

Sterically-Controlled Intermolecular Friedel-Crafts Acylation with Twisted Amides via Selective N–C Cleavage under Mild Conditions

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List of Known Compounds/General Methods

All starting materials reported in the manuscript have been previously described in literature and prepared by the method reported previously. Amides were prepared by standard methods.¹⁻¹⁴ All products reported in the manuscript have been previously described in literature.¹⁵⁻²⁶ All experiments were performed using standard Schlenk techniques under argon or nitrogen atmosphere unless stated otherwise. All solvents were purchased at the highest commercial grade and used as received or after purification by passing through activated alumina columns or distillation from sodium/benzophenone under nitrogen. All other chemicals were purchased at the highest commercial grade and used as received. Reaction glassware was oven-dried at 140 °C for at least 24 h or flame-dried prior to use, allowed to cool under vacuum and purged with argon or nitrogen (three cycles). All products were identified using ¹H NMR analysis and comparison with authentic samples. GC and/or GC/MS analysis was used for volatile products. All yields refer to yields determined by ¹H NMR and/or GC or GC/MS using an internal standard (optimization) and isolated yields (preparative runs) unless stated otherwise. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded in CDCl₃ on Bruker spectrometers at 500 (¹H NMR) and 125 MHz (¹³C NMR). All shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to residual CHCl₃ peak (7.27 and 77.2 ppm, ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR, respectively). All coupling constants (J) are reported in hertz (Hz). Abbreviations are: s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; brs, broad singlet. GC-MS chromatography was performed using Agilent HP6890 GC System and Agilent 5973A inert XL EI/CI MSD using helium as the carrier gas at a flow rate of 1 mL/min and an initial oven temperature of 50 °C. The injector temperature was 280 °C. The detector temperature was 280 °C. For runs with the initial oven temperature of 50 °C, temperature was increased with a 10 °C/min ramp after 50 °C hold for 3 min to a final temperature of 280 °C, then hold at 280 °C for 10 min (splitless mode of injection, total run time of 33.00 min). All flash chromatography was performed using silica gel, 60 Å, 300 mesh. TLC analysis was carried out on glass plates coated with silica gel 60 F254, 0.2 mm thickness. The plates were visualized using a 254 nm ultraviolet lamp or aqueous potassium permanganate solutions. ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, and MS data are given for all compounds in the Supporting Experimental for characterization purposes. ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, MS and HRMS data are reported for all new compounds.

Experimental Procedures and Characterization Data

General Procedure for Amide Synthesis. An oven-dried round-bottomed flask (100 mL) equipped with a stir bar was charged with amine (8.84 mmol, 1.0 equiv), triethylamine (typically, 2.0 equiv), 4-dimethylaminopyridine (typically, 0.25 equiv) and dichloromethane (typically, 50 mL), placed under a positive pressure of argon, and subjected to three evacuation/backfilling cycles under high vacuum. Acyl chloride (typically, 1.1 equiv) was added dropwise to the reaction mixture with vigorous stirring at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. After the indicated time, the reaction mixture was diluted with Et₂O (20 mL) and filtered. The organic layer was washed with HCl (1.0 N, 30 mL), brine (30 mL), dried, and concentrated. Unless stated otherwise, the crude product was purified by recrystallization (toluene) to give analytically pure product.

General Procedure for Friedel-Crafts Acylation. An oven-dried vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with an amide substrate (neat, 1.0 equiv), placed under a positive pressure of nitrogen, and subjected to three evacuation/backfilling cycles. Solvent (typically, 0.10 M), and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (typically, 3.0 equiv) were sequentially added with vigorous stirring at room temperature, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for an indicated time. After the indicated time, the reaction mixture was diluted with saturated NaHCO₃ (10 mL), extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL), the organic layers were combined, dried, filtered, and concentrated. A sample was analyzed by ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) and GC-MS to obtain conversion, yield and selectivity using internal standard and comparison with authentic samples. Unless stated otherwise, purification by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes) afforded the title product.

Representative Procedure for Friedel-Craft Acylation. An oven-dried vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (0.217 g, 1.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), placed under a positive pressure of nitrogen, and subjected to three evacuation/backfilling cycles. Benzene (0.10 M) and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (0.27 mL, 3.0 mmol, 3.0 equiv) were added with vigorous stirring at room temperature, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 h. The reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃, extracted

with CH₂Cl₂, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated. A sample was analyzed by ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) and GC-MS to obtain conversion, yield and selectivity using internal standard and comparison with authentic samples. Purification by chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/hexanes) afforded the title product (0.143 g). White solid. Characterization data are included in the section below.

Characterization Data for Starting Materials

All starting materials have been previously reported.¹⁵⁻¹⁷ Spectroscopic data matched literature values.

Benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (1a).¹⁵ White solid. GC: rt = 17.94 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.17 (q, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2 H), 2.80 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 4 H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.67 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 17.51, 32.41, 129.14, 130.16, 131.78, 134.97, 170.74, 171.90. MS = 217.1 (EI).

1-Benzoylpyrrolidine-2,5-dione (1b).¹⁵ White solid. GC: rt = 16.90 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.96 (s, 4 H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.69 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.88 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 29.08, 128.97, 130.53, 131.40, 135.15, 167.62, 174.54. MS = 203.1 (EI).

N-Methyl-N-phenylbenzamide (1c).¹⁶ Oil. GC: rt = 15.80 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.52 (s, 3 H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.17 (dd, *J* = 12.4, 7.5 Hz, 3 H), 7.21-7.27 (m, 3 H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 38.41, 126.48, 126.91, 127.72, 128.72, 129.14, 129.58, 135.94, 144.93, 170.68. MS = 211.1 (EI).

tert-Butyl benzoyl(benzyl)carbamate (1d).¹⁶ Oil. GC: rt = 19.66 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.15 (s, 9 H), 5.02 (s, 2 H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1 H), 7.36 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.41 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.48 (dd, *J* = 18.6, 7.5 Hz, 3 H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 27.35, 48.88, 83.18, 127.40, 127.46, 128.06, 128.16, 128.45, 131.04, 137.73, 137.86, 153.46, 173.09. MS = 311.1 (EI).

N-Phenyl-N-tosylbenzamide (1e).¹⁷ Yellow solid. GC: rt = 22.09 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.47 (s, 3 H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 4 H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 4 H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2 H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 21.73, 127.98, 128.60, 129.03, 129.10, 129.25, 129.48, 130.40, 131.74, 133.67, 135.25, 137.43, 144.81, 169.90. MS = 351.1 (EI).

***N*-Methoxy-*N*-methylbenzamide (1f).**¹⁵ Oil. GC: rt = 10.67 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.36 (s, 3 H), 3.55 (s, 3 H), 7.42-7.37 (m, 2 H), 7.45-7.43 (m, 1 H), 7.68 (dt, *J* = 7.0, 1.5 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 33.79, 61.01, 128.00, 128.10, 130.55, 134.09, 169.94. MS = 165.1 (EI).

