# Metal Catalyst-free Substitution of Allylic and Propargylic Phosphates with Diarylmethyl Anions

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# Part 1: Experimental

#### **General Information**

The <sup>1</sup>H (300 or 400 MHz) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 or 100 MHz) spectroscopic data were recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub> using Me<sub>4</sub>Si ( $\delta = 0$  ppm) and the centreline of the triplet ( $\delta = 77.1$  ppm), respectively, as internal standards. Signal patterns are indicated as br s (broad singlet), s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet) and m (multiplet). Coupling constants (*J*) are given in Hertz (Hz). Chemical shifts of carbons are accompanied by minus (for C and CH<sub>2</sub>) and plus (for CH and CH<sub>3</sub>) signs of the attached proton test (APT) experiments. High-resolution mass spectroscopy (HRMS) was performed with a double-focusing mass spectrometer with an ionization mode of positive FAB or EI as indicated for each compound. The solvents that were distilled prior to use are THF (from Na/benzophenone), Et<sub>2</sub>O (from Na/benzophenone) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (from CaH<sub>2</sub>). Products were purified by chromatography on silica gel (Kanto, spherical silica gel 60N). Regioselectivity is expressed by % rs or by ratios of the products.

#### Materials

Alcohol (*R*)-6, which had been prepared previously from (*R*)-but-3-yn-2-ol ((*R*)-117) of 98% ee,<sup>S1</sup> was converted to (*R*)-3 (vide infra). (*S*)- and (*R*)-MTPA acids (both 99% ee) were purchased from Aldrich.

#### **GP1: General Procedure for Phosphorylation of Alcohols**

To a solution of an alcohol (1 equiv) and *N*-methylimidazole (>1 equiv) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  was added diethyl chlorophosphate (>1 equiv). The solution was stirred at rt and diluted with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc several times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residual oil was purified by chromatography on silica gel to give the phosphate.

#### Phosphates

(R)-6

### (R,E)-5-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)pent-3-en-2-yl diethyl phosphate ((R)-3)



(R)-**3** 

According to GP1 using alcohol (*R*)- $6^{81}$  (98% ee, 220 mg, 1.03 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.22 mL, 1.54 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.15 mL, 1.85 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) at rt for 12 h afforded phosphate (*R*)-**3** (343 mg, 95% yield):  $R_f$  0.37 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1472, 1390, 1259, 1035 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.03 (s, 6 H), 0.87 (s, 9 H), 1.28 (dt, *J* = 1.0, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.30 (dt, *J* = 1.0, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.38 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3 H), 3.99–4.12 (m, 4 H), 4.13–4.18 (m, 2 H), 4.92 (sext., *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.72 (dd, *J* = 15.3, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.79 (dt, *J* = 15.3, 3.6 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -5.3 (+), 16.1 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 18.4 (-), 22.3 (+) (d, *J* = 5 Hz), 25.9 (+), 62.7 (-), 63.50 (-) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 63.54 (-) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 75.2 (+) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 129.5 (+) (d, *J* = 5 Hz), 131.5 (+). The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C–APT NMR spectra were consistent with those reported.<sup>81</sup>

# (E)-6-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)hex-4-en-3-yl diethyl phosphate (7)



According to the literature procedure<sup>S1</sup> a mixture of alcohol **101** (193 mg, 0.835 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.18 mL, 1.25 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.12 mL, 1.51 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) was stirred at rt for 12 h to afford phosphate **7** (275 mg, 90% yield):  $R_f$  0.35 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); IR (neat) 1472, 1390, 1259, 1035, 837 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.07 (s, 6 H), 0.91 (s, 9 H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3 H), 1.31 (dt, *J* = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.33 (dt, *J* = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.61–1.83 (m, 2 H), 4.02–4.15 (m, 4 H), 4.16–4.21 (m, 2 H), 4.73 (quint., *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.71 (ddt, *J* = 15.4, 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.84 (dt, *J* = 15.4, 4.3 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -5.3 (+), 9.3 (+), 16.13 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 16.15 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 18.4 (-), 25.9 (+), 29.1 (-) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 62.7 (-), 63.46 (-) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 63.48 (-) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 80.4 (+) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 128.0 (+) (d, *J* = 4 Hz), 132.9 (+). The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C–APT NMR spectra were consistent with those reported.<sup>S1</sup>

(E)-6-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-methylhex-4-en-3-yl diethyl phosphate (8)



According to GP1 using alcohol **102** (76 mg, 0.31 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.067 mL, 0.47 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.044 mL, 0.56 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 mL) at rt for 12 h afforded phosphate **8** (113 mg, 95% yield):  $R_f$  0.41 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); IR (neat) 1471, 1389, 1258, 1037 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.06 (s, 6 H), 0.90 (s, 9 H), 0.92 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 0.94 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 1.30 (dt, *J* = 1.0, 7.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.32 (dt, *J* = 1.0, 7.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.93 (d of sept., *J* = 6.0, 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.02–4.16 (m, 4 H), 4.19 (dm, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 2 H), 4.58 (dt, *J* = 6.0, 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 5.71 (ddt, *J* = 15.4, 7.5, 1.7 Hz, 2 H), 5.84 (ddt, *J* = 15.4, 4.2, 0.6 Hz, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -5.3 (+), 16.1 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 16.2 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 17.6 (+), 18.0 (+), 18.4 (-), 25.9 (+), 33.4 (+) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 62.7 (-), 63.5 (-) (d, *J* = 5 Hz), 84.0 (+) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 126.1 (+) (d, *J* = 3 Hz), 133.8 (+); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>38</sub>O<sub>5</sub>PSi [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>] 381.2226, found 381.2218.



To a suspension of Mg turning (174 mg, 7.16 mmol) in THF (3 mL) was added 1-bromopropane (0.54 mL, 5.97 mmol) dropwise under reflux. The resulting mixture was cooled to rt and diluted with THF (3 mL). Acrolein (**103**) (0.20 mL, 2.99 mmol) was added to the mixture dropwise. The mixture was stirred at rt for 1 h and diluted with saturated  $NH_4Cl$ . The resulting mixture was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  three times. The combined extracts were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to afford crude alcohol **104**, which was used for the next reaction without further purification.

According to GP1 using the above alcohol **104**, diethyl chlorophosphate (0.86 mL, 5.98 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.59 mL, 7.48 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (6 mL) at rt for 1 h afforded phosphate **9** (481 mg, 68% yield from **103**):  $R_f$  0.36 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); IR (neat) 1264, 985 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.93 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3 H), 1.32 (dt, *J* = 1.0, 7.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.33 (dt, *J* = 1.0, 7.1 Hz, 3 H), 1.26–1.48 (m, 2 H), 1.54–1.65 (m, 1 H), 1.66–1.78 (m, 1 H), 4.03–4.16 (m, 4 H), 4.75 (ddt, *J* = 7.1, 6.8, 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.20 (dt, *J* = 10.3, 1.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.31 (dt, *J* = 17.3, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.83 (ddd, *J* = 17.3, 10.3, 7.1 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  13.8 (+), 16.1 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 16.2 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 18.1 (–), 38.0 (–) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 63.57 (–) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 63.59 (–) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 79.7 (+) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 117.1 (–), 137.1 (+) (d, *J* = 4 Hz); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>4</sub>P [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>] 237.1256, found 237.1255.



According to the literature procedure, <sup>S2</sup> a solution of **105** (982 mg, 4.90 mmol), Ti(O-*i*-Pr)<sub>4</sub> (1.45 mL, 4.90 mmol) and L-(+)-DIPT (1.24 mL, 5.88 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (25 mL) was cooled to -40 °C. A solution of *t*-BuOOH (3.50 M in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 2.10 mL, 7.35 mmol) was added to the solution. The reaction was conducted at -20 °C for 11 h and Me<sub>2</sub>S (1.10 mL, 14.9 mmol) was added to quench excess *t*-BuOOH. After 30 min at -20 °C, tartaric acid (10%, 1.0 mL) and NaF (2.91 g, 69 mmol) were added. The mixture was stirred at rt for 30 min and Celite (4.0 g) was added. The mixture was filtered through a pad of Celite. The filtrate was mixed with NaOH (10%, 50 mL) and the mixture was stirred at rt for 10 min. The organic solution was separated, and the aqueous solution was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> twice. The combined extracts were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to afford a mixture of (*R*)-**105** and **106**. The mixture was subjected to chromatography on silica gel to afford (*R*)-**105** (401 mg, 41% yield) and **106** (426 mg, 40% yield). Alcohol (*R*)-**105** was converted to the MTPA ester to determine 98% ee by <sup>1</sup>H NMR.

According to GP1 using the above alcohol (R)-105 (190 mg, 0.949 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.21 mL,

1.46 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.15 mL, 1.90 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 mL) at rt for 1 h afforded phosphate (*R*)-**10** (266 mg, 83% yield):  $[\alpha]_D^{21}$  +8.5 (*c* 0.98, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); *R*<sub>f</sub> 0.74 (hexane/EtOAc 1:2); IR (neat) 1262, 1250, 1037, 986 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.04 (s, 9 H), 0.85 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 1.21–1.40 (m, 12 H), 1.52–1.74 (m, 2 H), 3.99–4.12 (m, 4 H), 4.64–4.73 (m, 1 H), 5.89 (d, *J* = 18.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.95 (dd, *J* = 18.4, 4.8 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –1.4 (+), 14.0 (+), 16.2 (+) (*J* = 7 Hz), 22.5 (–), 24.4 (–), 31.5 (–), 35.7 (–) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 63.5 (–) (d, *J* = 5 Hz), 81.5 (+) (d, *J* = 4 Hz), 132.4 (+), 144.1 (+); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>4</sub>PSi (M<sup>+</sup>) 336.1886, found 336.1888.

