

## Supporting Information

### Visible-light-driven BiOBr nanosheets for highly facet-dependent photocatalytic inactivation of *Escherichia coli*

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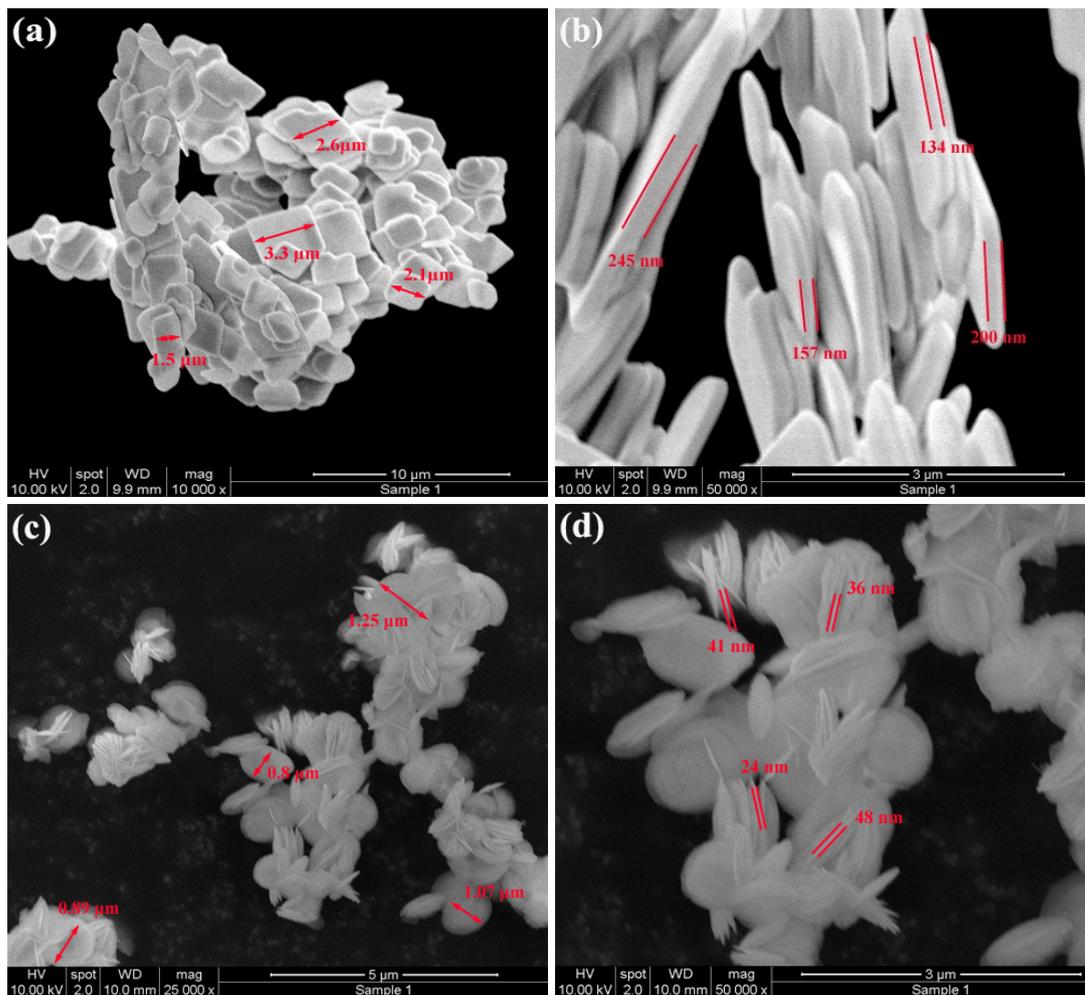
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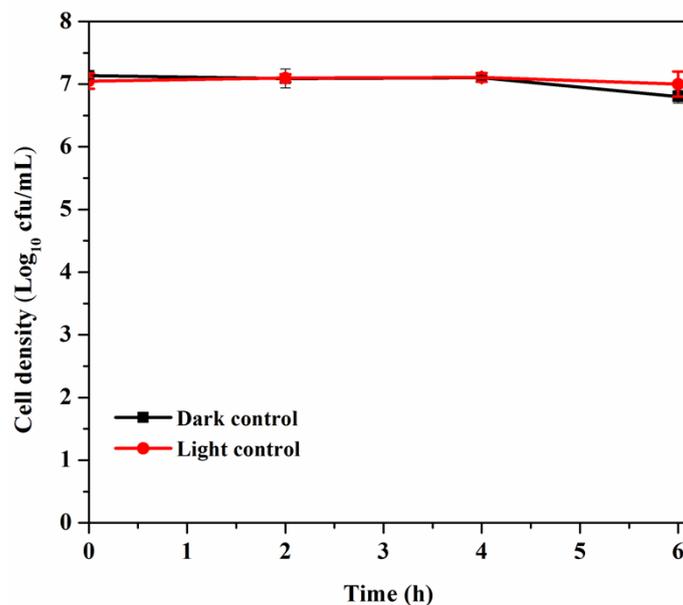
