

## Supporting Information

### **Palladium Modified Porous Silicon as Multi-functional MALDI chip for Serum Peptides Detection**

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## Supplementary Figures

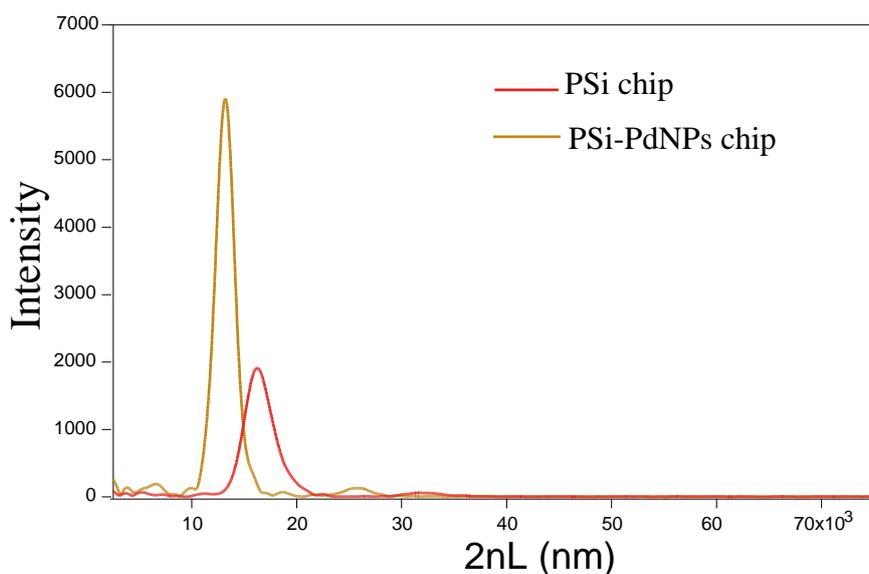


Fig. S1 Fourier transform reflectometric interference spectran (FT-RIS) of PSi chip and PSi-PdNPs chip. The blue shift of FT-RIS peak indicated the refractive index of porous silicon layer significantly decreased due to the coating of PdNPs on PSi surface[1].