*cis*-4-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopent-2-en-1-yl diethyl phosphate (11)



A mixture of alcohol  $107^{S3}$  (1.05 g, 7.38 mmol), TBSCl (1.63 g, 10.8 mmol), imidazole (1.01 g, 14.9 mmol) and a catalytic amount of DMAP in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL) was stirred at rt for 12 h and diluted with brine. The resulting mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to afford TBS ether **108**, which was used for the next reaction without further purification.

A mixture of the above ether **108** and  $K_2CO_3$  (2.07 g, 14.9 mmol) in MeOH (15 mL) was stirred at rt for 17 h and diluted with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue, which was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc) to afford alcohol **109** (1.34 g, 85% yield over two steps). The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum was consistent with that reported. <sup>S1,S4,S5</sup>

According to GP1 using alcohol **109** (388 mg, 1.81 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.39 mL, 2.71 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.26 mL, 3.30 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL) at rt for 11 h afforded phosphate **11** (566 mg, 89% yield):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.40 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1261, 1036, 1003 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.04 (s, 3 H), 0.05 (s, 3 H), 0.85 (s, 9 H), 1.30 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6 H), 1.72 (dt, *J* = 13.4, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.78 (dt, *J* = 13.4, 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.07 (quint., *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4 H), 4.59–4.68 (m, 1 H), 5.10–5.20 (m, 1 H), 5.88–5.96 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –4.7 (+), –4.6 (+), 16.1 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 18.1 (-), 25.8 (+), 42.4 (-) (d, *J* = 4 Hz), 63.7 (-) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 74.6 (+), 79.9 (+) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 131.8 (+) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 139.0 (+). The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C–APT NMR spectra were consistent with those reported.<sup>S1</sup>

# trans-4-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopent-2-en-1-yl diethyl phosphate (12)



To an ice-cold solution of alcohol **109** (216 mg, 1.01 mmol), PPh<sub>3</sub> (537 mg, 2.05 mmol) and HCO<sub>2</sub>H (0.076 mL, 2.01 mmol) in toluene (10 mL) was added DIAD (0.39 mL, 2.02 mmol) dropwise. The mixture was stirred at rt for 12 h and diluted with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to give a residue, which was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc) to afford formyl ester **110**.

A mixture of the above ester **110** and Et<sub>3</sub>N (0.014 mL, 0.100 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) was stirred at rt for 6 h and concentrated to give a residue, which was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc) to afford alcohol **111** (206 mg, 95% yield over two steps).

According to GP1 using alcohol **111** (100.3 mg, 0.468 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.10 mL, 0.695 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.066 mL, 0.837 mmol) at rt for 10 h afforded phosphate **12** (138 mg, 84% yield):  $R_f$  0.40 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); IR (neat) 1472, 1370, 1260, 1030 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.06 (s, 6 H), 0.86 (s, 9 H), 1.31 (tm, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H), 2.01 (ddd, J = 14.4, 6.6, 3.9, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.30 (ddd, J = 14.4, 6.6, 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 4.01–4.18 (m, 4 H), 5.02–5.11 (m, 1 H), 5.44–5.57 (m, 1 H), 5.98 (dt, J = 5.5, 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 6.03 (dd, J = 5.5, 1.2 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –4.7 (+), 16.2 (+) (d, J = 7 Hz), 18.2 (–), 25.9 (+), 42.3 (–) (d, J = 5 Hz), 63.7 (–) (d, J = 6 Hz), 76.2 (+), 82.3 (+) (d, J = 6 Hz), 131.8 (+) (d, J = 4 Hz), 141.2 (+); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>5</sub>PSi [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>] 351.1757, found 351.1745.



According to GP1 using alcohol **112** (0.10 mL, 1.47 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.21 mL, 1.46 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.13 mL, 1.65 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 mL) at rt for 12 h afforded phosphate **13** (218 mg, 76% yield):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.33 (hexane/EtOAc 1:2); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.30 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 6 H), 4.08 (quint., J = 7.2 Hz, 4 H), 4.49 (dd, J = 7.8, 5.6 Hz, 2 H), 5.21 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.33 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.90 (dd, J = 17.1, 10.2, 5.6 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  16.1 (+) (d, J = 7 Hz), 63.8 (-) (d, J = 6 Hz), 67.9 (-) (d, J = 5 Hz), 118.1 (-), 132.6 (+) (d, J = 7 Hz). The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were consistent with those reported. <sup>S6</sup>

#### (E)-Diethyl hex-2-en-1-yl phosphate (14)



According to GP1 using alcohol **113** (0.50 mL, 4.19 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.91 mL, 6.29 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.60 mL, 7.55 mmol) at rt for 13 h afforded phosphate **14** (904 mg, 91% yield):  $R_f$  0.31 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1459, 1393, 1265, 1034 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.91 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3 H), 1.34 (dt, *J* = 1.0, 7.1 Hz, 6 H), 1.41 (tq, *J* = 7.0, 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 2.04 (dt, *J* = 6.4, 7.0 Hz, 2 H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 4.12 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 4.48 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 5.60 (dtt, *J* = 15.3, 6.4, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.80 (dt, *J* = 15.3, 6.6 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  13.5 (+), 16.0 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 21.9 (-), 34.1 (-), 63.5 (-) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 68.1 (-) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 124.5 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 136.3 (+); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>4</sub>P [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>] 237.1256, found 237.1251. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum was consistent with that reported.<sup>S7</sup>



114 15 According to GP1 using geraniol (114) (297 mg, 1.93 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.42 mL, 2.92 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.27 mL, 3.42 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 mL) at rt for 12 h afforded phosphate 15 (517 mg, 92% yield, >97% *E* olefin by <sup>13</sup>C NMR):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.45 (hexane/EtOAc 1:2); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.34 (dt, *J* = 1.2, 7.1 Hz, 6 H), 1.60 (s, 3 H), 1.68 (s, 3 H), 1.71 (s, 3 H), 2.01–2.17 (m, 4 H), 4.11 (dq, *J* = 7.8, 7.1 Hz, 4 H), 4.57 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 5.09 (tm, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1 H), 5.41 (tm, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  16.1 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 16.4 (+), 17.7 (+), 25.7 (+), 26.2 (-), 39.5 (-), 63.6 (-) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 64.1 (-) (d, *J* = 5 Hz), 118.9 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 123.6 (+), 131.9 (-), 142.5 (-). The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were consistent with those reported, <sup>58</sup> whereas the <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum in the lit.<sup>89</sup> is corrected.

#### (Z)-3,7-Dimethylocta-2,6-dien-1-yl diethyl phosphate (16)



According to GP1 using nerol (**115**) (390 mg, 2.53 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.55 mL, 3.83 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.40 mL, 5.07 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (25 mL) at rt for 7 h afforded phosphate **16** (521 mg, 71% yield, >97% *Z* olefin by <sup>13</sup>C NMR):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.34 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.33 (dt, *J* = 1.0, 7.2 Hz, 6 H), 1.60 (s, 3 H), 1.68 (s, 3 H), 1.77 (s, 3 H), 2.02–2.16 (m, 4 H), 4.10 (dq, *J* = 8.0, 7.2 Hz, 4 H), 4.54 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2 H), 5.04–5.13 (m, 1 H), 5.41 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  16.1 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 17.7 (+), 23.5 (+), 25.7 (+), 26.6 (-), 32.1 (-), 63.6 (-) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 63.8 (-) (d, *J* = 5 Hz), 119.9 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 123.5 (+), 132.3 (-), 142.7 (-). The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were consistent with those reported, <sup>S8</sup> whereas the <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum in the lit.<sup>S10</sup> is corrected.

5-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)pent-3-yn-2-yl diethyl phosphate (17)



According to GP1 using alcohol **116** (238 mg, 1.11 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.24 mL, 1.67 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.158 mL, 2.00 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5 mL) at rt for 11 h afforded phosphate **17** (361 mg, 92% yield):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.33 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); IR (neat) 1261, 1037, 1003, 837 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.12 (s, 6 H), 0.91 (s, 9 H), 1.35 (dt, *J* = 2.0, 7.2 Hz, 6 H), 1.57 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3 H), 4.08–4.20 (m, 4 H), 4.35 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 2 H), 5.09–5.18 (m, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –5.1 (+), 16.2 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 18.3 (–), 23.4 (+) (d, *J* = 5 Hz), 25.8 (+), 51.7 (–), 63.9 (–) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 64.0 (–) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 64.4 (+) (d, *J* = 5 Hz), 83.0 (–) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 84.6 (–); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>5</sub>PSi [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>] 351.1757, found 351.1767.

