## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

## Highly sensitive and simply operated protease sensor toward point-of-care testing

Seonhwa Park,<sup>a</sup> Yu Mi Shin,<sup>b</sup> Jeongwook Seo,<sup>a</sup> Ji-Joon Song\*<sup>b</sup> and Haesik

Yang\*<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry and Chemistry Institute for Functional Materials, Pusan National University, Busan 46241, Korea <sup>b</sup>Department of Biological Sciences, KAIST Institute for the BioCentury, Cancer Metastasis Control Center, KAIST, Daejeon 34141, Korea



Fig. S1 Raman spectra of (i) GO/ITO and (ii) rGO/ITO electrodes.



**Fig. S2** Chronocoulograms obtained at 0.30 V at (a) rGO/ITO electrodes and (b) avidin/rGO/ITO electrodes after incubation periods of (i) 15 min, (ii) 1 h, (iii) 2 h, and (iv) 4 h at 37 °C in PBS solution containing 0.1 mM oligopeptide-AP, 2.0 mM DTT, 10  $\mu$ g/mL BoNT/E-LC, and 10  $\mu$ g/mL LAP.



**Fig. S3** (a) Chronocoulograms obtained at 0.30 V at avidin/rGO/ITO electrodes after incubation periods of (a) 4 h and (b) 15 min at 37 °C in PBS solution containing different concentrations of BoNT/E-LC. The final solutions for electrochemical measurement contained 2.0 mM DTT, 0.1 mM oligopeptide-AP and 10  $\mu$ g/mL LAP.



**Fig. S4** (a) Chronocoulograms obtained at 0.30 V at avidin/rGO/ITO electrodes after incubation periods of (a) 4 h and (b) 15 min at 37 °C in commercial bottled water containing different concentrations of BoNT/E-LC. The final solutions for electrochemical measurement contained 2.0 mM DTT, 0.1 mM oligopeptide-AP and 10  $\mu$ g/mL LAP.



**Fig. S5** (a) Chronocoulograms obtained at 0.05 V at ITO electrodes after an incubation period of 15 min at 37 °C in PBS solution containing different concentration of BoNT/E-LC, and the final solutions for electrochemical measurement contained 1.0 mM Ru(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub><sup>3+</sup>, 2.0 mM DTT, 0.1 mM oligopeptide-AP and 10  $\mu$ g/mL LAP. (b) Calibration plot for the charge at 100 s of the chronocoulograms of panel a.



**Fig. S6** (a) Cyclic voltammograms obtained at a scan rate of 50 mV/s at avidin/rGO/ITO in a PBS solution containing (i) 0.1 mM ascorbic acid (AA), (ii) 0.1 mM uric acid, (iii) 0.1 mM acetaminophen, and (iv) 0.1 mM H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>. (b) Chronocoulograms obtained at 0.30 V at avidin/rGO/ITO electrodes after incubation periods of 15 min at 37 °C in PBS solution containing (i) 0.1 mM oligopeptide-AP, 2.0 mM DTT, and 10  $\mu$ g/mL LAP, (ii) 0.1 mM oligopeptide-AP, 2.0 mM DTT, 10  $\mu$ g/mL LAP, 0.1 mM uric acid, and 0.1 mM acetaminophen, and (iii) 0.1 mM oligopeptide-AP, 2.0 mM DTT, 10  $\mu$ g/mL LAP, 0.1 mM AA, 0.1 mM uric acid, and 0.1 mM AA, 0.1 mM uric acid, 0.1 mM acetaminophen, and 10 U/mL ascorbate oxidase.



**Fig. S7** Charges measured at 100 s in the chronocoulograms obtained at 0.30 V after an incubation period of 15 min at 37 °C in PBS solutions containing 0.1 mM oligopeptide-AP, 2.0 mM DTT, 1  $\mu$ g/mL BoNT/E-LC, and 10  $\mu$ g/mL LAP at the avidin/rGO/ITO electrodes stored for 0, 1, and 7 days at room temperature and at 4 °C. All experiments were conducted using 3 different electrodes for each sample.