

Supporting Information

Triple-walled $\text{SnO}_2@\text{N-doped Carbon}@\text{SnO}_2$ Nanotubes as an Advanced Anode Material for Lithium and Sodium Storage

Jie Yue,^a Wenpeng Wang,^a Nana Wang,^a Xianfeng Yang,^b Jinkui Feng,^c Jian Yang^{*a}
and Yitai Qian^{a,d}

^a Key Laboratory of Colloid and Interface Chemistry, Ministry of Education, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Shandong University, Jinan 250100, P.R. China

^b Analytical and Testing Center, South China University of Technology, Guangzhou, 510640, China

^c Key Laboratory for Liquid-Solid Structural Evolution & Processing of Materials, Ministry of Education, School of Materials Science and Engineering, Shandong University, Jinan 250061, P.R. China

^d Hefei National Laboratory for Physical Science at Microscale, Department of Chemistry, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, 230026, P.R. China

* To whom the correspondence should be addressed. Email: yangjian@sdu.edu.cn

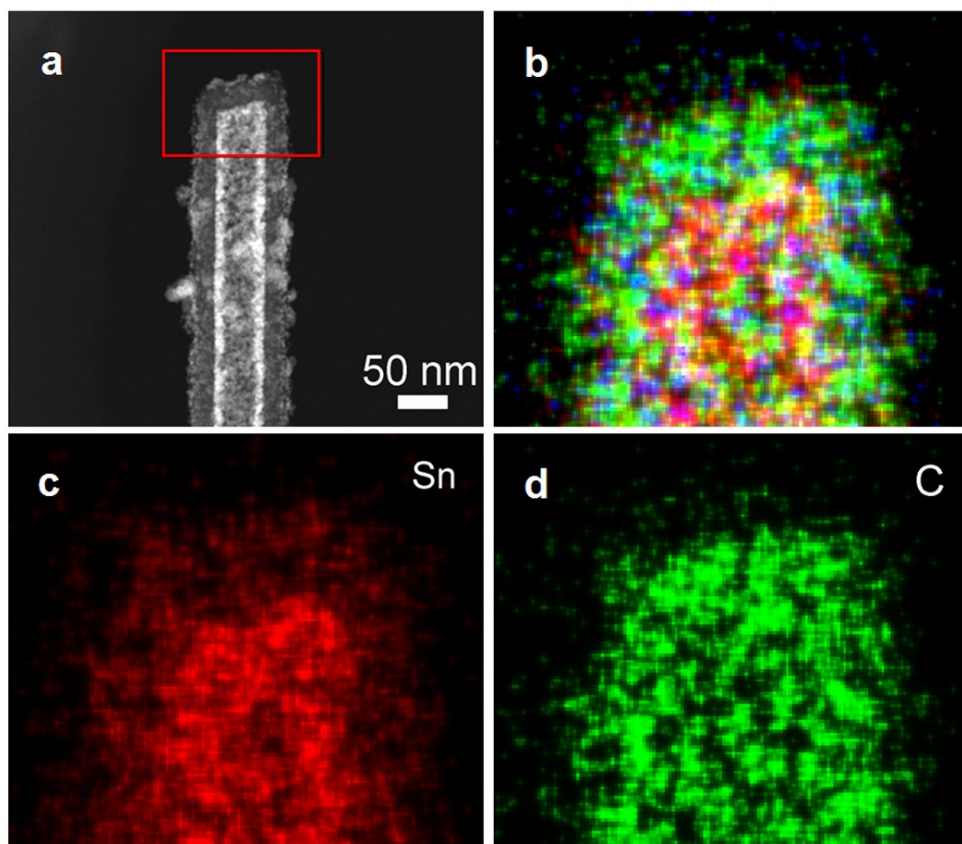


Fig. S1 (a) TEM image and (b-d) elemental mapping of SnO₂@N-doped Carbon@SnO₂ (SCS) nanotubes.

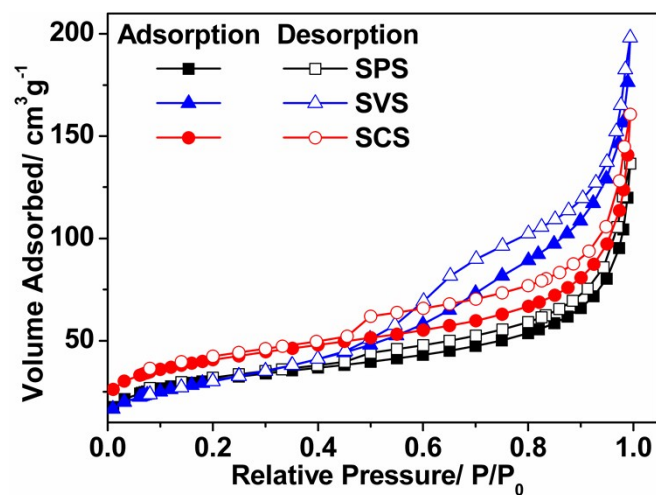


Fig. S2 Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms of SnO₂@PPy@SnO₂ (SPS), SnO₂@N-doped Carbon@SnO₂ (SCS) and SnO₂@Void@SnO₂ (SVS) nanotubes.

