

# The Hierarchical Nanowires Array of Iron Phosphide Integrated on Carbon Fiber Paper as an Effective Electrocatalyst for Hydrogen Generation

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## Electronic Supplementary Information

### Synthesis 1: Synthesis of CFP-CoP NA

In this experiment, cobalt chloride carbonate hydroxide ( $\text{Co}(\text{CO}_3)_{0.35}\text{Cl}_{0.20}(\text{OH})_{1.10}$ ) nanowires array was grown on CFP by hydrothermal reaction at 120 °C in a 50 mL Teflon-lined stainless-steel autoclave with a piece of cleaned CFP (2 cm x 5 cm) and 40 mL aqueous solution containing  $\text{CoCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (0.952 g) and  $\text{CO}(\text{NH}_2)_2$  (0.240 g) for 6 hours. Afterwards, the CFP- $\text{Co}(\text{CO}_3)_{0.35}\text{Cl}_{0.20}(\text{OH})_{1.10}$  nanowires array was converted to CFP-CoP nanowires array (CFP-CoP NA) by phosphidation using  $\text{NaH}_2\text{PO}_2$  (0.8 g) as phosphorus source in 350 °C tube furnace for 1 hour in  $\text{N}_2$  flow.

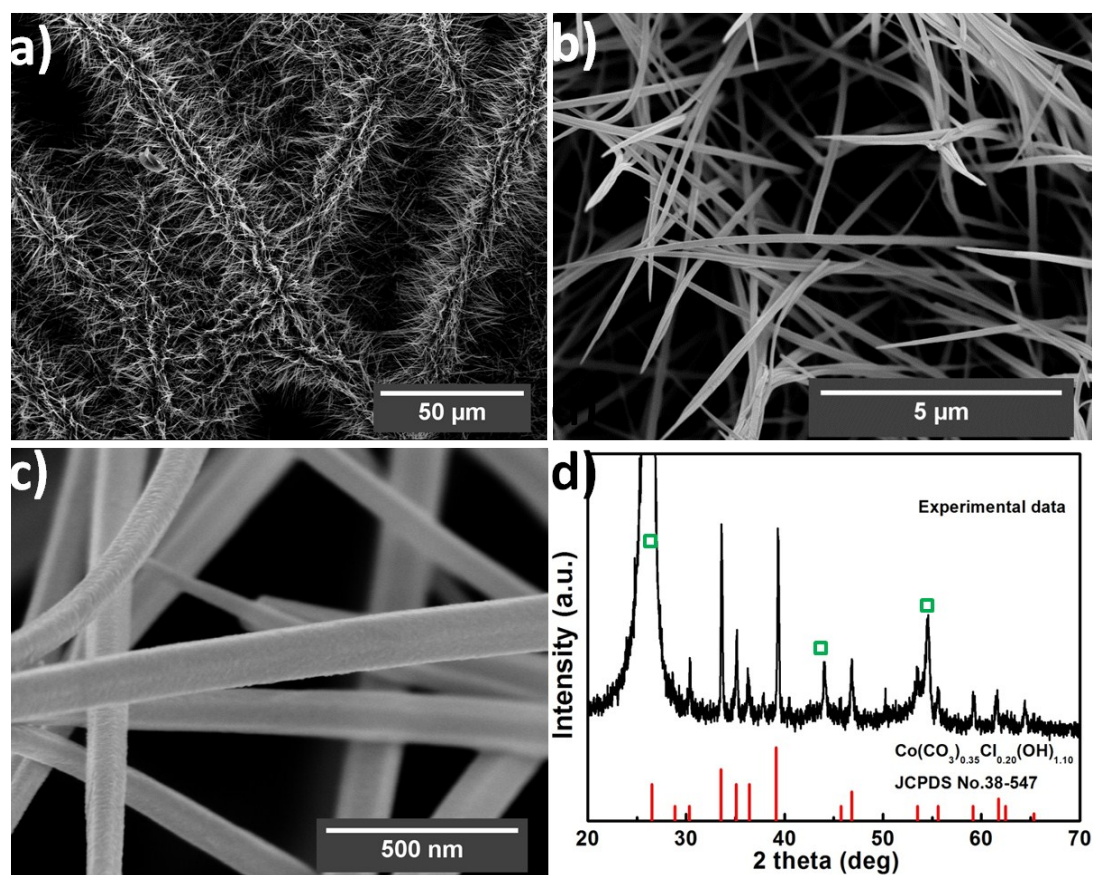
### Synthesis 2: Synthesis of CFP-FeP NA

In this experiment, iron oxide hydroxide ( $\text{FeO}(\text{OH})$ ) nanorods array was grown on CFP by hydrothermal reaction at 120 °C in a 50 mL Teflon-lined stainless-steel autoclave with a piece of cleaned CFP (2 cm x 5 cm) and 40 mL aqueous solution containing  $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (0.457 g) and  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  (0.274 g) for 6 hours. To prepare the CFP-FeP nanorods array (CFP-FeP NA), the CFP- $\text{FeO}(\text{OH})$  nanorods array was annealed at 350 °C for 1 hour in tube furnace in  $\text{N}_2$  flow using  $\text{NaH}_2\text{PO}_2$  (0.8 g) as phosphorus source.