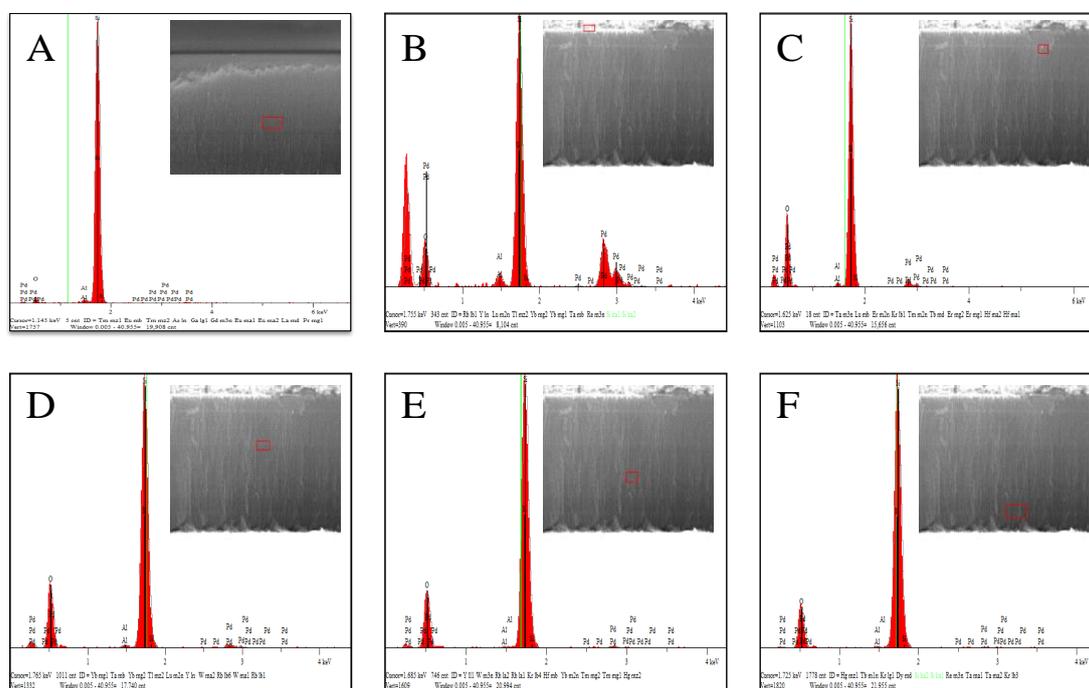


Fig. S2 Cross-sectional EDS profiling of PSi chip (A) and PSi-PdNPs chip (B, C, D, E, F) at different positions highlighted with rectangular mark. The content of the palladium element in PSi chip is 0.000% (A), while in the PSi-PdNPs chip the content is 40.068% (B), 9.007% (C), 5.480% (D), 2.951% (E) and 1.878% (F) from top surface to the bottom field.

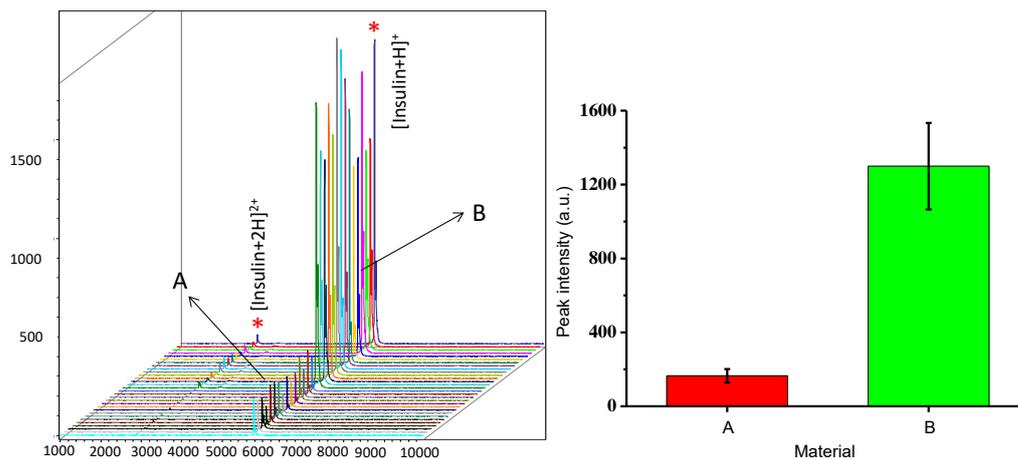


Fig. S3 Mass spectra and the peak intensity of the insulin samples obtained on the MALDI plate (A) and the PSi-PdNPs chip (B). 2  $\mu\text{L}$  aliquot of the insulin sample (2.4 nmol/L in PBS) was spotted on the conventional MALDI-plate and PSi-PdNPs chip, respectively. The test was repeated for 15 times.

