

Supporting Information

Facile solid-state synthesis of Fe/FeOOH hierarchical nanostructures assembled by ultrathin nanosheets and their application in water treatment

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Table S1 The mass loss^a of Fe/FeOOH after each cycle for the removal of CR or Cr(VI).

Cycle number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Removal of CR	13.27%	10.46%	8.71%	10.23%	8.52%	17.06%	5.75%	6.35%	6.35%
Removal of Cr(VI)	20.01%	17.23%	14.96%	5.91%	13.78%	9.65%	/	/	/

^a Mass loss = [lost mass/initial mass]×100%

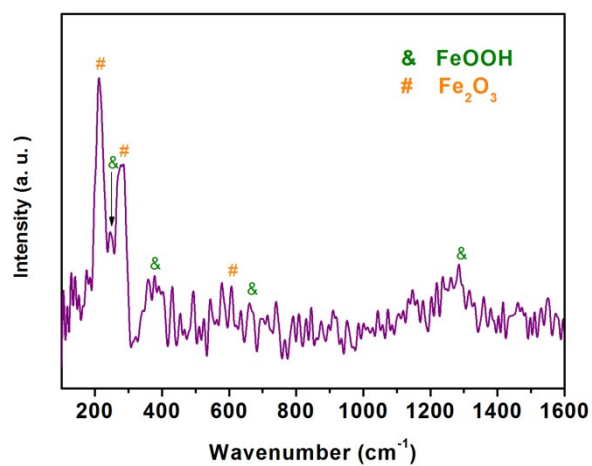


Fig. S1 Raman spectrum of the obtained hierarchical nanostructures.

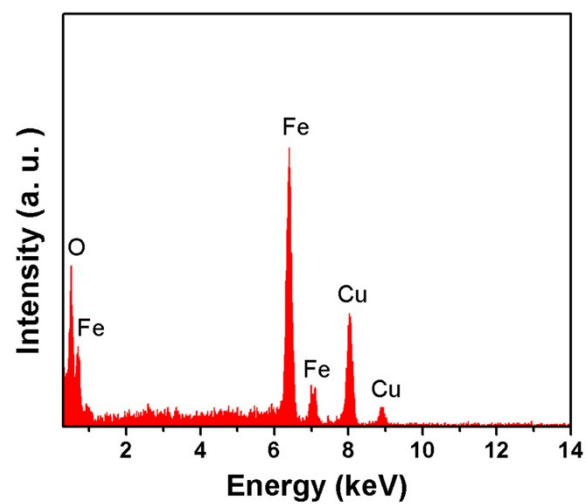


Fig. S2 EDS pattern of the obtained hierarchical nanostructures.

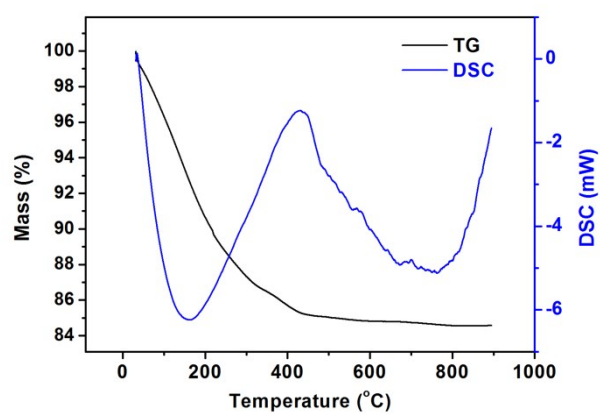


Fig. S3 TGA and DSC curves of the obtained hierarchical nanostructures.

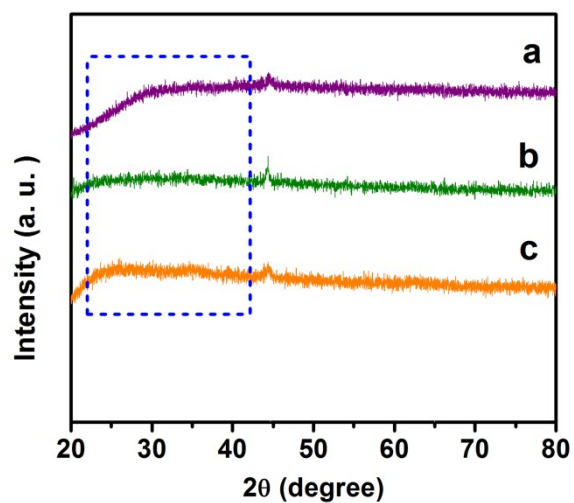


Fig. S4 XRD patterns of the samples obtained at different drying time: (a) 0.5 h; (b) 8 h; (c) 12 h.