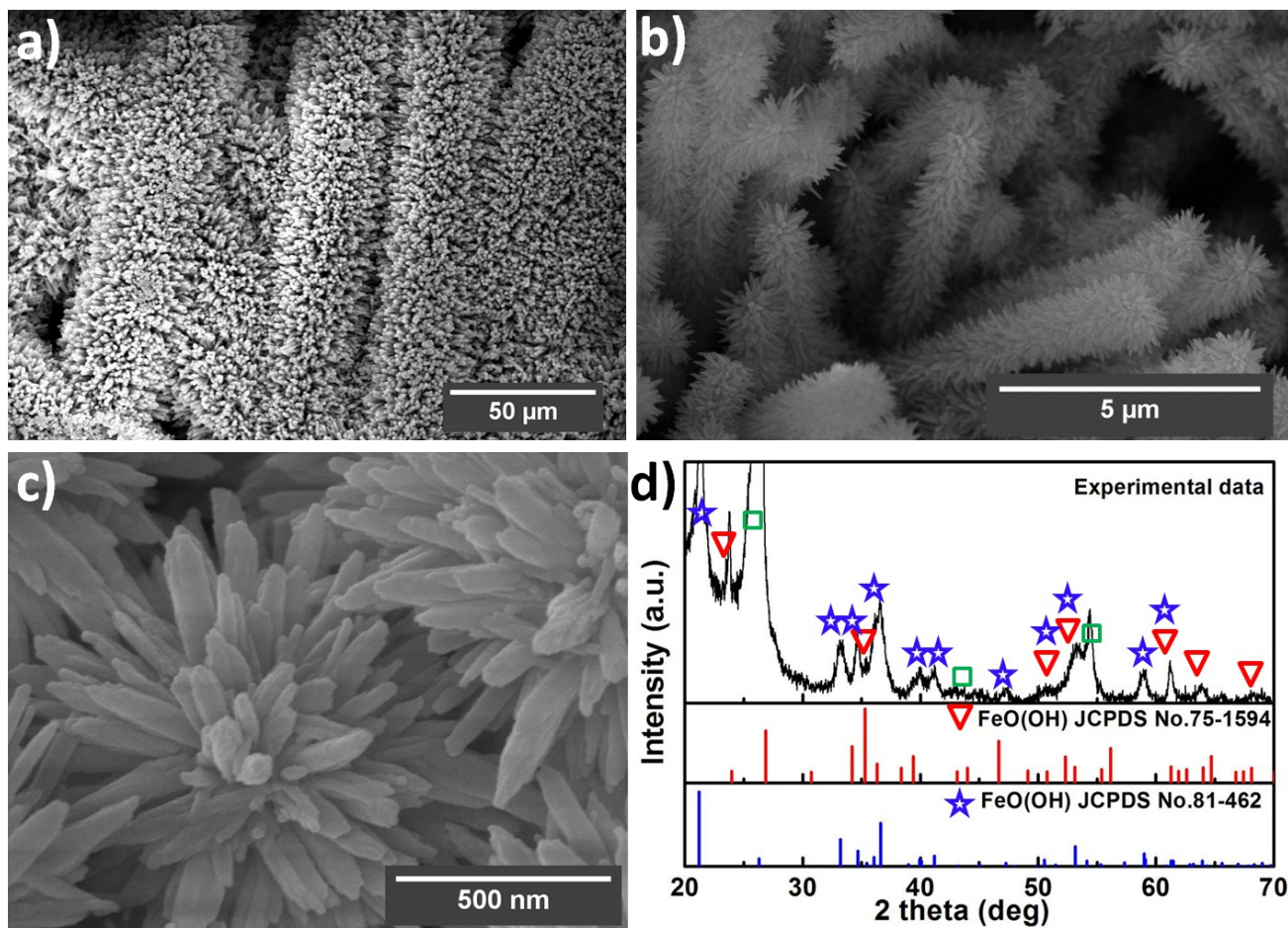
### Synthesis 3: Synthesis of FeP nanorods powder and CFP/FeP nanorods

In this experiment, the powder of iron oxide hydroxide (FeO(OH)) nanorods was prepared by hydrothermal reaction at 120 °C in a 50 mL Teflon-lined stainless-steel autoclave with 40 mL aqueous solution containing FeCl<sub>3</sub>•6H<sub>2</sub>O (0.457 g) and Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (0.274 g) for 6 hours. The brown product was isolated and washed by repeated centrifugation/ultrasonication with deionized water. Finally, the product was dried under vacuum at 60 °C. To prepare the powder of FeP nanorods, the FeO(OH) nanorods was annealed at 350 °C for 1 hour in tube furnace in N<sub>2</sub> flow using NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>2</sub> (0.8 g) as phosphorus source.

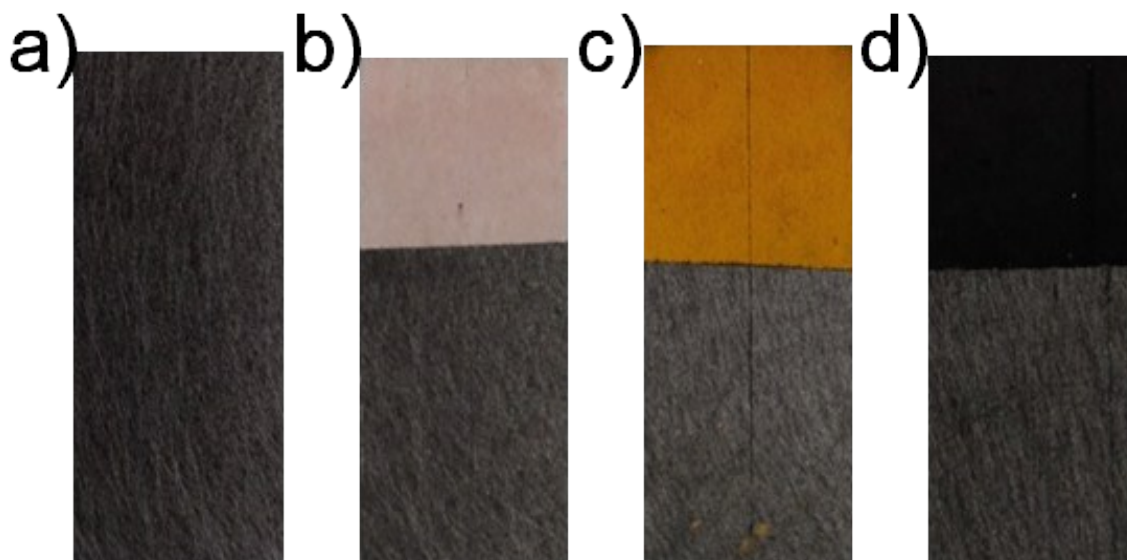
To prepare the CFP/FeP nanorods, FeP nanorods (10 mg) and Nafion solution (5 wt%, 80 μL) were dispersed in 1 ml of water/ethanol (4/1, v/v) by ultrasonication (ultrasonic probe, 2 mm diameter, 130 W, 1 h) to form homogeneous ink. The dispersion (34 μL) was dropped onto a piece of cleaned CFP, which were sealed with tape with the exception of an exposed area 0.3 cm × 0.3 cm) and dried naturally. The CFP was cleaned by sonication sequentially in acetone, water and ethanol for 10 min each prior to the drop casting of the FeP nanorods.



