Supporting Information

Facile Water-based Preparation of Rh-doped SrTiO₃ Nanoparticles for

Efficient Photocatalytic H₂ Evolution under Visible Light Irradiation

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1. Experimental

<u>Preparation of SrTiO₃:Rh(2%) samples from the AA-sol with different polymer (polymethyl methacrylate</u> <u>latex particles and polyethylene glycol)</u>

An aqueous solution of $Sr(OAc)_2$ containing lactic acid, AA-sol and an aqueous solution of RhCl₃ were mixed at the ratio of Sr : Ti : Rh = 1.00 : 0.98 : 0.02 and stirred for 1 hour at room temperature, yielding orange transparent sols. The sols were added by different polymers (polymethyl methacrylate latex particles (PMMA) and polyethylene glycol (PEG)) and stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature, then dried at 80°C for 3 hours, and finally calcined at 1000°C for 10 hours, yielding SrTiO₃:Rh(Rh: 2%) powders samples. These samples will be denoted as WH''-1000(PMMA) and WH''-1000(PEG) respectively.

Characterization

The particle sizes of titania colloids in sols were estimated by means of dynamic light scattering (DLS, ELSZ-1000, Otsuka Eletronics Co., Ltd). Thermal analysis (TG-DTA) was conducted on dried powders on a TG-8120 (Rigaku). TG-DTA curves were recorded under air flow in the temperature range from 25 to 1000°C.

2. Results



Fig. S1 Size distribution of the titania colloidal particles in AA-sols.



Fig. S2 XRD patterns of SS-particles (SrTiO₃:Rh2%) prepared at different calcination temperatures.



Fig. S3 SEM images of WH-particles (SrTiO₃:Rh2%, Sr/Ti = 1.02) (a), SS- and WH''-particles (SrTiO₃:Rh2%, Sr/Ti = 1.00) (b-e) prepared at different calcination temperatures.



Fig. S4 TG-DTA curves of acrylic emulsion.

	Amount of loaded Pt (wt%)	H ₂ evolution (μ mol h ⁻¹)
	0.1	32
	0.25	53
WH-1000	0.5	87
(Sr/Ti = 1.02)	0.75	75
	1	66
	2	56
	0.1	1
SS-1000	0.25	5
(Sr/Ti = 1.00)	0.5	11
	0.75	12

Table S1. H₂ evolution activity of SrTiO₃:Rh2% prepared *via* WH- and SS-method loaded with different amount of Pt cocatalyst.

*Catalyst, 0.1 g; reactant solution, 200 mL of 10 vol % aqueous methanol solution; light source, 300 W Xe lamp with cutoff filters ($\lambda > 410$ nm).

Table S2.H2 evolution from an aqueous methanol solution under visible light irradiation of SrTiO3:Rh(2%)photocatalyst prepared upon different doping amount.

	Amount of doped Rh ion (%)	H ₂ evolution (μ mol h ⁻¹)
WH-1000 (Sr/Ti = 1.02)	1	50
	2	87
	3	77
SS-1000	1	15
(Sr/Ti = 1.03)	2	12

*Catalyst, 0.1 g; reactant solution, 200 mL of 10 vol % aqueous methanol solution; light source, 300 W Xe lamp with cutoff filters ($\lambda > 410$ nm).