

Supporting Information

Ultralow-Threshold Up-Converted Lasing in Oligofluorenes with Tailored Strong Nonlinear Absorption

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Person 7-1
AK396R
10.7 mg

8.533 3.109

7.907 7.887 7.867 7.862 7.858 7.849 7.830 7.823 7.809 7.790 7.770 7.762 7.743 7.741 7.733 7.711 7.691 7.689 7.681 7.620 7.608 7.594 7.580 7.569 7.539 7.519 7.372 7.365 7.350 7.342 7.338 7.323 7.303 7.260 2.277 2.138 2.066

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PROCNO 1
Date_ 20141013
Time_ 12.45
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PULPROG zg30
TD 32564
SOLVENT CDCl3
NS 64
DS 2
SWH 8223.685 Hz
FIDRES 0.252539 Hz
AQ 1.9799412 sec
RG 181
DW 60.800 usec
DE 6.500 usec
TE 300.0 K
D1 2.00000000 sec
TDO 1

===== CHANNEL f1 =====
NUC1 1H
PL1 9.400 usec
PL1W -4.00 dB
SFO1 19.93825150 W
SI 400.1324710 MHz
SF 400.1300098 MHz
WDW EM
SSB 0
GB 0.30 Hz
LB 0
PC 1.00

0.899 36.000 3.035 1.883 25.817 154.381

Person 7-1
AK396R
31.2 mg

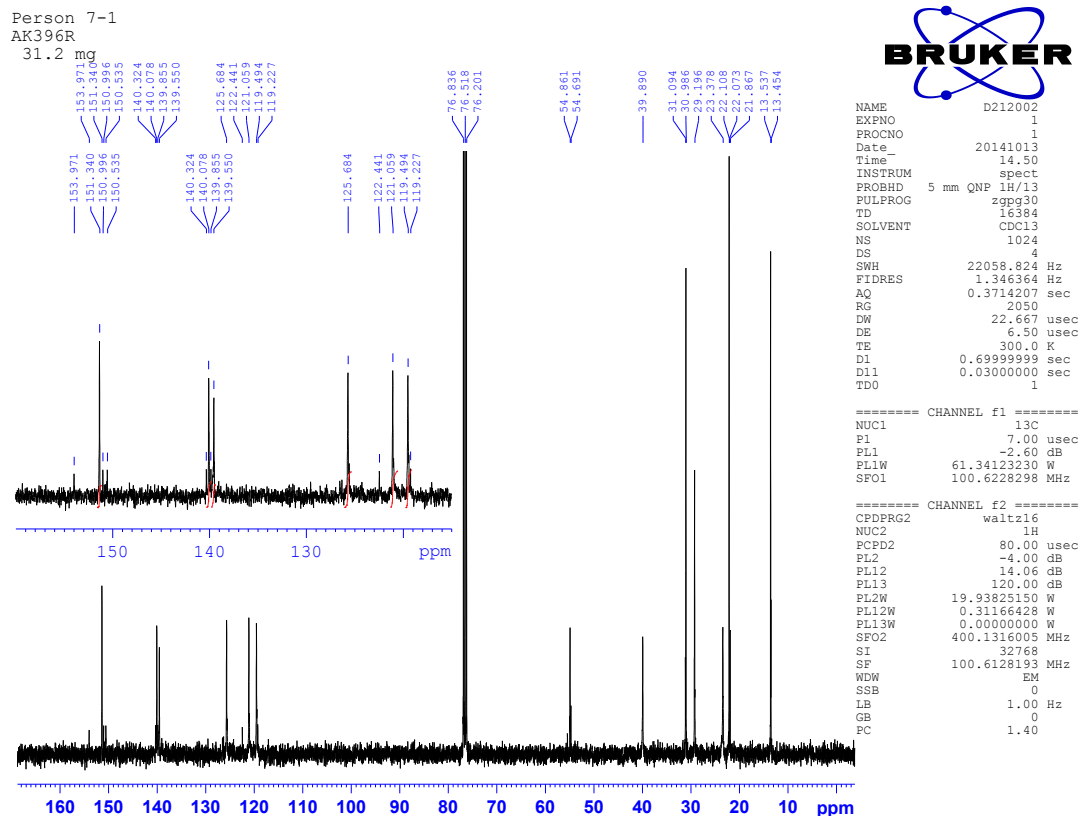


Figure S2. ^{13}C NMR of T6

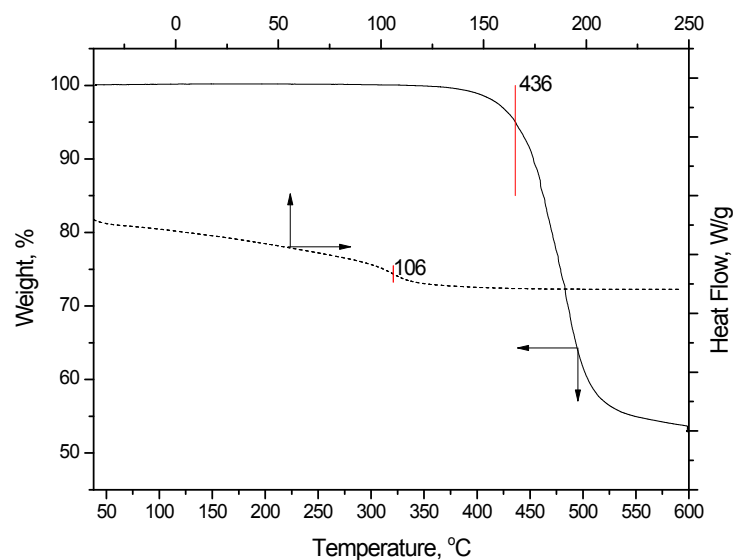


Figure S3. Thermogravimetric (solid line) and DSC (dashed line) analyses of T6 measured at 10 °C/min. The temperature corresponding to 5% mass loss and the glass transition are shown.

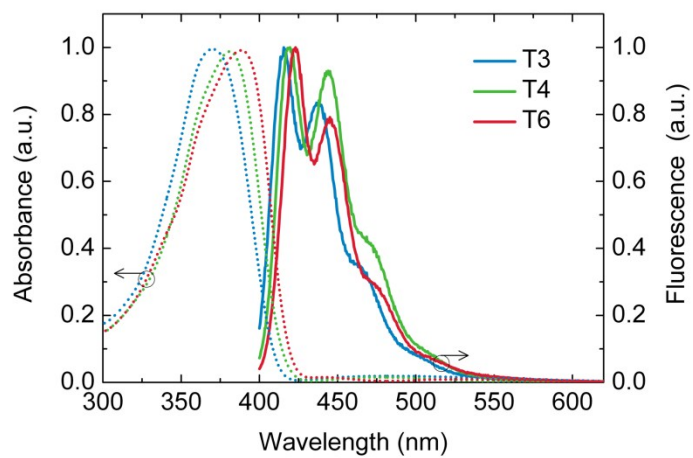


Figure S4. PL and absorbance spectra of T3, T4 and T6 molecules in their solid-films.

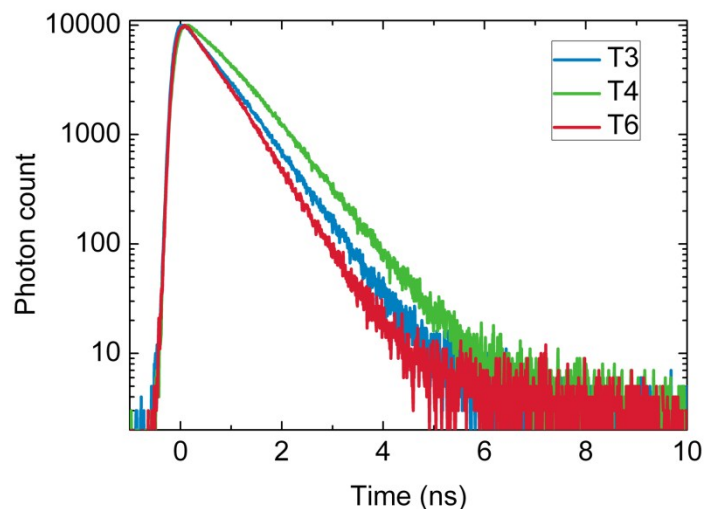


Figure S5. PL decay curves of the T3, T4 and T6 measured at the 0-0 transition peak with 1/e lifetimes of 0.85, 1.14 and 0.78 ns, respectively.