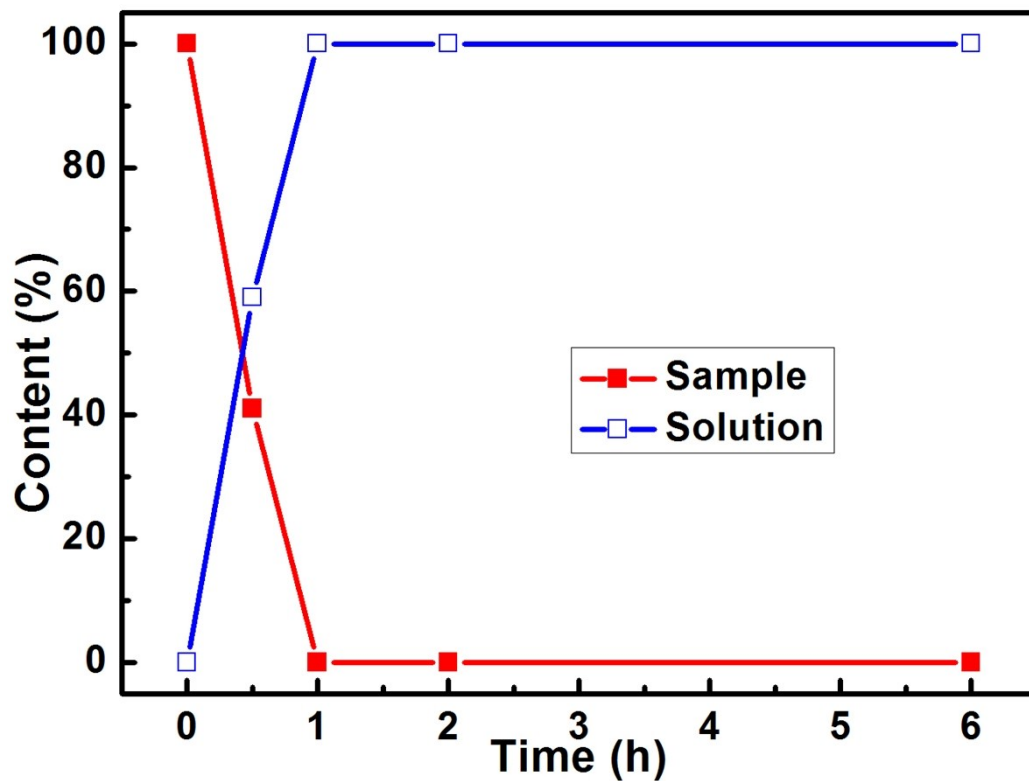
**Figure S1.** (a, b) Low- and (c) high-magnification SEM images, (d) XRD pattern of CFP-Co(CO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>0.35</sub>Cl<sub>0.20</sub>(OH)<sub>1.10</sub> NA (In the panel d, the peaks of CFP are marked by □).



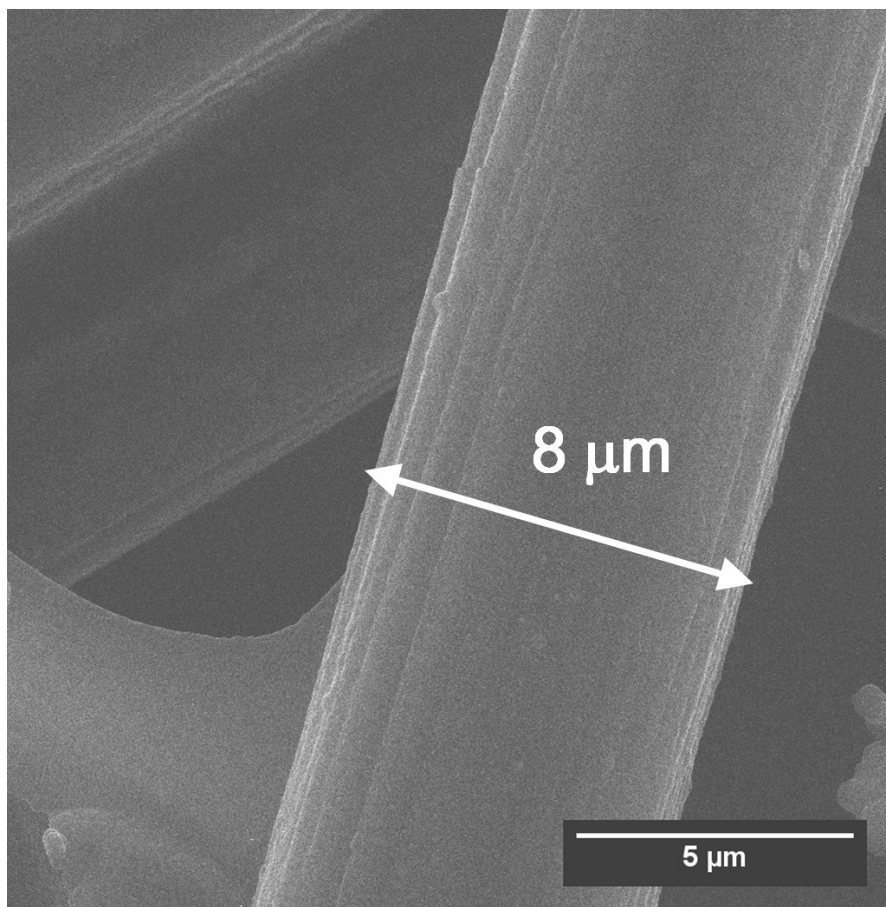
**Figure S2.** (a, b) Low- and (c) high-magnification SEM images, (d) XRD pattern of CFP- FeO(OH) HNA. (In the panel d, the peaks of CFP are marked by □.)



**Figure S3.** Optical photograph of the (a) Pristine CFP, (b) CFP- $\text{Co}(\text{CO}_3)_{0.35}\text{Cl}_{0.20}(\text{OH})_{1.10}$  NA, (c) CFP- $\text{FeO}(\text{OH})$  HNA, (d) CFP- $\text{FeP}$  HNA



**Figure S4.** The ratio of the amount of cobalt in the CFP-FeO(OH) HNA to that in the solution after the hydrothermal growth of CFP-FeO(OH) HNA.



**Figure S5.** SEM image of the pristine CFP.

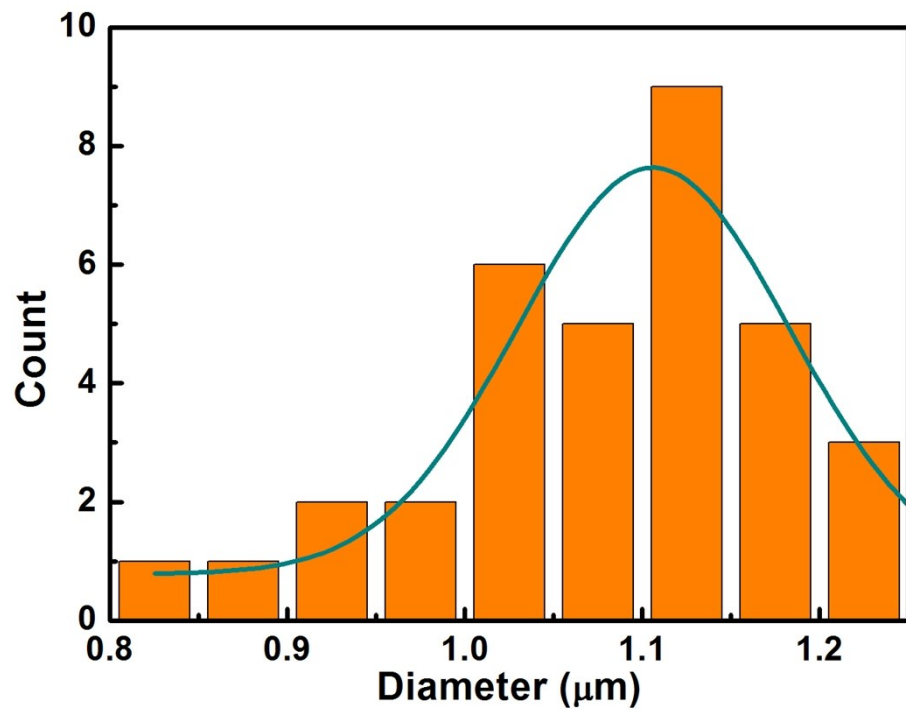


Figure S6. Diameter distribution of FeP HNA. The dark cyan line shows the Gaussian fitting of data.