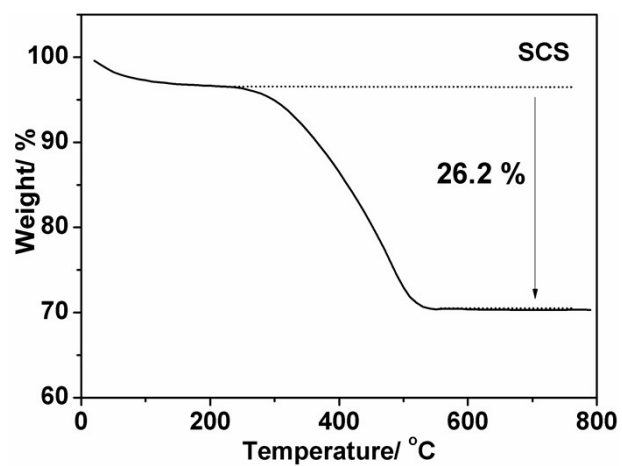


Fig. S3 TG curve of SnO₂@N-doped Carbon@SnO₂ (SCS) nanotubes at a heating rate of 10 °C min⁻¹ in air.

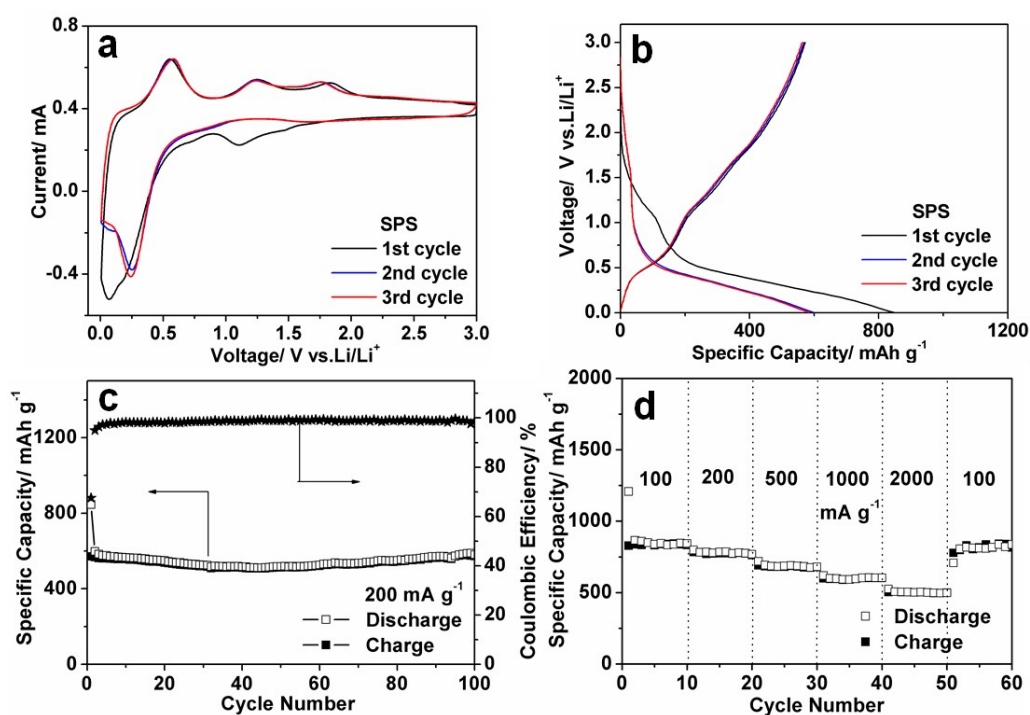


Fig. S4 Electrochemical performance of SnO₂@PPy@SnO₂ (SPS) nanotubes versus Li, tested between 0.005 and 3V. (a) cyclic voltammograms (CVs) of SPS nanotubes at a scanning rate of 0.1 mV s⁻¹. (b) first three discharge-charge curves and (c) cycling performances of SPS at a current density of 200 mA g⁻¹. (d) rate performances of SPS nanotubes.

