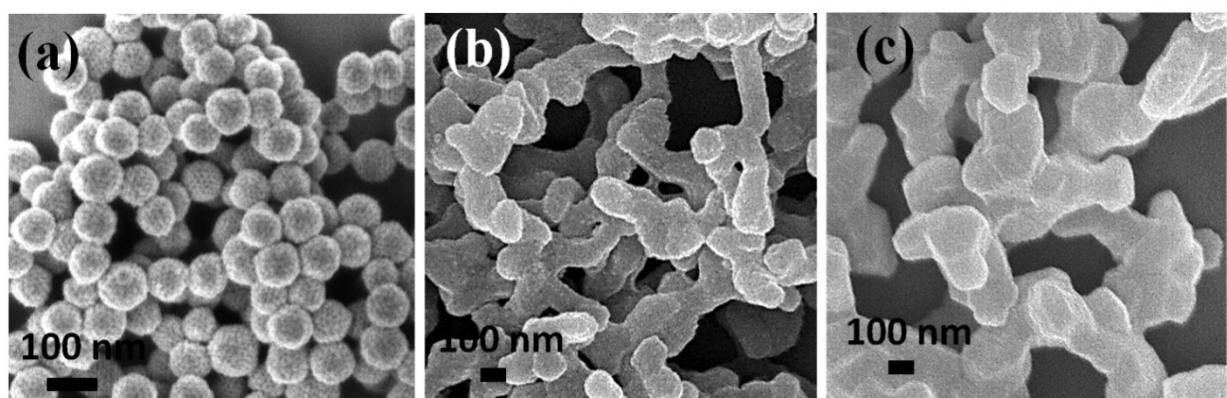


**Supporting Information for**

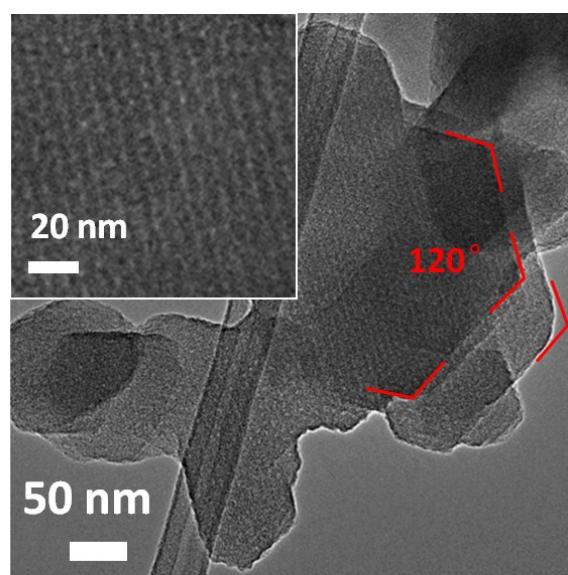
**Dual templating route to three-dimensional ordered mesoporous carbon nanonetworks: tuning the mesopore type for electrochemical performance optimization**

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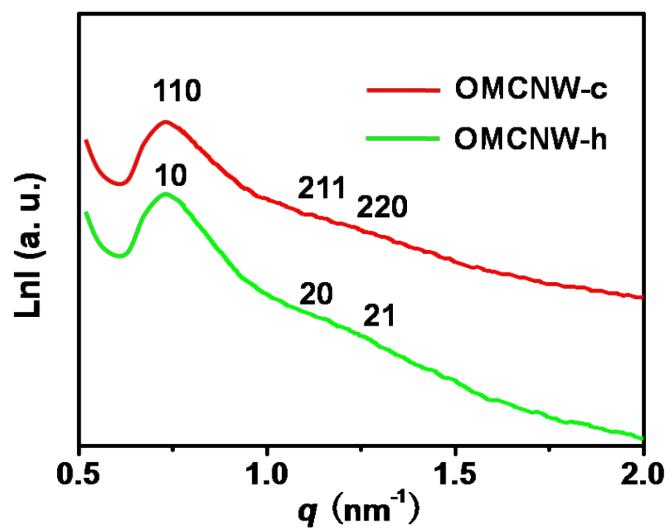
**Figures**



