Supplementary information

Improved power output by polyvinyl alcohol in the anode of microbial fuel cell

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Figure captions

Fig. S1. Power outputs of cube MFCs through loading with different anode materials.

Fig. S2. Schematic configuration of single-cube microbial fuel cell.

Fig. S3. Contact angles of water droplets on binder films

Fig. S4. Optimized structures of simplified glucose (A) and O-polysaccharide (B), and The

Oxygen Atomic Charges (q/e) of glucose (A) and O-polysaccharides (B) fit by CHELPG method.

Fig. S5. Power outputs of cube MFCs through loading with different output resistances.

Fig. S6. Power outputs of cube MFCs inoculated with the supernatant of acclimated sludge from methane-generating pond.

Table S1 Calculated hydrogen bond length and binding energy between simplified units of binder and bacterium membrane.

Table S2 The associated Atomic Charges (q/e) of D-glucose and polysaccharides fit by CHELPG method.



Fig. S1. Power outputs of cube MFCs through loading with different anode materials (AC: activated carbon, CB: carbon black).



Fig. S2. Schematic configuration of single-cube microbial fuel cell.



Fig. S3. Contact angles of water droplets on binder films





Fig. S4. Optimized structures and charge (q/e) on oxygen atoms of glucose (A) and O-polysaccharide (B) fit by CHELPG method



Fig. S5. Power outputs of cube MFCs through loading with different output resistances.



Fig. S6. Power outputs of cube MFCs inoculated with the supernatant of acclimated sludge from methane-generating pond.

Units	Hydrogen bond	Interaction energy
Cinto	length (Å)	(KJ/mol)
N. 200	2.38 1.86	-46.47
	2.00	
1.79	1.79	-48.43
N2 1.92	1.92 2.23	-47.54
	1.78	-34.91

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method					
Molecule	O_2	O ₃	O_4	O_6	
glucose	-0.76	-0.79	-0.79	-0.78	
O-polysaccharide	-0.76	-0.81	-0.81	-0.80	

Table S2 The associated Atomic Charges (q/e) of D-glucose and polysaccharides fit by CHELPG method