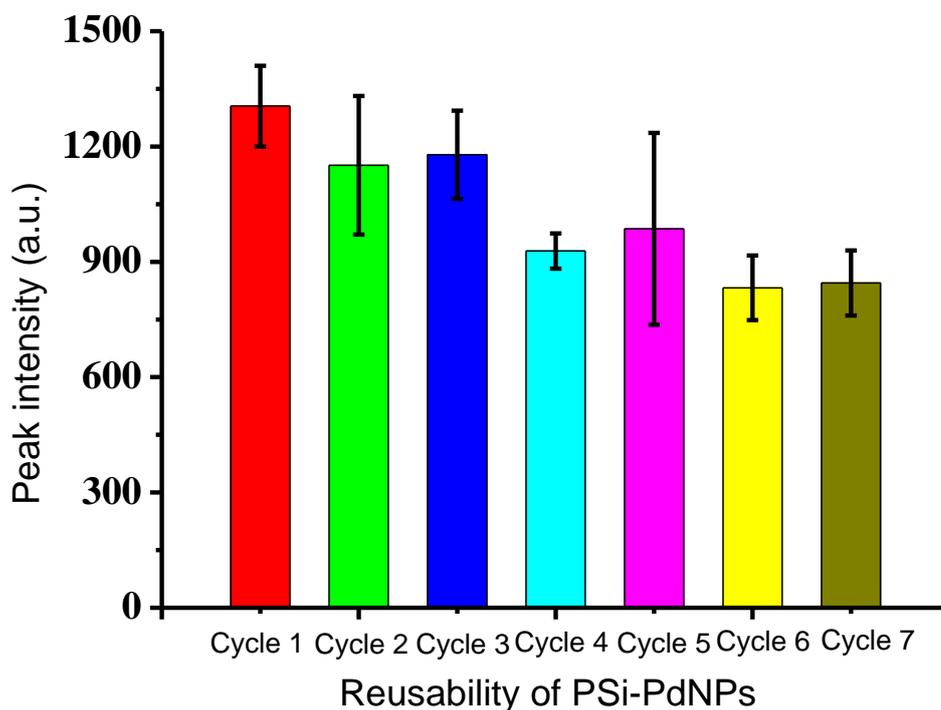


Fig. S4 Reusability of the PSi-PdNPs chip during the detection of insulin samples. In each cycle, 2  $\mu\text{L}$  aliquot of the insulin sample (2.4 nmol/L in PBS) was spotted on the chip. After MS detection, the chip was treated with ultrasound in the eluent ( $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ : ACN: TFA = 50:50: 0.1, v/v/v) for 1 min and thereafter dried with  $\text{N}_2$  gas. The test was repeated for 5 times in each cycle.

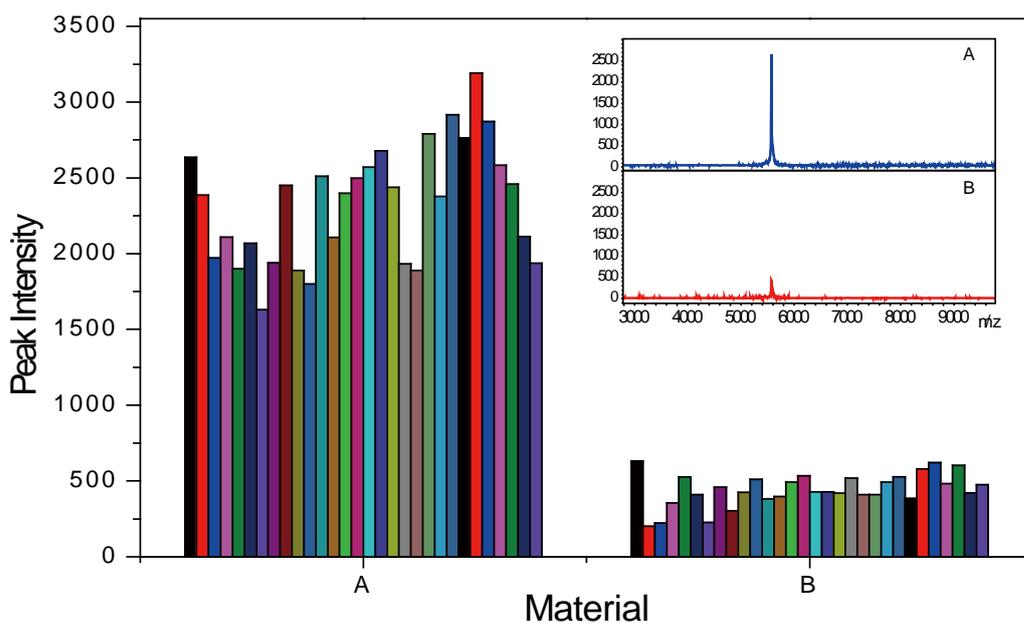


Fig. S5 Mass spectra of the insulin samples obtained on different PSi materials. 2  $\mu\text{L}$  aliquot of the insulin sample was spotted on n-type PSi chip (A) and on n-type PSi-PdNPs chip (B), respectively. The test was repeated for 30 times on each chip.