(2-Methylaziridin-1-yl)(phenyl)methanone (1g).¹⁵ Oil. GC: rt = 10.49 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.42 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 3 H), 2.17 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.66-2.54 (m, 2 H), 7.48 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.57 (td, *J* = 7.2, 1.5 Hz, 1 H), 8.08-8.02 (m, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 17.79, 32.14, 34.61, 128.40, 129.05, 132.62, 133.54, 179.30. MS = 161.1 (EI).

Azetidin-1-yl(phenyl)methanone (1h).¹⁵ Oil. GC: rt = 13.71 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.41-2.25 (m, 2 H), 4.26 (dt, *J* = 15.0, 7.8 Hz, 4 H), 7.51-7.35 (m, 3 H), 7.68-7.57 (m, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 16.03, 30.92, 127.78, 128.31, 130.82, 133.26, 170.24. MS = 161.1 (EI).

1-(4-Methylbenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1i).¹⁷ White solid. GC: rt = 19.26 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.16 (p, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.79 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 4 H), 2.45 (s, 3 H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 17.52, 21.89, 32.42, 129.24, 129.87, 130.32, 146.32, 170.39, 171.87. MS = 231.1 (EI).

1-(4-Methoxybenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1j).¹⁵ White solid. GC: rt = 20.72 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.15 (p, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.78 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 4 H), 3.90 (s, 3 H), 6.99-6.94 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.87-7.82 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 17.52, 32.45, 55.69, 114.49, 124.51, 132.75, 165.09, 169.48, 171.88. MS = 247.1 (EI).

1-(4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1k).¹⁵ White solid. GC: rt = 17.11 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.20 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.83 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4 H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 123.27 (q, *J*¹ = 272.4 Hz), 126.21 (q, *J*³ = 3.5 Hz), 130.36, 134.80, 135.93 (q, *J*² = 36.7 Hz), 170.17, 171.97. ¹⁹F (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -63.4. MS = 285.1 (EI).

1-(4-Fluorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1l).¹⁵ White solid. GC: rt = 11.90 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.15 (p, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2 H), 2.79 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4 H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.91 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 5.2 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 17.46, 32.37, 116.52 (d, *J*² = 22.1 Hz), 128.30 (d, *J*⁴ = 2.7 Hz), 133.01 (d, *J*³ = 10.2 Hz), 166.84 (d, *J*¹ = 258.4 Hz), 169.59, 171.94. ¹⁹F (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -101.31. MS = 235.1 (EI).

1-(4-Chlorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1m).¹⁵ White solid. GC: rt = 19.33 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.17 (p, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.80 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4 H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 17.47, 32.40, 129.55, 130.31, 131.44, 141.68, 169.89, 171.91. MS = 251.0 (EI).

1-(4-Bromobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1n).¹⁷ White solid. GC: rt = 20.31 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.18 (p, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.80 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4 H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 17.47, 32.39, 130.51, 130.76, 131.45, 132.55, 170.12, 171.85. MS = 295.0 (EI).

1-(2-Fluorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1o).¹⁵ White solid. GC: rt = 17.76 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.13 (p, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 2.76 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4 H), 7.13 (ddd, *J* = 12.0, 8.4, 1.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.36-7.30 (m, 1 H), 7.63 (dddd, *J* = 8.3, 7.1, 5.0, 1.8 Hz, 1 H), 8.11 (td, *J* = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 1 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 17.24, 32.41, 117.08 (d, *J*² = 23.6 Hz), 120.36 (d, *J*³ = 7.0 Hz), 125.09 (d, *J*⁴ = 3.6 Hz), 132.95, 136.79 (d, *J*³ = 10.0 Hz), 161.79 (d, *J*¹ = 255.9 Hz), 166.86, 171.68. ¹⁹F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -113.49. MS = 235.1 (EI).

Methyl 4-(2,6-dioxopiperidine-1-carbonyl)benzoate (1p).¹⁶ White solid. GC: rt = 21.52 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.18 (q, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2 H), 2.81 (q, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 4 H), 3.98 (s, 3 H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.16 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 17.47, 32.40, 52.64, 129.58, 129.95, 130.21, 135.42, 165.75, 170.38, 171.90. MS = 275.1 (EI).

1-(3,4-Difluorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1q).¹⁶ White solid. GC: rt = 17.02 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.14-2.23 (m, 2 H), 2.81 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 4 H), 7.32 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 7.66 (s, 1 H), 7.72 (t, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 17.43, 32.36,

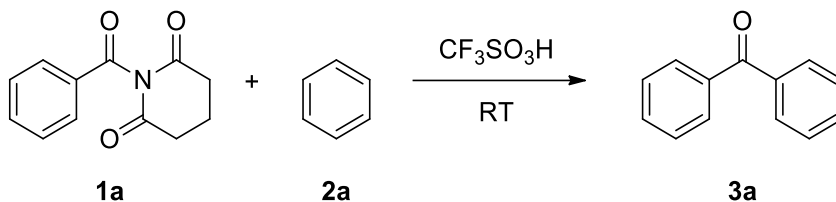
118.25 ($J^2 = 17.5$ Hz), 119.43 ($J^2 = 18.8$ Hz), 127.37, 129.08, 150.73 ($J^1 = 237.5$ Hz), 154.87 ($J^1 = 243.8$ Hz), 168.94, 171.86. ^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3) $\delta = -125.85, -134.81$. MS = 253.1 (EI).

1-(2-Naphthoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1r).¹⁵ White solid. GC: rt = 23.08 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.22 (p, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 2 H), 2.85 (t, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 4 H), 7.59 (ddd, $J = 8.1, 6.9, 1.3$ Hz, 1 H), 7.66 (ddd, $J = 8.2, 6.8, 1.3$ Hz, 1 H), 7.91 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1 H), 7.99-7.93 (m, 3 H), 8.37 (s, 1 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 17.57, 32.50, 124.75, 127.17, 127.91, 129.20, 129.51, 129.83, 132.45, 132.65, 136.42, 170.89, 172.02. MS = 267.1 (EI).

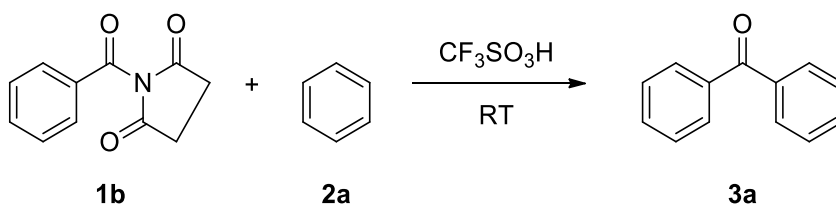
1-(Benzo[d][1,3]dioxole-5-carbonyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1s).¹⁶ White solid. GC: rt = 21.77 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.16 (p, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 2 H), 2.79 (t, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 4 H), 6.11 (s, 2 H), 6.89 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1 H), 7.36 (s, 1 H), 7.46 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 17.49, 32.43, 102.39, 108.55, 109.60, 126.25, 127.29, 148.62, 153.60, 169.22, 171.83. MS = 261.1 (EI).

