

Supplementary information for

Systematic shape evolution of Co_3O_4 nanocrystals from octahedron to sphere under the influence of $\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$ and PVP

Min Kang,^a Hai Zhou,^{a,*} Dong Wu,^b Baoliang Lv^{b,*}

^a *Department of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Zunyi Normal College, Zunyi 563006, China*

^b *State Key Laboratory of Coal Conversion, Institute of Coal Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Taiyuan 030001, China.*

*Corresponding author (Dr. Hai Zhou). *Tel: +86-0851-28924799; Fax: +86-0851-28924799; E-mail: 591658314@163.com*

*Co-corresponding author (Dr. Baoliang Lv). *Tel: +86-0351-4063121; Fax: +86-0351-4041153; E-mail: lbl604@sxicc.ac.cn*

The hydrothermal treatment was also performed using 0.3 mmol of $\text{Na}_2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4$ and 1.7 mmol of $\text{Co}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ at 220 °C without the addition of PVP. Fig. S1 shows the SEM images of the samples obtained at the reaction time of 1 h, 2 h, 4 h, 8 h, 16 h, 20 h and 24 h. Apparently, rod-like samples with larger size are obtained when the reaction time is lower than 4 h. With the increase of reaction time, the particle size decrease greatly and more octahedra can be obtained. And a large number of homogeneous and well-shaped octahedra can be obtained with the further prolongation of reaction time to 24 h.

