

## Supporting information

# Novel 1,8-naphthalimide derivatives for standard-red organic light-emitting device applications

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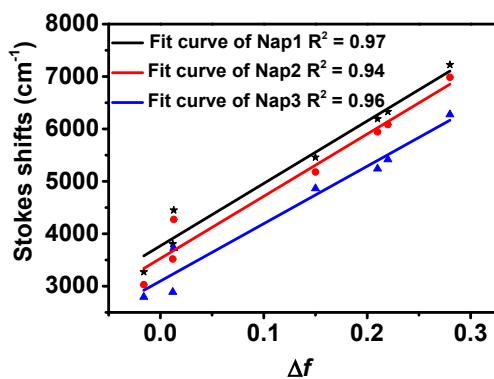
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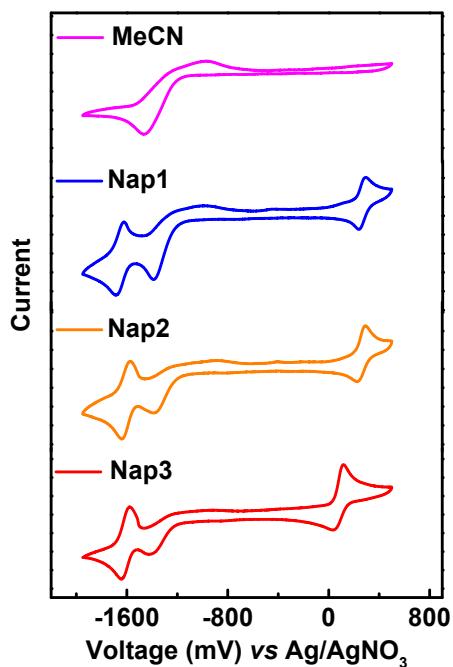
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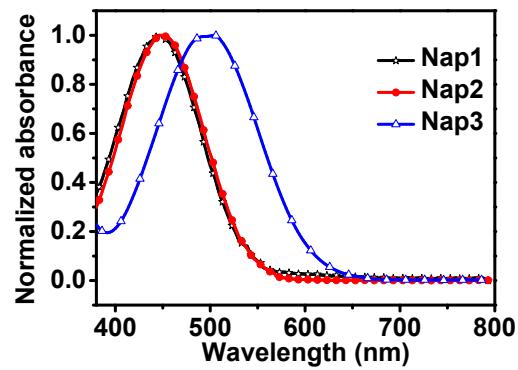
- 1) **Figure S1** Lippert-Mataga plots of **Nap1~3**.
- 2) **Figure S2** Cyclic voltammograms of **Nap1~3**.
- 3) **Figure S3** UV-Vis absorption spectra of **Nap1~3** in  $5 \times 10^{-5}$  M acetonitrile solutions.
- 4) **Figure S4** EL spectra of devices **I**, **II** and **III** under different driving current densities.
- 5) **Figure S5** Current efficiency-current density characteristics of devices **I**, **II**, and **III**.
- 6) <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR, FT-IR and HRMS spectra of **Nap1~3**.



