## **Supporting Information**

## Theranostic CuS Nanoparticles Targeting Folate Receptors for PET Image-Guided Photothermal Therapy

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Figure S1: Zetal potential analysis of FA-CuS NPs.



**Figure S2.** <sup>1</sup>**H NMR analysis of FA-CuS NPs.** The typical peaks of FA at 8.98, 7.59, 6.76, 4.20, and 2.22 ppm representative of FA molecules were observed in the spectrum acquired with purified FA-CuS NPs, indicating FA molecules were successfully coated to the surface of CuS NPs.



Figure S3. Temperature change curve of FA-CuS NPs (100  $\mu$ g/mL) under NIR laser irradiation (808 nm, 1.5 W/cm<sup>2</sup>).



Figure S4.Dynamic light scatting (DLS) of FA-CuS NPs in PBS or PBS containing 10%FBS at 37°C for up to 7 days.



**Figure S5. Radiolabeling efficiency of FA-[64Cu]CuS NPs.** Greater than 99% of the radioactivity was associated with FA-[64Cu]CuS NPs at the end of synthesis.



**Figure S6. Comparison of the UV-vis spectra of FA-CuS NPs and FA-[<sup>64</sup>Cu]CuS NPs.** FA-[<sup>64</sup>Cu]CuS NPs correlated well with the spectroscopic features observed for the non-radioactive FA-CuS NPs, indicating similarity between the two NPs at the tracer and macroscopic levels.



**Figure S7. Dynamical light scatting (DLS) of FA-[64Cu]CuS NPs.** The hydrodynamic diameter of the FA-[64Cu]CuS NPs is 21.2 nm. There is no significant difference with the non-radioactive FA-CuS NPs (21.0 nm).







**Figure S9. Biodistribution of FA-[<sup>64</sup>Cu]CuS NPs in orthotopic HeyA8 ovarian tumor model.** Female nude mice were inoculated with HeyA8 cells intraperitoneally (1x 10<sup>6</sup> cells/mouse). At 20 days after tumor inoculation, mice were injected with FA-[<sup>64</sup>Cu]CuS NPs intravenously (200  $\mu$ Ci/mouse). Mice were killed at 24 h after NP injection, and various tissues were removed for radioactivity counting. The data are presented as mean ± standard deviation (n = 6).