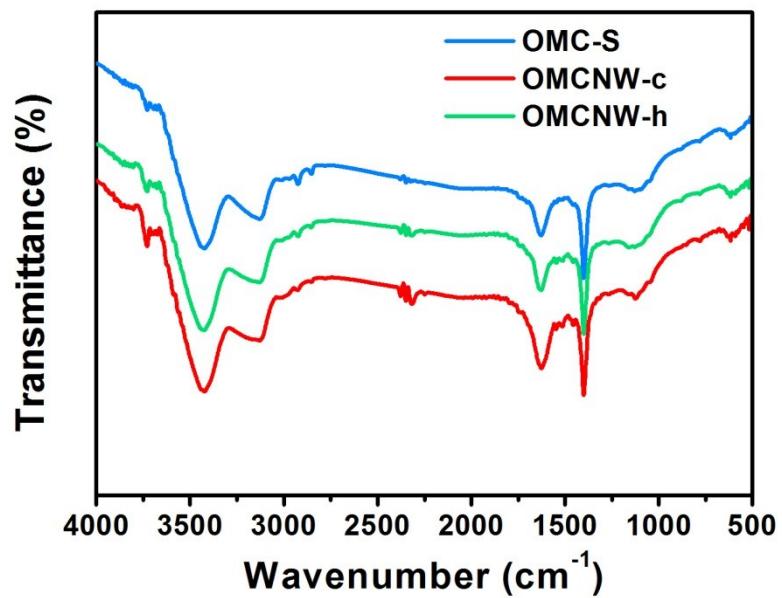
**Figure S1.** SEM images of (a) OMC-S, (b) OMCNW-c, and (c) OMCNW-h.



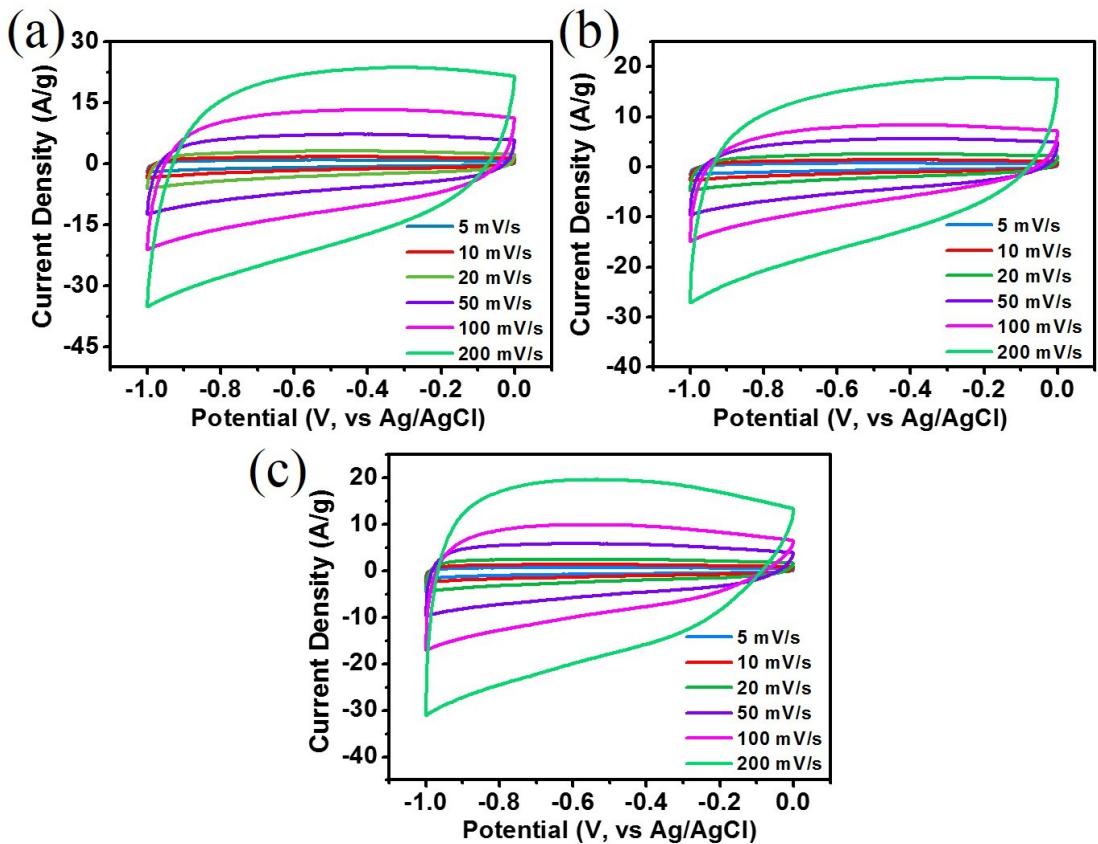
**Figure S2.** TEM and HRTEM images (*inset*) of OMCNW-h.



