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#### **Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)**

for

# Rapid detection of hydrazine in almost wholly water solution and in

### living cells with a new colorimetric and fluorescent turn-on probe

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1. Structure characterizations of probe 1







#### 2. Additional spectra and data



Fig. S1. (a) UV-Vis and (b) fluorescence spectra of probe 1 (10  $\mu$ M) and NI-OH (10  $\mu$ M) in PBS buffer (10 mM, pH 7.4) with 2% CH<sub>3</sub>CN at 37 °C. For fluorescence,  $\lambda_{ex} = 450$  nm, slit width:  $d_{ex} = 5$  nm,  $d_{em} = 10$  nm.



**Fig. S2.** Kinetic curve of probe **1** (10  $\mu$ M) with hydrazine (50  $\mu$ M) in PBS buffer (10 mM, pH 7.4) with 2% CH<sub>3</sub>CN at 37 °C. The reaction was monitored by absorbance change at 445 nm and the data were fitted by a first-order reaction scheme as shown in the figure.



Fig. S3. Calculated charge distribution map of probe 1 by DFT (density functional theory).



Fig. S4. The fluorescent responses of probe 1 (10  $\mu$ M, black) and probe 1 with hydrazine (50  $\mu$ M, red) at 558 nm under different pHs. All experiment was performed in PBS buffer (10 mM) with with 2% CH<sub>3</sub>CN at 37 °C and each spectrum was obtained 10 min after mixing.  $\lambda_{ex} = 450$  nm, slit width:  $d_{ex} = 5$  nm,  $d_{em} = 10$  nm.



Fig. S5. Fluorescence responses of probe 1 (10  $\mu$ M) at 558 nm upon addition of hydrazine (0-90  $\mu$ M) in PBS buffer (10 mM, pH 7.4) with 2% CH<sub>3</sub>CN (v/v) at 37 °C. Final concentration of hydrazine: 0, 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 25, 30, 33, 35, 37, 39, 40, 42, 44, 45, 50, 60, 70, 80 and 90  $\mu$ M.



**Fig. S6.** Fluorescence intensity changes of probe **1** (10 μM) at 558 nm toward 100 μM (except: hydrazine 50 μM) of various analytes including: 1. none, 2. hydrazine, 3. Cys, 4. Hcy, 5. GSH, 6.NaF, 7. NaCl, 8. NaBr, 9. NaI, 10. Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>, 11. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, 12. Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, 13. NaHS, 14. NaNO<sub>3</sub>, 15. NaSCN, 16. NaAc, 17. NH<sub>3</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O, 18. NH<sub>2</sub>OH·HCl, 19. H<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, 20. HOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, 21. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, 22. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, 23. NaClO, 24. H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, 25. NaNO<sub>2</sub>, 26. <sup>*i*</sup>BuOO', 27. <sup>•</sup>OH, 28. NaN<sub>3</sub>, 29. Na<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, 30. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, 31. Na<sub>2</sub>S. All experiments were performed in PBS buffer (10 mM, pH 7.4) with 2% CH<sub>3</sub>CN at 37 °C, and each spectrum was obtained 10 min after addition of an analyte.  $\lambda_{ex} = 450$  nm, slit width:  $d_{ex} = 5$  nm,  $d_{em} = 10$  nm.



Fig. S7. (a) Absorption spectra changes of probe 1 (10  $\mu$ M) toward various analytes (100  $\mu$ M, except hydrazine 50  $\mu$ M). (b) Absorbance intensity changes of probe 1 (10  $\mu$ M) at 445 nm toward 100  $\mu$ M of various analytes including: 1. none, 2. Hydrazine (50  $\mu$ M), 3. Cys, 4. Hcy, 5. GSH,

6.NaF, 7. NaCl, 8. NaBr, 9. NaI, 10. Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>, 11. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, 12. Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, 13. NaHS, 14. NaNO<sub>3</sub>, 15. NaSCN, 16. NaAc, 17. NH<sub>3</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O, 18. NH<sub>2</sub>OH·HCl, 19. H<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, 20. HOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, 21. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, 22. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, 23. NaClO, 24. H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, 25. NaNO<sub>2</sub>, 26. 'BuOO', 27. 'OH, 28. NaN<sub>3</sub>, 29. Na<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, 30. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, 31. Na<sub>2</sub>S. All experiments were performed in PBS buffer (10 mM, pH 7.4) with 2% CH<sub>3</sub>CN at 37 °C, and each spectrum was obtained 10 min after addition of an analyte.



**Fig. S8.** (a) Emission color changes and (b) color changes of probe **1** (10  $\mu$ M) upon addition of 100  $\mu$ M (except hydrazine 50  $\mu$ M) of different analytes in PBS buffer (10 mM, pH 7.4,) with 2% CH<sub>3</sub>CN (v/v) at room temperature. Each vial from left to right: blank, hydrazine, Cys, Hcy, GSH, NaF, NaCl, NaBr, NaI, Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>, Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, NaAc, NaHS, NaSCN, NH<sub>3</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O, NH<sub>2</sub>OH·HCl, H<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, HOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NaClO, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, NaNO<sub>2</sub>, <sup>'</sup>BuOO' and <sup>'</sup>OH). The fluorescent color changes were observed under a potable 365 nm UV lamp. Visual color changes were observed under ambient light.



