Electronic Supplementary information:

iSERS Microscopy Guided by Wide Field Immunofluorescence: Analysis of HER2 Expression on Normal and Breast Cancer FFPE Tissue Sections

Xin-Ping Wang^a, Yuying Zhang^a, Matthias König^a, Evanthia Papadopoulou^a, Bernd Walkenfort^a, Sabine Kasimir-Bauer^b, Agnes Bankfalvi^c, Sebastian Schlücker^{a*}

^{a.} Physical Chemistry, Department of Chemistry and Center for Nanointegration Duisburg-Essen (CENIDE), University of Duisburg-Essen, Universitystr. 5, Essen 45141, Germany. (email: <u>sebastian.schluecker@uni-due.de</u>).



Fig. S1 Extinction spectra of Au nanostars at different stages of molecular functionalization (Raman reporter) and bioconjugation (antibody).

^{b.} Department of Gynecology and Obstetrics, University Hospital Essen, University of Duisburg-Essen, Hufelandstrasse 55, D-45122 Essen, Germany

^c Institute of Pathology, University Hospital Essen, Hufelandstrasse 55, D-45122 Essen, Germany.



Fig. S2 SERS spectrum of hydrophilically stabilized (4NTBMEGOH/4NTBTEGCOOH) Au nanostars. The most dominant Raman peak at about 1340 cm⁻¹ in the SERS spectrum is assigned to the symmetric nitro stretching vibration of the Raman reporter 4NTB. The suspension medium is ethanol.



Fig. S3 Raman imaging of the same sample as in Fig. 4 (main text of the manuscript) after 51 days. (A) Bright field image. (B) SERS-false color image. (C) Normalized SERS spectra recorded from three different locations on the tissue section.