Supporting Information

Rational design of asymmetric red fluorescent probes for live cell imaging with high AIE effect and large two-photon absorption cross section by tunable terminal group

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1. Experimental Details

1: To a solution of di(thiophen-2-yl)methanone (1.06 g, 5.46 mmol), CBr₄ (3.57 g, 10.93 mmol) and PPh₃ (5.73 g, 21.86 mmol) in toluene (50 mL). After refluxing for 24 h, the mixture was cooled to 25 °C and poured into an aq. NH₄Cl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂, and then the combined organic phase was washed with brine and dried (MgSO₄). The solvents were then removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with petroleum ether (PE) to give yellow oil (1.23 g, 65%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz, ppm): δ 7.39-7.41 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.10-7.11 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 7.00-7.02 (t, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz, ppm): δ 142.1, 134.3, 130.0, 127.6, 126.8, 92.2. HR-EIS-MS(*m*/*z*): calcd for C₁₀H₆Br₂S₂: 349.8257(100%). Found: 350.8330 ([M+H]⁺, 100%).

2: To a solution of 1 (0.50 g, 1.73 mmol), (4-(diphenylamino)phenyl)boronic acid (0.25 g, 0.72 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (0.07 g, 0.06 mmol) in toluene (40 mL) and ethanol(80 mL), aqueous NaOH solution (1.0 M, 5.0 mL) and were added. After refluxing for 12 h under N₂, the mixture was cooled to 25 °C and poured into an aq. NH₄Cl solution. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂, and then the combined organic phase was washed with brine and dried (MgSO₄). The solvents were then removed under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel chromatography, eluting with petroleum ether (PE)-CH₂Cl₂ (4:1) to give yellow solid (0.31 g, 64%). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400MHz, ppm) δ : 7.22-7.26 (m, 8H), 7.18-7.20 (dd, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.07-7.09 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 8H), 6.98-7.04 (m, 8H), 6.87-6.89 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.07-7.09 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 8H), 6.98-7.04 (m, 8H), 6.87-6.89 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.07-7.09 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 8H), 6.98-7.04 (m, 8H), 6.87-6.89 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.07-8.01

8.4 Hz, 4H), 6.83-6.84 (t, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H), 6.80-6.81 (dd, J = 3.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100MHz, ppm) δ : 147.8, 146.8, 146.5, 142.0, 137.2, 1319, 129.6, 129.4, (126.23, 126.18), 125.6, 124.7, 123.1, 122.9. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd for C₄₆H₃₄N₂S₂: 678.2163 (100%). Found: 678.2168 (100%).



Figure S1.Comparison of HOMO and LUMO orbital surfaces of **DTPABT** and **DTPEBT** using DFT B3LYP/6-31G(d) method.

Table S1. Summary of calculated parameters for these AIE molecules using DFT B3LYP/6-31G(d) method.

Compd	HOMO	LUMO
	(eV)	(eV)
TPABT	-4.61	-2.40
TPEBT	-4.65	-2.44
DTPAB T	-4.54	-2.42
DTPEB T	-4.60	-2.47



Figure S2: (A) Emission spectra of **DTPABT** in THF-water mixtures with different water fraction (f_w) . Inset: photos of **DTPABT** with different water fraction under UV lamp illumination. (B) Emission spectra of **DTPEBT** in THF-water mixtures with different water fraction (f_w) . Inset: photos of **DTPEBT** with different water fraction under UV lamp illumination.



Figure S3. Fluorescence images of MCF-7 by **TPEBT** (A-C) and **DTPABT**(D-F). (A) and (D) are bright field image cells, (B) and (E) are fluorescent image, (C) and (F) are merged image, incubated for 3 hours with 20 μ M.



Figure S4. Fluorescence images of Hela by **TPEBT** (A-C) and **DTPABT**(D-F). (A) and (D) are bright field image cells, (B) and (E) are fluorescent image, (C) and (F) are merged image, incubated for 3 hours with 20 μ M.



Figure S5. Metabolic viability of MCF-7 breast cancer cells and Hela cells after incubation with red emission AIE molecules (A) **DTPABT** and (B) **DTPEBT** for 12, 24 and 36 h at different concentrations, respectively.



Figure S6. One-photon excited fluorescence (OPEF) and two-photon-induced fluorescence (TPEF) spectra of A) **TPABT**; B) **DTPABT**; C) **TPEBT** and D) **DTPEBT** in THF solution (10⁻⁵ M).



Figure S7. Two-photon excited fluorescence imaging of human breast cancer cells (MCF-7 cells) after 3 h incubation with **TPEBT** at 37 °C. The images were recorded upon 980 nm excitation with a 560–660 nm band pass filter. (A) brightfield field image cells, (B) two-photon excited fluorescence, (C) two-photon excited fluorescence/brightfield overlay. The scale bar is 50 μ m.



Figure S8. Two-photon fluorescence images of ear blood vessels stained with **TPEBT** NPs including 3D reconstructed images of blood vessels when **TPEBT** was excited at 980 nm, images at different vertical depths of mouse ear. All the images share the same scale bar of 100 μ m.





¹H NMR spectrum of **TPABT** in CDCl₃.



The expended ¹H NMR spectrum of **TPABT** in CDCl₃.



¹³C NMR spectrum of **TPABT** in CDCl₃.



The expended ¹³C NMR spectrum of **TPABT** in CDCl₃.



¹H NMR spectrum of **DTPABT** in CDCl₃.



The expended ¹H NMR spectrum of **DTPABT** in CDCl₃.





The expended ¹³C NMR spectrum of **DTPABT** in CDCl₃.



¹H NMR spectrum of **TPEBT** in CDCl₃.



The expended ¹H NMR spectrum of **TPEBT** in CDCl₃





The expended ¹³C NMR spectrum of **TPEBT** in CDCl₃.



¹H NMR spectrum of **DTPEBT** in CDCl₃.



The expended ¹H NMR spectrum of **DTPEBT** in CDCl₃.





The expended ¹³C NMR spectrum of **DTPEBT** in CDCl₃.