## (R)-Diethyl (4-(trimethylsilyl)but-3-yn-2-yl) phosphate ((R)-18)



To an ice-cold solution of alcohol (R)-117<sup>S11</sup> (98% ee by <sup>1</sup>H NMR of the MTPA ester (see part 4 of this supporting info.), 350 mg, 4.99 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was added a solution of MeLi (1.16 M in Et<sub>2</sub>O, 9.50 mL, 11.0 mmol) dropwise. The solution was stirred at rt for 1 h and TMSCl (1.60 mL, 12.6 mmol) was added. The solution was stirred at rt for 1 h and 3 N HCl was carefully added until the mixture became acidic. After being stirred for 30 min at rt, the mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The extract was washed sequentially with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to afford (R)-118, which was diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL). To the CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> solution cooled to 0 °C were added *N*-methylimidazole (0.71 mL, 8.99 mmol) and diethyl chlorophosphate (1.08 mL, 7.51 mmol) and the solution was stirred at rt for 5 h. The remaining reagent was quenched by addition of Me<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> (1.90 mL, 15.2 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at rt for 30 min before addition of saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The resulting mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to leave an oil, which was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc) to afford (R)-18 (1.05 g, 76% yield):  $[\alpha]_D^{21}$ +51 (c 1.03, CHCl<sub>3</sub>);  $R_f$ 0.31 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1394, 1034, 989, 847 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 0.13 (s, 9 H), 1.31 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.32 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.52 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 4.02–4.18 (m, 2 H), 5.06 (dt, J = 1.2, 7.2 Hz, 3 7.5, 6.6 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –0.3 (+), 16.1 (+) (d, J = 7 Hz), 23.4 (+), 63.8 (–) (d, J = 6.5 Hz), 63.9 (-) (d, J = 6.5 Hz), 64.6 (+) (d, J = 5 Hz), 90.5 (-), 103.4 (-) (d, J = 5 Hz); HRMS (EI); m/z calcd forC<sub>11</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>4</sub>PSi (M<sup>+</sup>) 278.1103, found 278.1098.



A mixture of alcohol **119** (861 mg, 4.34 mmol), PCC (1.40 g, 6.50 mmol), Celite (2.10 g), and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL) was stirred vigorously at rt for 1 h and diluted with hexane. The resulting mixture was filtered through a pad of Celite and the filtrate was concentrated to leave an oil, which was purified by chromatography on silica gel to afford ketone **120** (830 mg, 97% yield). RuCl[(1*R*,2*R*)-TsDPEN](*p*-cymene) (269 mg, 0.423 mmol) was neutralized with KOH in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, and the mixture was washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, dried over CaH<sub>2</sub> and concentrated under vacuum to afford a residue, which was transferred with *i*-PrOH (6 mL) to a solution of ketone **120** (830 mg, 4.23 mmol) in *i*-PrOH (15 mL). The solution was stirred at rt for 11 h and concentrated. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc) to give alcohol (*R*)-**119** (806 mg, 96% yield), which was 93% ee as determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy of the derived (*S*)- and (*R*)-MTPA esters: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.49 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1 H) (major (*S*)-MTPA ester);  $\delta$  5.54 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1 H) (minor (*R*)-MTPA ester).

According to GP1 using alcohol (*R*)-**119** (93% ee, 188 mg, 0.949 mmol), diethyl chlorophosphate (0.21 mL, 1.46 mmol) and *N*-methylimidazole (0.15 mL, 1.90 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (5 mL) at rt for 2 h afforded a mixture of (*R*)-**19** and remaining chlorophosphate, to which  $Me_2N(CH_2)_3NH_2$  was added. After 30 min at rt, the mixture was diluted with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The product was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  and purified by chromatography on silica

gel (hexane/EtOAc) to afford phosphate (*R*)-**19** (289 mg, 91% yield):  $[\alpha]_D^{21}$  +29 (*c* 0.94, CHCl<sub>3</sub>): *R*<sub>f</sub> 0.33 (hexane/EtOAc 3:1); IR (neat) 2179, 1252, 1035, 846 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.17 (s, 9 H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H), 1.24–1.54 (m, 12 H), 1.71–1.90 (m, 2 H), 4.06–4.22 (m, 4 H), 4.96 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 6.6 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –0.3 (+), 14.0 (+), 16.1 (+) (d, *J* = 7 Hz), 22.5 (–), 24.4 (–), 31.2 (–), 36.5 (–) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 63.77 (–) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 63.85 (–) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 68.5 (+) (d, *J* = 6 Hz), 91.4 (–), 102.7 (–) (d, *J* = 4 Hz); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O<sub>4</sub>PSi (M<sup>+</sup>) 334.1729, found 334.1730.

# Reaction of 1e with BuLi



To an ice-cold solution of **1e** (74 mg, 0.438 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 0.28 mL, 0.434 mmol) dropwise. The solution was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min and H<sub>2</sub>O was added to the solution. The resulting mixture was extracted with hexane twice. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to afford a residue, which was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc) to afford **29** (22 mg, 22% yield):  $R_f$  0.40 (hexane/EtOAc 4:1); IR (neat) 1599, 733, 699 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.92 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H), 1.37 (sextet, J = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 1.62–1.74 (m, 2 H), 2.73 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 2 H), 3.93 (s, 2 H), 6.91 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1 H), 6.96 (s, 1 H), 7.14–7.36 (m, 5 H), 8.40 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  14.0 (+), 22.6 (–), 32.1 (–), 38.1 (–), 41.3 (–), 121.5 (+), 123.2 (+), 126.6 (+), 128.7 (+), 129.0 (+), 139.2 (–), 149.2 (+), 150.2 (–), 162.6 (–); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N (M<sup>+</sup>) 225.1517, found 225.1517.

# GP2: General Procedures for Substitution of Phosphates with Diarylmethanes using BuLi

To a solution of diarylmethane 1 (3.3 equiv) in THF was added a solution of BuLi (3 equiv) in hexane dropwise. The solution was stirred at 0 °C–rt for 15 min and cooled to -15 °C. Phosphate (1 equiv) in THF was added to the solution dropwise. The solution was stirred at -15 °C for a specific period of time (usually 15 min) and diluted with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc several times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The residual oil was purified by chromatography on silica gel to afford the corresponding product.

#### GP3: General Procedures for Substitution of Phosphates with Diarylmethanes using LDA

To an ice-cold solution of *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>NH (3.3 equiv) in THF was added a solution of BuLi (3 equiv) in hexane dropwise. The solution was stirred at 0 °C for 30–60 min and 4-PyCH<sub>2</sub>Ph (**1e**) or 2-PyCH<sub>2</sub>Ph (**1f**) (3.2 equiv) in THF was added. The solution was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min and cooled to -15 °C. Phosphate (1 equiv) in THF was added to the solution dropwise. The solution was stirred at -15 °C for a specific period of time (usually 15 min) and diluted with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. The product was extracted and purified as mentioned above.

#### **Allylic Products**

# (S,E)-tert-Butyldimethyl((4-methyl-5,5-diphenylpent-2-en-1-yl)oxy)silane ((S)-4)



According to GP2 using phosphate (*R*)-**3** (98% ee, 171 mg, 0.485 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL), diphenylmethane (**1a**) (264 mg, 1.57 mmol) and BuLi (1.63 M in hexane, 0.89 mL, 1.45 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded (*S*)-**4** (155 mg, 87% yield, 97% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR):  $[\alpha]_D^{22}$  -5.0 (*c* 0.83, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); *R*<sub>f</sub> 0.85 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1598, 1451, 1378, 1254, 1092 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -0.07 (s, 3 H), -0.06 (s, 3 H), 0.83 (s, 9 H), 0.96 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 3.07 (ddq, *J* = 10.6, 5.9, 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.60 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.99 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 2 H), 5.46 (dt, *J* = 15.5, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.52 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 5.9 Hz, 1 H), 7.07-7.30 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -5.2 (+), 18.4 (-), 19.6 (+), 26.0 (+), 39.9 (+), 58.9 (+), 63.9 (-), 126.0 (+), 126.1 (+), 128.2 (+), 128.3 (+), 128.47 (+), 128.51 (+), 129.0 (+), 134.7 (+), 144.0 (-), 144.3 (-); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>33</sub>OSi [(M–H)<sup>+</sup>] 365.2301, found 365.2305.

# Determination of enantiomeric purity of (S)-4.



To a solution of above (*S*)-4 (4.9 mg, 0.013 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 0.13 mL, 0.13 mmol). The solution was stirred at rt for 15 min and diluted with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc twice. The combined extracts were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The residual oil was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc) to afford alcohol (*S*)-**121** (3.3 mg, 98% yield): 96.6% ee by chiral HPLC analysis (Chiralcel AS-H, hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99/1, 0.5 mL/min, 33 °C,  $t_R$  (min) = 36.0 (minor (*R*)-isomer), 41.2 (major (*S*)-isomer));  $R_f$  0.13 (hexane/EtOAc 9:1); IR (neat) 3386, 1598, 1493, 1450, 972, 703 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.98 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 1.42–1.72 (br s, 1 H), 3.00–3.16 (m, 1 H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.84–4.02 (m, 2 H), 5.46–5.63 (m, 1 H), 7.08–7.32 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  19.7 (+), 40.4 (+), 58.8 (+), 63.8 (-), 126.2 (+), 126.3 (+), 128.2 (+), 128.4 (+), 128.5 (+), 128.6 (+), 128.9 (+), 137.5 (+), 143.9 (-), 144.1 (-); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ONa [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>] 275.1412, found 275.1406.