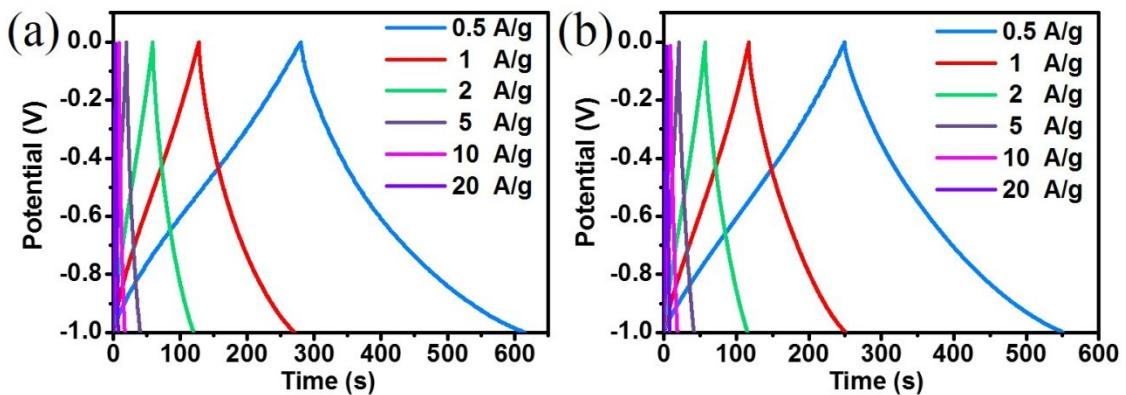
**Figure S3.** Powder SAXS patterns of OMCNW-c and OMCNW-h.



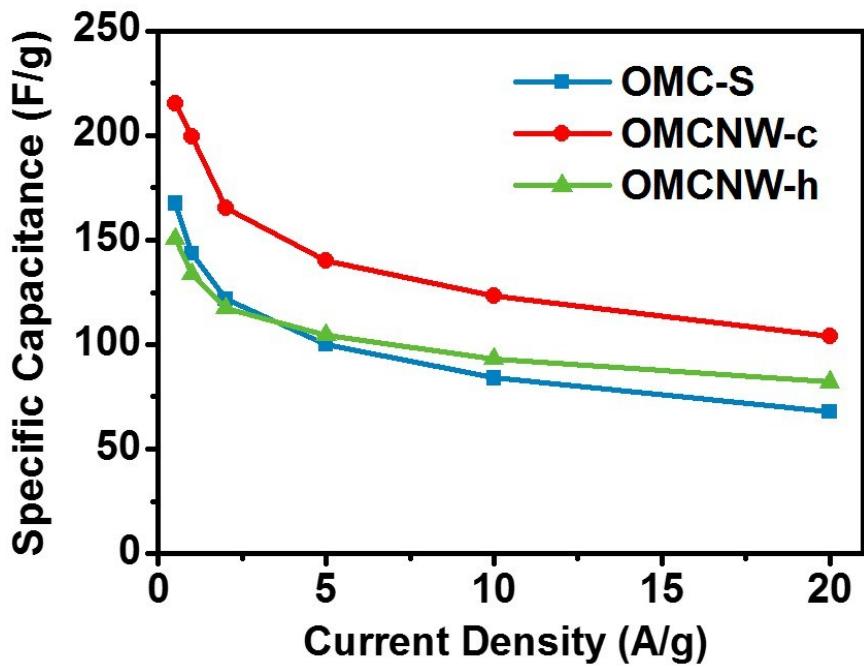
**Figure S4.** FTIR spectra of OMC-S, OMCNW-c and OMCNW-h.



