## **SUPPORTING INFORMAITON**

## [3 + 3] Imine and β-Ketoenamine Tethered Fluorescent Covalent-Organic Frameworks for CO<sub>2</sub> Uptake and Nitroaromatic Sensing

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Figure S2. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of *i*PrTAPB-NPh<sub>2</sub> in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S3. FT-IR spectrum of *i*PrTAPB-NPh<sub>2</sub>. (KBr disc).



Figure S4. ESI-MS spectrum of *i*PrTAPB-NPh<sub>2</sub>.



Figure S5. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of *i*PrTAPB in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



160 150 140 150 120 110 100 90 80 70 80 50 40 50 20 10

Figure S6. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of *i*PrTAPB in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S7. FT-IR spectrum of *i*PrTAPB (KBr disc).



Figure S8. ESI-MS spectrum of *i*PrTAPB.



Figure S9. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of TAPB-Benz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S10. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of TAPB-Benz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S11. FT-IR spectrum of TAPB-Benz (KBr disc).



Figure S12. ESI-MS spectrum of TAPB-Benz.



Figure S13. FT-IR spectrum of TAPB-TFPB (KBr disc).



**Figure S14.** FT-IR spectrum of *i*PrTAPB-TFPB (KBr disc).



Figure S15. FT-IR spectrum of TAPB-TFP (KBr disc).



Figure S16. FT-IR spectrum of *i*PrTAPB-TFP (KBr disc).



Figure S17. Packing diagram of crystal structure of *i*PrTAPB based on Van der Waals radii of atoms.



**Figure S18.**TGA profiles of TAPB-TFPB, TAPB-TFP, *i*PrTAPB-TFPB and *i*PrTAPB-TFP ( $N_2$  atm, 10 °C/min).

Compounds	CO <sub>2</sub> uptake (cc/g)	CO <sub>2</sub> uptake (mmol/g)	CO <sub>2</sub> uptake (mg/g)	CO <sub>2</sub> uptake (wt %)	Reference
				, ,	
TAPB-TFP	91.6	4.09	180	18.0	This work
<i>i</i> PrTAPB-TFP	53.5	2.39	105.2	10.52	This work
BFCMP-2	62.0	2.77	122	12.2	1
PBILP	61.8	2.76	121	12.1	2
BILP-10	90.0	4.02	177	17.7	3
BILP-11	69.2	3.09	136	13.6	3
BILP-13	57.5	2.57	113	11.3	3
TB-MOP	86.0	3.84	169	16.9	4
TB-MOP-Ru	64.5	2.88	127	12.7	4
Azo-POF-1	66.7	2.98	131	13.1	5
COP-93	71.2	3.18	140	14.0	6
BILP-5	65.0	2.9	128	12.8	7
TBILP-1	59.4	2.65	117	11.7	8
TCMP-0	53.3	2.38	105	10.5	9
PCTF-1	73.7	3.29	145	14.5	10
TPI-1	54.4	2.43	107	10.7	11
PPF-1	135.7	6.06	267	26.7	11
PPF-2	124.1	5.54	244	24.4	11
PPF-4	58.0	2.59	114	11.4	12
TpPa-1	78.0	3.48	153.1	15.3	13
TpPa-2	64.0	2.85	125.4	12.5	13
РРТВС	65.6	2.93	128.9	12.9	14

Table S1. Comparison of  $CO_2$  uptake at 273 K and 1 bar



**Figure S19.** UV-Vis and emission spectra of *i*PrTAPB-NPh<sub>2</sub> and *i*PrTAPB, (a) UV-Vis spectrum of compound *i*PrTAPB-NPh<sub>2</sub> in acetonitrile (8.0  $\mu$ M);  $\lambda_{max} = 202$  ( $\epsilon = 1.32 \times 10^5$  M cm<sup>-1</sup>), 285 ( $\epsilon = 9 \times 10^4$  M cm<sup>-1</sup>), 360 ( $\epsilon = 5 \times 10^3$  M cm<sup>-1</sup>) nm; (b) UV-Vis spectrum of compound *i*PrTAPB in acetonitrile (10  $\mu$ M);  $\lambda_{max} = 214$  ( $\epsilon = 9.6 \times 10^4$  M cm<sup>-1</sup>), 293 ( $\epsilon = 7.8 \times 10^4$  M cm<sup>-1</sup>), and emission spectrum of *i*PrTAPB in acetonitrile (4.0  $\mu$ M);  $\lambda_{ex} = 293$  nm.



Figure S20. Normalized UV-vis spectrum of TFPB acetonitrile suspension.



Figure S21. Normalized UV-vis spectrum of TFP acetonitrile solution  $(1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M})$ .



Figure S22. Normalized UV-vis spectrum of TAPB-TFPB acetonitrile suspension.



Figure S23. Normalized UV-vis spectrum of TAPB-TFP acetonitrile suspension.



Figure S24. Normalized UV-vis spectrum of *i*PrTAPB-TFP acetonitrile suspension.



Figure S25. Normalized UV-vis spectrum of *i*PrTAPB-TFPB acetonitrile suspension.



**Figure S26.** Fluorescence quenching profiles of compound TAPB-TFPB with different PNAC analytes in acetonitrile suspension ( $\lambda_{ex} = 285 \text{ nm}$ ).

