Supporting Information

Well-controlled Layer-by-Layer Assembly of Carbon Dots/ CdS

Heterojunction for Efficient Visible-Light-Driven Photocatalysis

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Figure S1 Time-resolved fluorescence spectra of bare CdS and CdS with addition of C dots solution.

$360 \text{ nm and } \lambda \text{em} = 480 \text{ nm}$								
Samples	χ^2	τ_1 (ns)	$\tau_2(ns)$	$\tau_3(ns)$	<\tau>(ns)	B1	B2	B3
CdS	1.14	0.7	7.7	44.5	4.0	0.059	0.008	0.004
CdS + C dots	1.15	0.9	5.7	37.4	3.0	0.049	0.012	0.002

Table S1. Fluorescence lifetimes of samples in aqueous solution. (Measured at $\lambda ex = 360 \text{ nm}$ and $\lambda em = 480 \text{ nm}$)

$$<\tau >= \frac{\sum_{i} B_{i} \tau_{i}}{\sum_{i} B_{i}}$$
 eqn(1)

The averaged lifetimes were estimated using eqn (1), where τi and Bi are time constants and amplitudes, respectively. The magnitudes of lifetimes ($\tau 1$, $\tau 2$ and $\tau 3$) and the average lifetimes ($\tau >$ are presented in Table S1.



Figure S2 TEM images of (a) GO, AFM images of (b) GO, (c) XPS spectras of GO and (d) Cross section image of GO.



Figure S3. Schematic diagram of home-build reaction equipment and preparation of C dots.

Samples	Eg (Band Gap)				
(C Dots-CdS) ₃	2.43eV				
(C Dots-CdS) ₅	2.25eV				
(C Dots-CdS) ₆	2.14eV				
(C Dots-CdS) ₇	2.05eV				
CdS	2.33eV				
(GO-CdS) ₆	1.30eV				

Table S2 Energy band gaps of hybrid multilayers.



Figure S4. Mott–Schottky plots of (a) CdS and (b) C dots samples in $0.5 \text{ M Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ solution. (Potential vs. Ag/AgCl)



Figure S5 Cross-sectional SEM micrographs for 1, 2, 4 and 6 layers hybrid films.



Figure S6 Cross-sectional SEM micrographs of (a) pure (CdS)₄ and (b) (C dots/CdS)₄.



Figure S7. UV–vis absorption spectra of (a) (GO)₆ and (C dots)₆ films, and (b) plot of $[F(R)hv]^2$ versus hv for thin films.



Figure S8. Cross-sectional SEM image for 120s deposition C dots layer.



Figure S9. Transient photocurrent responses of these hybrid films in 0.05 M Na₂S aqueous solution at zero bias versus Pt counter electrode under 3W LED light irradiation (15.4mW/cm², λ >420nm).



Figure S10. Transient photocurrent responses of these hybrid films from 1 to 8 days in 0.05 M Na2S aqueous solution at zero bias versus Pt counter electrode under Xe light irradiation.



Figure S11. (a, b) Time-dependent UV-vis spectral variation during the photocatalytic reduction of P-nitroaniline over (C dots/CdS)₆. 20mg HCOONH₄ as quencher for photogenerated hole and N₂ purge at room temperature in the aqueous phase with 3W LED light (>420nm). (c) The optical range of LED (3W) light.



Figure S12. Time-dependent UV-vis spectral variation during the photocatalytic reduction of P-nitroaniline without photocatalyst (C dots/CdS)₆. 20mg HCOONH₄ as quencher for photogenerated hole and N₂ purge at room temperature in the aqueous phase with 3W LED light (>420nm).



Figure S13. Cycling measurements of photocatalytic reduction of p-nitroaniline to pphenylenediamine over (C dots/CdS)₆ composite film under the same experimental conditions.