**Fig. S9.** (a) Fluorescence spectra changes of probe **1** (10 μM) toward various analytes (100 μM, except hydrazine, 50 μM). (b) Fluorescence intensity changes of probe **1** (10 μM) at 558 nm toward 100 μM (except: hydrazine 50 μM) of various analytes including: 1. none, 2. hydrazine, 3. K<sup>+</sup>, 4. Ca<sup>2+</sup>, 5. Na<sup>+</sup>, 6. Mg<sup>2+</sup>, 7. Zn<sup>2+</sup>, 8. Cu<sup>2+</sup>, 9. Trp, 10. Phe, 11. Gln, 12. Ala, 13. Leu, 14. Thr, 15. Ser, 16. Asp, 17. Ile, 18. Met, 19. Lys, 20. Gly, 21. Arg, 22. Tyr, 23. Pyr, 24. His. All experiments were performed in PBS buffer (10 mM, pH 7.4) with 2% CH<sub>3</sub>CN at 37 °C, and each spectrum was obtained 10 min after addition of an analyte.  $\lambda_{ex} = 450$  nm, slit width:  $d_{ex} = 5$  nm,  $d_{em} = 10$  nm.



**Fig. S10.** Percentage of viable HeLa cells after treatment with indicated concentrations of probe after 24 hours. The cell viability was observed via MTT assay.

Probes	Detection system	Range of linear correlation / µM	LOD	Time / min	Ref.
	DMSO-HEPES buffer (1:4, v/v)	0-50	0.17 μM (5.4 ppb).	10	Anal. Chem. 2015, 87, 9101
	CH <sub>3</sub> CN-HEPES buffer (9:1, v/v)	1-150	58 nM	-	Anal. Chim. Acta 2015,893,84
Br 0 0	CH <sub>3</sub> CN-HEPES buffer (1:9, v/v)	10-200	2 μΜ	60	Biosens. Bioelectron. 2014,58,282
	H <sub>2</sub> O-DMSO (4:6, v/v)	1-50	0.3 ppb	2	Chem. Commun., 2014, 50, 1485
	H <sub>2</sub> O-DMSO (3:7, v/v)	0.1-1.0	3.2 ppb	0.5	Anal. Chem., 2014, 86, 4611
CF3 OH	H <sub>2</sub> O-CH <sub>3</sub> CN (1:9, v/v)	0-5	3.2 ppb	60	Chem. Sci. 2013, 4, 4121
	H <sub>2</sub> O-THF (1:1, v/v)	0.06-0.12	0.11 ppb	3	Dyes Pigm. 2013, 99, 966
	Tris.HCl buffer- DMF (3/7, v/v)	5-20	12.191 nM		J. Mater. Chem. B, 2014, 2, 1846

3. Table S1. Comparison of some representative fluorescent hydrazine probes

	DMSO-acetate buffer (9:1, v/v)	0.5-3.5	13.4 ppb	20	Chem. Commun., 2012,48, 8117
	DMSO-HEPES buffer (9:1, v/v)	0-5	6.01 ppb	60	J. Mater. Chem. B, 2014,2, 7344
	DMSO- Tris buffer solution (1 : 1, v/v)	0-25	2.9 ррв	10	Org. Biomol. Chem. 2013, 11, 2961
	DMSO- acetate buffer (7:3, v/v)	0-14	2.46 µM	15	Org. Lett., 2011,13,5260
	DMSO-acetate buffer (9:1, v/v)	10.0-80.0	0.81 ppb	40	Org. Lett., 2013, 15, 4022
Br of o N S	CH <sub>3</sub> CN-HEPES buffer (2:3, v/v)	1-9.5	2.2 ppb	15	Org. Lett., 2013, 15, 5412
Br, C, C, C, C, C, Br	CH <sub>3</sub> OH–H <sub>2</sub> O (1 : 1, v/v,)	2-39	38.81nM	15	RSC Adv., 2014, 4, 14210
	DMSO-HEPES buffer (7:3, v/v)	0-10	1.87 µM	-	RSC Adv., 2015, 5, 58228
	CH3CN	0-5.5	0.2 μM (7 ppb) in CH <sub>3</sub> CN		Sens. Actuators, B 2014,199,93
o o Br	DMSO-PBS buffer (9:1, v/v)	0-50	0.15 μM (4.8 ppb)	30	Sens. Actuators, B 2015,216,141
	PBS buffer (2% CH <sub>3</sub> CN, v/v)	0-20	0.10 µМ (~3 ppb)	10	This work