Determination of the absolute configuration of (S)-4.



To a suspension of above (*S*)-4 (132 mg, 0.361 mmol) and NaIO<sub>4</sub> (1.23 g, 5.77 mmol) in MeCN (4 mL), CCl<sub>4</sub> (4 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (6 mL) was added a catalytic amount of RuCl<sub>3</sub>·nH<sub>2</sub>O. The mixture was stirred at rt for 12 h and diluted with H<sub>2</sub>O. The resulting mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> three times. The combined extracts were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The residual oil was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc) to afford acid (*R*)-5 (54 mg, 62% yield). The (*R*)-configuration of the acid was determined by comparison of  $[\alpha]_D^{21}$  +57 (*c* 1.25, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) with the lit.<sup>S12</sup> values for the (*S*)-isomer ( $[\alpha]_D^{26.5}$  -52.6 ±1.7 (*c* 1.578, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)). Other characterization data of (*R*)-5: *R*<sub>f</sub> 0.13 (hexane/EtOAc 4:1); IR (neat) 3054, 1710, 1265, 740 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.13 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 3.31 (dq, *J* = 11.6, 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.06 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.10–7.33 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  17.2 (+), 44.3 (+), 54.7 (+), 126.6 (+), 126.7 (+), 127.6 (+), 128.2 (+), 128.6 (+), 128.8 (+), 142.1 (-), 142.9 (-), 181.4 (-); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>15</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [(M–H)<sup>+</sup>] 239.1072, found 239.1072. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum was consistent with that reported.<sup>S13</sup>

#### (*R*,*E*)-*tert*-Butyldimethyl((4-methyl-5,5-diphenylpent-2-en-1-yl)oxy)silane ((*R*)-4)



To a solution of **1a** (59 mg, 0.35 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) was added BuLi (1.63 M in hexane, 0.20 mL, 0.33 mmol). The solution was stirred at rt for 15 min and cooled to -15 °C. A solution of (*R*)-**2** (29 mg, 0.092 mmol) and Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (6 mg, 0.0052 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) was added to the solution. The solution was stirred at -15 °C for 1 h and diluted with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. The resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The residual oil was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc) to afford a mixture of (*R*)-**4** and the regioisomer (28 mg, 83% yield. >99% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR). The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of (*R*)-**4** was consistent with that of (*S*)-**4** obtained above. The product (5.1 mg, 0.014 mmol) in THF (1 mL) was added TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 0.14 mL, 0.14 mmol), and the mixture was stirred at rt for 15 min to obtain the alcohol (3.1 mg, 88% yield), which showed 91.6% ee by chiral HPLC under the conditions mentioned above.

# (E)-((4-(9H-Xanthen-9-yl)pent-2-en-1-yl)oxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (20)



According to GP2 using phosphate **3** (54 mg, 0.15 mmol) in THF (0.7 mL), 9*H*-xanthene (**1b**) (92 mg, 0.49 mmol) and BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 0.30 mL, 0.46 mmol) in THF (0.7 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded a

mixture of **20** and the regioisomer (46 mg, 79% yield, 87% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR). The major product **20**:  $R_f$  0.90 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1577, 1478, 1458, 1255, 753 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –0.05 (s, 6 H), 0.74 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H), 0.80 (s, 9 H), 2.34–2.45 (m, 1 H), 3.84 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.96 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 2 H), 5.19 (dt, J = 15.4, 5.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.43 (dd, J = 15.4, 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 6.89–7.18 (m, 8 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –5.12 (+), –5.10 (+), 15.7 (+), 18.5 (-), 26.1 (+), 45.5 (+), 46.0 (+), 63.8 (-), nine signals (+) for 10 carbons at 116.18, 116.23, 122.7, 122.9, 127.6, 129.3, 129.5, 129.7 and 132.7, 123.3 (-), 124.2 (-), 152.9 (-), 153.1 (-); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>2</sub>SiNa [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>] 403.2069; found 403.2073. Selected signals for the regioisomer: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  4.77 (dd, J = 15.1, 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.85 (dq, J = 15.1, 6.3 Hz, 1 H).

(E)-((4-(9H-Fluoren-9-yl)pent-2-en-1-yl)oxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (21)



According to GP2 using phosphate **3** (53 mg, 0.15 mmol) in THF (0.7 mL), 9*H*-fluorene (**1c**) (83 mg, 0.48 mmol) and BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 0.29 mL, 0.45 mmol) in THF (0.7 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded a mixture of **21** and the regioisomer (45 mg, 81% yield, 85% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR). The major product **21**: *R*<sub>f</sub> 0.87 and 0.70 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1 and 20:1, respectively); IR (neat) 1717, 1611, 1450, 1254 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –0.04 (s, 6 H), 0.66 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 0.83 (s, 9 H), 3.02–3.14 (m, 1 H), 3.97 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.07 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.50 (dt, *J* = 15.5, 5.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.73 (dd, *J* = 15.5, 6.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.13–7.33 (m, 4 H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –5.1 (+), 14.7 (+), 18.5 (–), 26.0 (+), 39.4 (+), 52.7 (+), 63.9 (–), eight signals (+) for 10 carbons at 119.7, 124.5, 125.3, 126.6, 126.8, 127.1, 129.1 and 134.2, 141.6 (–), 141.8 (–), 145.3 (–), 146.2 (+); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>32</sub>OSiNa [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>] 387.2120, found 387.2123. Selected signals for the regioisomer: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.33 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 3 H), 4.78 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.24 (dq, *J* = 15.2, 6.4 Hz, 1 H).

(E)-tert-Butyldimethyl((4-methyl-5,5-di-p-tolylpent-2-en-1-yl)oxy)silane (22)



According to GP2 using phosphate **3** (53 mg, 0.15 mmol) in THF (0.7 mL), di-*p*-tolylmethane (**1d**) (98 mg, 0.48 mmol) and BuLi (1.60 M in hexane, 0.28 mL, 0.45 mmol) in THF (0.7 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded a mixture of **22** and the regioisomer (57 mg, 95% yield, 92% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR). The major product **22**:  $R_f$  0.90 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1511, 1461, 1254, 836 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –0.07 (s, 3 H), –0.06 (s, 3 H), 0.83 (s, 9 H), 0.95 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 2.24 (s, 3 H), 2.26 (s, 3 H), 2.96–3.08 (m, 1 H), 3.53 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.99 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 2 H), 5.41–5.55 (m, 2 H), 6.97–7.21 (m, 8 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –5.2 (+), 18.4 (–), 19.6 (+), 21.0 (+), 26.0 (+), 39.9 (+), 58.1 (+), 64.1 (–), 127.9 and 128.2 (+), 128.8 (+), 129.0 and 129.2 (+), 135.1 (+), 135.3 and 135.5 (–), 141.3 and 141.6 (–); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>38</sub>OSiNa [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>] 417.2590, found 417.2579. Selected signals for the regioisomer: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  2.83–2.95 (m, 1 H), 5.26 (dd, J = 15.4, 8.7 Hz, 1 H).

# (E)-tert-Butyldimethyl((4-methyl-5,5,5-triphenylpent-2-en-1-yl)oxy)silane (122)



According to GP2 using phosphate **3** (41 mg, 0.116 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL), Ph<sub>3</sub>CH (**1z**) (92 mg, 0.377 mmol) and BuLi (1.61 M in hexane, 0.22 mL, 0.354 mmol) in THF (1 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded a mixture of **122** and the regioisomer (32 mg, 61% yield, 84% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR). The major product **122**:  $R_f$  0.85 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); IR (neat) 1597, 1494, 1254, 836, 704 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –0.07 (s, 3 H), –0.05 (s, 3 H), 0.82 (s, 9 H), 0.90 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3 H), 4.01 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 2 H), 4.14 (quint., J = 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.45 (dt, J = 15.6, 4.5 Hz, 1 H), 5.64 (dd, J = 15.6, 6.3 Hz, 1 H), 7.08–7.42 (m, 15 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –5.2 (+), 17.2 (+), 18.4 (–),

26.0 (+), 39.0 (+), 61.2 (-), 64.0 (-), 125.6 (+), 127.4 (+), 130.1 (+) (br s), 130.3 (+), 132.5 (+), 145.7 (br s); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for  $C_{30}H_{39}OSi$  [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>] 443.2770; found 443.2770. Selected signals for the regioisomer: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -0.11 (s, 3 H), -0.09 (s, 3 H), 0.83 (s, 9 H), 1.58 (dd, *J* = 6.3, 1.5 Hz, 3 H), 5.14 (ddq, *J* = 15.0, 8.1, 1.5 Hz, 1 H), 5.64 (dq, *J* = 15.0, 6.3 Hz, 1 H).