1-(Thiophene-2-carbonyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1t).¹⁶ White solid. GC: rt = 18.14 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.15 (p, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 2 H), 2.79 (t, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 4 H), 7.39 (dd, $J = 5.3, 2.9$ Hz, 1 H), 7.50 (d, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1 H), 8.08 (d, $J = 2.8$ Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 17.50, 32.43, 127.43, 127.77, 136.39, 136.54, 164.49, 171.73. MS = 223.0 (EI).

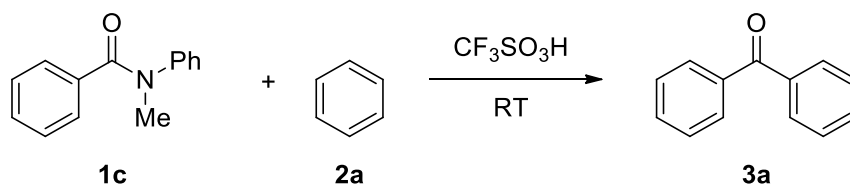
1-(Cyclohexanecarbonyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (1u).¹⁶ White solid. GC: rt = 16.95 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.19-1.32 (m, 3 H), 1.49 (qd, $J = 11.9, 3.4$ Hz, 2 H), 1.64-1.70 (m, 1 H), 1.84 (q, $J = 3.4$ Hz, 2 H), 1.97-2.08 (m, 4 H), 2.62 (dq, $J = 13.2, 3.5$ Hz, 1 H), 2.68 (t, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 4 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 17.39, 25.37, 25.56, 28.05, 32.37, 48.73, 171.84, 180.84. MS = 223.1 (EI).

Friedel-Crafts Reactions of Amides: Twist Angle Optimization (Scheme 1)**1-Benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 1, Entry 1)**

According to the general procedure, 1-benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) was reacted with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h. After the standard work-up as described above, the sample was analyzed by ^1H NMR and GC-MS to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard: conversion >98%; yield of **3a** >90%, indicating high reactivity of amides **1a** in Friedel-Crafts acylation under these conditions.

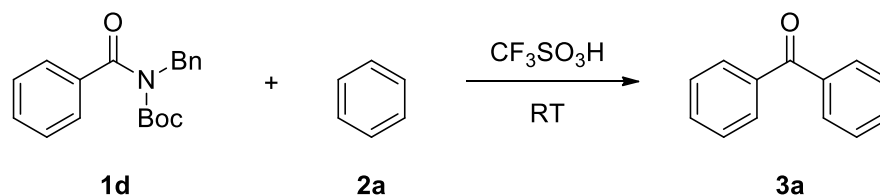
1-Benzoylpyrrolidine-2,5-dione (Scheme 1, Entry 2)

According to the general procedure, 1-benzoylpyrrolidine-2,5-dione (0.20 mmol) was reacted with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h. After the standard work-up as described above, the sample was analyzed by ^1H NMR and GC-MS to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard: conversion >98%; yield of **3a** 68%, indicating high reactivity of amides **1b** in the Friedel-Craft reaction under these conditions.

N-Methyl-N-phenylbenzamide (Scheme 1, Entry 3)

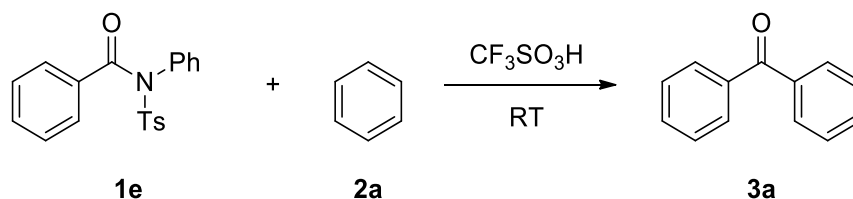
According to the general procedure, *N*-methyl-*N*-phenylbenzamide (0.20 mmol) was reacted with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h. After the standard work-up as described above, the sample was analyzed by ^1H NMR and GC-MS to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard: conversion <5.0%; yield of **3a** <5.0%. At this stage, further optimization of Friedel-Crafts acylation of amides **1c** was not performed.

***tert*-Butyl benzoyl(benzyl)carbamate** (Scheme 1, Entry 4)

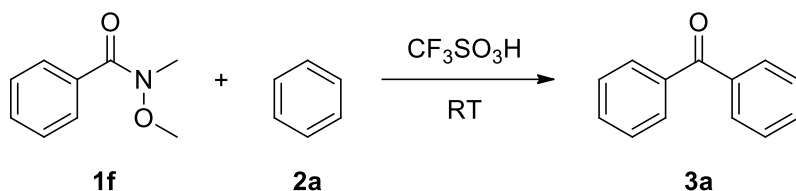


According to the general procedure, *tert*-butyl benzoyl(benzyl)carbamate (0.20 mmol) was reacted with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature overnight. After the standard work-up as described above, the sample was analyzed by ^1H NMR and GC-MS to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard: conversion >95.0%; yield of **3a** <5.0%. At this stage, further optimization of Friedel-Crafts acylation of amides **1d** was not performed.

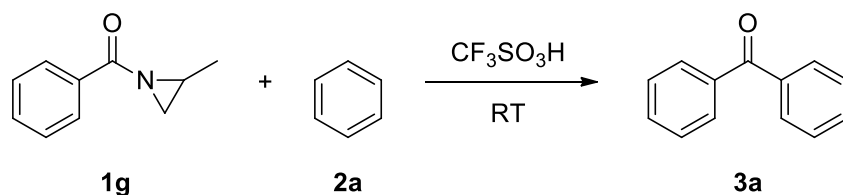
***N*-Phenyl-*N*-tosylbenzamide** (Scheme 1, Entry 5)



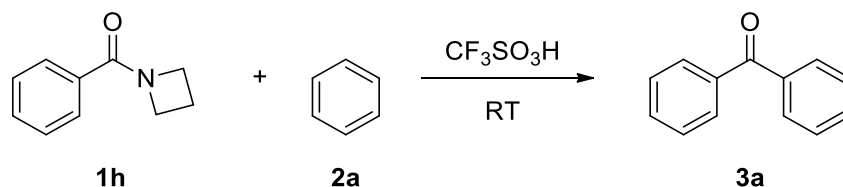
According to the general procedure, *N*-phenyl-*N*-tosylbenzamide (0.20 mmol) was reacted with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h. After the standard work-up as described above, the sample was analyzed by ^1H NMR and GC-MS to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard: conversion 20%; yield of **3a** <5.0%. At this stage, further optimization of Friedel-Crafts acylation of amides **1e** was not performed.

***N*-Methoxy-*N*-methylbenzamide** (Scheme 1, Entry 6)

According to the general procedure, *N*-methoxy-*N*-methylbenzamide (0.20 mmol) was reacted with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h. After the standard work-up as described above, the sample was analyzed by ¹H NMR and GC-MS to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard: conversion 25%; yield of **3a** <5.0%. At this stage, further optimization of Friedel-Crafts acylation of amides **1f** was not performed.