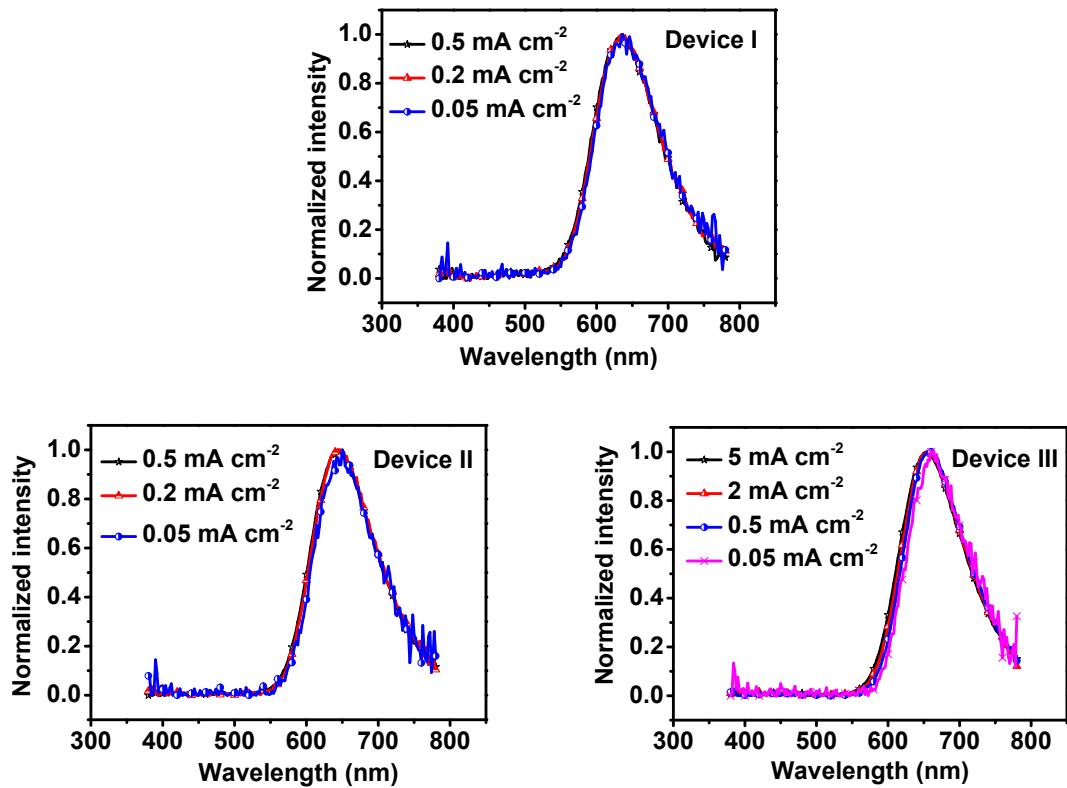
**Figure S1** Lippert-Mataga plots of the wave number of the Stokes shifts ( $\Delta\nu$ ) of **Nap1~3** versus solvent polarity parameter ( $\Delta f = f(\epsilon) - f(n^2)$ ).



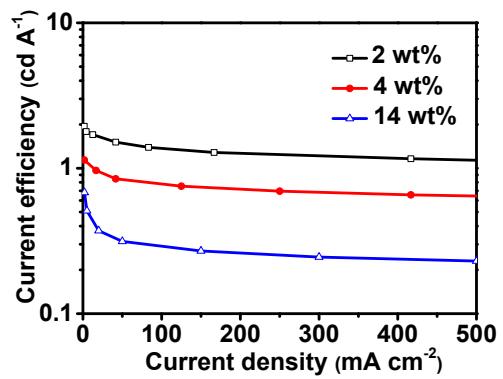
**Figure S2** Cyclic voltammograms of blank MeCN solution and **Nap1~3** solution samples. The oxidation and reduction potentials were determined relative to Ag/Ag<sup>+</sup> in  $5 \times 10^{-4}$  M acetonitrile solutions, using Fc/Fc<sup>+</sup> as external reference.