(E)-4-(5-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-methyl-1-phenylpent-3-en-1-yl)pyridine (23)



According to GP3 using phosphate **3** (47 mg, 0.13 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL), 4-benzylpyridine (**1e**) (73 mg, 0.43 mmol), *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>NH (0.062 mL, 0.445 mmol) and BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 0.26 mL, 0.403 mmol) in THF (1.5 mL) at  $-15 \degree$ C for 8 h afforded **23** (37 mg, 78% yield, 92% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR), which was a mixture of the diastereomers (51:49 by <sup>1</sup>H NMR):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.52 (hexane/EtOAc 3:1); IR (neat) 1597, 1416, 1254, 1070, 836 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -0.071 and -0.055 (2s, 3 H), -0.062 and -0.051 (2s, 3 H), 0.82 (s, 9 x 0.51 H), 0.83 (s, 9 x 0.49 H), 0.97 and 0.98 (2d, J = 6.6 and 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 3.00–3.14 (m, 1 H), 3.59 and 3.60 (2d, J = 10.8 and 10.5 Hz, 1 H), 3.94–4.04 (m, 2 H), 5.42–5.54 (m, 2 H), 7.12–7.32 (m, 7 H), 8.42–8.50 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -5.2 (+), 18.4 (-), 19.4 and 19.5 (+), 25.9 and 26.0 (+), 39.4 and 39.7 (+), 58.3 (+), 63.6 and 63.7 (-), 123.6 and 123.9 (+), 126.7 and 126.8 (+), 128.2 and 128.5 (+), 128.6 and 128.8 (+), 129.7 and 129.9 (+), 133.5 and 133.6 (+), 142.1 and 142.4 (-), 149.8 and 150.0 (+), 152.9 and 153.1 (-); HRMS (FAB) m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>34</sub>NOSi [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>] 368.2410, found 368.2405.

(E)-2-(5-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-methyl-1-phenylpent-3-en-1-yl)pyridine (24)



According to GP3 using phosphate **3** (49 mg, 0.139 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL), 2-benzylpyridine (**1f**) (76 mg, 0.45 mmol), *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>NH (0.061 mL, 0.435 mmol) and BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 0.27 mL, 0.42 mmol) in THF (1.5 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded **24** (43 mg, 84% yield, 94% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR), which was a mixture of the diastereomers (51:49 by <sup>1</sup>H NMR):  $R_f$  0.72 (hexane/EtOAc 3:1); IR (neat) 1588, 1471, 1433, 1254 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -0.07 (s, 6 x 0.51 H), -0.06 (s, 6 x 0.49 H), 0.83 (s, 9 H), 0.90–0.98 (m, 3 H), 3.23–3.38 (m, 1 H), 3.75 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.92–4.00 (m, 2 H), 5.38–5.56 (m, 2 H), 6.98–7.57 (m, 8 H), 8.52 and 8.57 (2d, J = 4.5 and 4.4 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -5.2 and -5.1 (+), 18.40 and 18.42 (–), 19.1 and 19.3 (+), 26.0 (+), 40.06 and 40.11 (+), 60.8 and 60.9 (+), 63.89 and 63.93 (–), 121.2 and 121.3 (+), 123.49 and 123.50 (+), 126.3 and 126.5 (+), six signals (+) for 3 carbons at 128.3, 128.46 (+), 128.52, 128.7, 129.06, and 129.14, 134.4 and 134.6 (+), 136.2 and 136.4 (+), 142,69 and 142.73 (–), 149.3 and 149.5 (+), 163.1 and 163.2 (–); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>34</sub>NOSi [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>] 368.2410, found 368.2411.

# (E)-((4-Benzhydrylhex-2-en-1-yl)oxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (25)



According to GP2 using phosphate 7 (47 mg, 0.13 mmol) in THF (0.7 mL), **1a** (72 mg, 0.41 mmol) and BuLi (1.63 M in hexane, 0.24 mL, 0.39 mmol) in THF (0.7 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded **25** (39 mg, 80% yield, 91% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR):  $R_f$  0.90 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1599, 1494, 1451, 1255, 1075 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -0.082 (s, 3 H), -0.077 (s, 3 H), 0.82 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3 H), 0.83 (s, 9 H), 1.04–1.20 (m, 1 H), 1.39–1.51 (m, 1 H), 2.73–2.84 (m, 1 H), 3.73 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.97 (dd, J = 5.0, 1.4 Hz, 2 H), 5.28 (ddt, J = 15.4, 8.8, 1.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.42 (dt, J = 15.4, 5.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.04–7.31 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -5.21 (+), -5.19 (+), 11.7 (+), 18.4 (–), 26.0 (+), 26.1 (–), 47.9 (+), 57.2 (+), 63.8 (–), 125.9 (+), 126.1 (+), 128.25 (+), 128.26 (+), 128.5 (+), 128.6 (+), 131.3 (+), 132.6 (+), 144.1 (–), 144.4 (–); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>36</sub>OSiNa [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>] 403.2433, found 403.2434.

#### (E)-((2-Benzhydryl-5-methylhex-3-en-1-yl)oxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (26)



According to GP2 using phosphate **8** (28 mg, 0.0746 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL), **1a** (41 mg, 0.241 mmol) and BuLi (1.60 M in hexane, 0.14 mL, 0.224 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) at -15 °C for 1 h afforded a mixture of **26** and the regioisomer (23 mg, 77% yield, 81% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR). The major product **26**:  $R_f$  0.85 and 0.51 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1 and 20:1, respectively); IR (neat) 1470, 1253, 1106, 835 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -0.08 (s, 3 H), -0.05 (s, 3 H), 0.73 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3 H), 0.81 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3 H), 0.88 (s, 9 H), 2.08 (d of sext, J = 6.6, 6.7 Hz, 1 H), 2.85–2.96 (m, 1 H), 3.42 (dd, J = 9.7, 5.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.51 (dd, J = 9.7, 3.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.04 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 2 H), 5.18 (dd, J = 15.5, 8.3 Hz, 1 H), 5.27 (dd, J = 15.5, 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.04–7.35 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –5.43 (+), -5.35 (+), 18.4 (-), 22.4 (+), 22.5 (+), 26.0 (+), 31.2 (+), 49.0 (+), 52.5 (+), 65.2 (-), 125.8 (+), 126.1 (+), 127.5 (+), 128.0 (+), 128.38 (+), 128.43 (+), 129.2 (+), 140.0 (+), 143.7 (-), 144.1 (-); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>37</sub>OSi [(M–H)<sup>+</sup>] 393.2614, found 393.2621. Selected signals for the minor product: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –0.10 (s, 3 H), -0.09 (s, 3 H), 5.64 (dd, J = 15.3, 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.77 (dt, J = 15.3, 4.3 Hz, 1 H).

# (2-Ethylbut-3-ene-1,1-diyl)dibenzene (27)



The general procedure GP2 was applied to this reaction except for reaction temperature of -78 °C. Briefly, phosphate **9** (24 mg, 0.10 mmol) in THF (1.0 mL) was added to a mixture of **1a** (56 mg, 0.33 mmol) and BuLi (1.60 M in hexane, 0.20 mL, 0.32 mmol) in THF (4.0 mL) at -78 °C and the solution was stirred for 15 min to afford a mixture of **27** and the regioisomer **34** (20 mg, 81% yield, 78% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR). The major product **27**:  $R_f$  0.87 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.80 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H), 1.06–1.46 (m, 4 H), 2.83–2.93 (m, 1 H), 3.72 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 2 H), 4.88 (dd, J = 16.9, 1.9 Hz, 1 H), 4.90 (dd, J = 10.5, 1.9 Hz, 1 H), 5.44 (ddd, J = 16.9, 10.5, 9.1 Hz, 1 H). Selected signals for the regioisomer **34**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  2.74 (dd, J = 7.8, 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 3.95 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H). The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **34** was consistent with that of the same compound obtained from phosphate **14** and **1a** (vide infra).

# (*R*,*E*)-(3-Benzhydryloct-1-en-1-yl)trimethylsilane ((*R*)-28)



According to GP2 using phosphate (*R*)-**10** (98% ee, 46 mg, 0.137 mmol) in THF (1 mL), **1a** (73 mg, 0.435 mmol) and BuLi (1.60 M in hexane, 0.26 mL, 0.416 mmol) in THF (1 mL) at –15 °C for 15 min afforded (*R*)-**28** (38 mg, 80% yield, >99% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR): 96% ee as determined by HPLC analysis (Chiralcel OJ-H, hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99.5/0.5, 0.1 mL/min, 35 °C,  $t_R$  (min) = 54.2 (major (*R*)-isomer)), 61.9 (minor (*S*)-isomer);  $[\alpha]_D^{21}$  –50 (*c* 0.86, CHCl<sub>3</sub>);  $R_f$  0.81 (hexane/EtOAc 3:1); IR (neat) 1616, 1495, 1451, 1247, 868, 838, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.15 (s, 9 H), 1.11 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 1.34–1.74 (m, 8 H), 3.06–3.17 (m, 1 H), 4.00 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.70 (d, *J* = 18.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.87 (dd, *J* = 18.4, 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.31–7.61 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –1.3 (+), 14.1 (+), 22.6 (–), 26.9 (–), 31.8 (–), 32.7 (–), 51.1 (+), 57.5 (+), 125.8 (+), 126.1 (+), 128.0 (+), 128.4 (+), 128.5 (+), 128.7 (+), 131.8 (+), 144.1 (–), 144.2 (–), 149.2 (+); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>34</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>) 350.2430, found 350.2429.

