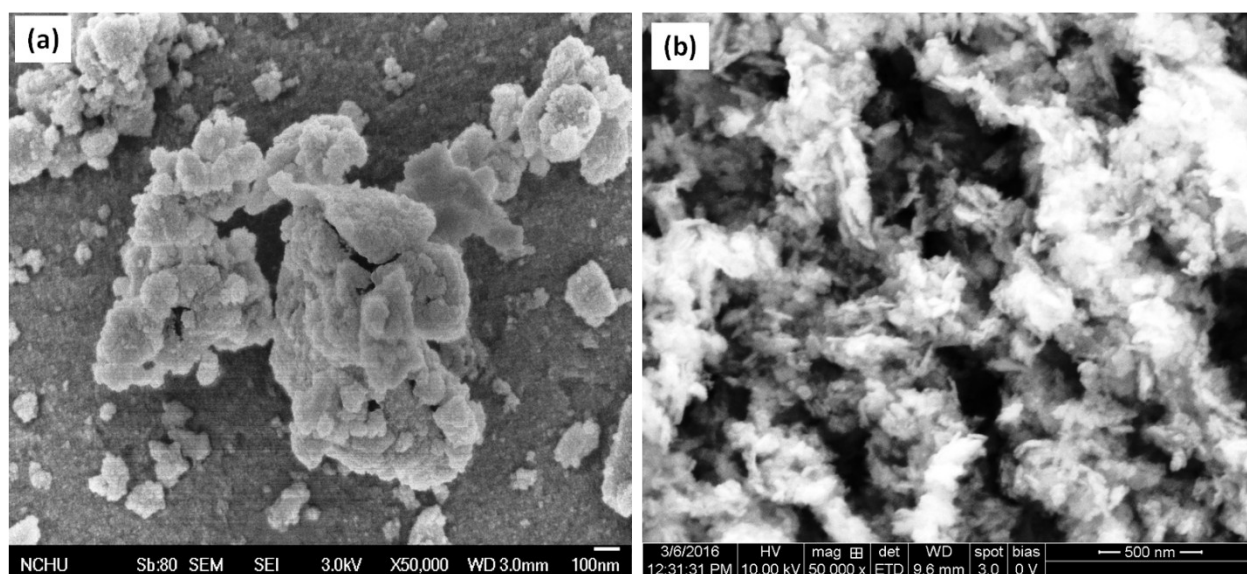


Figure S2. CV curve for (a) intermediate CoSn(OH)_6 and (b) bare SnO_2 at different scan rates 5 mV s^{-1} , 10 mV s^{-1} , 20 mV s^{-1} , 40 mV s^{-1} , 80 mV s^{-1} , and 160 mV s^{-1} in the potential range between 0 to +1 V vs. Ag/AgCl in aqueous solution of 1 M Na_2SO_4 as electrolyte (a-f).