**Figure S3** Normalized absorption spectra of Nap1~3 in  $5 \times 10^{-5}$  M acetonitrile solutions.

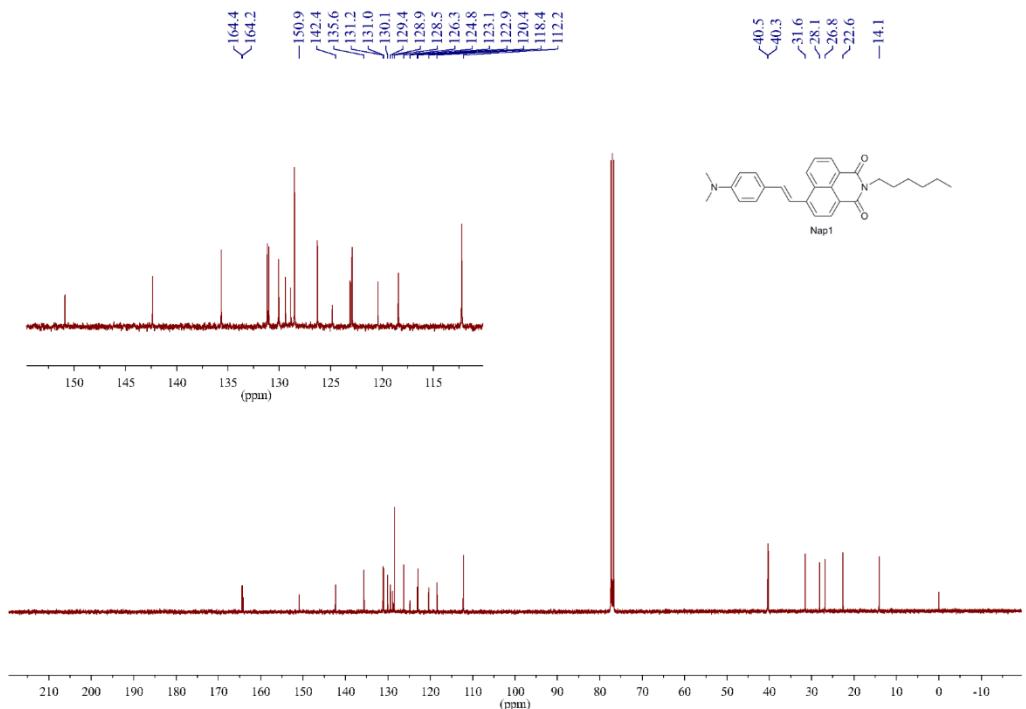
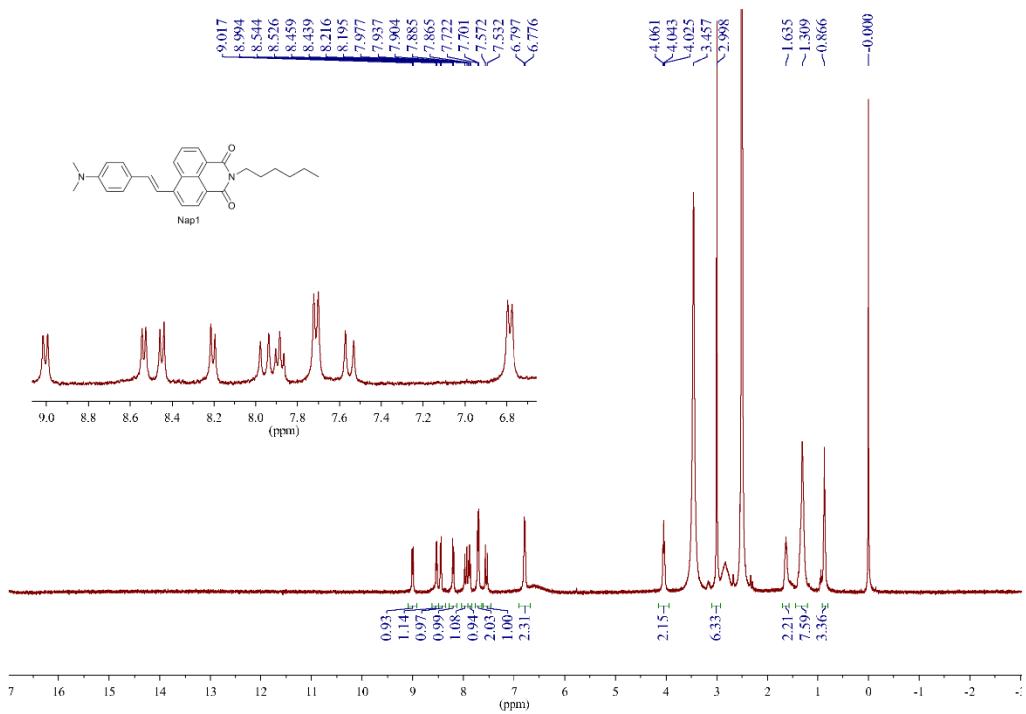


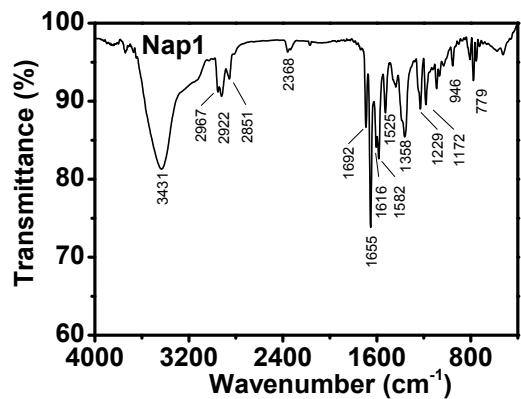
**Figure S4** EL spectra of devices I, II and III under different driving current densities.



