#### **Electronic Supporting Information (ESI)**

# An Efficient and Sustainable Synthesis of NHC Gold Complexes

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#### **1. Experimental Section**

#### **1.1. General Procedures**

All reactions were performed under air atmosphere and solvents were used as received without purification or drying.  $[AuCl(tht)]^1$  and  $[Au(C_6F_5)(tht)]^2$  were prepared according to published procedures. Imidazolium salts were commercially available from Sigma-Aldrich or TCI Chemicals.

<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H}, and <sup>19</sup>F{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR, including 2D experiments, were recorded at room temperature on a BRUKER AVANCE 400 spectrometer (<sup>1</sup>H 400 MHz; <sup>13</sup>C, 100.6 MHz; <sup>19</sup>F 377 MHz) or on a BRUKER AVANCE II 300 spectrometer (<sup>1</sup>H 300 MHz; <sup>13</sup>C 75.5 MHz; <sup>19</sup>F 282 MHz) with chemical shifts ( $\delta$ , ppm) reported relative to the solvent peaks of the deuterated solvent.

#### 1.2. Synthesis of the compounds

**NBu<sub>4</sub>(acac):** To a solution of tetrabutylammonium hydroxide 30-hydrate (1.600 g, 2.0 mmol) in ethanol (10 ml) was added acetylacetone (0.2 ml, 2 mmol) and the solution stirred for 8 h. Solvent was removed *in vacuo* to leave a pale yellow residue which was dissolved in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 ml) and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The solution was concentrated to minimum volume and diethyl ether (10 ml) was added to precipitate an off-white solid which was collected and vacuum dried to give the product (0.649 g, 95%). Spectral data is in agreement with that previously reported.

7: 1-octyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride (0.0692 g, 0.3 mmol) and [AuCl(tht)] (0.0962 g, 0.3 mmol) were mixed in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml) until a colourless solution formed (5 min). NBu<sub>4</sub>(acac) (0.1025 g, 0.3 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 h. The solution was filtered through a plug of silica and the colourless filtrate evaporated to minimum volume. Pentane was added to precipitate a white solid which was collected and vacuum dried to give the product (0.1112 g, 87%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.93 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u> imidazole), 6.92 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u> imidazole), 4.13 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H, C<u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.82 (s, 3H, Me), 1.88 – 1.74 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.27 (m, 10H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(C<u>H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.86 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>C<u>H<sub>3</sub>). <sup>1</sup>B NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  170.88 (s, N-<u>C</u>-N), 121.81 (s, <u>C</u>H imidazole), 120.56 (s, <u>C</u>H imidazole), 51.53 (s, <u>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 38.37 (s, Me), 31.78 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(<u>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 31.18 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 29.15 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(<u>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 26.48 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(<u>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.67 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(<u>CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 14.15 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub><u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>).</u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u></u>

**9:** 1,3-Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)imidazolium chloride (0.0850 g, 0.2 mmol) and [Au(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)(tht)] (0.0904 g, 0.2 mmol) were mixed in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml) until a colourless solution formed (5 min). The solution was concentrated to dryness under reduced pressure to give a white solid which was washed several times with hexane. The solid was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), NBu<sub>4</sub>(acac) (0.0683 g, 0.2 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 h. The solution was filtered through a plug of silica and the colourless filtrate evaporated to minimum volume. Pentane was added to precipitate a white solid which was collected and vacuum dried to give the product (0.1098 g, 73%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.49 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H, *p*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>), 7.29 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4H, m-C6H3), 7.20 (s, 2H, C<u>H</u> imidazole), 2.62 (sept, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 4H, C<u>H</u>Me<sub>2</sub>), 1.36 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H, CH<u>Me<sub>2</sub>), 1.24 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H, CH<u>Me<sub>2</sub>). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -115.28 – -116.84 (m, *o*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -161.20 (t, *J* = 20.0 Hz, *p*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -162.46 – -165.76 (m, *m*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  192.15 (s, *N*-<u>C</u>-N, (observed by HMBC)), 145.93 (s, *i*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>), 134.25 (s, *o*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>), 130.61 (s, *p*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>), 124.16 (s, *m*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>), 123.14 (s, <u>CH</u> imidazole), 29.02 (s, <u>CHMe<sub>2</sub>), 24.48 (s, Me), 24.17 (s, Me).</u></u></u>