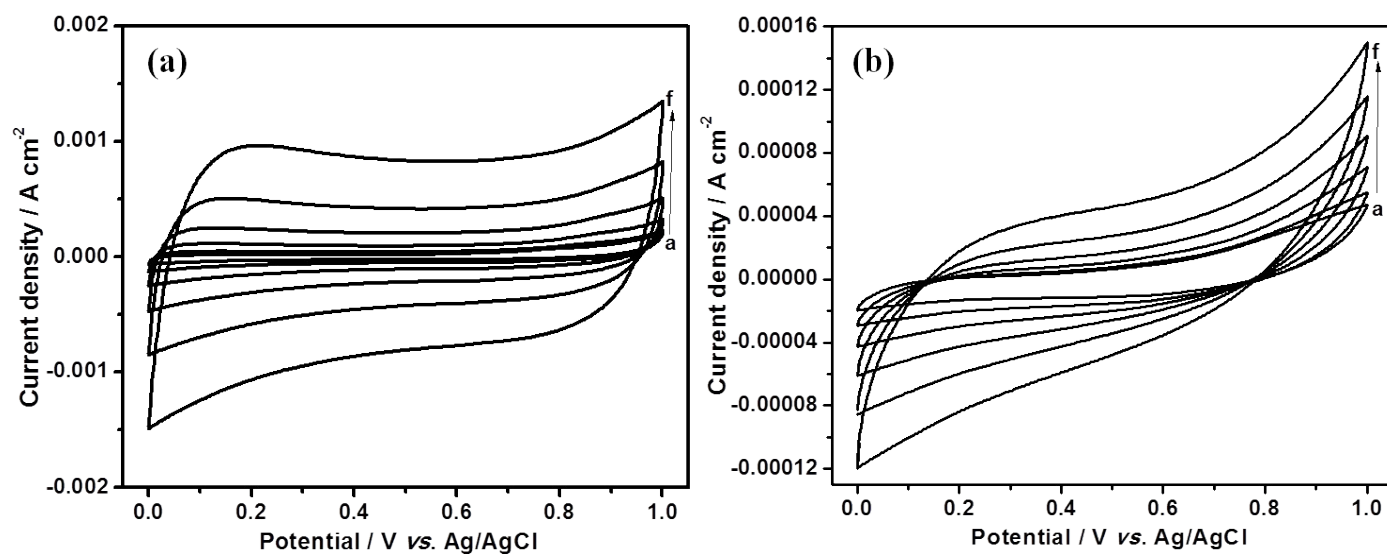


Figure S3. Charge–discharge cycles of (a) intermediate $\text{CoSn}(\text{OH})_6$ and (b) bare SnO_2 at a current density of 0.5 mA cm^{-2}

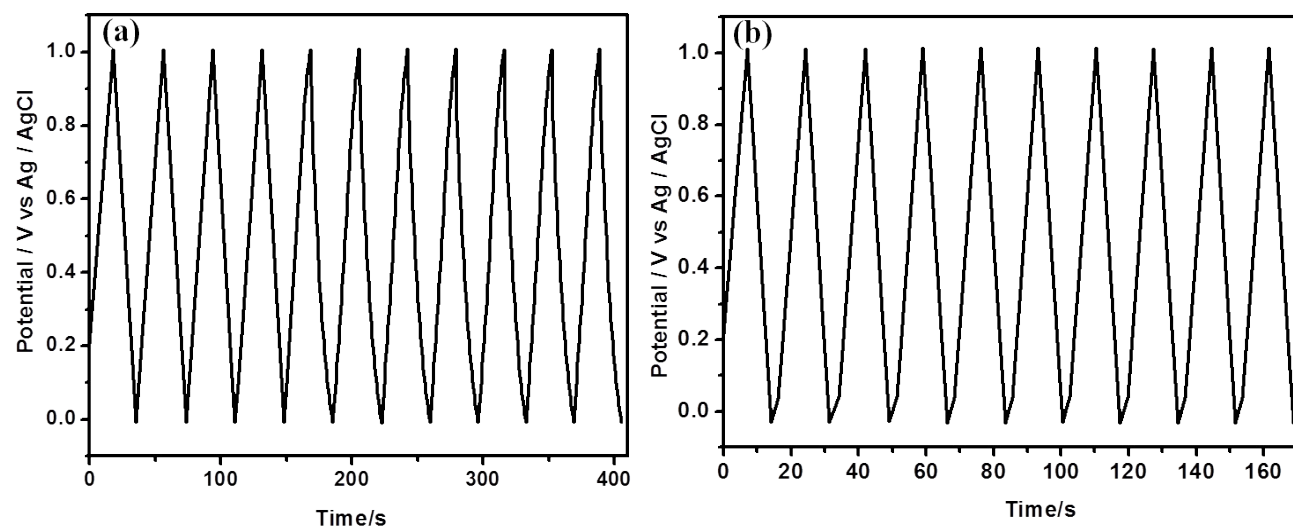


Figure S4. Cycling behavior of (a) intermediate $\text{CoSn}(\text{OH})_6$ and (b) bare SnO_2