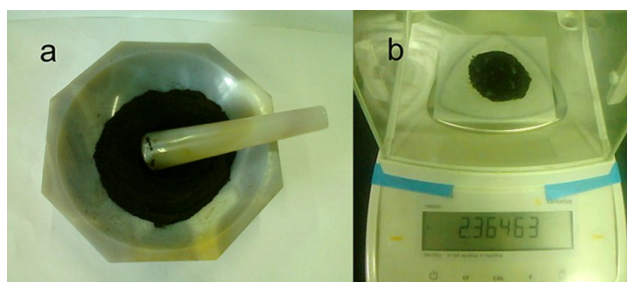


Fig. S5 (a) Photo of the Fe-HNs prepared by the solid-state rout; (b) photo of the Fe-HNs prepared by a large-scale synthesis.

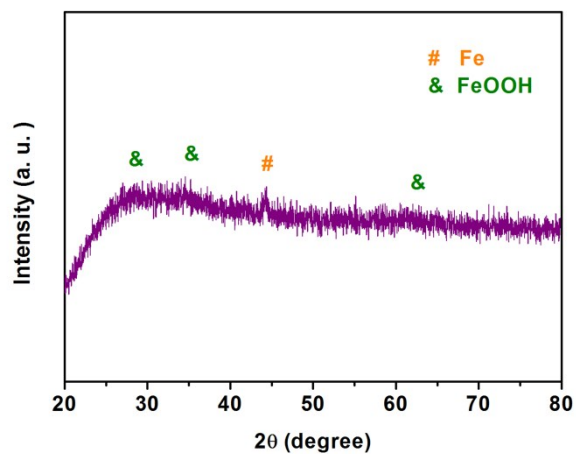


Fig. S6 XRD pattern of Fe-HNs stored in air for one week.

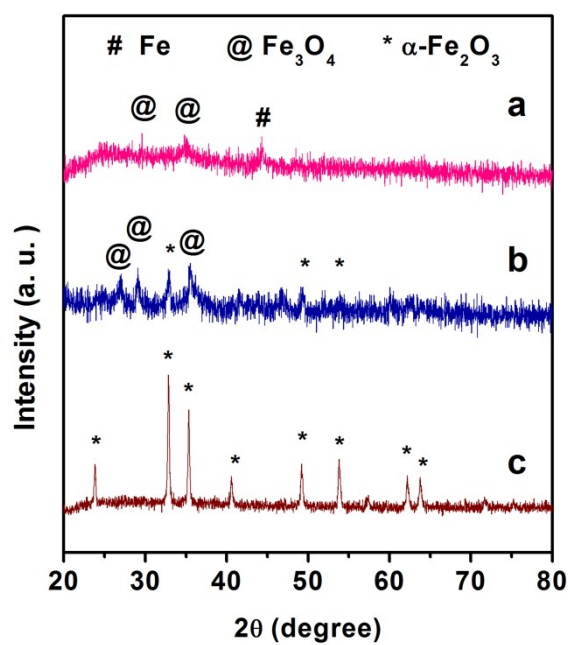


Fig. S7 XRD patterns of the samples obtained by heating treatment of Fe-HNs in air with different temperature: (a) 200°C; (b) 400°C; (c) 600°C.

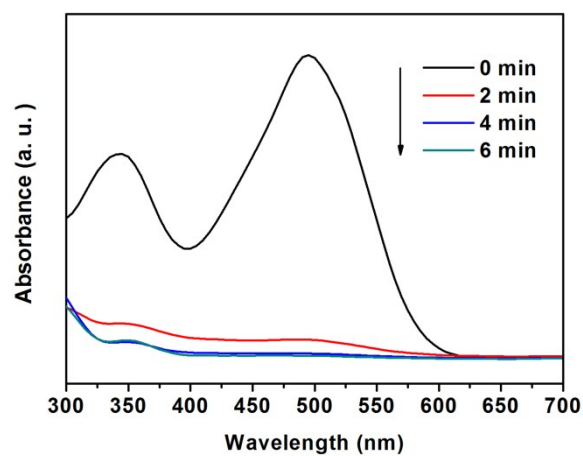


Fig. S8 UV-vis absorption spectra of CR solution in the presence of Fe-HNs along with the duration.