(2-Methylaziridin-1-yl)(phenyl)methanone (Scheme 1, Entry 7)

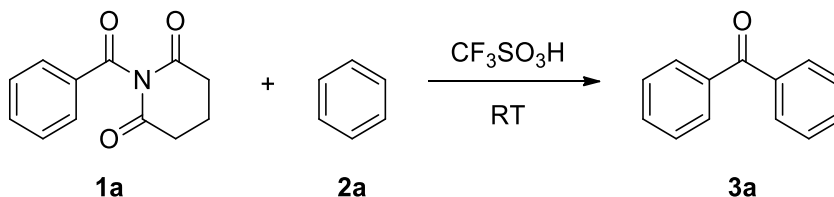
According to the general procedure, (2-methylaziridin-1-yl)(phenyl)methanone (0.20 mmol) was reacted with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h. After the standard work-up as described above, the sample was analyzed by ¹H NMR and GC-MS to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard: conversion <5.0%; yield of **3a** <5.0%. At this stage, further optimization of Friedel-Crafts acylation of amides **1g** was not performed.

Azetidin-1-yl(phenyl)methanone (Scheme 1, Entry 8)

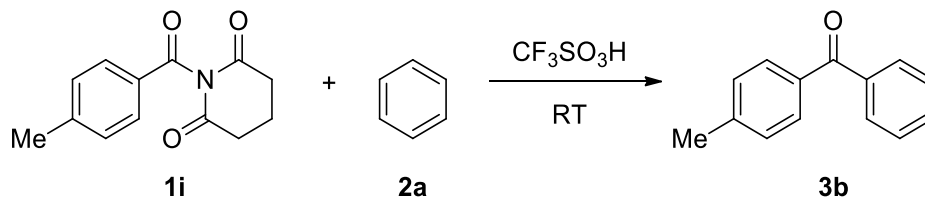
According to the general procedure, azetidin-1-yl(phenyl)methanone (0.20 mmol) was reacted with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h. After the standard work-up as described above, the sample was analyzed by ^1H NMR and GC-MS to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard: conversion <5.0%; yield of **3a** <5.0%. At this stage, further optimization of Friedel-Crafts acylation of amides **1h** was not performed.

Friedel-Crafts Reactions of Amides: Variation of Amides (Scheme 2)

All products have been previously reported.¹⁵⁻²⁶ Spectroscopic data matched literature values.

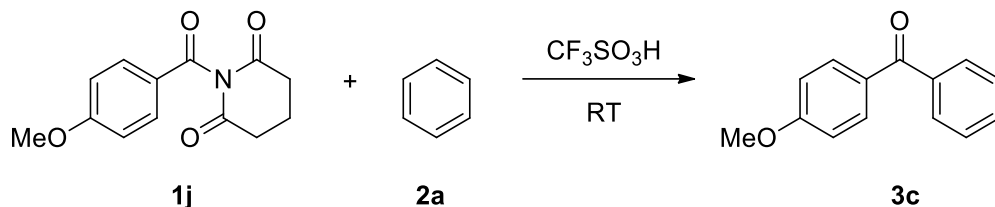
1-Benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, 3a)

According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 93% yield (33.8 mg). White solid. GC: *rt* = 13.71 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 4 H), 7.59-7.64 (m, 2 H), 7.84 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.4 Hz, 4 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 128.28, 130.06, 132.41, 137.62, 196.73. MS = 182.1 (EI).¹⁵

1-(4-Methylbenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, 3b)

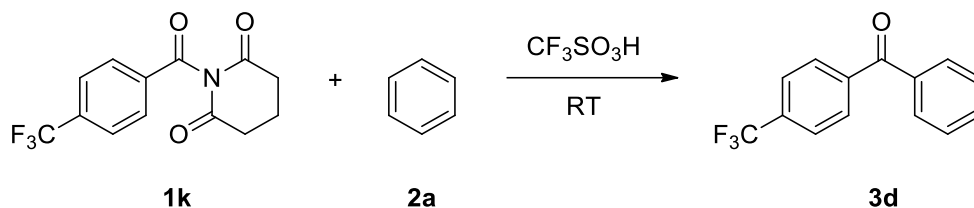
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-(4-methylbenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 74% yield (29.8 mg). White solid. GC: *rt* = 15.32 min. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.47 (s, 3 H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2 H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.56-7.63 (m, 1 H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.81 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.4 Hz, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 21.67, 128.21, 128.98, 129.94, 130.32, 132.16, 134.89, 137.96, 143.24, 196.51. MS = 196.1 (EI).¹⁸

1-(4-Methoxybenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, 3c)



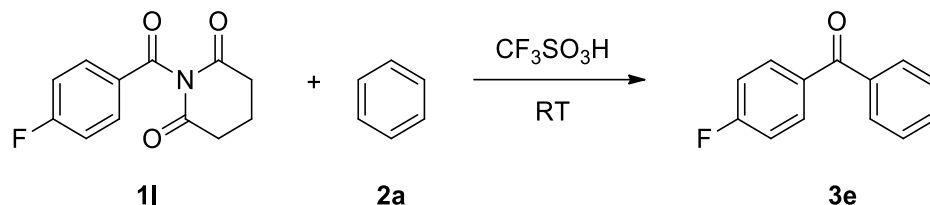
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-(4-methoxybenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 77% yield (32.8 mg). White solid. GC: *rt* = 17.19 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.91 (s, 3 H), 6.99 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.78 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2 H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 55.50, 113.56, 128.19, 129.73, 130.18, 131.88, 138.31, 132.56, 163.23, 195.55. MS = 212.1 (EI).¹⁵

1-(4-(Trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)piperidine-2, 6-dione (Scheme 2, 3d)



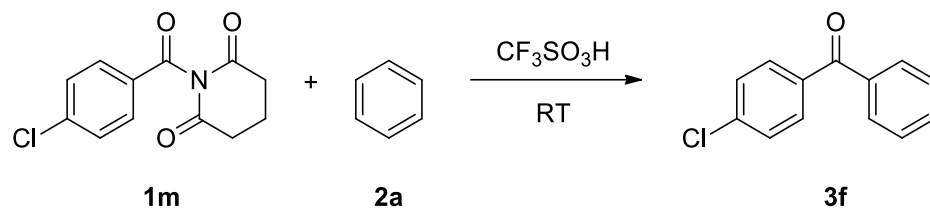
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 97% yield (48.4 mg). White solid. GC: *rt* = 13.27 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.54 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.66 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.78 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.83 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.92 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 123.68 (q, J^1 = 273.4 Hz), 125.35 (q, J^1 = 3.8 Hz), 128.53, 130.10, 130.13, 133.09, 133.73 (q, J^2 = 32.8 Hz), 136.74, 140.74, 195.52. ^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -63.02. MS = 250.1 (EI).¹⁵

1-(4-Fluorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, 3e)