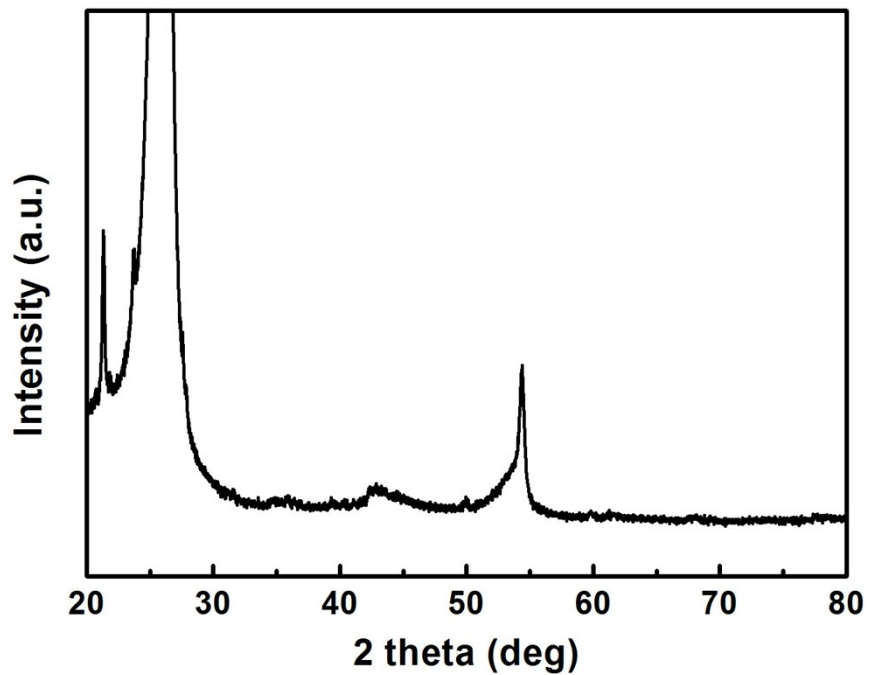
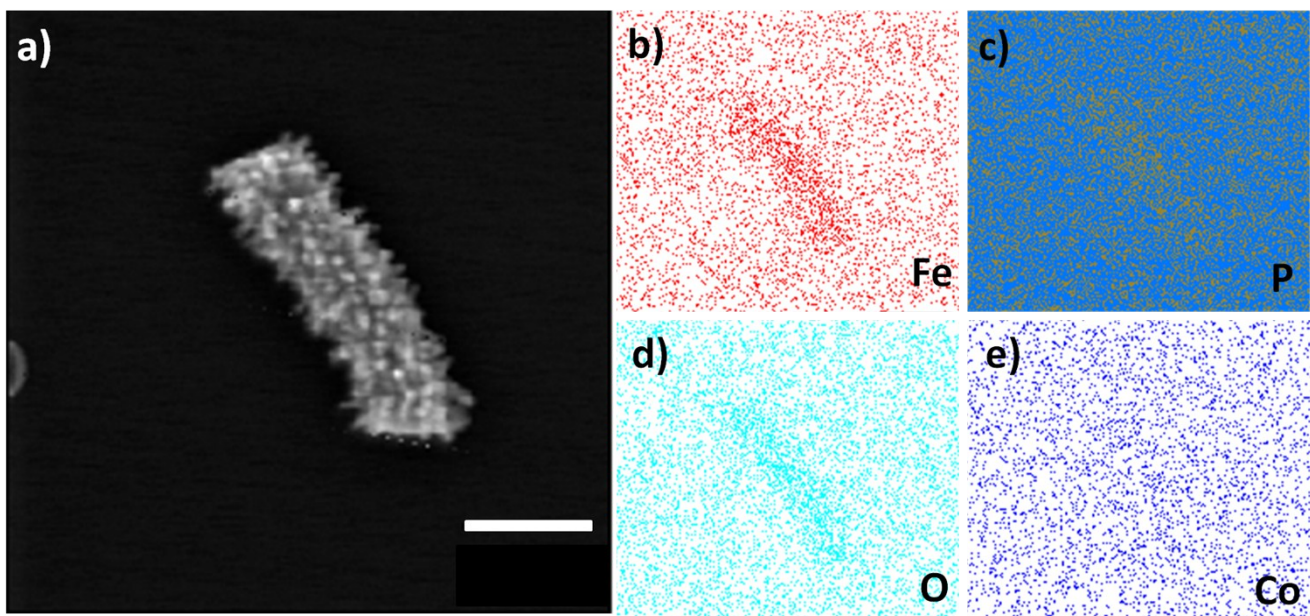
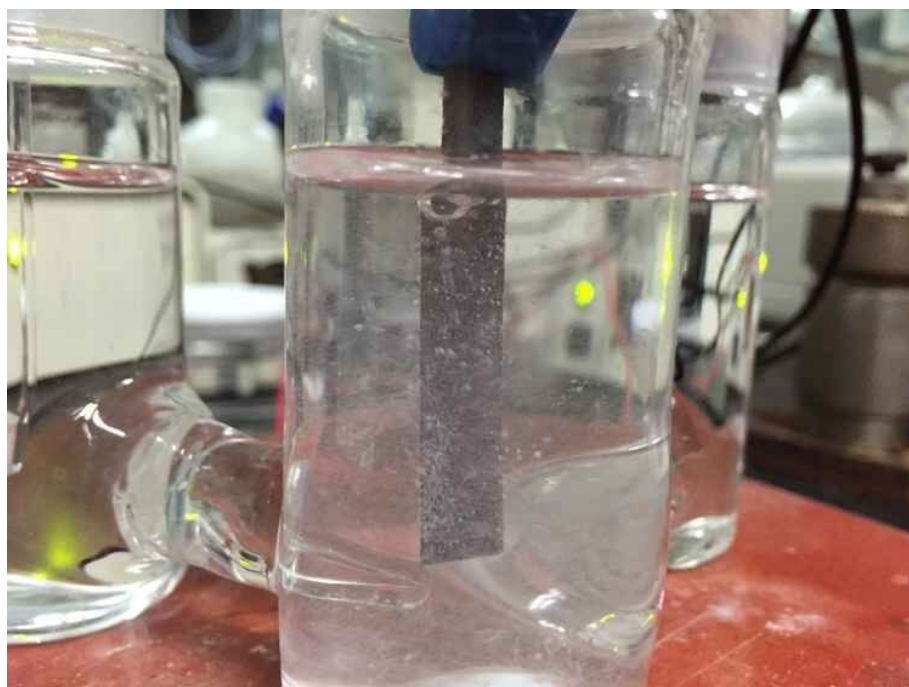