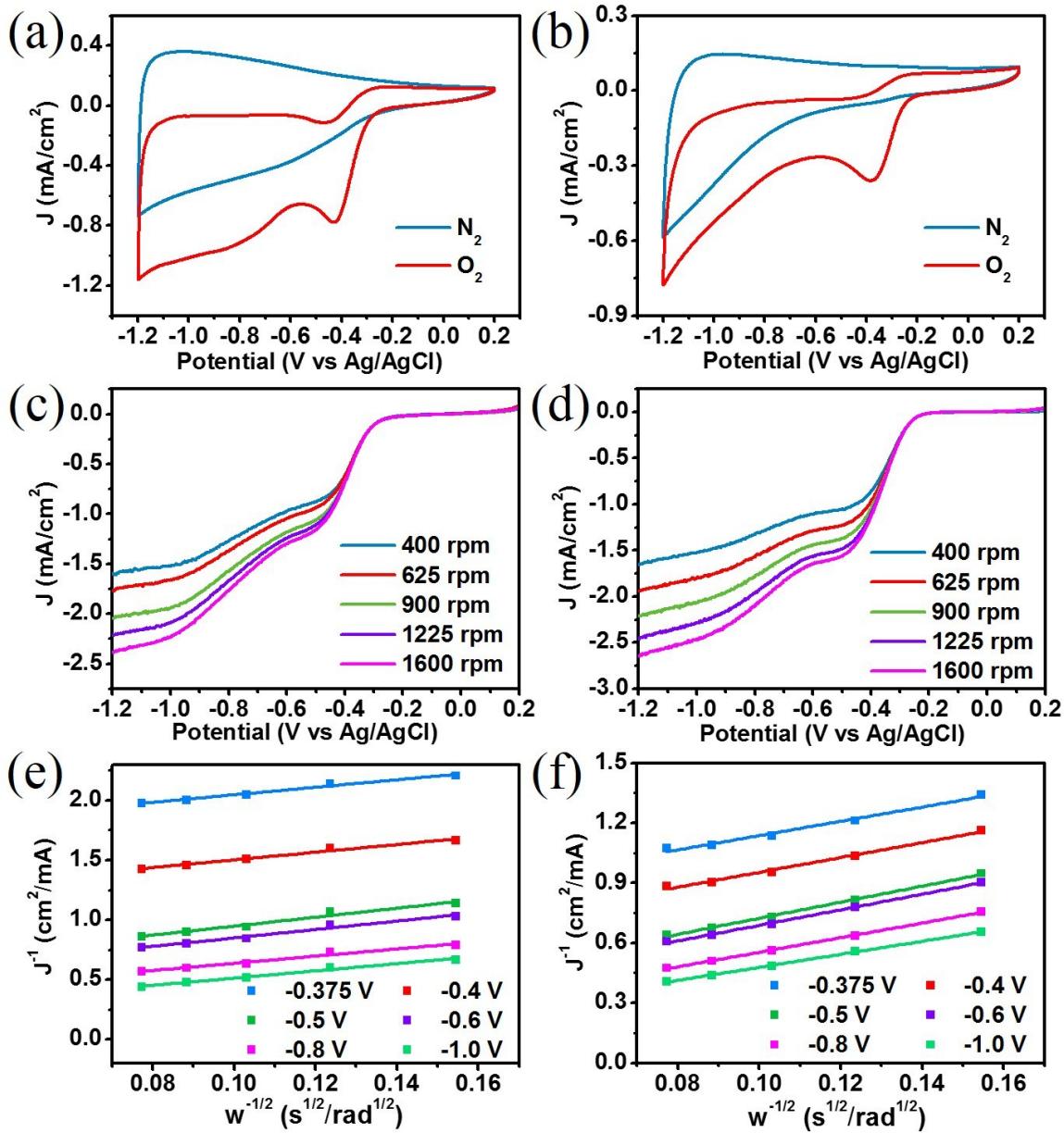
**Figure S5.** (a) Cyclic voltammograms of the as-prepared (a) OMCNW-c, (b) OMC-S, and (c) OMCNW-h electrodes at different scan rates.



