## **Supplemental Information**

## A Ratiometric Two-photon Fluorescent Probe for Fluoride Ions Imaging in Living HeLa Cells and Zebrafish

Wei Hu<sup>†</sup>, Lingyu Zeng<sup>‡</sup>, Zhihong Liu<sup>‡</sup>, Yanying Wang<sup>†</sup>, Xiaoxue Ye<sup>†</sup>, and Chunya Li<sup>†,\*</sup>

<sup>†</sup> Key Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry of the State Ethnic Affairs Commission,
College of Chemistry and Material Science, South-central University of Nationalities,
Wuhan 430074, China.

<sup>‡</sup> Key Laboratory of Analytical Chemistry for Biology and Medicine (Ministry of Education), College of Chemistry and Molecular Sciences, Wuhan University, Wuhan 430072, China.

\* Corresponding author.

Tel: +86 27 67842752;

E-mail address: lcychem@yahoo.com



Fig. S 1 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of QF (300 MHz,  $d_6$ -DMSO)



Fig. S 5 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectrum of QF (100 MHz,  $d_6$ -DMSO)



Fig. S 3 HRMS (MALDI) spectrum of QF



Fig. S 4. a) The normalized absorption spectra of QF and HQB; b) The fluorescence spectra of 10 μM QF and HQB under one-photon excitation mode. All spectra were determined in a phosphate buffer (50 mM, pH 7.4, 0.9% NaCl, 25 μM CTAB).



Fig. S 5 Cell survival rate of control groups (without QF) and experimental group (with 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 75, and 100 μM of QF). All groups contain 2% DMSO in 100 μL DMEM).



Fig. S 6 a) TPM images of HeLa cells labeled with 20 μM QF for 30 min and further incubated with NaF for 1 h. The color reflects the ratio of fluorescence intensity (F<sub>green</sub>/F<sub>blue</sub>). b) Two-photon fluorescence intensity ratio from circle A-C as a function of time. The images were collected with 30 sec intervals for the duration of 30 min under *xyt* mode. Scale bar: 20 μm.



Fig. S 7 Separate images at different z-axis depth of the QF-labeled Zebrafish treated with NaF. The fluorescence intensity ratio (F<sub>green</sub>/F<sub>blue</sub>) was reflected by color. Scale bar: 500 μm.