 Table S2. Details of quenching efficiencies for TAPB-TFPB with

Analyte(s)	% Quenching	<b>K</b> <sub>SV</sub> (M <sup>-1</sup> )
РА	80	$5.9 \times 10^{4}$
DNT	36	$8.7  imes 10^3$
<i>m</i> -DNB	19	$3.3 \times 10^{3}$
<i>p</i> -DNB	31	$7.6 \times 10^{3}$

different PNAC analytes (13 ppm each).



**Figure S27.** Fluorescence quenching of TAPB-TFP with a) PA; b) DNT; c) *m*DNB; d) *p*DNB  $(\lambda_{ex} = 285 \text{ nm}).$ 

Table S3. Details of quenching efficiencies for TAPB-TFP with

Analyte(s)	% Quenching	<i>K</i> <sub>SV</sub> (M <sup>-1</sup> )
РА	67	$3.2 \times 10^{4}$
DNT	19	$8.7 \times 10^{3}$
<i>m</i> -DNB	10	$2.8 \times 10^{3}$
<i>p</i> -DNB	23	$9.6 \times 10^{3}$

different PNAC analytes (15 ppm each).



**Figure S28.** Fluorescence quenching of *i*PrTAPB-TFP with a) PA; b) DNT c) *m*DNB; d) *p*DNB  $(\lambda_{ex} = 290 \text{ nm}).$ 

**Table S4.** Details of quenching efficiencies for *i*PrTAPB-TFP with different PNAC analytes(23 ppm each).

Analyte(s)	% Quenching	<i>K</i> <sub>SV</sub> (M <sup>-1</sup> )
РА	68	$1.8  imes 10^4$
DNT	31	$8.8 \times 10^3$
<i>m</i> -DNB	20	$4.2 \times 10^{3}$
<i>p</i> -DNB	39	$1.1 \times 10^{4}$



**Figure S29.** Fluorescence quenching of *i*PrTAPB-TFPB with a) PA; b) DNT c) *m*DNB; d) pDNB ( $\lambda_{ex} = 300$  nm).

**Table S5.** Details of quenching efficiencies for *i*PrTAPB-TFPB with different PNAC analytes

 (22 ppm each).

Analyte(s)	% Quenching	<i>K</i> <sub>SV</sub> (M <sup>-1</sup> )
РА	64	$3.0  imes 10^4$
DNT	8	$1.2 \times 10^{3}$
<i>m</i> -DNB	8	$1.7 \times 10^{3}$
<i>p</i> -DNB	14	$3.1 \times 10^{3}$

Compound	<i>i</i> PrTAPB-NPh <sub>2</sub>	TAPB-Benz
Empirical formula	$C_{81}H_{81}N_3$	C <sub>94</sub> H <sub>76</sub> N <sub>6</sub> O
Formula weight	1096.49	1305.61
Temperature (K)	150(2)	100(2)
Wavelength (Å)	0.71075	1.54190
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	P 21/n	P 21
a (Å)	9.392(4)	7.341(4)
b (Å)	25.613(13)	30.358(14)
c (Å)	32.908(16)	16.214(9)
α (°)	90	90
β (°)	97.3580(10)	97.409(11)
γ (°)	90	90
Volume (Å <sup>3</sup> )	7851(6)	3583(3)
Z	4	2
Density (calculated) (Mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.928	1.210
Absorption coefficient (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	0.053	0.549
F(000)	2352	1380
Crystal size (mm <sup>3</sup> )	0.20 x 0.20 x 0.20	0.21 x 0.09 x 0.04
Theta range for data collection	2.50 to 25.00°.	6.75 to 59.99°
Reflections collected	58370	15608
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.080	1.110
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0890, wR2 = 0.2247	R1 = 0.0710, wR2 = 0.1614
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1200, wR2 = 0.2476	R1 = 0.1005, wR2 = 0.1891

**Table S6**. Crystallographic information of *i*PrTAPB-NPh2 and TAPB-Benz



**Figure S30.** Time resolved fluorescence decays for acetonitrile suspension of TAPB-TFP before (red) and after addition of PA (blue). Biexponential fits to the decays are included as solid lines (green).



**Figure S31.** Time resolved fluorescence decays for acetonitrile suspension of TAPB-TFP before (red) and after addition of DNT (blue). Biexponential fits to the decays are included as solid lines (green).



**Figure S32.** Time resolved fluorescence decays for acetonitrile suspension of TAPB-TFP before (red) and after addition of *p*DNB (blue). Biexponential fits to the decays are included as solid lines (green).



**Figure S33.** Time resolved fluorescence decays for acetonitrile suspension of TAPB-TFP before (red) and after addition of *m*DNB (blue). Biexponential fits to the decays are included as solid lines (green).

Compounds	Analyte concentration (ppm)	$ au_1(ns)$	$ au_2$ (ns)	$\chi^2$
TAPB-TFP	-	1.7	6.8	1.01
TAPB-TFP-PA	15	1.7	7.0	1.02
TAPB-TFP-DNT	58	2.0	6.4	1.08
TAPB-TFP-pDNB	47	1.1	6.5	1.05
TAPB-TFP-mDNB	108	1.3	6.0	1.05

**Table S7**. Lifetime measurement of the excited state of TAPB-TFP with various polynitroaromatic analytes.

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