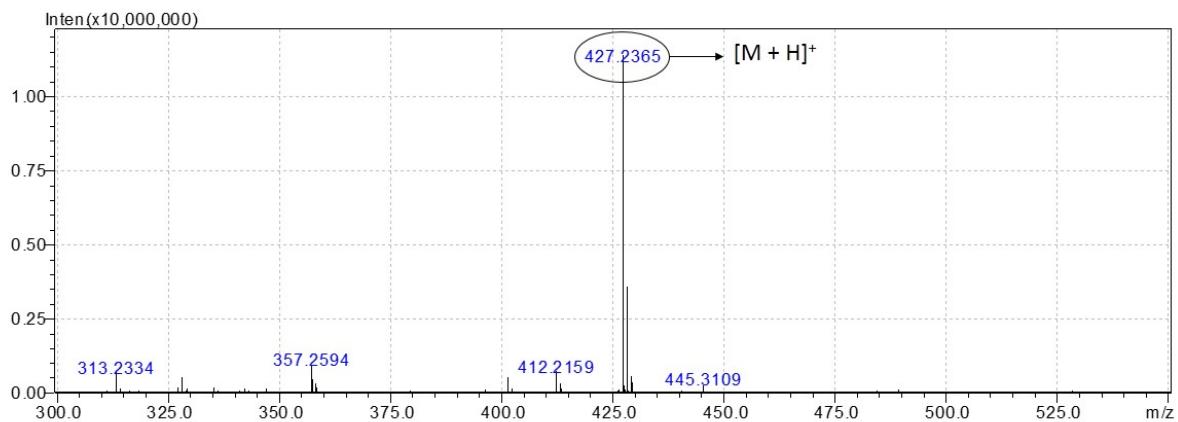
**Figure S5** Current efficiency-current density characteristics of devices **I**, **II**, and **III**.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR, FT-IR and HRMS spectra of Nap1~3.