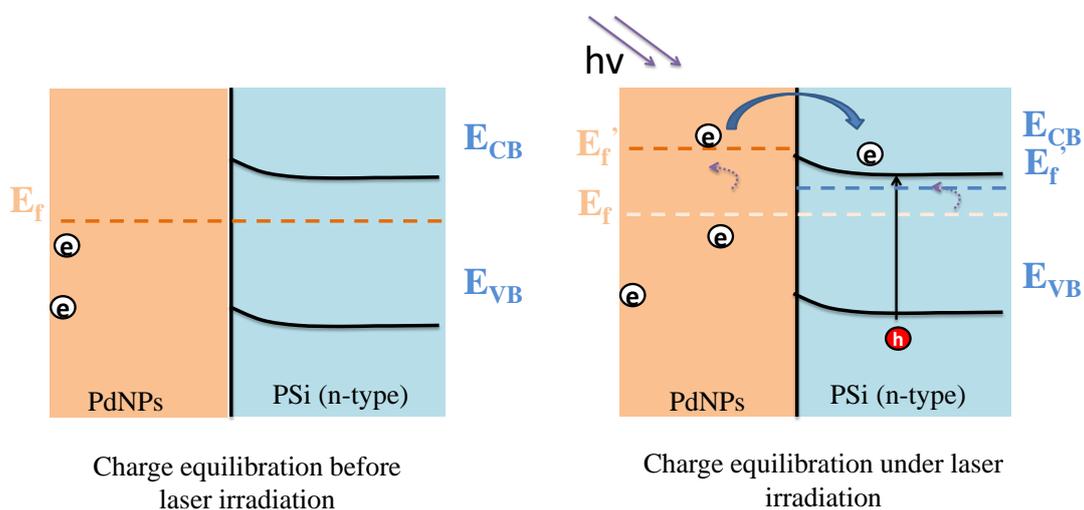


Fig. S6 Charge transfer diagram for PdNPs in contact with n-type PSi semiconductor under laser irradiation.