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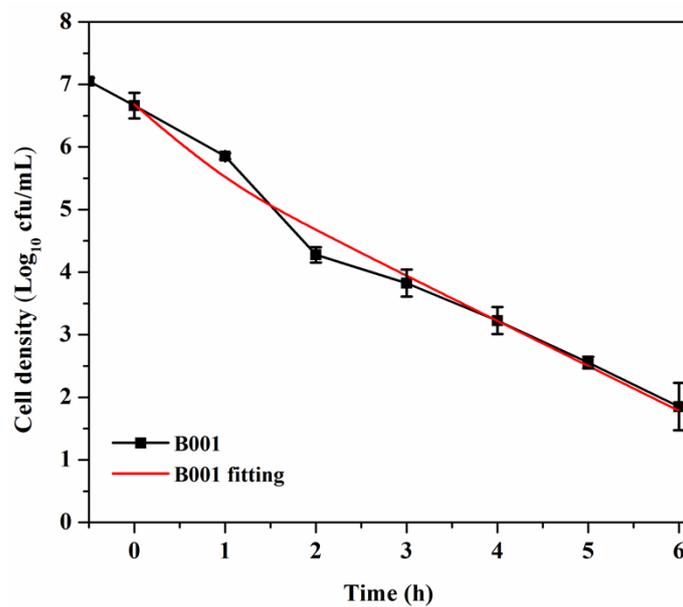
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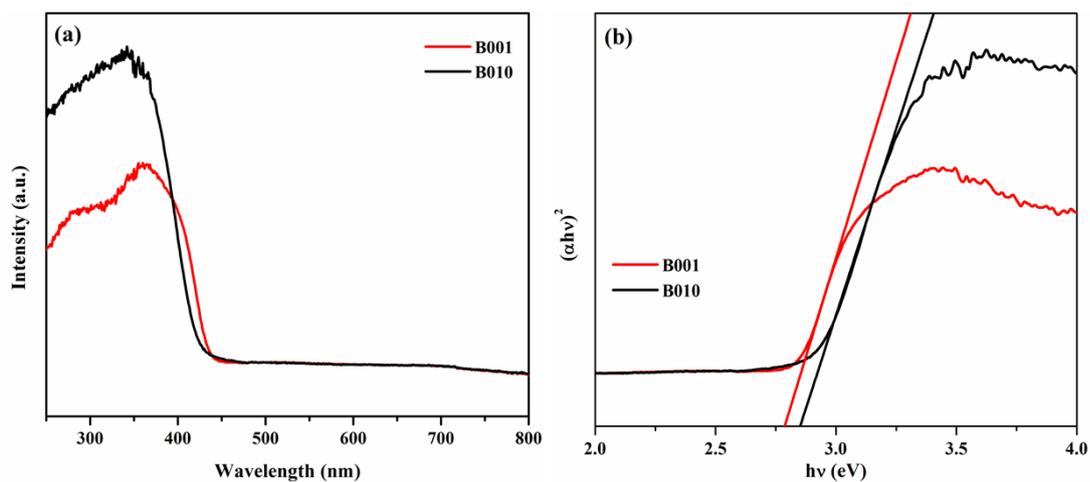
**Fig. S1** SEM images of (a) and (b) for B001, and (c) and (d) for B010 nanosheets.