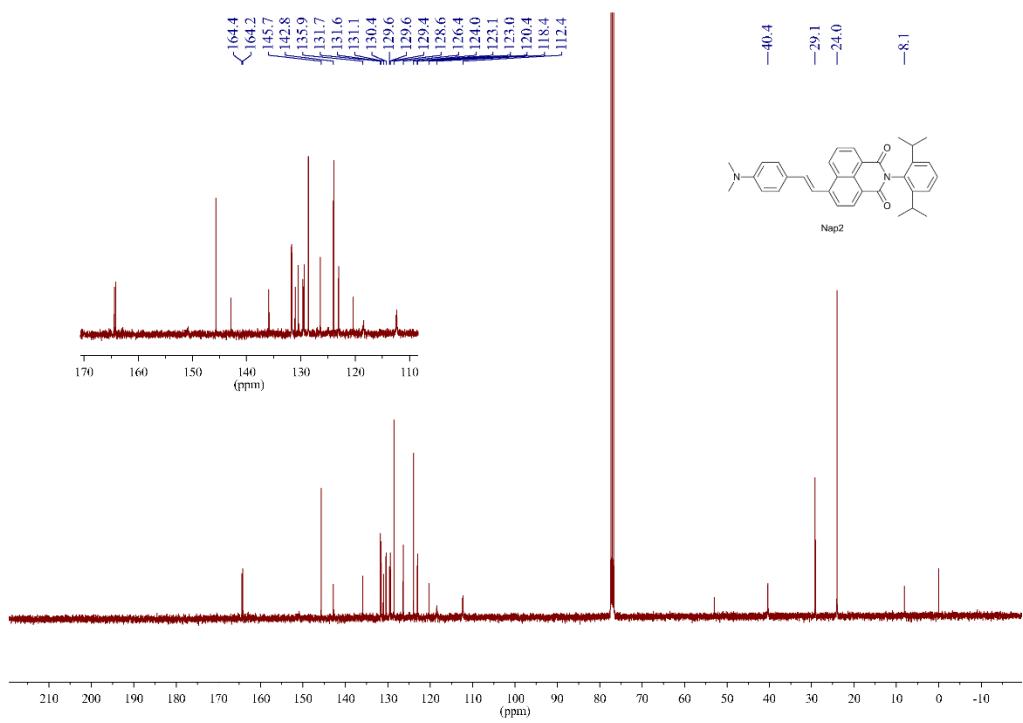
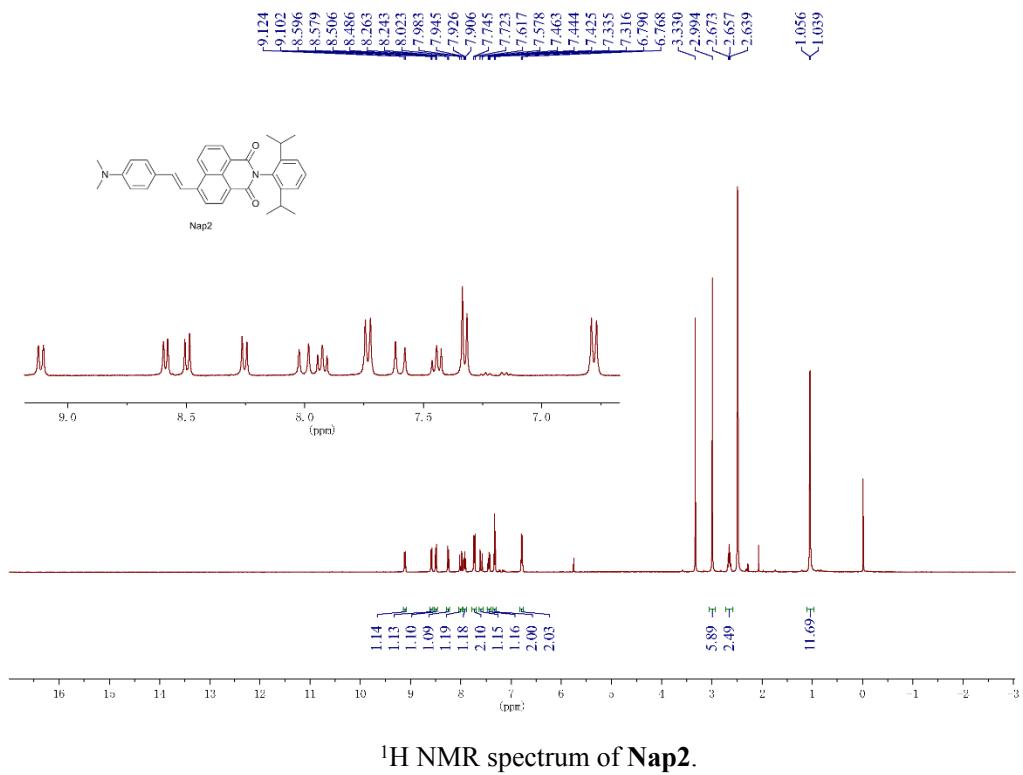