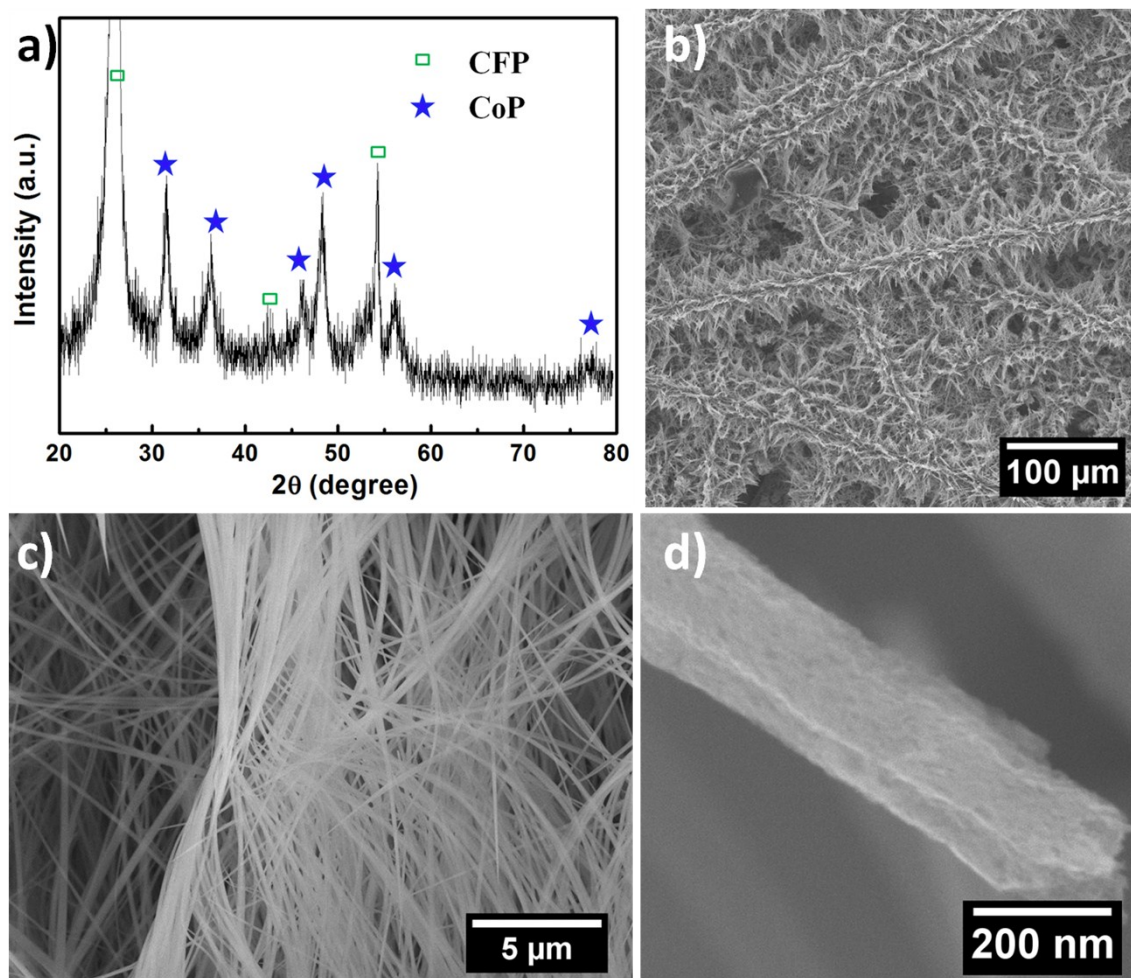
Figure S7. XRD pattern of pristine CFP



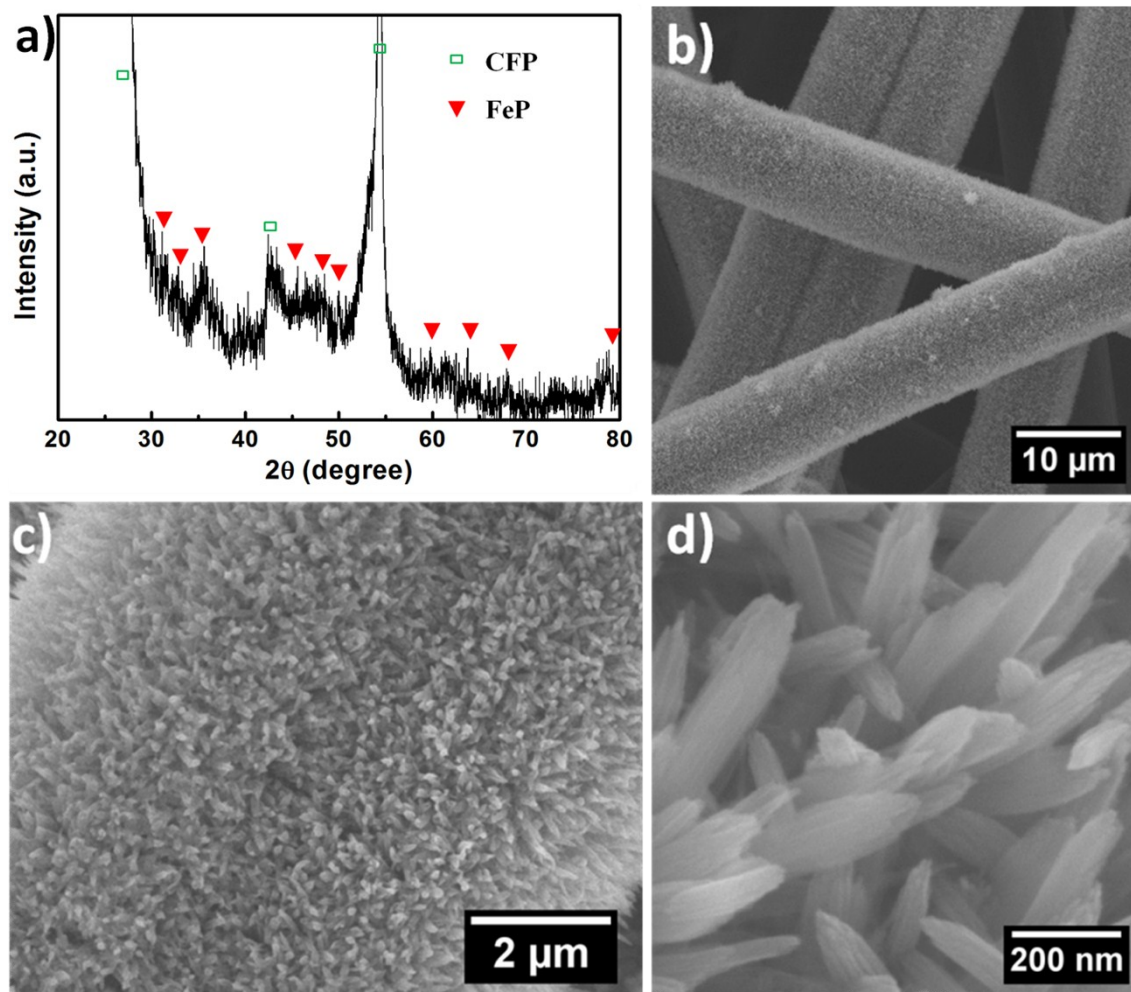
**Figure S8.** (a) SEM image recorded by a high-angle annular dark-field detector. The scale bar in (a) is 2  $\mu\text{m}$ . Elemental maps for the spatial distribution of (b) Fe, (c) P, (d) O and (e) Co obtained from the EDX elemental mapping of region indicated by the square in (a).