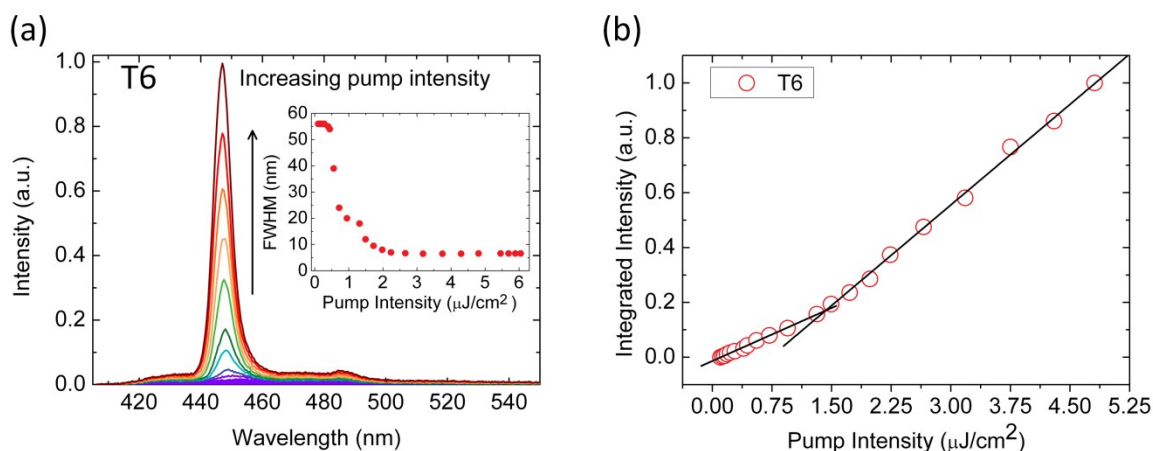


Figure S6. (a) Emission spectra on quartz of the T6 molecules as the pump intensity is increased. 1PA pumped ASE in T6 is clearly visible with an emerging narrow peak at 448 nm. The inset shows the change of the FWHM emission as a function of the pump intensity. (b) Pump intensity vs integrated emission intensity measurement under 1PA pumping in T6 molecules giving 1.43 $\mu\text{J}/\text{cm}^2$ threshold.

We have measured the extinction coefficients of the truxene oligomers at their peak absorption wavelengths as follows:

$$\varepsilon = 411000 \text{ l mol}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ for T3 (Ref. } ^1)$$

$$\varepsilon = 473000 \text{ l mol}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ for T4 (Ref. } ^1)$$

$$\varepsilon = 680000 \text{ l mol}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ for T6}$$

For this, we used T3, T4 and T6 solutions (in toluene) at $3.76 \cdot 10^{-6}$, $6.52 \cdot 10^{-7}$ and $2.63 \cdot 10^{-6}$ mol/L concentrations, respectively.

Table S1. Comparison of the experimental conditions for the frequency up-converted laser thresholds in the organic semiconductors.

Reference	Material	Threshold	Pulse duration	Repetition rate	Excitation geometry	Spot size	Medium	Threshold
This work	Truxene based star-shaped oligofluorenes with 6 fluorene units per arm (T6)	3.1 mJ/cm²	120 fs	1 kHz	spot	1.48 mm	1 bar (ambient)	3.1 mJ/cm²
Ref. ²	Ladder-type poly(p-phenylene) (MeLPPP)	>200 mJ/cm ²	150 fs	1 kHz	spot	NA	10 ⁻⁴ mbar	>200 mJ/cm ²
Ref. ³	Polyfluorene (PFO)	42 mJ/cm ²	100 fs	NA	NA	NA	NA	42 mJ/cm ²
Ref. ⁴	Bisfluorene dendrimer (BPCz)	4.9 mJ/cm ²	100 fs	5 kHz	spot	85 μ m	10 ⁻⁴ mbar	4.9 mJ/cm ²
Ref. ⁵	1,4-bis[2-[4-[N,N-di(p-totyl)amino]phenyl]vinyl]benzene (DADSB)	4.5 mJ/cm ²	150 fs	1 kHz	spot	1 mm	1 bar (ambient)	4.5 mJ/cm ²

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