**10:** 1,3-Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)imidazolinium chloride (0.1023 g, 0.3 mmol) and [Au(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)(tht)] (0.1357 g, 0.3 mmol) were mixed in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml) until a colourless solution formed (5 min). The solution was concentrated to dryness under reduced pressure to give a white solid which was washed several times with hexane. The solid was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), NBu<sub>4</sub>(acac) (0.1025 g, 0.3 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 h. The solution was filtered through a plug of silica and the colourless filtrate evaporated to minimum volume. Pentane was added to precipitate a white solid which was collected and vacuum dried to give the product (0.1604 g, 80%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.12 (s, 2H, C<u>H</u> imidazole), 7.02 (s, 4H, C<sub>6</sub><u>H</u><sub>2</sub>), 2.35 (s, 6H, *p*-Me), 2.17 (s, 12H, *o*-Me). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (377 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -115.94 – -116.11 (m, *o*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -160.84 (t, *J* = 20.0 Hz, *p*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -163.56 – -163.83 (m, *m*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.50 (s, N-<u>C</u>-N, (observed by HMBC)) 139.63 (s, <u>C</u>H aromatic), 134.97 (s, <u>C</u>H aromatic), 134.88 (s, <u>C</u>H aromatic), 129.44 (s, <u>C</u>H aromatic), 122.30 (s, <u>C</u>H imidazole), 21.31 (s, <u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>), 18.00 (s, <u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>).

11: 1,3-dimethylimidazolium chloride (0.0397 g, 0.3 mmol) and  $[Au(C_6F_5)(tht)]$  (0.1357 g, 0.3 mmol) were mixed in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml) until a colourless solution formed (5 min). The solution was concentrated to dryness under reduced pressure to give a white solid which was washed several times with hexane. The solid was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), NBu<sub>4</sub>(acac) (0.1025 g, 0.3 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 h. The solution was filtered through a plug of silica and the colourless filtrate evaporated to minimum volume. Pentane was added to precipitate a white solid which was collected and vacuum dried to give the product (0.1184 g, 86%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.92 (s, 2H, C<u>H</u> imidazole), 3.90 (s, 6H, Me). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -115.96 – -117.07 (m, *o*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -159.98 (t, *J* = 20.0 Hz, *p*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -162.13 – -164.49 (m, *m*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  188.59 (s, N-<u>C</u>-N, (observed by HMBC)), 121.86 (s, <u>C</u>H imidazole), 37.91 (s, Me).

**12:** 1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride (0.0440 g, 0.3 mmol) and  $[Au(C_6F_5)(tht)]$  (0.1357 g, 0.3 mmol) were mixed in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml) until a colourless solution formed (5 min). The solution was concentrated to dryness under reduced pressure to give a white solid which was washed several times with hexane. The solid was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), NBu<sub>4</sub>(acac) (0.1025 g, 0.3 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 h. The solution was filtered through a plug of silica and the colourless filtrate evaporated to minimum volume. Pentane was added to precipitate a white solid which was collected and vacuum dried to give the product (0.0797 g, 56%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.96 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u> imidazole), 6.92 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H, <u>CH</u> imidazole), 4.28 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.91 (s, 3H, Me), 1.53 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -115.07 - 117.62 (m, *o*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -159.97 (t, *J* = 19.9 Hz, *p*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -161.74 - -165.12 (m, *m*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  187.85 (s, N-<u>C</u>-N, (observed by HMBC)), 121.77 (s, <u>C</u>H imidazole), 120.09 (s, <u>C</u>H imidazole), 46.24 (s, <u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>), 38.05 (s, Me), 16.83 (s, <u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>).