**Figure S9.** Optical photograph of the CFP-FeP HNA during the measurement.

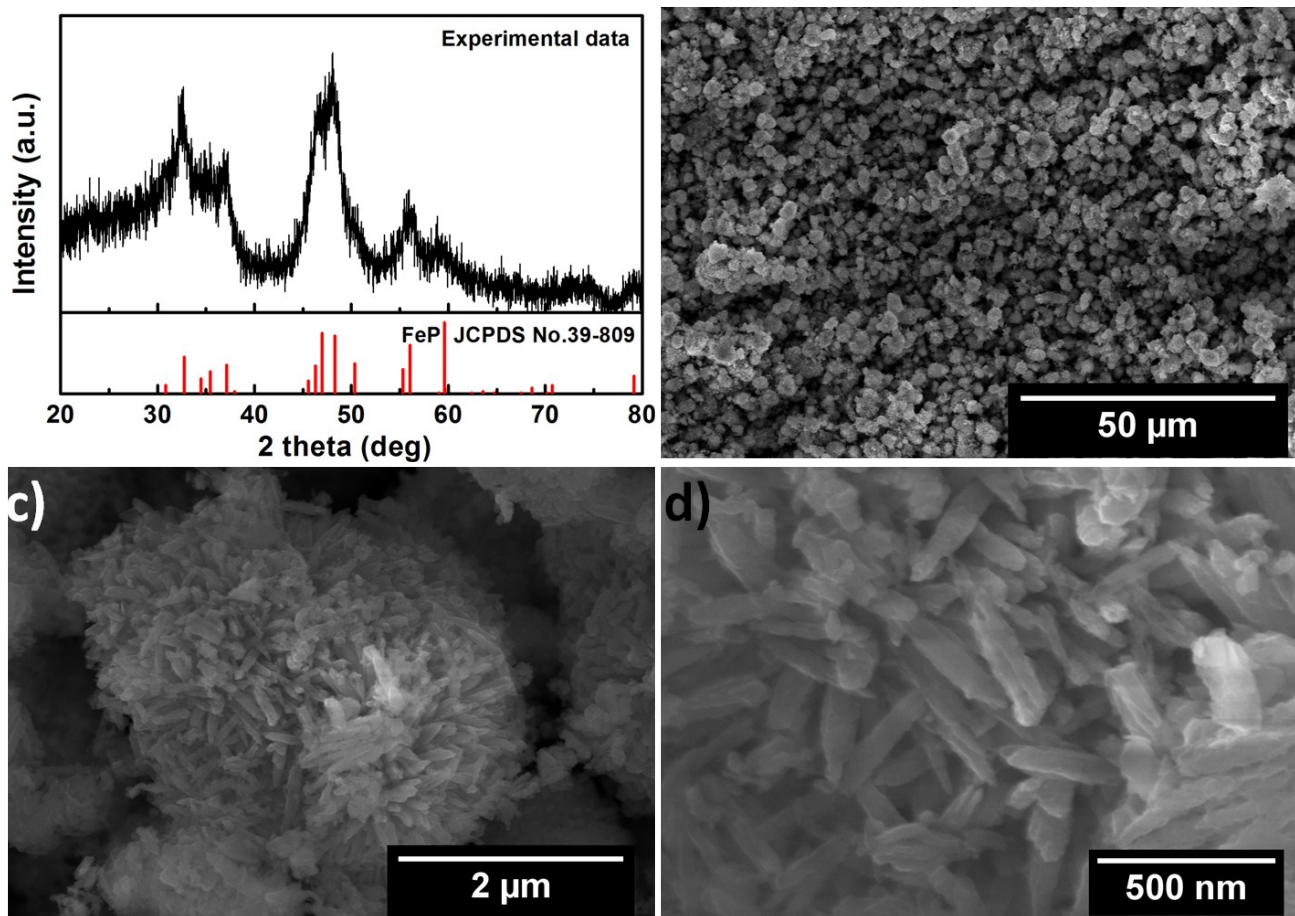


**Figure S10.** (a) XRD pattern, (b, c) Low- and (d) high-magnification SEM images of CFP-CoP NA.



**Figure S11.** (a) XRD pattern, (b, c) Low- and (d) high-magnification SEM images of CFP-FeP NA.





**Figure S12.** (a) XRD pattern, (b, c) Low- and (d) high-magnification SEM images of FeP nanorods.

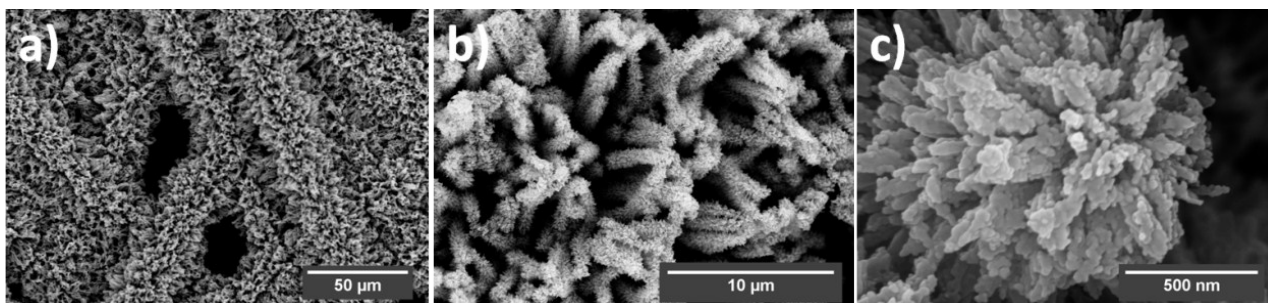
**Table S1.** Summary of HER performance of representative catalysts.