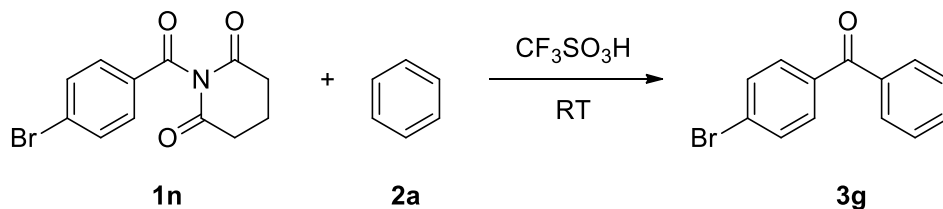
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-(4-fluorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 95% yield (38.0 mg). Oil. GC: $t_r = 13.67$ min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.19 (d, $J = 8.6$ Hz, 2 H), 7.52 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2 H), 7.62 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1 H), 7.80 (dd, $J = 8.2$, 1.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.85-7.91 (m, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 115.46 (d, $J^2 = 21.4$ Hz), 128.36, 129.87, 132.47, 132.67 (d, $J^3 = 8.8$ Hz), 133.81, 137.52, 165.40 (d, $J^1 = 254.5$ Hz), 195.26. ^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -106.01. MS = 200.1 (EI).¹⁵

1-(4-Chlorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, **3f**)



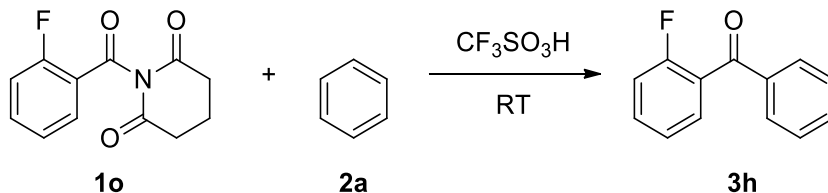
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-(4-chlorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 83% yield (35.8 mg). Oil. GC: $t_r = 15.87$ min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.47-7.54 (m, 4 H), 7.63 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1 H), 7.79 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 4 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 128.40, 128.64, 129.92, 131.46, 132.64, 135.89, 137.26, 138.90, 195.48. MS = 216.0 (EI).¹⁵

1-(4-Bromobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, **3g**)



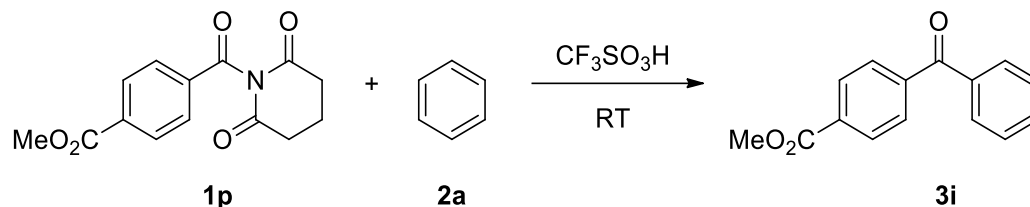
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-(4-bromobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 68% yield (35.8 mg). White solid. GC: *rt* = 16.93 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.52 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.62 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.71 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.80 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.4 Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 127.51, 128.41, 129.94, 131.56, 131.62, 132.67, 136.33, 137.19, 195.62. MS = 260.0 (EI).¹⁹

1-(2-Fluorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, 3h)



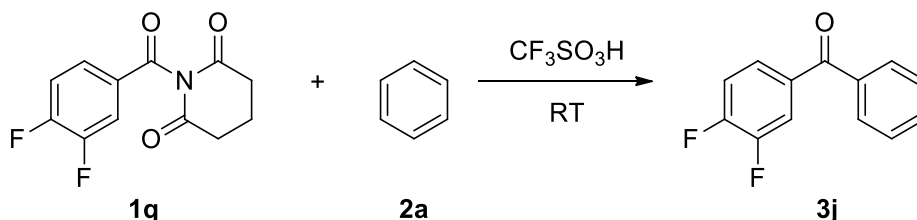
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-(2-fluorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 73% yield (29.2 mg). Oil. GC: *rt* = 13.64 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.19 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.30 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.53-7.61 (m, 2 H), 7.63 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.87 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 116.28 (d, J^2 = 21.4 Hz), 124.28 (d, J^4 = 3.8 Hz), 127.06 (d, J^2 = 15.1 Hz), 128.46, 129.81, 130.76 (d, J^3 = 3.8 Hz), 133.05 (d, J^3 = 8.8 Hz), 133.40, 137.42, 160.10 (d, J^1 = 253.3 Hz), 193.45. ^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -111.04. MS = 200.1 (EI).¹⁵

Methyl 4-(2,6-dioxopiperidine-1-carbonyl)benzoate (Scheme 2, 3i)



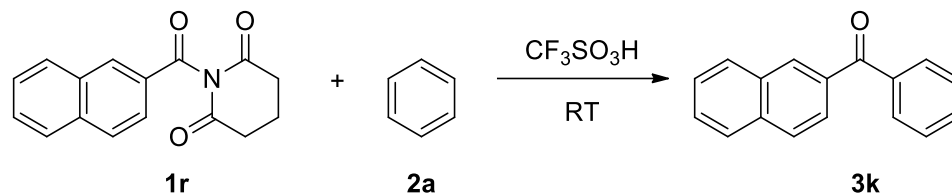
According to the general procedure, the reaction of methyl 4-(2,6-dioxopiperidine-1-carbonyl)benzoate (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 75% yield (36.0 mg). White solid. GC: *rt* = 18.34 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.99 (s, 3 H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.64 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.83 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.86 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 8.17 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 52.49, 128.47, 129.51, 129.78, 130.11, 132.96, 133.22, 136.95, 141.32, 166.33, 196.05. MS = 240.1 (EI).¹⁵

1-(3,4-Difluorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, **3j**)



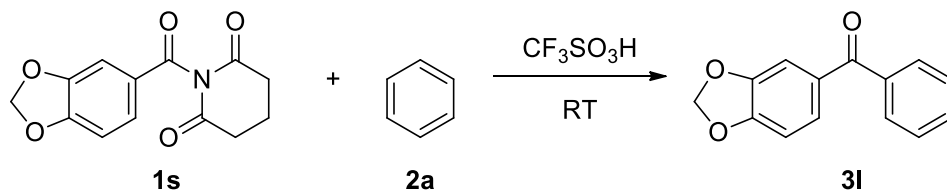
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-(2-fluorobenzoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 95% yield (41.3 mg). White solid. GC: *rt* = 13.40 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.30 (dt, J = 9.7, 7.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.59-7.67 (m, 2 H), 7.71 (ddd, J = 10.2, 7.7, 2.1 Hz, 1 H), 7.79 (dd, J = 8.3, 1.4 Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 117.28 (J^2 = 17.5 Hz), 119.33 (J^2 = 18.8 Hz), 127.10 (J^3 = 7.5 Hz), 128.50, 129.85, 132.81, 134.45 (J^4 = 3.8 Hz), 136.88, 150.21 (J^1 = 248.8 Hz), 152.79 (J^1 = 255.0 Hz), 194.09. ^{19}F NMR (471 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -136.19, -136.15, -130.61, -130.56. MS = 218.1 (EI).²⁰