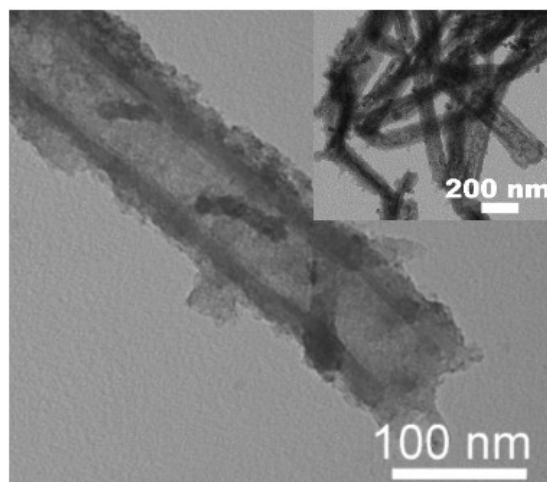


Fig. S5 TEM images of the electrodes made of $\text{SnO}_2@\text{N-doped Carbon}@\text{SnO}_2$ (SCS) nanotubes after rate capability test versus Li for 60 cycles.

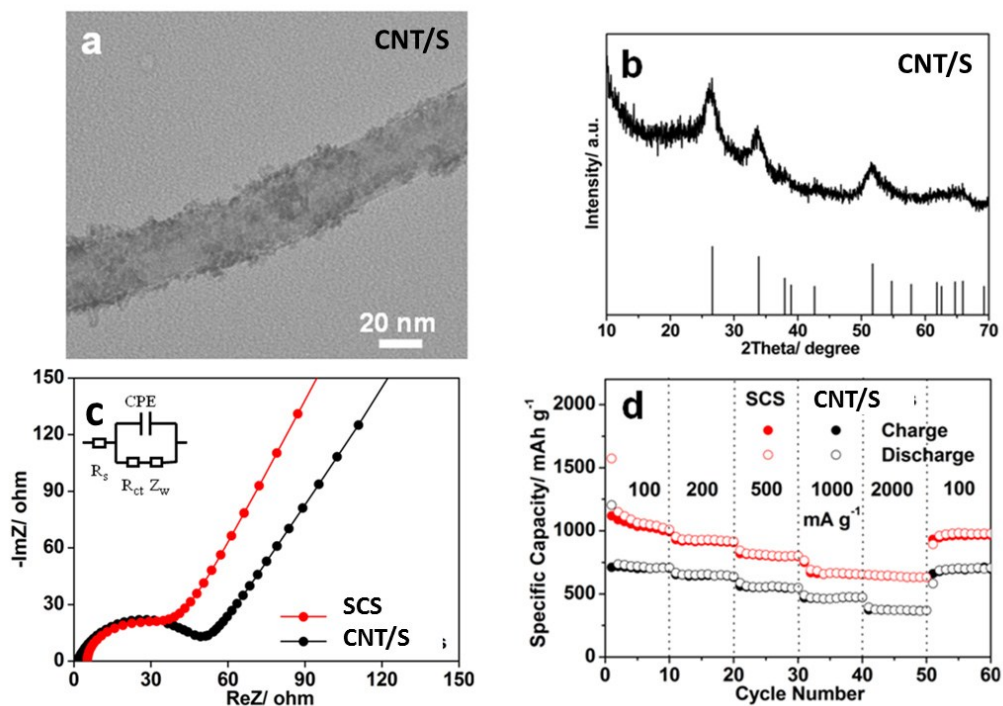


Fig. S6 (a) TEM image and (b) XRD pattern of CNT-supported SnO₂ nanoparticles (CNT/S). (c) EIS spectra and (d) rate performances of SCS and CNT/S.

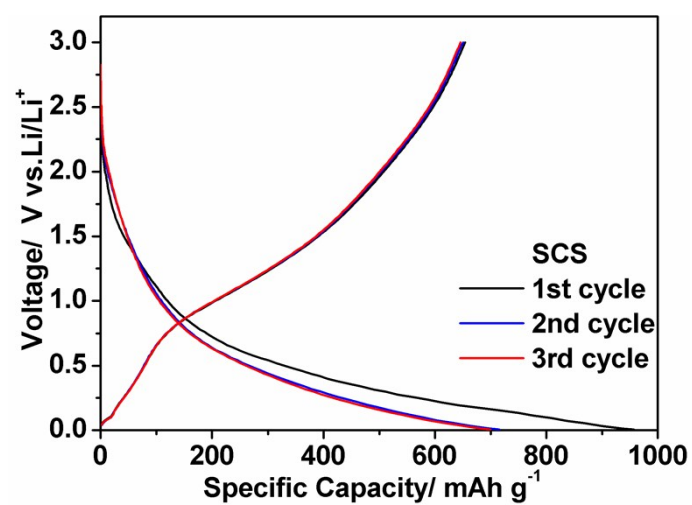


Fig. S7 First three discharge-charge curves SnO₂@N-doped Carbon@SnO₂ (SCS) at a current density of 25 mA g⁻¹ in NIBs.