**13:** 1,3-diisopropyl imidazolium chloride (0.0566 g, 0.3 mmol) and  $[Au(C_6F_5)(tht)]$  (0.1357 g, 0.3 mmol) were mixed in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml) until a colourless solution formed (5 min). The solution was concentrated to dryness under reduced pressure to give a white solid which was washed several times with hexane. The solid was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), NBu<sub>4</sub>(acac) (0.1025 g, 0.3 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 h. The solution was filtered through a plug of silica and the colourless filtrate evaporated to minimum volume. Pentane was added to precipitate a white solid which was collected and vacuum dried to give the product (0.0940 g, 61%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.99 (s, 2H, C<u>H</u> imidazole), 5.06 (hept, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H, C<u>H</u>Me<sub>2</sub>), 1.54 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 12H, CH<u>Me<sub>2</sub></u>). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -115.88 – -116.74 (m, *o*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -160.10 (t, J = 19.9 Hz, *p*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -162.78 – -163.64 (m, *m*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  185.72(s, n N-<u>C</u>-N, (observed by HMBC)) 116.88 (s, <u>C</u>H imidazole), 53.47 (s, <u>C</u>HMe<sub>2</sub>), 23.72 (s, Me).

14: 1,3-dicyclohexyl imidazolium chloride (0.0537 g, 0.2 mmol) and  $[Au(C_6F_5)(tht)]$  (0.0904 g, 0.2 mmol) were mixed in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml) until a colourless solution formed (5 min). The solution was concentrated to dryness under reduced pressure to give a white solid which was washed several times with hexane. The solid was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), NBu<sub>4</sub>(acac) (0.0683 g, 0.2 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 h. The solution was filtered through a plug of silica and the colourless filtrate evaporated to minimum volume. Pentane was added to precipitate a white solid which was collected and vacuum dried to give the product (0.1083 g, 91%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.95 (s, 2H, C<u>H</u> imidazole), 4.58 (tt, *J* = 12.2, 3.6 Hz, 2H, C<u>H</u> (Cy)), 2.27 – 2.11 (m, 4H, Cy), 1.98 – 1.85 (m, 4H, Cy), 1.74 (ddd, *J* = 24.4, 12.2, 3.6 Hz, 6H, Cy), 1.60 – 1.39 (m, 4H, Cy), 1.24 (qt, *J* = 12.2, 3.6 Hz, 2H, Cy). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -115.08 – -117.34 (m, *o*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -160.20 (t, *J* = 20.0 Hz, *p*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -162.06 – -166.57 (m, *m*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  185.99 (s, N-<u>C</u>-N, (observed by HMBC)), 117.26 (s, <u>C</u>H imidazole), 61.21 (s, <u>C</u>H (Cy)), 34.54 (s, Cy), 25.69 (s, Cy), 25.32 (s, Cy).

**15:** 1-octyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride (0.0462 g, 0.2 mmol) and [Au(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)(tht)] (0.0904 g, 0.2 mmol) were mixed in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml) until a colourless solution formed (5 min). The solution was concentrated to dryness under reduced pressure to give a white solid which was washed several times with hexane. The solid was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), NBu<sub>4</sub>(acac) (0.0683 g, 0.2 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 h. The solution was filtered through a plug of silica and the colourless filtrate evaporated to minimum volume. Pentane was added to precipitate a white solid which was collected and vacuum dried to give the product (0.0854 g, 76%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.94 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u> imidazole), 6.91 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H, C<u>H</u> imidazole), 4.21 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H, C<u>H<sub>2</sub></u>CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.91 (s, 3H, Me), 1.98 – 1.79 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>C<u>H<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.38 – 1.21 (m, 10H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.86 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>C<u>H<sub>3</sub>), 1.38 – 1.21 (m, 10H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(C<u>H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.86 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>C<u>H<sub>3</sub>), 1.21.63 (s, CH imidazole), 120.63 (s, <u>C</u>H imidazole), 51.26 (s, <u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 38.04 (s, Me), 31.86 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 29.22 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 29.14 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 26.52 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.74 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(<u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 14.19 (s, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>5</sub><u>C</u>H<sub>3</sub>).</u></u></u></u>