1-(2-Naphthoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, **3k**)



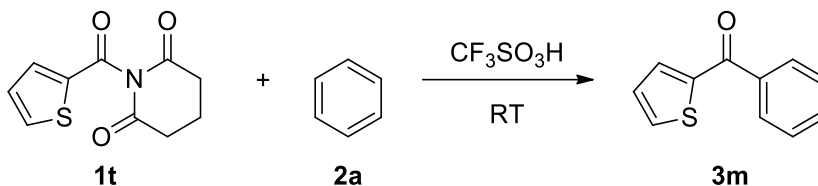
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-(2-naphthoyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 78% yield (36.3 mg). White solid. GC: $t_r = 19.90$ min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.57 (dt, $J = 15.4, 7.8$ Hz, 3 H), 7.62-7.68 (m, 2 H), 7.90 (d, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2 H), 7.95 (dd, $J = 8.1, 2.9$ Hz, 2 H), 7.98 (s, 2 H), 8.30 (s, 1 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 125.80, 126.81, 127.84, 128.31, 128.34, 128.35, 129.43, 130.11, 131.87, 132.28, 132.39, 134.85, 135.29, 137.93, 196.74. MS = 232.1 (EI).¹⁵

1-(Benzo[d][1,3]dioxole-5-carbonyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, **3l**)



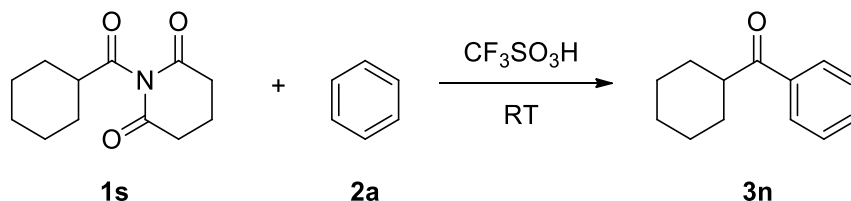
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxole-5-carbonyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 50% yield (22.8 mg). Yellow solid. GC: $t_r = 18.11$ min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.09 (s, 2 H), 6.88 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1 H), 7.37-7.43 (m, 2 H), 7.49 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2 H), 7.56-7.61 (m, 1 H), 7.75-7.79 (m, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 101.86, 107.70, 109.92, 126.87, 128.21, 129.71, 131.91, 131.99, 138.13, 147.95, 151.52, 195.15. MS = 226.1 (EI).²¹

1-(Thiophene-2-carbonyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, **3m**)

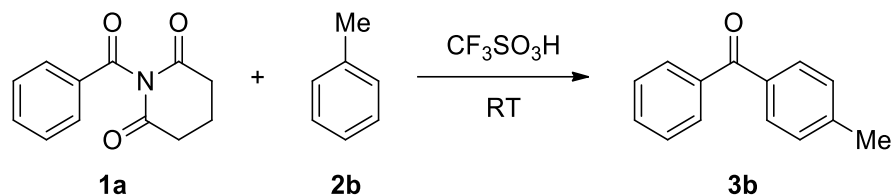


According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-(thiophene-2-carbonyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 64% yield (24.2 mg). White solid. GC: $r_t = 14.59$ min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.17-7.21 (m, 1 H), 7.52 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2 H), 7.62 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1 H), 7.67 (dd, $J = 3.8, 1.0$ Hz, 1 H), 7.75 (dd, $J = 4.9, 1.0$ Hz, 1 H), 7.89 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 127.97, 128.42, 129.18, 132.28, 134.22, 134.86, 138.16, 143.65, 188.25. MS = 188.0 (EI).²²

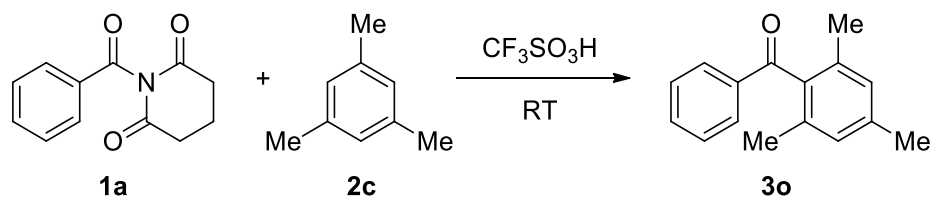
1-(Cyclohexanecarbonyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (Scheme 2, **3n**)



According to the general procedure, the reaction of methyl 1-(cyclohexanecarbonyl)piperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 50% yield (18.9 mg). White solid. GC: $r_t = 13.62$ min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 1.24-1.36 (m, 2 H), 1.42 (qt, $J = 12.7, 3.1$ Hz, 2 H), 1.52 (qd, $J = 12.6, 2.8$ Hz, 2 H), 1.83-1.95 (m, 4 H), 3.29 (tt, $J = 11.5, 3.2$ Hz, 1 H), 7.48 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2 H), 7.57 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1 H), 7.97 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 25.88, 25.98, 29.44, 45.65, 128.25, 128.58, 132.72, 136.36, 203.91. MS = 188.1 (EI).²³

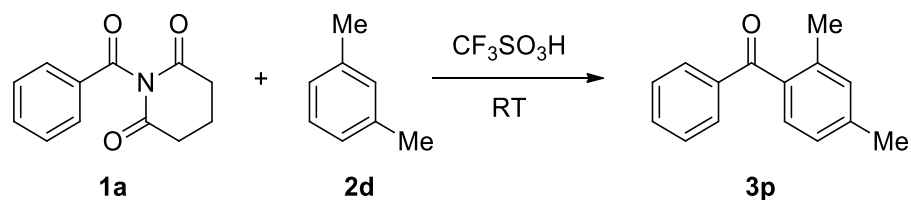
Friedel-Crafts Reactions of Amides: Variation of Nucleophiles (Scheme 3)**Toluene** (Scheme 3, Entry 1)

According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in toluene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 75% yield (29.6 mg). White solid. GC: $r_t = 15.33$ min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.47 (s, 3 H), 7.31 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2 H), 7.50 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2 H), 7.60 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1 H), 7.75 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2 H), 7.81 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 21.68, 128.21, 128.98, 129.94, 130.32, 132.16, 134.89, 137.96, 143.25, 196.52. MS = 196.1 (EI).¹⁵

Mesitylene (Scheme 3, Entry 2)