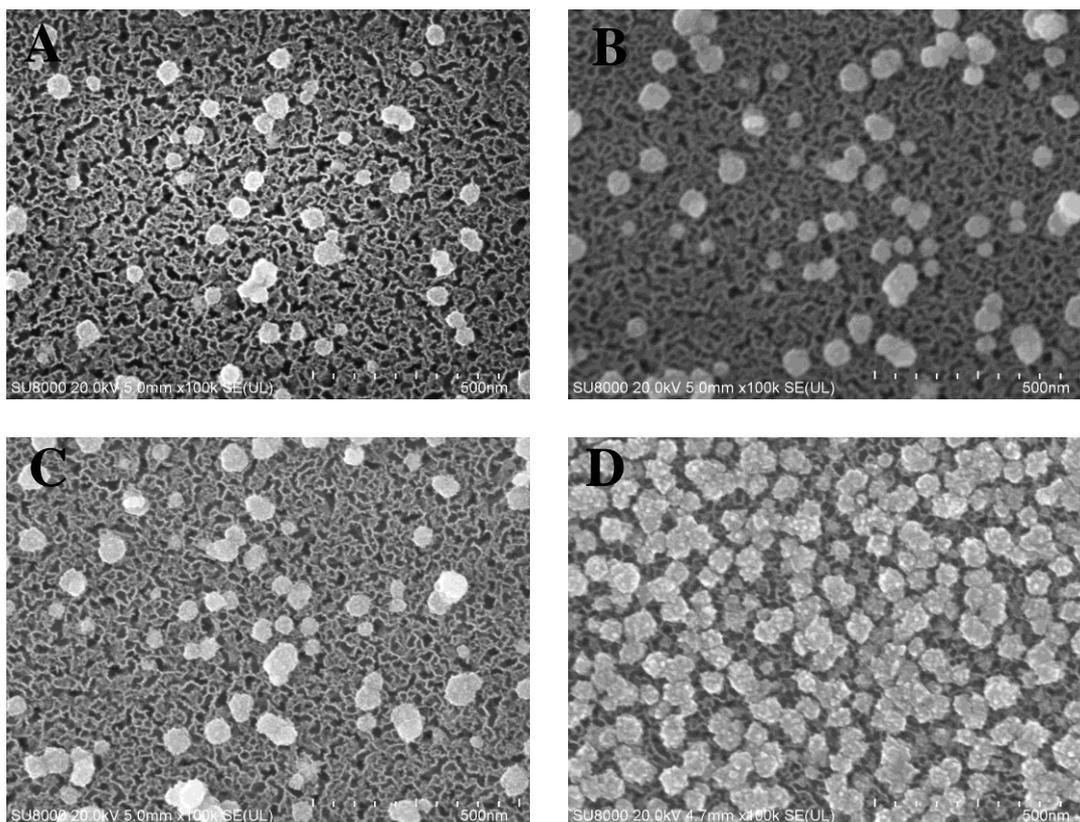


Fig. S7 The top view SEM image of PSI-PdNPs chip. The time for electrodeposition of PdNPs was controlled at (A) 1 min, (B) 10 min, (C) 15 min and (D) 20 min, respectively. The scale bar in the SEM image refers to 500 nm.

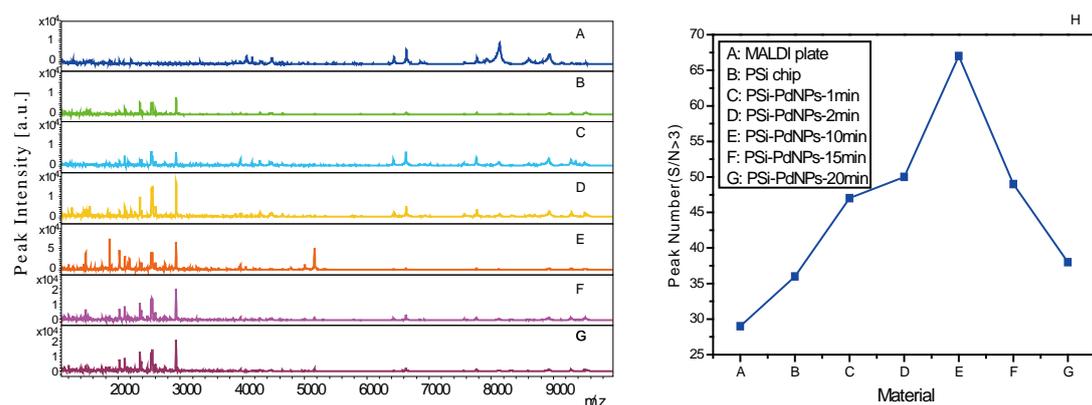


Fig. S8 Serum peptide spectra obtained on PSI-PdNPs chips with different Pd deposition time (A) standard MALDI plate, (B) PSI chip, (C) PSI-PdNPs chip (1 min), (D) PSI-PdNPs chip (2 min), (E) PSI-PdNPs chip (10 min), (F) PSI-PdNPs chips (15 min), (G) PSI-PdNPs chip (20 min), (H) The number of MS peaks with  $S/N > 3$  obtained under different conditions corresponding to A-G.