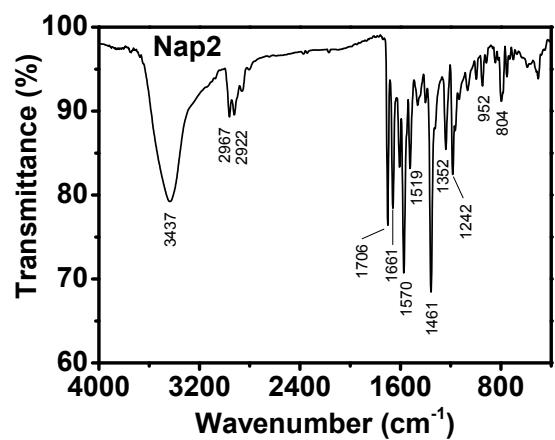


FT-IR spectrum of Nap1

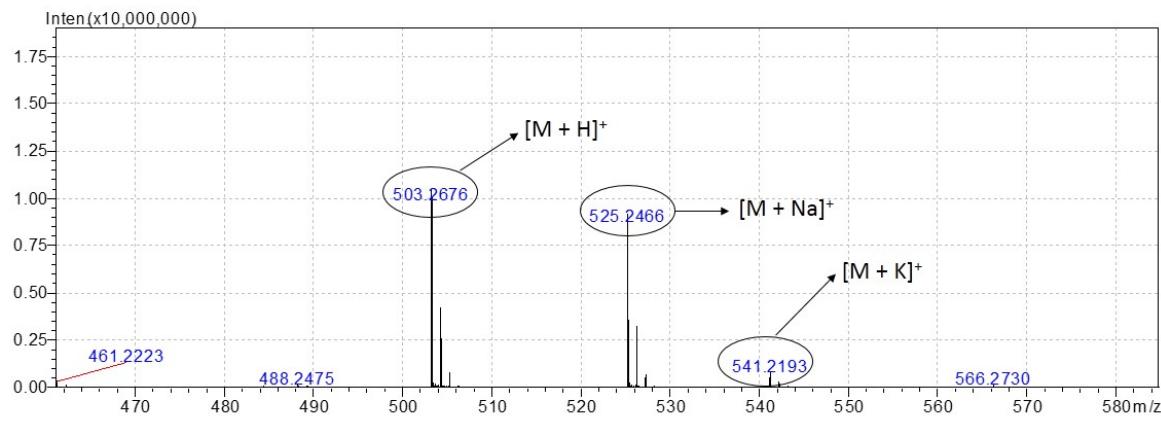


HRMS spectrum of Nap1.