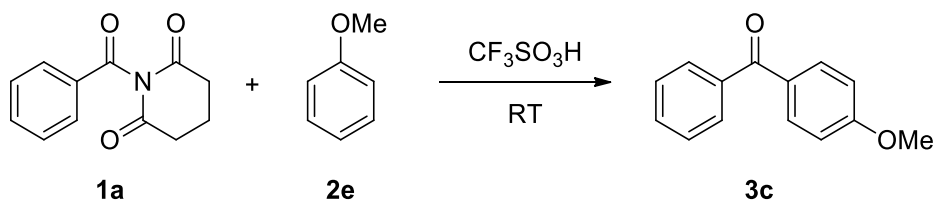
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in mesitylene (0.40 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 64% yield (28.7 mg). Oil. GC: $r_t = 15.86$ min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.11 (s, 6 H), 2.36 (s, 3 H), 6.93 (s, 2 H), 7.47 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2 H), 7.60 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1 H), 7.84 (d, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 19.37, 21.17, 128.34, 128.80, 129.41, 133.55, 134.20, 136.89, 137.32, 138.50, 200.77. MS = 224.1 (EI).²⁴

***m*-Xylene** (Scheme 3, Entry 3)



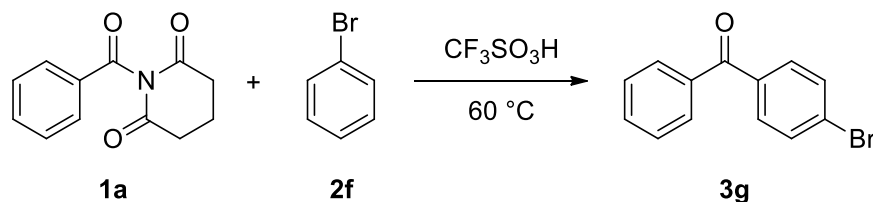
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in *m*-xylene (0.10 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 65% yield (27.3 mg). White solid. GC: *rt* = 15.59 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.36 (s, 3 H), 2.41 (s, 3 H), 7.07 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1 H), 7.14 (s, 1 H), 7.24–7.30 (m, 1 H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 20.12, 21.40, 125.79, 128.36, 129.27, 130.10, 131.91, 132.85, 135.61, 137.30, 138.22, 140.65, 198.55. MS = 210.1 (EI).²⁵

Anisole (Scheme 3, Entry 4)



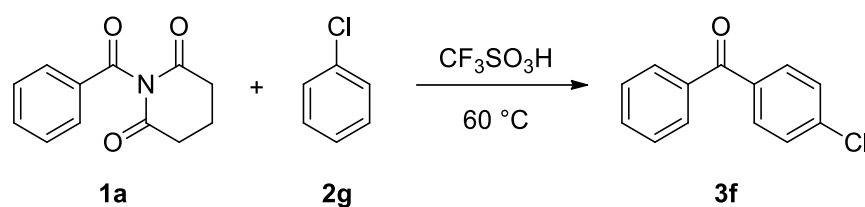
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in anisole (0.40 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 57% yield (24.4 mg). White solid. GC: *rt* = 17.20 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.91 (s, 3 H), 6.99 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.49 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.58 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.78 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 55.50, 113.56, 128.19, 129.73, 130.16, 131.89, 132.56, 138.30, 163.23, 195.55. MS = 212.1 (EI).¹⁵

Bromobenzene (Scheme 3, Entry 5)



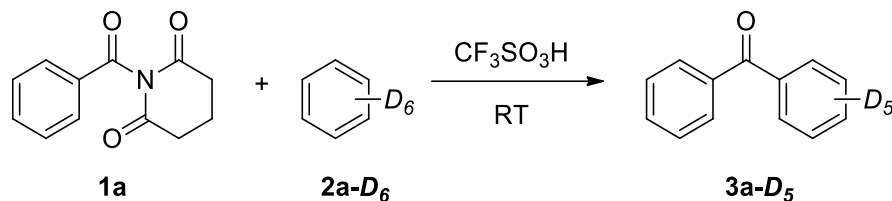
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in bromobenzene (0.40 M) at 60 °C for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 64% yield (33.2 mg). Yellow solid. GC: rt = 17.07 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.51 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 7.63 (dd, J = 16.4, 8.0 Hz, 3 H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2 H), 7.80 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 127.52, 128.42, 129.95, 131.57, 131.62, 132.69, 136.31, 137.17, 195.64. MS = 260.0 (EI).¹⁹

Chlorobenzene (Scheme 3, Entry 6)



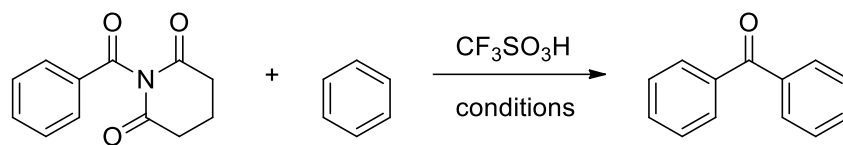
According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in chlorobenzene (0.40 M) at 60 °C for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 57% yield (24.5 mg). White solid. GC: rt = 16.00 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.46-7.55 (m, 4 H), 7.63 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.79 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 4 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 128.41, 128.62, 128.64, 129.93, 131.47, 132.65, 135.87, 137.25, 138.90, 195.50. MS = 216.0 (EI).¹⁵

Benzene- D_6



According to the general procedure, the reaction of 1-benzoylpiperidine-2,6-dione (0.20 mmol) with trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) in benzene- d_6 (0.20 M) at room temperature for 15 h, afforded after the standard work-up as described above the title compound in 72% yield (27.0 mg). White solid. GC: rt = 13.88 min. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.51 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2 H), 7.61 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H), 7.83 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H). ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 128.29, 130.06, 132.42, 137.62, 196.74. MS = 187.1 (EI).²⁶

Detailed Optimization Experiments

Table SI-1. Optimization Studies in the Friedel-Craft reaction of Sterically-Distorted Amides.^a

Entry	Benzene (M)	$\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ (equiv)	Temperature (°C)	Time (h)	Additives	Conv. ^b (%)	Yield ^b (%)
1	0.10	3.0	rt	15	-	>95	93 ^c
2	0.10	2.0	rt	15	-	>95	66
3	0.10	1.0	rt	15	-	64	<10
4	0.10	0.2	rt	15	-	13	<5
5	0.10	5.0	rt	15	-	>95	53
6	0.10	3.0	rt	15	DCE (1/1)	46	29
7	0.10	3.0	rt	15	4 Å MS	>95	11
8	0.10	3.0	rt	3	-	>95	54
9 ^d	0.10	3.0	rt	15	-	>95	53
10	0.40	3.0	rt	15	-	>95	52
11	0.04	3.0	rt	15	-	>95	44
12	0.10	3.0	65	15	-	>95	67
13	0.10	3.0	0 to rt	15	-	>95	71

^aConditions: **1a** (1 equiv), benzene (x M), acid (x equiv). All reactions carried out using standard Schlenk techniques under nitrogen. ^bDetermined by ^1H NMR and/or GC-MS. ^cIsolated yield. ^dReverse addition.

