## Alkaline reagents-induced structural diversity of four metal-organic frameworks based on flexible bicarboxylate ligand

Yue-Ling Bai,\*<sup>a</sup> Liangzhen Xu,<sup>a</sup> Xiaoli Bao,<sup>b</sup> Chaoyi Hou,<sup>a</sup> Yongmei Zhao,<sup>a</sup> Shourong Zhu\*<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Innovative Drug Center, Department of Chemistry, College of Science, Shanghai University, Shanghai 200444, P. R. China.

<sup>b</sup>Instrumental Analysis Center, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai 200240, P. R. China

E-mail: yuelingbai@shu.edu.cn.



**Scheme S1** The coordination modes reported (I-III) previously and found (IV-VII) in this work of H<sub>3</sub>bci ligand.



Scheme S2 The ligand conformation of *cis-cis* and *cis-trans*.



**Fig. S1** The 2D Cd-bci layer structure and its uninodal 3-connected *hcb* topology with the point symbol of  $\{6^3\}$  in **1**.



Fig. S2 The infinite 1D ladder-like Na-bci chain in 1.



**Fig. S3** The 2D potassium double-layer structure and its uninodal 4-connected *sp* topology with the point symbol of  $\{4^3 \cdot 6^3\}$  in **2**.



**Fig. S4** The 2D cadmium layer structure and its uninodal 3-connected *hcb* topology with the point symbol of  $\{6^3\}$  in **2**.



**Fig. S5** The schematic representations of the 3-nodal 3,4,7-connected new topology with the point symbol of  $\{4\cdot 6^2\}\{4^4\cdot 6^2\}\{4^5\cdot 6^{12}\cdot 8^4\}$  along the *b*-axis of complex **2**.



Fig. S6 The 3D MOF structure of 3 is view along the *a*-axis.



2 Multuluuluu simulated simulated 10 40 50 20 30 2θ



Fig. S7 The PXRD patterns of 1-4, 4a and 4b, respectively.



Fig. S8 Infrared spectra of complexes 1-4.

Table S1. Hydrogen bonds  $(\text{\AA})$  for 4.

D-HA	DA
N4-H4CO2W	2.778(3)
N4-H4DO1W	2.814(2)
N4-H4EO7	2.784(3)
O1W-H1AO6	2.866(3)
O2W-H2AO1	3.012(2)
O2W-H2BO4	2.689(2)