Supporting information

Tailored upconversion emission of Eu³⁺ in Sr₂Ca(W,Mo)O₆:Yb³⁺,Eu³⁺

by laser via electronic polarization mechanism

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To exclude the influence of Mn^{4+} ions introduced by MoO_3 raw material as argued by Wai-Lun Chan et al. (J. Mater. Chem. C, 2015, 3,960–963), SCEYW_{0.5}Mn_{0.5}O, SCEYW_{0.95}Mn_{0.05}O powders were synthesized following our previous experiments with addition of MnO₂(99.95%, Aladdin). XRD patterns in Fig.S1 reveal that the SCEYW_{0.95}Mn_{0.05}O sample is single phased while SCEYW_{0.5}Mn_{0.5}O sample has a few minor impurities.

Upconversion emission spectra of the samples were recorded upon the excitation of a 976 nm laser beam, which are shown in Fig.S2. Inserts are the photographs of the samples. It can be seen that it becomes dark with the introduction of MnO_2 . The anomalous upconversion emission peak at ~690 nm, does not appear for both SCEYW_{0.5}Mn_{0.5}O and SCEYW_{0.95}Mn_{0.05}O samples. It distinctly shows that the peak at ~690 nm in the perovskite materials is not contributed by the Mn⁴⁺ ion, but ascribed to the ⁵D₀-⁷F₄ transition of Eu³⁺ ions.



Fig. S1 XRD patterns of SCEYW_{0.5}Mn_{0.5}O, SCEYW_{0.95}Mn_{0.05}O and SCEYWO powders. Standard diffraction pattern of Sr_2CaWO_6 is included for comparison.



Fig. S2 Upconversion emission spectra of SCEYW_{0.5}Mn_{0.5}O, SCEYW_{0.95}Mn_{0.05}O and SCEYWO(insert are photographs of the samples under sunlight) under the excitation of a 976 nm laser beam.