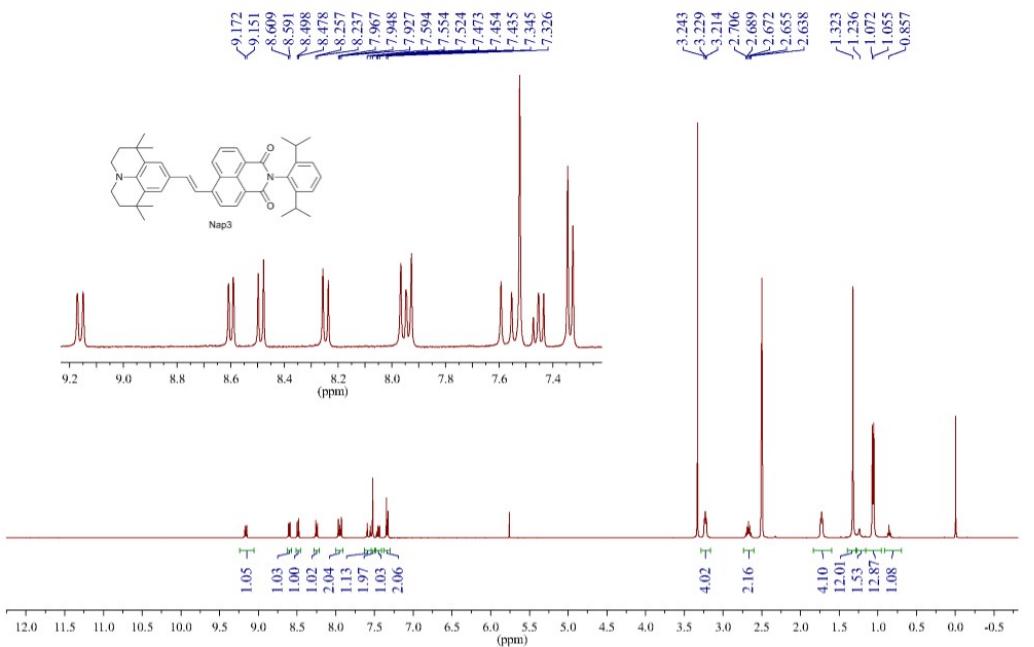




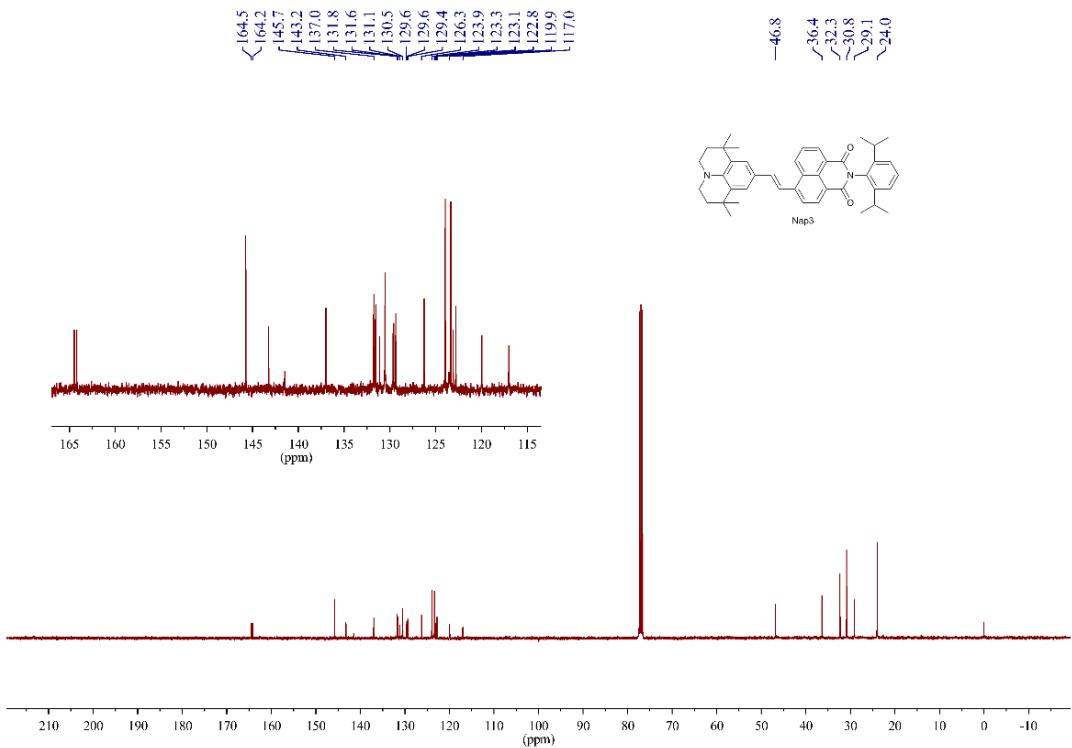
FT-IR spectrum of Nap2.



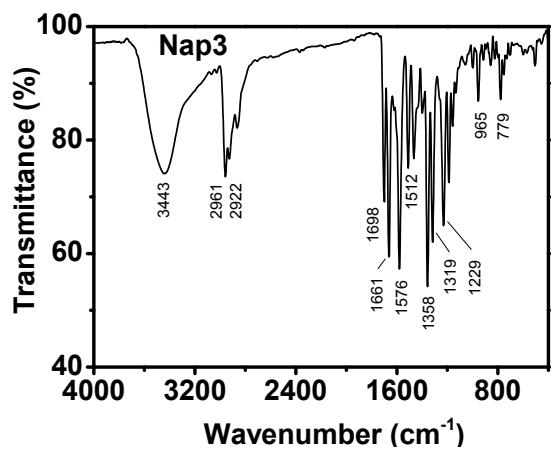
HRMS spectrum of Nap2.



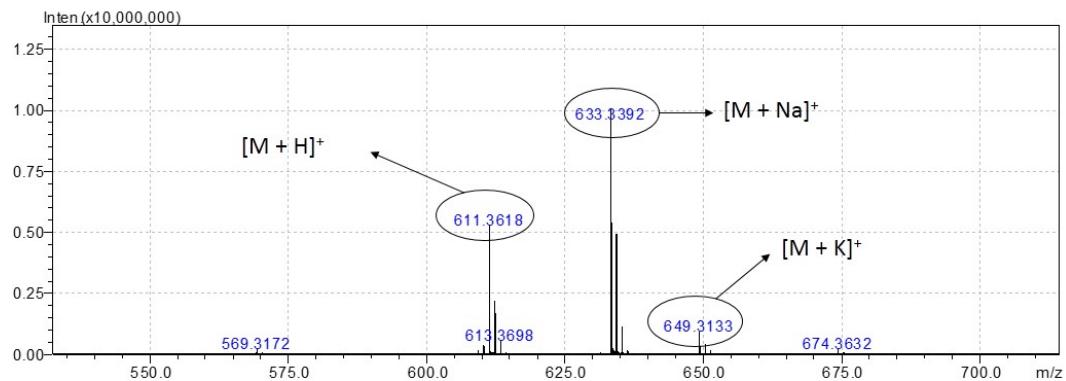
$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of Nap3.



$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of Nap3.



FT-IR spectrum of Nap3.



HRMS spectrum of Nap3.