# *trans*-((4-Benzhydrylcyclopent-2-en-1-yl)oxy)(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilane (30a)



According to GP2 using phosphate 11 (35 mg, 0.100 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL), 1a (60 mg, 0.36 mmol) and

BuLi (1.63 M in hexane, 0.19 mL, 0.31 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded a mixture of **30a**, cis isomer **31a** and the regioisomer **32a** in a ratio of 87:1:12 by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (26 mg, 71% yield). The major product **30a**:  $R_f$  0.92 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1716, 1495, 1450, 1254, 1046 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.03 (s, 6 H), 0.86 (s, 9 H), 1.77–1.91 (m, 2 H), 3.52 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.75–3.85 (m, 1 H), 4.82–4.90 (m, 1 H), 5.67 (dm, J = 5.7 Hz, 1 H), 5.72 (dt, J = 5.7, 2.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.12–7.31 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  – 4.5 (+), 18.4 (–), 26.1 (+), 40.0 (–), 48.8 (+), 58.2 (+), 77.4 (+), 126.27 (+), 126.28 (+), 128.07 (+), 128.15 (+), 128.51 (+), 128.53 (+), 134.1 (+), 137.4 (+), 144.3 (–), 144.6 (–); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>32</sub>OSiNa [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>] 387.2120, found 387.2120.

trans-4-((4-((tert-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopent-2-en-1-yl)(phenyl)methyl)pyridine (30e)



According to GP3 using phosphate **11** (49 mg, 0.14 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL), **1e** (76 mg, 0.45 mmol), *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>NH (0.061 mL, 0.44 mmol) and BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 0.27 mL, 0.42 mmol) in THF (1.5 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded a mixture of **30e**, cis isomer **31e** and the regioisomer **32e** in a ratio of 91:4:5 by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (76 mg, 86% yield). The major product **30e**: diastereomeric ratio 53:47 by <sup>1</sup>H NMR;  $R_f$  0.65 and 0.70 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1593, 1254, 1068, 1046 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.034 and 0.038 (2s, 6 H), 0.86 (s, 9 x 0.47 H), 0.87 (s, 9 x 0.53 H), 1.71–1.91 (m, 2 H), 3.51 and 3.52 (2d, J = 11.2 and 11.1 Hz, 1 H), 3.73–3.84 (m, 1 H), 4.81–4.88 (m, 1 H), 5.63 and 5.64 (2dm, J = 6.3 and 6.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.73–5.79 (m, 1 H), 7.15–7.34 (m, 7 H), 8.49 and 8.50 (2d, J = 6.2 and 6.0 Hz, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –4.55 and –4.53 (+), 18.37 and 18.38 (–), 26.0 (+), 39.8 and 39.9 (–), 48.2 (+), 57.49 and 57.52 (+), 123.4 and 123.5 (+), 126.9 (+), 128.08 and 128.11 (+), 128.8 (+), 134.8 and 135.0 (+), 136.3 and 136.5 (+), 142.4 and 142.7 (–), 149.96 and 150.01 (+), 153.0 and 153.2 (–); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>32</sub>NOSi [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>] 366.2253, found 366.2258.

(((1R,4S)-4-Benzhydrylcyclopent-2-en-1-yl)oxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (31a)



According to GP2 using phosphate **12** (48 mg, 0.137 mmol) in THF (1 mL), **1a** (75 mg, 0.446 mmol) and BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 0.27 mL, 0.42 mmol) in THF (1 mL) at -15 °C for 1 h afforded a mixture of **31a**, trans isomer **30a** and the regioisomer **32a** in a ratio of 97:2:1 by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (35 mg, 70% yield). The major product **31a**:  $R_f$  0.92 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1252, 1089, 836, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.03 (s, 3 H), 0.05 (s, 3 H), 0.88 (s, 9 H), 1.32 (dt, J = 13.4, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.27 (dt, J = 13.4, 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 3.32–3.44 (m, 1 H), 3.73 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.78–4.86 (m, 1 H), 5.60 (dt, J = 5.7, 1.5 Hz, 1 H), 5.71 (dt, J = 5.7, 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.10–7.32 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –4.6 (+), –4.5 (+), 18.3 (–), 26.0 (+), 40.6 (–), 48.7 (+), 58.8 (+), 77.5 (+), 126.2 (+), 126.06 (+), 128.11 (+), 128.51 (+), 128.55 (+), 134.9 (+), 135.8 (+), 144.2 (–), 144.4 (–); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>31</sub>OSi [(M–H)<sup>+</sup>] 363.2144, found 363.2147.

*cis*-4-((4-((*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)cyclopent-2-en-1-yl)(phenyl)methyl)pyridine (31e) Method 1



<u>Method 1</u>: According to GP3 using phosphate **12** (48 mg, 0.137 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL), **1e** (76 mg, 0.45 mmol), *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>NH (0.061 mL, 0.44 mmol) and BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 0.27 mL, 0.42 mmol) in THF (1.5 mL) at - 15 °C for 1 h afforded a mixture of **31e** and the regioisomer **32e** in a ratio of 99:1 by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (45 mg, 89% yield,

#### 56:44 dr).

<u>Method 2</u>: A solution of LDA in THF (1 mL) was prepared from *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>NH (0.061 mL, 0.435 mmol) and BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 0.27 mL, 0.419 mmol) (0 °C, 1 h). To this solution was added **1e** (75 mg, 0.443 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL). The solution was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min and cooled to -15 °C. Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (8 mg, 0.007 mmol) and a THF solution (0.5 mL) of phosphate **11** (49 mg, 0.140 mmol) were added to the solution. The solution was stirred at -15 °C for 15 min and diluted with saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl. The resulting mixture was extracted with hexane three times. The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated. The residual oil was purified by chromatography on silica gel (hexane/EtOAc) to afford a mixture of **31e** and the regioisomer **32e** in a ratio of >99:1 by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (41 mg, 78% yield, 57:43 dr).

The product **31e** obtained by Methods 1 and 2 were combined and purified again by chromatography for characterization: diastereometric ratio, 61:39 by <sup>1</sup>H NMR;  $R_f 0.53$  and 0.64 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); IR (neat) 1594, 1368, 1256, 1092 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.030 (s, 3 x 0.61 H), 0.035 (s, 3 x 0.39 H), 0.055 (s, 3 H), 0.88 (s, 9 H), 1.22–1.38 (m, 1 H), 2.24–2.33 (m, 1 H), 3.33–3.43 (m, 1 H), 3.73 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1 H), 4.78–4.87 (m, 1 H), 5.55–5.61 (m, 1 H), 5.73–5.80 (m, 1 H), 7.18–7.34 (m, 7 H), 8.45–8.52 (m, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  –4.6 (+), 18.3 (–), 26.0 (+), 40.2 and 40.3 (–), 48.00 and 48.02 (+), 58.1 and 58.2 (+), 77.3 (+), 123.45 and 123.52 (+), 126.9 (+), 128.0 and 128.1 (+), 128.79 and 128.82 (+), 134.8 and 135.1 (+), 135.4 and 135.7 (+), 142.4 and 142.6 (–), 149.97 and 150.02 (+), 152.9 and 153.1 (–); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>32</sub>NOSi [(M+H)<sup>+</sup>] 366.2253, found 366.2254.

#### But-3-ene-1,1-diyldibenzene (33)



According to GP2 using phosphate **13** (39 mg, 0.201 mmol) in THF (1 mL), **1a** (118 mg, 0.701 mmol) and BuLi (1.60 M in hexane, 0.38 mL, 0.608 mmol) in THF (1 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded **33** (34 mg, 81% yield):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.90 (hexane/EtOAc 1:2); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  2.82 (dt, J = 8.1, 6.7 Hz, 2 H), 4.01 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1 H), 4.94 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.01 (d, J = 17.1 Hz, 1 H), 5.54 (ddt, J = 17.1, 11.1, 6.7 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  40.0 (-), 51.3 (+), 116.4 (-), 126.3 (+), 128.0 (+), 128.5 (+), 136.9 (+), 144.6 (-). The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were consistent with those reported.

#### (E)-Hept-3-ene-1,1-diyldibenzene (34)



According to GP2 using phosphate **14** (15 mg, 0.065 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL), **1a** (35.3 mg, 0.210 mmol) and BuLi (1.60 M in hexane, 0.12 mL, 0.192 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded **34** (14 mg, 86% yield, >99% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR):  $R_f$  0.93 and 0.45 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1 and 20:1, respectively); IR (neat) 1494, 1450, 968, 699 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.77 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3 H), 1.26 (tq, J = 7.2, 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 1.87 (dt, J = 6.6, 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 2.74 (dd, J = 7.8, 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 3.95 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.30 (dt, J = 15.2, 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.40 (dt, J = 15.2, 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.13–7.29 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  13.6 (+), 22.6 (–), 34.7 (–), 38.9 (–), 51.8 (+), 126.1 (+), 128.1 (+), 128.3 (+), 128.4 (+), 132.4 (+), 144.9 (–); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>22</sub> [M<sup>+</sup>] 250.1722, found 250.1721.