Catalyst	Substrate	Mass density (mg/cm <sup>2</sup> )	$\eta_{10}$ (mV)	$\eta_{20}$ (mV)	Tafel slope (mV/dec)	$J_0$ (mA/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Electrolyte
Ni <sub>2</sub> P nanoparticle <sup>1</sup>	Ti foil	1	117	130	46 <sub><math>\eta=25-125</math></sub> 81 <sub><math>\eta=150-200</math></sub>	3.3×10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Ni <sub>2</sub> P nanoparticle <sup>2</sup>	GCE	0.38		140	87		0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Ni <sub>12</sub> P <sub>5</sub> nanoparticle <sup>3</sup>	GCE	3		141			0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
NiP <sub>2</sub> nanosheet on carbon cloth <sup>4</sup>	Carbon cloth	4.3		99	51	0.26	0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
CoP nanoparticle <sup>5</sup>	Ti foil	0.9		95	50	1.4×10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
CoP nanorod on carbon cloth <sup>6</sup>	carbon cloth	0.92		100	51	2.8×10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
CoP particle on carbon nanotube <sup>7</sup>	GCE	0.285	122		54	1.3×10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>

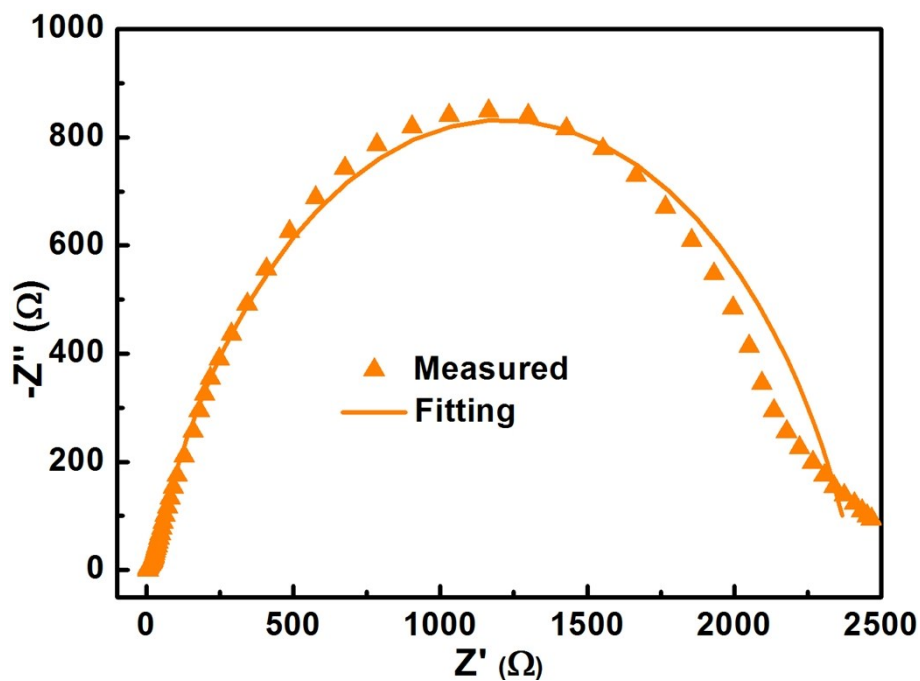
Co <sub>2</sub> P nanorod <sup>8</sup>	GCE	1	167				0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
FeP nanoparticles <sup>9</sup>	Ti foil	1	50	61	37	4.3×10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
FePnanorods <sup>10</sup>	Ti foil	3.2	72	38	4.2×10 <sup>-1</sup>		0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Porous FePnanosheet <sup>11</sup>	GCE		325	67			
MoP nanoparticle <sup>12</sup>	GCE	0.36	125	54	8.6×10 <sup>-2</sup>		0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
MoP nanoparticle <sup>13</sup>	GCE		160	54	3.4×10 <sup>-2</sup>		0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Cu <sub>3</sub> P nanowires on copper foam <sup>14</sup>	copper foam	15.7	143	67	1.8×10 <sup>-1</sup>		0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Ni-Mo nanopowder <sup>15</sup>	Ti foil	1	70				2 M NaOH
Ni-Mo nanopowder <sup>15</sup>	Ti foil	3	80				0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Ni-Mo nanopowder <sup>15</sup>	Ti foil	1	79	107			1 M NaOH
Bulk Mo <sub>2</sub> C <sup>16</sup>	carbon paste electrode	1.4	208	224	56 <sub>η=100-220</sub>	1.3×10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.50 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Bulk MoB <sup>16</sup>	carbon paste electrode	2.5	212	227	55 <sub>η=140-210</sub>	1.4×10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.50 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Mo <sub>2</sub> C/CNT <sup>17</sup>	carbon paper	2	149	55.2		1.4×10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.1 M HClO <sub>4</sub>
Fe-WCN <sup>18</sup>	RRDE	0.4	220	47.1			H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> (pH 1) + Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> (0.5 M)
Mo <sub>1</sub> Soy <sup>19</sup>	carbon paper	1.4	177	66.4		1.3×10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.1 M HClO <sub>4</sub>
Mo <sub>2</sub> C <sup>20</sup>	GCE	0.357	200	210-220	55.8-64.5		0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Porous Mo <sub>2</sub> C nanowire <sup>21</sup>	GCE	0.21	150	53			0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Mo <sub>2</sub> C on Gr <sup>22</sup>	GCE	0.285	~160	54			0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
MoWC nanowire <sup>23</sup>	GCE	1.28	~160	56	3.4 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>		0.50M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Mo <sub>1</sub> Soy-RGO <sup>19</sup>	carbon paper	0.47	109	62.7	3.7×10 <sup>-2</sup>		0.1 M HClO <sub>4</sub>

