

Supporting Information

WO₃ with Surface Oxygen Vacancies as Anode Buffer Layer for High Performance Polymer Solar Cells

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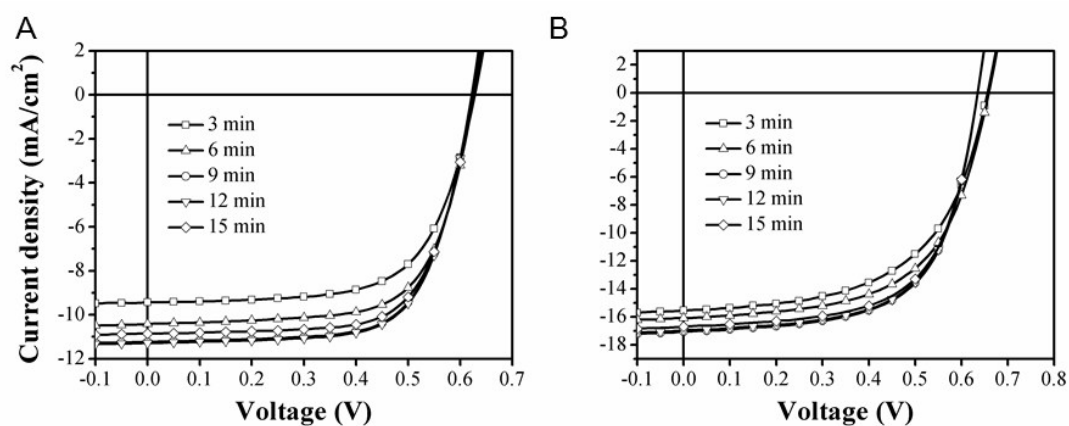


Figure S1. *J-V* curves of the PSCs with WO₃ (V_O) buffer layers under various O₂ plasma treatment time, responsible for the active layers of (A) P3HT:PC₆₁BM and (B) PBDDTTT-C:PC₇₁BM, respectively.

Table S1. Device parameters of the PSCs with WO₃ (V_O) buffer layers under various O₂ plasma treatment time under the illumination of AM 1.5G, 100 mW/cm²

Device	Time (min)	V _{oc} (V)	J _{sc} (mA/cm ²)	FF (%)	PCE (%)	R _s (Ω/cm ²)
C	3 min	0.63	9.83	65.42	3.87	9.32
	6 min	0.63	10.42	67.43	4.38	8.93
	9 min	0.62	11.23	68.14	4.76	7.89
	12 min	0.62	11.25	68.34	4.78	7.67
	15 min	0.63	10.86	68.23	4.63	7.97
F	3 min	0.72	16.17	56.95	6.62	9.01
	6 min	0.72	16.73	59.45	7.18	8.09

9 min	0.70	17.08	63.01	7.50	7.01
12 min	0.70	16.98	60.86	7.45	7.07
15 min	0.70	16.71	60.69	7.33	7.20

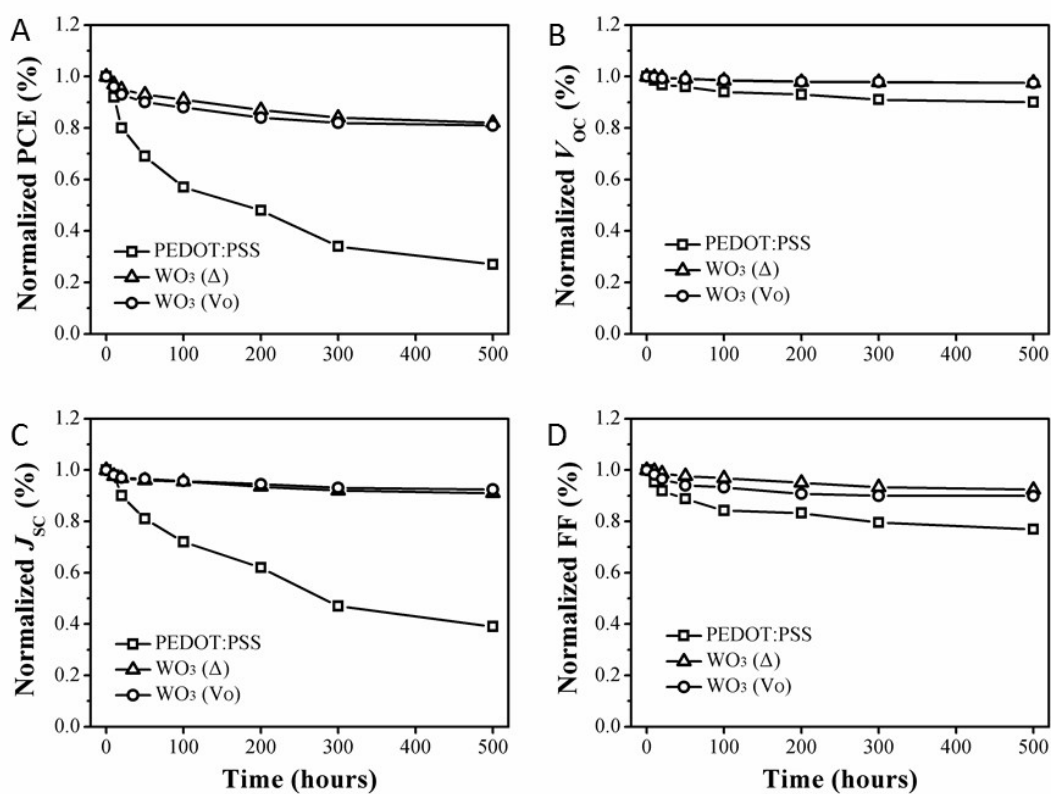


Figure S2. Degradation of normalized (A) power conversion efficiency (PCE), (B) open circuit voltage (V_{OC}), (C) short circuit current density (J_{SC}), and (D) fill factor (FF) values of PBDTTT-C:PC₇₁BM based PSCs devices with different anode buffer layers of PEDOT:PSS, WO₃ (Δ) and WO₃ (Vo), respectively.