According to GP2 using phosphate **15** (491 mg, 1.69 mmol) in THF (1 mL), **1a** (910 mg, 5.41 mmol) and BuLi (1.63 M in hexane, 3.11 mL, 5.07 mmol) in THF (11 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded **35** (409 mg, 80% yield, >99% rs and 98% *E* olefin by <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR):  $R_f$  0.90 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); IR (neat) 1600, 1494, 1449, 699 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.54 (s, 3 H), 1.55 (s, 3 H), 1.64 (s, 3 H), 1.86–2.03 (m, 4 H), 2.73 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 3.94 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.99 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.07 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.12–7.30 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  16.2 (+), 17.7 (+), 25.8 (+), 26.6 (–), 34.3 (–), 39.8 (–), 51.5 (+), 122.7 (+), 124.3 (+), 126.1

(+), 128.1 (+), 128.3 (+), 131.3 (-), 136.3 (-), 145.0 (-). The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum is corrected as presented above, while the <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum is consistent with that reported.<sup>S17</sup>



According to GP3 using phosphate **15** (484 mg, 1.67 mmol) in THF (1 mL), **1e** (903 mg, 5.34 mmol), *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>NH (0.73 mL, 5.21 mmol) and BuLi (1.63 M in hexane, 3.07 mL, 5.00 mmol) in THF (10 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded **36** (383 mg, 75% yield, >99% rs and 98% *E* olefin by <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR): *R*<sub>f</sub> 0.57 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); IR (neat) 1596, 1451, 1414, 739, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.53 (s, 3 H), 1.55 (s, 3 H), 1.64 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 3 H), 1.88–2.10 (m, 4 H), 2.73 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 3.92 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.96–5.07 (m, 2 H), 7.12–7.33 (m, 7 H), 8.48 (dd, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1.2 Hz, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  16.2 (+), 17.7 (+), 25.7 (+), 26.5 (–), 33.6 (–), 39.7 (–), 51.0 (+), 121.6 (+), 123.6 (+) (br s), 124.1 (+), 126.7 (+), 128.0 (+), 128.6 (+), 131.4 (–), 137.2 (–), 143.1 (–), 149.7 (+), 153.8 (–); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>27</sub>N (M<sup>+</sup>) 305.2144, found 305.2144. The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra in the lit.<sup>S14</sup> are corrected as presented above.

## (Z)-(4,8-Dimethylnona-3,7-diene-1,1-diyl)dibenzene (37)



According to GP2 using phosphate **16** (41 mg, 0.141 mmol) in THF (1 mL), **1a** (75 mg, 0.446 mmol) and BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 0.27 mL, 0.42 mmol) in THF (1 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded **37** (34 mg, 80% yield, >99% rs and 98% Z olefin by <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR):  $R_f$  0.83 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); IR (neat) 1600, 1495, 1449, 1376, 699 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.60 (s, 3 H), 1.61 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 3 H), 1.69 (s, 3 H), 1.97–2.08 (m, 4 H), 2.74 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 3.92 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.02–5.16 (m, 2 H), 7.12–7.32 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  17.8 (+), 23.4 (+), 25.8 (+), 26.5 (–), 32.2 (–), 34.1 (–), 51.8 (+), 123.3 (+), 124.4 (+), 126.1 (+), 128.1 (+), 128.4 (+), 131.7 (–), 136.5 (–), 145.0 (–); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>28</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>) 304.2191, found 304.2191

#### (Z)-4-(4,8-Dimethyl-1-phenylnona-3,7-dien-1-yl)pyridine (38)



According to GP3 using phosphate **16** (40 mg, 0.138 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL), **1e** (74 mg, 0.437 mmol), *i*-Pr<sub>2</sub>NH (0.061 mL, 0.43 mmol) and BuLi (1.55 M in hexane, 0.27 mL, 0.42 mmol) in THF (1.5 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded **38** (33 mg, 79% yield, >99% rs and 98% Z olefin by <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR):  $R_f$  0.47 (hexane/EtOAc 3:1); IR (neat) 1596, 1495, 1451, 1415, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.60 (s, 3 H), 1.62 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.69 (s, 3 H), 1.97–2.03 (m, 4 H), 2.73 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 3.90 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.01 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.05–5.14 (m, 1 H), 7.12–7.33 (m, 7 H), 8.48 (br d, J = 3.2 Hz, 2 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  17.7 (+), 23.4 (+), 25.8 (+), 26.4 (-), 32.1 (-), 33.3 (-), 51.2 (+), 122.3 (+), 123.5 (+) (br s), 124.2 (+), 126.7 (+), 128.0 (+), 128.6 (+), 131.8 (-), 137.3 (-), 143.1 (-), 149.8 (+), 153.8 (-); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>28</sub>N [(M+H<sup>+</sup>)] 306.2222, found 306.2225.

# **Propargylic Products**

# tert-Butyldimethyl((4-methyl-5,5-diphenylpent-2-yn-1-yl)oxy)silane (39)



According to GP2 using phosphate **17** (31 mg, 0.087 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL), **1a** (52.5 mg, 0.312 mmol) and BuLi (1.60 M in hexane, 0.16 mL, 0.256 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded **39** (33 mg, 87% yield, >99% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR):  $R_{\rm f}$  0.87 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (neat) 1598, 1494, 1450, 1263, 1083 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.01 (s, 6 H), 0.86 (s, 9 H), 1.15 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 3.31 (dtq, J = 9.4, 2.0, 6.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.85 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.18 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.14–7.37 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -5.1 (+), 18.3 (-), 20.4 (+), 25.9 (+), 30.6 (+), 52.0 (-), 57.5 (+), 81.0 (-), 88.2 (-), 126.4 (+), 126.5 (+), 128.2 (+), 128.5 (+), 128.6 (+), 143.1 (-), 143.2 (-); HRMS (FAB): m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>31</sub>OSi [(M–H)<sup>+</sup>] 363.2144, found 363.2138.

(R)-Trimethyl(3-methyl-4,4-diphenylbut-1-yn-1-yl)silane ((R)-40)



According to GP2 using phosphate (*R*)-**18** (98%% ee, 39 mg, 0.141 mmol) in THF (1 mL), **1a** (75 mg, 0.446 mmol) and BuLi (1.60 M in hexane, 0.26 mL, 0.416 mmol) in THF (1 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded (*R*)-**40** (29 mg, 70% yield, >99% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR): >98% ee as determined by HPLC analysis of the derived acid (see below);  $[\alpha]_D^{21}$  –4 (*c* 0.86, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); mp 47–48 °C; *R*<sub>f</sub> 0.91 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1); IR (nujol) 1451, 1250, 842, 702 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.00 (s, 9 H), 1.15 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H), 3.27 (dq, *J* = 9.0, 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 3.84 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.11–7.38 (m, 10 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.0 (+), 20.1 (+), 31.8 (+), 57.6 (+), 87.0 (–), 110.6 (–), 126.3 (+), 126.5 (+), 128.0 (+), 128.5 (+), 128.8 (+), 142.95 (–), 143.04 (–); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>24</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>) 292.1647, found 292.1647.

Determination of enantiomeric purity and the absolute configuration of (R)-40.



A mixture of the above product (*R*)-**40** (29 mg, 0.099 mmol) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (20 mg, 0.145 mmol) in MeOH (5 mL) was stirred at rt for 2 h and diluted with H<sub>2</sub>O. The resulting mixture was extracted with hexane twice. The combined extracts were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to afford acetylene (*R*)-**122**, which was dissolved in CCl<sub>4</sub> (1 mL), MeCN (1 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (0.5 mL). To the solution were added NaIO<sub>4</sub> (63 mg, 0.295 mmol) and RuCl<sub>3</sub> ·nH<sub>2</sub>O (ca. 1 mg). The mixture was stirred at rt for 1 h and filtered through a pad of Celite. The filtrate was concentrated to leave an oil, which was purified by chromatography on silica gel to afford acid (*R*)-**5** (21 mg, 89% from (*R*)-**40**): *R*<sub>f</sub> 0.13 (hexane/EtOAc 4:1); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  1.12 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H), 3.31 (dq, *J* = 11.7, 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.05 (d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 1 H), 7.10–7.33 (m, 10 H), ca. 8–11 (br s, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  17.2 (+), 44.3 (+), 54.7 (+), 126.6 (+), 126.7 (+), 127.6 (+), 128.2 (+), 128.6 (+), 128.8 (+), 142.1 (-), 142.9 (-), 181.6 (-). These <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C–APT NMR spectra were consistent with the spectra (400 MHz and 100 MHz, respectively) of the same acid obtained from (*S*)-**4**. Comparison of specific rotations: [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>26.5</sup> –52.6 ±1.7 (*c* 1.578, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) for (*R*)-**5** from (*R*)-**40**; [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>21</sup> +57 (*c* 1.25, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) for (*R*)-**5** HPLC analysis of (*R*)-**5**: >98% ee (Chiralcel AS-H; hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99/1, 1 mL/min, 40 °C): *t*<sub>R</sub> (min) = 14.1 (minor (*S*)-isomer), 15.2 (major (*R*)-isomer)).