Table SI-2. Influence of Acids in the Friedel-Craft reaction of Sterically-Distorted Amides.^a

Reaction scheme: Twisted amide **1a** + Benzene $\xrightarrow[\text{RT, 15 h}]{\text{Acid (3 equiv)}}$ Product

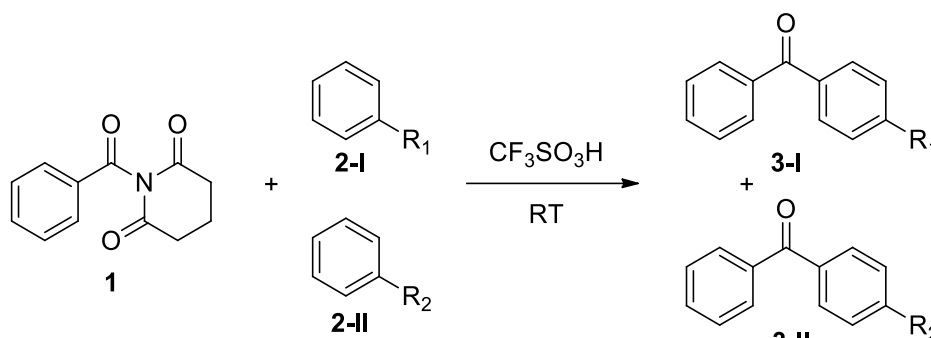
Entry	Acids (3.0 equiv)	Conv. ^b (%)	Yield ^b (%)
1	CF ₃ SO ₃ H	>95	93 ^c
2	TiCl ₄	<5	<5
3	BF ₃ ·Et ₂ O	<5	<5
4	TFA	<5	<5
5	HCl	<5	<5
6	HBFe ₄	<5	<5

^aConditions: **1a** (1 equiv), benzene (0.10 M), acid (3.0 equiv), rt, 15 h. All reactions carried out using standard Schlenk techniques under nitrogen. ^bDetermined by ¹H NMR and/or GC-MS. ^cIsolated yield.

Selectivity Studies – Nucleophiles²⁷⁻²⁹

General Procedure. An oven-dried vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with an amide substrate (1.0 equiv), placed under a positive pressure of nitrogen, and subjected to three evacuation/backfilling cycles. Nucleophile (1/1 mmol ratio to a total volume of 0.10 M) and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) were added with vigorous stirring at room temperature, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 h. After the indicated time, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ (10 mL), extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL), the organic layers were combined, dried, filtered, and concentrated. The sample was analyzed by ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) and GC-MS to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard and comparison with authentic samples.

Table SI-3. Selectivity Study in the Friedel-Crafts Reaction of Sterically-Distorted Amides.^a



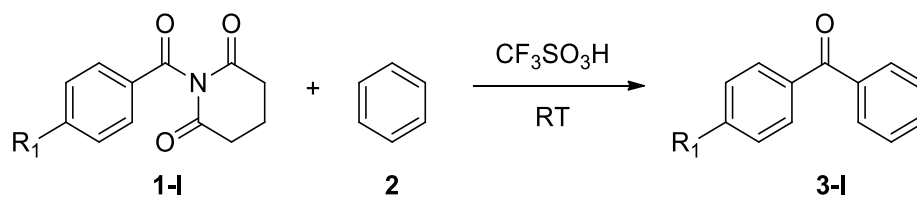
Entry	2-I (R ₁)	2-II (R ₂)	CF ₃ SO ₃ H (equiv)	3-I:3-II (R ₁ :R ₂) ^b
1	H-	Me-	3.0	1:34.4
2	H-	Br-	3.0	25.0:1

^aConditions: Solvent (2 mL), CF₃SO₃H (3.0 equiv), rt, 15 h. All reactions carried out using standard Schlenk techniques under nitrogen. ^bDetermined by ¹H NMR and/or GC-MS.

Selectivity Studies – Amides²⁷⁻²⁹

General Procedure. An oven-dried vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with an amide substrate (1.0 equiv), placed under a positive pressure of nitrogen, and subjected to three evacuation/backfilling cycles. Benzene (0.10 M) and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) were added with vigorous stirring at room temperature, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5.0 min. After the indicated time, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ (10 mL), extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL), the organic layers were combined, dried, filtered, and concentrated. The sample was analyzed by ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) and GC-MS to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard and comparison with authentic samples.

Table SI-4. Selectivity Study in the Friedel-Crafts Reaction of Sterically-Distorted Amides.^a



Entry	1-I (R ₁)	Conv. ^b (%) (<i>k_X</i> / <i>k_H</i>)	Yield ^b (%)
1	MeO-	>95 (0.94)	29.5
2	H-	>95 (1.00)	31.6
3	CF ₃ -	>95 (1.22)	38.5

^aConditions: Solvent (2 mL), CF₃SO₃H (3.0 equiv), rt, 5 min. All reactions carried out using standard Schlenk techniques under nitrogen. ^bDetermined by ¹H NMR and/or GC-MS.

Selectivity Studies – Other Electrophiles²⁷⁻²⁹

General Procedure. An oven-dried vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with two substrates (each 1.0 equiv), placed under a positive pressure of nitrogen, and subjected to three evacuation/backfilling cycles. Benzene (0.10 M) and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) were added with vigorous stirring at room temperature, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 h. After the indicated time, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ (10 mL), extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL), the organic layers were combined, dried, filtered, and concentrated. The sample was analyzed by ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) and GC-MS to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard and comparison with authentic samples.

Table SI-5. Selectivity Study in the Friedel-Crafts Reaction of Sterically-Distorted Amides.^a

The reaction scheme shows two starting materials, 1-I and 1-II, reacting with benzene (2) in the presence of CF₃SO₃H at room temperature (RT). 1-I is a twisted amide with an R₁ substituent on the phenyl ring. 1-II is a twisted amide with an R₂ substituent on the phenyl ring and an R₃ substituent on the carbonyl group. The products are 3-I and 3-II, which are 1-acyl-2-phenylbenzenes with R₁ and R₂ substituents respectively.

Entry	1-I (R ₁)	1-II (R ₂ /R ₃)	CF ₃ SO ₃ H (equiv)	3-I:3-II (R ₁ :R ₂) ^b
1	Me-	H-/Cl-	3.0	1:1.16
2	Me-	H-/OCOPh	3.0	1.12:1

^aConditions: Solvent (2 mL), CF₃SO₃H (3.0 equiv), rt, 15 h. All reactions carried out using standard Schlenk techniques under nitrogen. ^bDetermined by ¹H NMR and/or GC-MS.

Kinetic Isotope Studies³⁰

General Procedure. An oven-dried vial equipped with a stir bar was charged with an amide substrate (0.20 mmol), placed under a positive pressure of nitrogen, and subjected to three evacuation/backfilling cycles. Benzene/benzene-*d*₆ (1/1, 0.10 M) and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (3.0 equiv) were added with vigorous stirring at room temperature, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 h. After the indicated time, the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ (10 mL), extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 20 mL), the organic layers were combined, dried, filtered, and concentrated. The sample was analyzed by ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) to obtain conversion and yield using internal standard and comparison with authentic samples. The amount of each species was determined by ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) and HRMS analysis. Kinetic isotope effect, $k_H/k_D = 2.9$, indicating that proton transfer might be involved in the rate determining step of the reaction.

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