**Figure S6.** Galvanostatic charge/discharge curves of (a) OMC-S and (b) OMCNW-h at various current densities ranging from 0.5 to 20 A/g in 6.0 M KOH solution.



**Figure S7.** Specific capacitances of OMC-S, OMCNW-c, and OMCNW-h at different current densities.



**Figure S8.** (a, b) CVs of (a) OMCNW-h and (b) OMC-S in  $\text{N}_2$ - and  $\text{O}_2$ -staturated 0.1 M KOH aqueous electrolyte solution. The scan rate is 50 mV/s. (c, d) LSV curves of (c) OMCNW-h and (d) OMC-S in an  $\text{O}_2$ -saturated 0.1 M KOH at a scan rate of 10 mV/s and different rotation rates. (e, f) Koutecky-Levich plots of (e) OMCNW-h and (f) OMC-S derived from LSV curves at different electrode potentials.

**Table S1** Pore textural parameters of OMC-S, OMCNW-c, and OMCNW-h.

Sample	$S_{\text{BET}}^a$ ( $\text{m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$ )	$S_{\text{microp.}}^b$ ( $\text{m}^2 \text{ g}^{-1}$ )	$V_T^c$ ( $\text{cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1}$ )	$V_{\text{microp.}}^d$ ( $\text{cm}^3 \text{ g}^{-1}$ )	$V_{\text{microp.}}/V_T^e$	$D_{\text{ave}}^f(\text{nm})$
OMC-S	569.1	396.8	0.46	0.18	0.39	2.85
OMCNW-c	574.9	381.9	0.38	0.18	0.47	2.61
OMCNW-h	465.2	360.4	0.31	0.17	0.55	2.68

*a* Specific surface area calculated by BET method.

*b* Microporous surface area derived from t-plot method.

*c* Total pore volume.

*d* The pore volume.

*e* The micropore percentage.

*f* The average pore size.

**Table S2** Comparison of the capacities of OMCNW-c with the recently reported mesoporous carbon materials.

Sample	Electrolyte solution	Test condition	Capacitance (F/g)	Reference
OMCNW-c	6 M KOH	0.5 A/g	215.0	This work
Ordered mesoporous carbons FDU-15	6 M KOH	0.5 A/g	130.0	Carbon 2011, 49, 4580–4588
Ordered mesoporous carbon nanospheres	6 M KOH	1 mA/cm <sup>2</sup>	173.0	Electrochim. Commun. 2013, 36, 66–70
Ordered mesoporous carbon	1 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	0.1 A/g	219.0	J. Power Sources 2013, 241, 6–11
KOH activated FDU-15	6.0 M KOH	0.5 A/g	200.0	J. Mater. Chem. 2012, 22, 93–99
Ordered mesoporous carbon nanofiber arrays	2 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	0.23 A/g	172.8	Chem. Commun. 2013, 49, 6406–6408
Fiber-like ordered mesoporous carbon	6 M KOH	0.25 A/g	197.0	J. Mater. Chem. A 2013, 1, 15447–15458
P, N dual doped mesoporous carbon	6 M KOH	5 mV/s	236.0	J. Power Sources 2014, 250, 257–265
P, N co-doped C	1 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	5 mV/s	286.0	Electrochimica Acta 2015, 168, 414–422
hierarchical micro-mesoporous carbon	1 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	5 mV/s	131.0	J. Mater. Chem. A, 2014, 2, 12023–12030
highly ordered mesoporous carbons	6.0 M KOH	0.5 A/g	157.0	Nanoscale, 2014, 6, 14657–14661