#### (*R*)-(3-Benzhydryloct-1-yn-1-yl)trimethylsilane ((*R*)-41)



According to GP2 using phosphate (*R*)-**19** (93% ee, 46 mg, 0.138 mmol) in THF (1 mL), **1a** (74 mg, 0.44 mmol) and BuLi (1.60 M in hexane, 0.26 mL, 0.416 mmol) in THF (1 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded (*R*)-**41** (37 mg, 77% yield, >99% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR): 92% ee as determined by HPLC analysis (Chiralcel OD-H, hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99.9/0.1, 0.5 mL/min, 35 °C,  $t_R$  (min) = 11.8 (minor (*S*)-isomer), 12.1 (major (*R*)-isomer));  $[\alpha]_D^{21}$  +16 (*c* 0.71, CHCl<sub>3</sub>);  $R_f$  0.73 (hexane/EtOAc 3:1); IR (neat) 2169, 1496, 1451, 1249, 842, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.01 (s, 9 H), 0.85 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H), 1.12–1.31 (m, 4 H), 1.31–1.47 (m, 3 H), 1.48–1.63 (m, 1 H),

3.16 (ddd, J = 8.6, 8.6, 4.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.91 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.13–7.20 (m, 2 H), 7.21–7.38 (m, 8 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.0 (+), 14.1 (+), 22.6 (–), 27.0 (–), 31.6 (–), 33.3 (–), 37.8 (+), 55.9 (+), 88.2 (–), 109.4 (–), 126.3 (+), 126.4 (+), 128.0 (+), 128.3 (+), 128.5 (+), 129.0 (+), 143.1 (–), 143.2 (–); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>32</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>) 348.2273, found 348.2274.

#### (3-(9H-Xanthen-9-yl)oct-1-yn-1-yl)trimethylsilane (42)



According to GP2 using phosphate **19** (47 mg, 0.141 mmol) in THF (1 mL), xanthene (**1b**) (82 mg, 0.45 mmol) and BuLi (1.60 M in hexane, 0.26 mL, 0.416 mmol) in THF (1 mL) at -15 °C for 15 min afforded **42** (44 mg, 87% yield, >99% rs by <sup>1</sup>H NMR):  $R_f$  0.83 (hexane/EtOAc 2:1); IR (neat) 2169, 1479, 1458, 1255, 842, 754 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.14 (s, 9 H), 0.80 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3 H), 1.04–1.30 (m, 7 H), 1.38–1.48 (m, 1 H), 2.57–2.68 (m, 1 H), 4.15 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.02–7.11 (m, 4 H), 7.20–7.28 (m, 3 H), 7.44 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1 H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  0.0 (+), 14.1 (+), 22.6 (–), 27.2 (–), 29.7 (–), 31.5 (–), 43.0 (+), 43.3 (+), 88.0 (–), 108.4 (–), 116.1 (+), 116.3 (+), 122.5 (–), 122.7 (+), 123.0 (+), 123.2 (–), 128.0 (+), 129.2 (+), 129.8 (+), 152.9 (–), 153.0 (–); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>30</sub>OSi (M<sup>+</sup>) 362.2066, found 362.2060.

# Part 2: References

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Part 3: D-Incorporation Experiments of  $Ph_2CH_2$  (1a) (Table S1)

Ph <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> ( <b>1a</b> ) (1 equiv)	1) base (1 equiv)	2) D <sub>2</sub> O (80 equiv)	
	rt, 15 min or 3 h THF	rt, 1 h, THF	
entry	base (equiv)	reaction time	D-incorporation $(\%)^b$
<b>S</b> 1	BuLi (1)	15 min	70.2
S2	BuLi (1)	3 h	71.7
S3	BuLi (3)	15 min	84.2
S4	LDA(1)	15 min	72.5
S5	LDA(1)	3 h	71.9
S6	LiHMDS (1)	15 min	0%
S7	LiHMDS (1)	3 h	0%
<b>S</b> 8	NaHMDS (1)	15 min	0%
S9	NaHMDS (1)	3 h	0%
S10	KHMDS (1)	15 min	0%
S11	KHMDS (1)	3 h	0%
S12	NaH (1)	15 min	0%

Table S1. D-Incorporation Experiments of Reactant 1a<sup>a</sup>

<sup>*a*</sup>Reactant **1a** was exposed to given bases in THF at rt for 15 min or 3 h and excess  $D_2O$  was added to the solution (see below for further details). <sup>*b*</sup>Calculated as described in the next page.

<u>An Entry using BuLi (Table S1, entry S2)</u>: To a solution **1a** (35 mg, 0.208 mmol) in THF (0.5 mL) was added BuLi (1.60 M in hexane, 0.13 mL, 0.208 mmol) at rt. The resulting dark red solution was stirred at rt for 3 h, and D<sub>2</sub>O (0.30 mL from a freshly opened ampule, 99.96% D, 16.6 mmol, 80 equiv) was added to the solution, which turned to colorless immediately. After 1 h of stirring at rt, the product was extracted with EtOAc. The extract was dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated to afford **1a-D** (34 mg, 97% yield). D-incorporation was 71.7% by <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy.

<u>Other Entries using given Bases</u>: D-incorporation was carried out at rt for 15 min or 3 h according to the method mentioned above using a base (1 equiv). In entry S3, three equiv of BuLi was used to generate the anion **1a**/BuLi.







continued to the next page

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)



Part 4: Determination of Enantiomeric, Diastereomeric, Regioisomeric Ratios



S24



Determination of the enantiomeric purity of (R)-105 by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

Determination of the olefinic purity of **15** and **16**, respectively, by  ${}^{13}C$  NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (The full specta of **15** and **16** are attached to part 5 of the supporting info.)





Determination of the enantiomeric purity of the products obtained by Scheme 1 in the text and eqns S1–S3 below by chiral HPLC







continued to the next page









Determination of the ratio of (S)-4 and the regioisomer by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCI_3$ ) (The full spectrum of (S)-4 is attached to part 5 of this ESI)



Determination of the ratio of (*R*)-4 and the regioisomer by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ ) (The full spectrum of (*R*)-4 is attached to part 5 of this ESI)



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

Determination of the ratio of **20** and the regioisomer by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCI_3$ ) (The full spectrum of **20** is attached to part 5 of this ESI)

ratio calculated using two sets of the signals



S32

Determination of the ratio of **21** and the regioisomer by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCI_3$ ) (The full spectrum of **21** is attached to part 5 of this ESI)

ratio calculated using two sets of the signals



Determination of the ratio of **22** and the regioisomer by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCI_3$ ) (The full spectrum of **22** is attached to part 5 of this ESI)



Determination of the ratio of 23 and the regioisomer by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCI_3$ ) (The full spectrum of 23 is attached to part 5 of this ESI)

ratio calculated using two sets of the signals



Determination of the diastereomeric ratio of 23



Determination of the ratio of **24** and the regioisomer by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCI_3$ ) (The full spectrum of **24** is attached to part 5 of this ESI)



Determination of the diastereomeric ratio of 24


Determination of the ratio of **25** and the regioisomer by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCI_3$ ) (The full spectrum of **25** is attached to part 5 of this ESI)



Determination of the ratio of **26** and the regioisomer by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (The full spectrum of **26** is attached to part 5 of this ESI)



Determination of the ratio of **27** and the regioisomer by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CDCI_3$ ) (The full spectrum of **27** is attached to part 5 of this ESI)







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Determination of the product ratios of **30a**,**e** and **31a**,**e** by <sup>1</sup>H NMR for calculation of the regioselectivity, stereoselectivity, and diastereselectivity (for **30e** and **31e**) (spectra are shown on the next pages)

*Note*: The <sup>1</sup>H NMR signals of the Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Bu appeared at higher position were referred to the regioisomer on the basis of the fact that the signals for **26** (derived from **8** and **1a**) were observed at a higher position than that of the S<sub>N</sub>2 product. The cis stereochemistry for **31a** and **31e** was confirmed on the basis of the large difference ( $\Delta\delta$  ca. 1 ppm) between the methylene protons on the cyclopentene ring.





Determination of the product ratio by <sup>1</sup>H NMR





## Determination of the product ratio by <sup>1</sup>H NMR

continued to the next page



Determination of the diastereomeric ratio of 30e





Determination of the product ratio by <sup>1</sup>H NMR

expanded <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (The full spectrum of **31a** is attached to part 5 of this ESI)





ratio of diastereomers of 31e = 56:44 (next page)

expanded <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) (The full spectrum of **31e** is attached to part 5 of this ESI)

Determination of the product ratio by <sup>1</sup>H NMR



continued to the next page



Determination of the diastereomeric ratio of 31e

= 1.39 : 1.10 = 56 : 44





continued to the next page



Determination of the diastereomeric ratio of 31e





0.40

## S49





S50



## S51

## Determination of the olefinic purity of **38** by <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (The full spectra of **38** are attached to part 5 of this ESI)



Determination of the enantiomeric purity of the acid (*R*)-**5** by chiral HPLC analysis conditions: Chiralcel AS-H, hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99/1, 1 mL/min, 40  $^{\circ}$ C





(S): (R) = 48.445 : 51.555 = 48.4 : 51.6





Part 5: <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR Spectra to Establish Identity and Purity
















































S79







**27** : regioisomer = 1.0501 : 0.2963 = 78 : 22































