Supporting Information

A highly selective and sensitive fluorescent probe for detection of

CN⁻, SO₃²⁻ and Fe³⁺ based on aggregation-induced emission

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in aqueous solution

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Table 1 particle sizes of 1 (2 uM) in the DMSO/water mixture											
Water content/%	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	99
particle sizes/nm	1	1	1	2	2	8	21	79	215	396	220



Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectrum of 1 in DMSO- $d_{6.}$



Figure S2. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 1 in DMSO- d_6



Figure S3. IR spectrum of 1



Figure S4. ESI-MS spectrum of 1

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Figure S5. UV-vis absorption spectra of 1 (2 μ M) exposed to various concentration of Fe³⁺ in aqueous solution

0 20	40	60	80	100	120	140	160	180	200	300	400

Figure S6. Photographs under UV lamp (365nm) of 1 (2 μ M) exposed to various concentration of Fe³⁺ (0-400 uM) in aqueous solution



Figure S7. Photographs under sunlight of 1 (2 μ M) exposed to various concentration of Fe³⁺ (0-400 uM) in aqueous solution



Figure S8. Job's plot of **1** for Fe^{3+} in aqueous solution, $[1] + [Fe^{3+}] = 20 \ \mu\text{M}$. (where X is the mole fraction of **1**, I_0 and I indicate the emission intensity at 568 nm before and after addition of Fe^{3+} ions, respectively.)



Figure S9. Fluorescence intensity at 568 nm of **1** (2 μ M) exposed to 10 equiv various anions and to the mixture of 10 equiv CN⁻ with other 10 equiv anions in aqueous solution.



Figure S10. Fluorescence intensity at 568 nm of 1 (2 μ M) exposed to 10 equiv various anions and to the mixture of 10 equiv SO₃²⁻ with other 10 equiv anions in aqueous solution.



Figure S11. Job's plot of 1 for CN⁻ in aqueous solution, $[1] + [CN⁻] = 20 \mu M$. (where X is the mole fraction of 1, I₀ and I indicate the emission intensity at 568 nm before and after addition of CN⁻ ions, respectively.)



Figure S12. Job's plot of **1** for SO_3^{2-} in aqueous solution, $[1] + [SO_3^{2-}] = 20 \ \mu M$. (where X is the mole fraction of **1**, I_0 and I indicate the emission intensity at 568 nm before and after addition of SO_3^{2-} ions, respectively.)



Figure S13. (a) Fluorescence spectra of 1 (2 μ M) exposed to various concentration of SO₃²⁻ in aqueous solution; (b) Fluorescence titration curve of 1 (2 μ M) with SO₃²⁻ in aqueous solution, inset: The relationship between fluorescence intensity and SO₃²⁻ concentration.



Figure S14. Response time of 1 (2 μ M) exposed to 2 equiv. of CN⁻ or 10 equiv. of SO₃²⁻ in different time in aqueous solution



Figure S15. Cytotoxicity test of HeLa cells treated with various concentrations of **1** after 24 and 48 hours.