**16:** 1,3-bis(1-adamantyl)imidazolium chloride (0.0746 g, 0.2 mmol) and [Au(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)(tht)] (0.0904 g, 0.2 mmol) were mixed in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml) until a colourless solution formed (5 min). The solution was concentrated to dryness under reduced pressure to give a white solid which was washed several times with hexane. The solid was dissolved in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 ml), NBu<sub>4</sub>(acac) (0.0683 g, 0.2 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 1 h. The solution was filtered through a plug of silica and the colourless filtrate evaporated to minimum volume. Pentane was added to precipitate a white solid which was collected and vacuum dried to give the product (0.0728 g, 52%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.11 (s, 2H, C<u>H</u> imidazole), 2.61 (m, 12H, C<u>H<sub>2</sub></u> adamantyl), 2.29 (s, 6H, C<u>H</u> adamantyl), 1.80 (m, 12H, C<u>H<sub>2</sub></u> adamantyl). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -114.12 – -115.46 (m, *o*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -160.46 (t, *J* = 20.0 Hz, *p*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>), -162.64 – -164.07 (m, *m*-C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  185.48 (s, N-<u>C</u>-N, (observed by HMBC)), 115.52 (s, <u>C</u>H imidazole), 59.37 (s, N-<u>C</u> adamantyl), 44.58 (s, <u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub> adamantyl), 35.94 (s, <u>C</u>H<sub>2</sub> adamantyl), 30.20 (s, <u>C</u>H adamantyl).

#### 1.3. Crystallography

Crystals were mounted in inert oil on glass fibers and transferred to the cold gas stream of a Xcalibur Oxford Diffraction diffractometer equipped with a low-temperature attachment. Data were collected using monochromated Mo K $\alpha$  radiation ( $\lambda$ = 0.71073 Å). Scan type  $\omega$ . Absorption correction based on

multiple scans were applied using spherical harmonics implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK<sup>3</sup> scaling algorithm (15). The structures were solved by direct methods and refined on  $F^2$  using the program SHELXL-97.<sup>4</sup> All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. In all cases, hydrogen atoms were included in calculated positions and refined using a riding model. Refinements were carried out by full-matrix least-squares on  $F^2$  for all data.

## 1.4. References

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3. CrysAlisPro, Version 1.171.35.11; Agilent Technologies. *Multiscan absorption correction with SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm*.

4. G. M. Sheldrick, SHELXL-97, *Program for Crystal Structure Refinement; University of Göttingen:* Göttingen, Germany, 1997.

## **1.5. NMR spectra for complex 7.**









## 1.6. NMR spectra for complex 9.











## 1.7. NMR spectra for complex 10.









HMBC (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):









HMBC (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):



17





![](_page_19_Figure_1.jpeg)

HMBC (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):

![](_page_19_Figure_3.jpeg)

## 1.10. NMR spectra for complex 13.

![](_page_20_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Figure_1.jpeg)

HMBC (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):

![](_page_22_Figure_3.jpeg)

## 1.11. NMR spectra for complex 14.

![](_page_23_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Figure_1.jpeg)

HMBC (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):

![](_page_25_Figure_3.jpeg)

## 1.12. NMR spectra for complex 15.

![](_page_26_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Figure_1.jpeg)

HMBC (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):

![](_page_28_Figure_3.jpeg)

## 1.13. NMR spectra for complex 16.

![](_page_29_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_1.jpeg)

HMBC (CDCl<sub>3</sub>):

![](_page_31_Figure_3.jpeg)