Mo <sub>2</sub> C/C <sup>19</sup>	carbon paper	2	311		87.6	8.1×10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.1 M HClO <sub>4</sub>
Co <sub>0.6</sub> Mo <sub>1.4</sub> N <sub>2</sub> <sup>24</sup>	GCE	0.243	202	267		2.3×10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.1M HClO <sub>4</sub>
MoS <sub>3</sub> (33%)/MWCNT-NC <sup>25</sup>	silver electrode	0.255	206	226	40 <sub>η=135-174</sub>	1.35×10 <sup>-4</sup>	1 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Core-shell MoO <sub>3</sub> -MoS <sub>2</sub> nanowires <sup>26</sup>	FTO		254	272	50-60 <sub>η=200</sub>		0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Defect-rich MoS <sub>2</sub> nanosheets <sup>27</sup>	GCE	0.285	190	214	50 <sub>η=120-180</sub>	8.91×10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
MoS <sub>2</sub> @Au <sup>28</sup>	Au electrode	0.00103	226		69	9.3×10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
amorphous MoS <sub>3</sub> -CV <sup>29</sup>	GCE		211	229	40 <sub>η=170-200</sub>	1.3×10 <sup>-4</sup>	1 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
MoS <sub>2</sub> /RGO hierarchical <sup>30</sup>	GCE	0.285	154	176	41		0.5M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
MoS <sub>2</sub> /MGF <sup>31</sup>	GCE	0.21	146	159	42 <sub>η=90-120</sub>		0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
MoS <sub>2</sub> /CNTs <sup>32</sup>	glass carbon disk	0.136	184	230	44.6		0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Cu <sub>2</sub> MoS <sub>4</sub> <sup>33</sup>	GCE	0.0425	321		95		pH0 H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
WS <sub>2</sub> /RGO <sup>34</sup>	GCE	0.4	265	292	58		0.5M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
WS <sub>2</sub> nanosheets <sup>35</sup>	GCE	0.0001-0.0002 or ca. one continuous layer	233	275	55		0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
WS <sub>2</sub> nanosheets <sup>36</sup>	GCE	0.285	151	177	72	2.5×10 <sup>-3</sup>	1 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Cobalt-sulfide catalyst <sup>37</sup>	FTO		165	227	93		1.0 M pH 7 PBS
NiWS <sub>x</sub> <sup>38</sup>	FTO		373	430	96 <sub>η=120-150</sub>	10 <sup>-2.66</sup>	pH 7 PBS
CoWS <sub>x</sub> <sup>38</sup>	FTO		271	311	78 <sub>η=120-150</sub>	10 <sup>-2.25</sup>	pH 7 PBS
CoMoS <sub>x</sub> <sup>38</sup>	FTO		241	282	85 <sub>η=120-150</sub>	10 <sup>-2.89</sup>	pH 7 PBS
FeS <sub>2</sub> <sup>39</sup>	GCE		192.6		62.5	7×10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
FeSe <sub>2</sub> <sup>39</sup>	GCE				65.3	3.5×10 <sup>-4</sup>	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Fe <sub>0.43</sub> Co <sub>0.57</sub> S <sub>2</sub> <sup>39</sup>	GCE		264		55.9	1.3×10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
CoS <sub>2</sub> <sup>39</sup>	GCE		232		44.6	6.5×10 <sup>-5</sup>	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
CoSe <sub>2</sub> <sup>39</sup>	GCE	0.037	231		42.4	6.5×10 <sup>-5</sup>	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Co <sub>0.56</sub> Ni <sub>0.44</sub> Se <sub>2</sub> <sup>39</sup>	GCE		250		49.7	6.3×10 <sup>-5</sup>	0.5 M

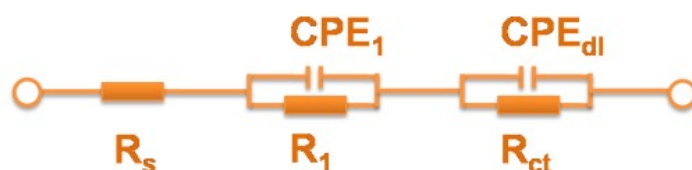
							H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Co <sub>0.32</sub> Ni <sub>0.68</sub> S <sub>2</sub> <sup>39</sup>	GCE			66.8	3.0×10 <sup>-4</sup>		0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
NiS <sub>2</sub> <sup>39</sup>	GCE			41.6	1.4×10 <sup>-4</sup>		0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
NiSe <sub>2</sub> <sup>39</sup>	GCE	250		56.9	5.7×10 <sup>-4</sup>		0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
Ni <sub>5</sub> P <sub>4</sub> /Ni foil <sup>40</sup>	Ni foil	100	140	40			0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>
FeP/CC <sup>41</sup>	Carbon Cloth		34 43	29.2			0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>



**Figure S13.** (a, b) Low- and (c) high-magnification SEM images of CFP- FeP HNA after the electrochemical measurement.



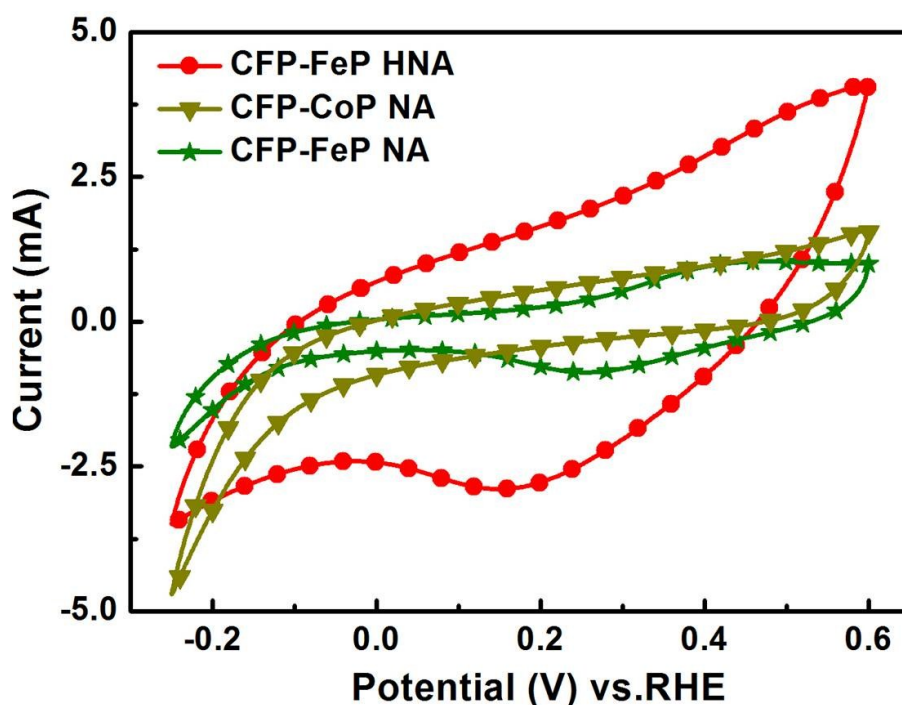
**Figure S14.** Nyquist plots of EIS spectra measured of CFP/FeP nanorods.



**Figure S15.** Equivalent circuit used to fit the EIS data.  $R_s$  is the overall series resistance,  $CPE_1$  and  $R_1$  are the constant phase element and resistance describing electron transport at substrate/catalyst interface, respectively,  $CPE_{dl}$  is the constant phase element of the catalyst/electrolyte interface, and  $R_{ct}$  is the charge transfer resistance at catalyst/electrolyte interface.

**Table S2.** The fitting results of EIS spectra

Sample	$R_s$ ( $\Omega$ )	$Q_{ct}$ ( $F\ cm^{-2}\ S^{n-1}$ )	$N_{ct}$	$R_{ct}$ ( $\Omega$ )	$Q_1$ ( $F\ cm^{-2}\ S^{n-1}$ )	$n_1$	$R_1$ ( $\Omega$ )
CFP- FeP HNA	1.909	5.802e-6	0.7708	12.05	0.04222	0.7398	11.01
CFP-CoP NA	1.816	9.502e-3	0.7458	29.95	1.5e-5	0.6844	11.84
CFP- FeP NA	2.139	1.768e-5	0.6919	64.86	3.427e-3	0.8063	10.18
CFP/FeP nanorods	5.191	1.658e-4	0.7738	2392	8.61e-6	1	12.09



**Figure S16.** The CVs in the region of  $-0.2$  to  $0.6$  V vs RHE for CFP- FeP HNA, CFP-CoP NA, and CFP-FeP NA at pH 7 (scan rate:  $50\ mV\ s^{-1}$ ).

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