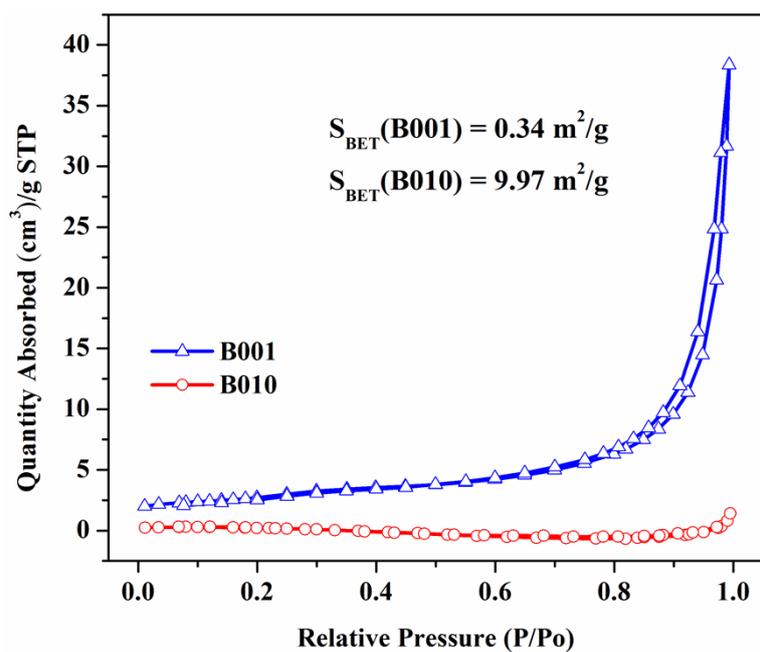
**Fig. S2** Dark and light controls for the photocatalytic inactivation by B010 nanosheets towards *E. coli* K-12 ( $1 \times 10^7$  CFU mL<sup>-1</sup>) in the presence of 0.05 mM Cr(VI).



**Fig. S3** Photocatalytic inactivation efficiency of *E. coli* K-12 ( $1 \times 10^7$  CFU mL<sup>-1</sup>) in the presence of B001 nanosheets purging with Ar purging under VL irradiation.



**Fig. S4** (a) UV-vis diffuse reflectance spectra and (b) the plots of transformed Kubelka-Munk function *versus* the energy light of the B001 and B010 nanosheets.



**Fig. S5** Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherm of the B001 and B010 nanosheets.

**Table S1** The fitting parameters of the equivalent circuit.

	B010	B001
$R_s$	28.58	32.37
$R_1$	12590	9157
$R_2$	4.955	5.823
$R_3$	1.109E6	1.305E7
$C_3$	2.099E-5	1.9841E-5
CPE1-P	0.9181	0.9178
CPE1-Y	4.481E-5	4.457E-5
CPE2-P	0.9044	0.8773
CPE2-Y	4.129E-5	4.91E-5

$R_s$ : the resistance of the solution;

$R_1$ : the resistance of the work electrode (B001 or B010)

$R_2$ : the resistance of the counter electrode

$R_3$ : the resistance of the reaction;

$C_3$ : the capacitance of the counter electrode;

CPE-P/CPE-Y: the deviation of constant phase angle (the value is close to 1 indicating a trend to fabricate a double-layer electric).