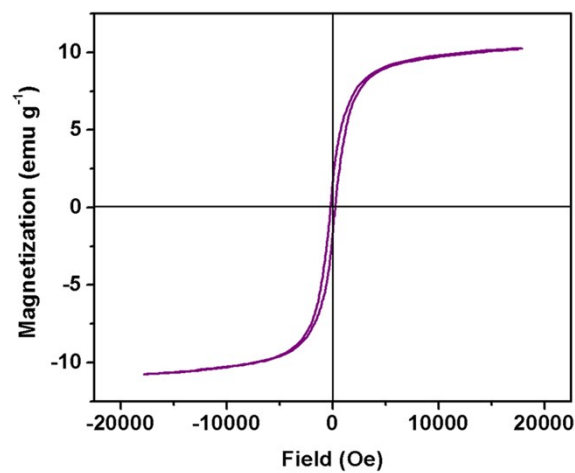


Fig. S9 Room temperature hysteresis loops of the Fe-HNs.

Table S2 Summary of CR maximum adsorption capacities (q_m) on various adsorbents.

Type of adsorbent	q_m (mg g ⁻¹)	Reference
Fe/FeOOH hierarchical nanostructures	167.8	Present study
Urchin-like α-FeOOH hollow spheres	275	[1]
α-FeOOH hierarchical nanostructures	239	[2]
α-Fe₂O₃ hierarchical nanostructures	66	[2]
Multishelled Co₃O₄-Fe₃O₄ hollow spheres	125	[3]
Mesoporous CeO₂ hollow spheres	84	[4]
Hierarchical Fe₃O₄ nanochain assemblies	67	[5]
MnO₂ hierarchical hollow nanostructures	60	[6]
α-FeOOH hierarchical nanostructures	56.3	[7]
γ-Fe₂O₃ hierarchical nanostructures	58.2	[7]
Mesoporous Fe₂O₃	53	[8]
Hollow Zn-Fe₂O₄ nanospheres	16.1	[9]

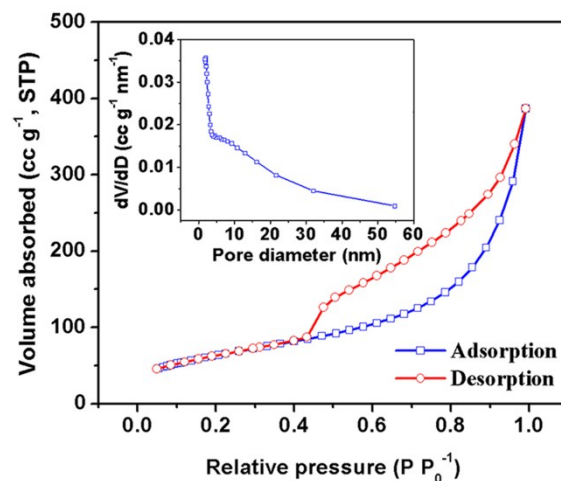


Fig. S10 Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherm of the Fe-HNs, inset: pore size distribution of the Fe-HNs.

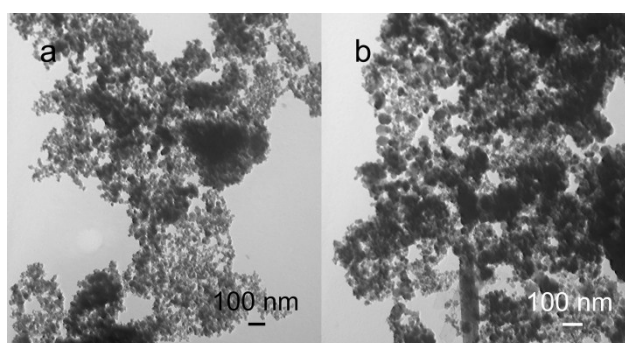


Fig. S11 Typical TEM images of the Fe-HNs after cycles in adsorption of contaminants: (a) CR; (b) Cr(VI).