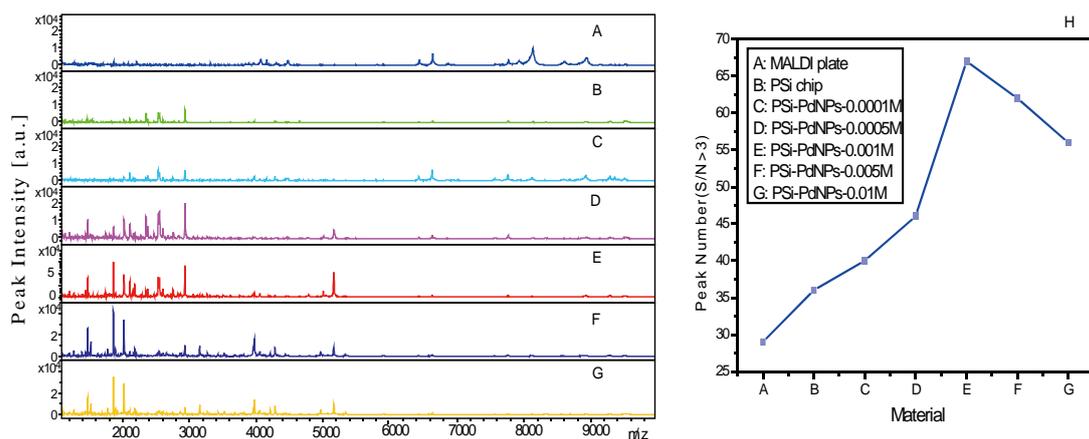


Fig. S9 Serum peptide spectra obtained on PSi-PdNPs chips prepared at different concentration of PdCl<sub>2</sub> solution. (A) standard MALDI plate, (B) PSi chip, (C) PSi-PdNPs chip ( $c = 0.0001 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ ), (D) PSi-PdNPs chip ( $c = 0.0005 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ ), (E) PSi-PdNPs chip ( $c = 0.001 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ ), (F) PSi-PdNPs chip ( $c = 0.005 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ ), (G) PSi-PdNPs chip ( $c = 0.01 \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ ), (H) The number of MS peaks with S/N > 3 obtained under different conditions corresponding to A-G.

**Table. S1 The number of detected peak (S/N > 3) obtained on different chip**

MALDI	PSi chip	PSi-GNPs chip	PSi-PdNPs chip
—	1016.416	—	1016.972
—	—	1059.473	1059.104
—	1070.652	—	—
1076.428	1076.692	1076.578	1076.871
—	—	—	1275.226
—	—	1483.746	1483.325
—	—	—	1530.559
—	—	—	1545.021
—	—	1739.368	—
—	—	—	1778.781
1865.914	—	1865.624	1865.644
—	—	—	1887.848
—	—	—	1896.655
—	—	—	1933.949
—	—	—	1985.498
—	—	2005.291	2005.018
2023.583	2023.058	2023.678	2023.023
—	—	—	2044.146
—	—	—	2065.478
—	—	2083.344	2083.925
—	—	—	2168.586
—	—	2113.914	—
—	—	2184.754	2184.46
—	—	2209.088	—
—	2355.394	2355.298	2355.911
—	2539.553	—	2538.734
—	2556.365	—	2555.224
—	2934.9	2934.687	2934.968
—	—	3159.215	3159.23
3219.745	3219.507	—	—
—	—	—	3274.383
3318.856	3318.72	3318.347	3431.711
—	—	—	3524.496
—	—	—	3814.057
3886.417	3886.244	3886.365	—
—	—	3957.801	3957.498
3975.84	3975.524	3971.808	3975.26
—	—	—	4038.472
—	—	—	4055.09
4066.805	4066.81	4066.311	—
—	—	—	4113.819
—	—	4130.634	4130.634

4155.896	4155.14	4155.89	4155.997
—	—	—	4210.199
4283.92	4283.61	4283.019	4283.695
4302.685	4302.555	4302.655	4302.662
—	—	—	4326.461
—	4438.435	4438.231	4438.654
—	—	4468.639	4468.243
4647.548	4646.833	4646.153	4646.576
—	—	—	4788.262
—	—	—	4966.26
—	—	—	5005.478
—	—	—	5046.442
—	—	—	5069.818
—	—	—	5161.435
—	—	—	5202.996
—	—	5337.098	5337.914
—	5905.674	5905.128	5905.315
6434.751	6434.936	6434.551	6434.174
6635.051	6634.45	6634.058	6634.969
6855.356	—	—	—
—	6873.363	—	—
6935.702	6935.086	—	—
7023.054	7022.723	7022.781	7022.874
7567.681	7566.098	7565.29	7565.73
7771.783	7769.949	7769.268	7769.83
—	7938.236	7938.021	—
8130.24	8129.428	8129.228	8129.513
8605.477	8605.511	8605.142	8604.57
—	—	8690.722	8690.728
—	—	—	8888.575
—	—	8932.871	8932.278
8935.414	8935.363	8934.591	8934.911
9133.921	9132.631	9133.462	9133.561
9292.257	9291.207	9291.217	9291.06
9367.166	9365.203	—	9366.754
9421.732	—	—	9421.287
9496.896	9495.349	9495.12	9495.974
—	9515.321	—	9512.695

## Reference

1. J. Feng, W. Zhao, B. Su, J. Wu, *Biosensors and Bioelectronics* 2011, 30: 21–27.