

Supplementary data

**Effect of Fe-doping on structure and magnetoelectric properties of  
(Ba<sub>0.85</sub>Ca<sub>0.15</sub>)(Ti<sub>0.9</sub>Zr<sub>0.1</sub>)O<sub>3</sub> synthesized by chemical route**

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**Rietveld Refinement procedure**

The starting atomic parameters for the tetragonal and rhombohedral phases, described in the space group (SG) *P4mm*, and *R3m*, respectively, were taken from Kwei *et al.* <sup>1</sup>. In the Rietveld refinements, were refined the following parameters: scale-factors and zero-point; the

background profile was modelled using a 10<sup>th</sup> order shifted Chebyshev polynomial function; unit cell parameters and profile coefficients – one Gaussian ( $G_w$ ), an angle-independent term and two Lorentzian terms  $L_x$  and  $L_y$  – peak correction for asymmetry, and sample displacement effects. Furthermore, atomic positions and isotropic displacement parameters ( $U_{iso}$ ) were also refined; occupancies of Ba and Ca were constrained to be 0.85 and 0.15, respectively, in all the refinements, according to the stoichiometry of the synthesis. Furthermore, the same atomic positions and  $U_{iso}$  were given to these two atoms, and restrained to be identical. Similarly, following the stoichiometry of the synthesis, the occupancies of the  $BO_6$  octahedral site were constrained to be 0.9 and 0.1 for Ti and Zr in BCTZO sample (restraining their atomic position and  $U_{iso}$  to be the same); likewise, in samples where iron was present, the occupancies were also constrained to be the same as those of the synthesis, *i.e.* 0.88, 0.02, and 0.1 for Ti, Fe, and Zr, respectively, in case of Fe-2 (with Ti, Zr, and Fe having restrained the same atomic positions and  $U_{iso}$ ).

Once the bond lengths and bond angles were calculated from the listing of distances and bond angles from GSAS, they were used to obtain a 3D rendering of the tetragonal phase, by means of the VESTA software package <sup>2</sup>. Also, the distortion index ( $D$ ) and quadratic elongation (QE) of the  $BO_6$  octahedral site in the tetragonal phase were calculated, according to the formalisms of Baur <sup>3</sup>, and Robinson *et al.* <sup>4</sup>, respectively.

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