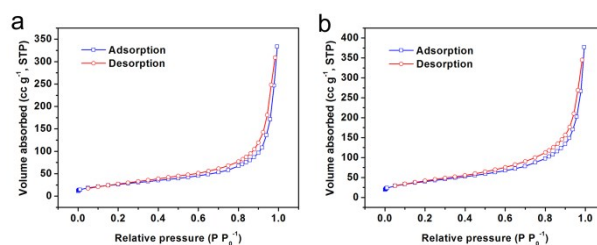


Fig. S12 Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms of the Fe-HNs after cycles in adsorption of contaminants: (a) CR; (b) Cr(VI).

Table S3 Summary of Cr(VI) maximum adsorption capacities (q_m) on various adsorbents.

Type of adsorbent	q_m (mg g ⁻¹)	Reference
Fe/FeOOH hierarchical nanostructures	57.9	Present study
Hollow urchin-like α-FeOOH hierarchical structure	58.97	[10]
Flowerlike α-Fe₂O₃ nanostructures	30	[11]
Fe₃O₄ nanoparticles	11.2	[12]
Hierarchical spindle-like γ-Al₂O₃ materials	6.7	[13]
Flowerlike CeO₂ micro/nanocomposite structure	5.9	[14]
Flowerlike α-Fe₂O₃ nanostructures	5.4	[15]
ZnAl-layered double hydroxides hierarchical film	2	[16]

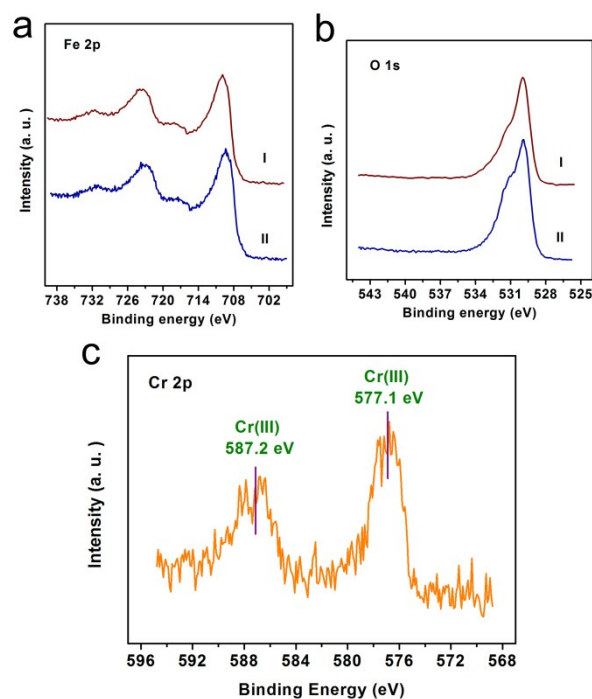


Fig. S13 XPS data of the Fe 2p region (a) and O 1s region (b) for Fe-HNs after cycles in adsorption of CR (I) and Cr(VI) (II); (c) XPS data of the Cr 2p region for Fe-HNs after cycles in adsorption of Cr(VI).

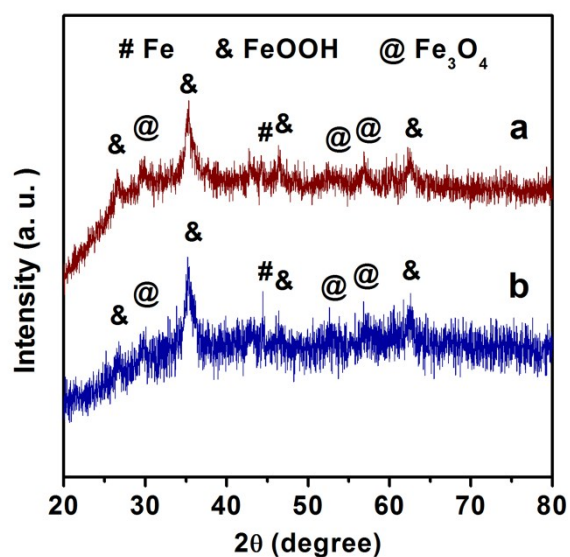


Fig. S14 XRD patterns of the Fe-HNs after cycles in adsorption of contaminants: (a) CR; (b) Cr(VI).

References

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