Supporting Information to

A Carbon-Carbon Hybrid – Immobilizing Carbon Nanodots and Carbon Nanotubes

Volker Strauss, Johannes T. Margraf, Timothy Clark, Dirk M. Guldi

Structures	
Steady State Absorption Spectroscopy	
Photoluminescence	S4
Raman Spectroscopy	S6
Transmission Electron Microscopy	S7
Steady State Absorption Titrations	
SWCNT Photoluminescence Quenching with pCND	S9
Transmission Electron Microscopy of SWCNT/PVBTA/pCND	S10
Fluorescence Lifetime Measurements (TCSPC)	
Steady State Emission Titrations	
Spectroelectrochemical Data (Absorption and Emission)	
Femtosecond Transient Absorption	S14

Structure



Figure S1. Structure of poly(4-vinylbenzyl trimethylamine) (PVBTA)

Steady State Absorption Spectroscopy



Figure S2. Absorption spectra of HiPCO SWCNT dispersed with SDBS (2wt%, black) and PVBTA (2wt%, red) in D₂O.



Figure S3. Tauc plot of \mathbf{pCND} in H_2O .

Photoluminescence



Figure S4. 3D-Photoluminescence plot of CoMoCAT SWCNT/SDBS in D_2O at room temperature with peak assignment.



Figure S5. 3D-Photoluminescence plot of HiPCO SWCNT/SDBS in D₂O at room temperature.







Figure S7. NIR emission spectra of dispersions of **CoMoCAT SWCNT/SDBS** (wine) and **CoMoCAT SWCNT/PVBTA** (red) with equal optical density at the 650 nm excitation wavelength in D_2O at room temperature.



Figure S8. NIR emission spectra of dispersions of HiPCO SWCNT/SDBS (wine) and HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA (red) with equal optical density at the 725 nm excitation wavelength in D₂O at room temperature.



Figure S9. Quenching rates relative to the SDBS reference dispersions for the different SWCNT species present in HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA and (blue) and CoMoCAT SWCNT/PVBTA (orange) dispersions.



Figure S10. Normalized solid state Raman spectra (λ_{ex} = 1064nm) of **HiPCO SWCNT/SDBS** (black) and **HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA** (red) with particular emphasis on the RBM- (left), D-band (center), and G-band (right) regions.

Transmission Electron Microscopy



Figure S11. Representative TEM images of COMOCAT SWCNT/PVBTA (left) and HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA (right) on an ultrathin carbon support film.

Steady State Absorption Titrations



Figure S12. Absorption spectra of HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA (black) and of HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA/pCND (red) in D₂O at room temperature.



Figure S13. Absorption spectra recorded in the course of sequential addition of **pCND** to **CoMoCAT SWCNT/PVBTA** in D₂O at room temperature.

SWCNT Photoluminescence Quenching with pCND



Figure S14. 3D-Photoluminescence plots of COMOCAT SWCNT/PVBTA (left) and COMOCAT SWCNT/PVBTA/pCND (right) in D₂O at room temperature.



Figure S15. NIR emission spectra of HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA upon excitation at 725 nm recorded during sequential addition of pCND in D₂O at room temperature.



Figure S16. NIR emission spectra of HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA upon excitation at 800 nm recorded during sequential addition of pCND in D₂O at room temperature.

Transmission Electron Microscopy of SWCNT/PVBTA/pCND



Figure S17. Representative TEM images of **CoMoCAT SWCNT/PVBTA/pCND** on an Lacey carbon support film.

Fluorescence Lifetime Measurements (TCSPC)



Figure S18. Evolution of the emission lifetimes and their corresponding amplitudes of **pCND** as a function of the amount of **CoMoCAT SWCNT/PVBTA** obtained by TCSPC. Samples were excited at 403 nm and time profiles were measured at 445 nm.



Figure S19: Evolution of the emission lifetimes and their corresponding amplitudes of **pCND** as a function of the amount of **HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA** obtained by TCSPC. Samples were excited at 403 nm and time profiles were measured at 445 nm.

Steady State Emission Titrations



Figure S20. Normalized solid state Raman spectra (λ_{ex} = 1064nm) of **HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA** (black) and **SWCNT/PVBTA/pCND** (red) with particular emphasis on the G-band and 2D-region.

Spectroelectrochemical Data (Absorption and Emission)



Figure S21: Emission spectra of **pCND** upon stepwise oxidation from 0 - 1V in H₂O with 0.1 M TBAPF₆ as supporting electrolyte.



Figure S22: Absorption spectra of **pCND** upon stepwise oxidation from 0 - 1 V in H₂O with 0.1 M TBAPF₆ as supporting electrolyte.



Figure S23. Left: Differential absorption spectra obtained upon femtosecond pump probe experiments (λ_{ex} = 387 nm) of **HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA** with several time delays between 1.5 and 500 ps at room temperature. Right: Corresponding time absorption profile of the spectra shown on the left at 1300 nm monitoring the excited state decay.



Figure S24. Left: Differential absorption spectra obtained upon femtosecond pump probe experiments (λ_{ex} = 387 nm) of **HiPCO SWCNT/PVBTA/pCND** with several time delays between 1.5 and 500 ps at room temperature. Right: Corresponding time absorption profile of the spectra shown on the left at 1300 nm monitoring the excited state decay.