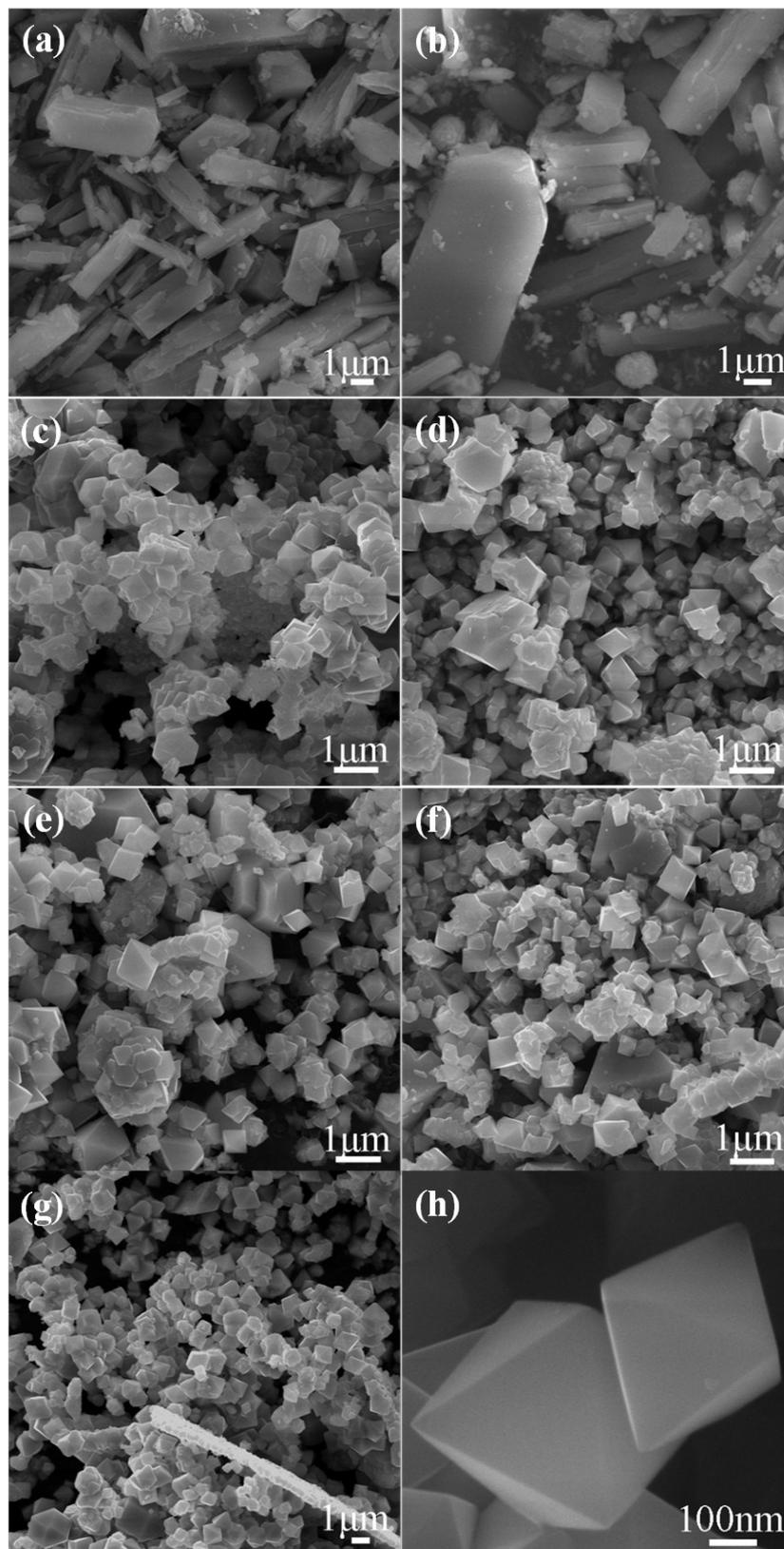


Fig. S1 SEM images of samples obtained at reaction time of (a) 1 h, (b) 2 h, (c) 4 h, (d) 8 h, (e) 16 h, (f) 20 h, (g) and (h) 24 h.

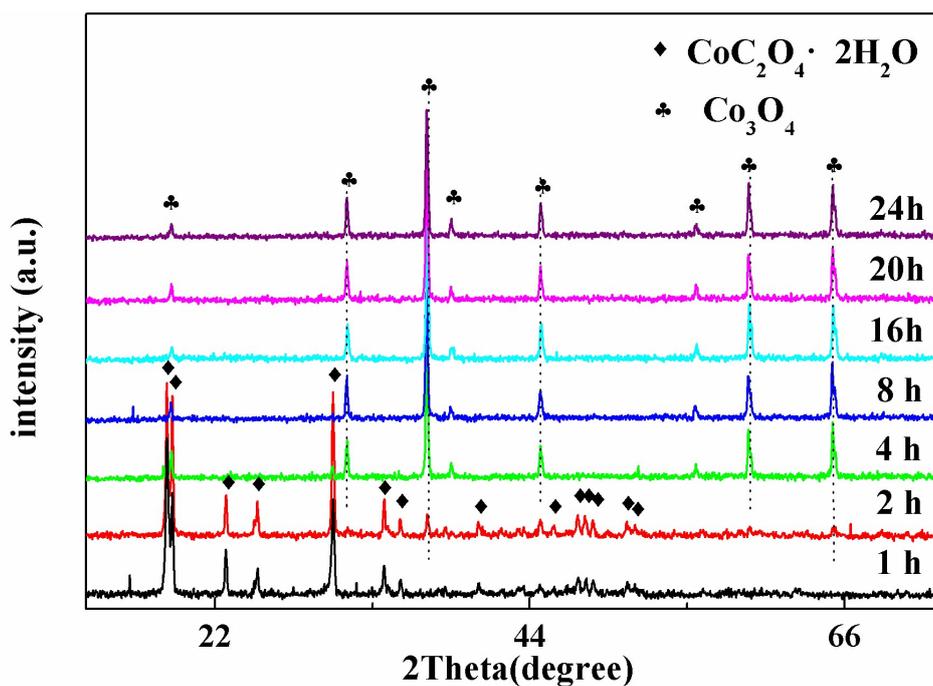


Fig. S2 XRD pattern of samples obtained at different reaction time without the addition of PVP.

Fig. S2 shows the XRD patterns of samples obtained at different reaction time without the addition of PVP. It can be seen that $\text{CoC}_2\text{O}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ is the sole composition of the sample obtained at the reaction of 1 h. And Co_3O_4 appear after 2 h hydrothermal reaction. Moreover, $\text{CoC}_2\text{O}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ even disappear and only Co_3O_4 is prepared with the reaction time longer than 4 h. This indicates that the transformation of $\text{CoC}_2\text{O}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ to Co_3O_4 occur under the present hydrothermal conditions.

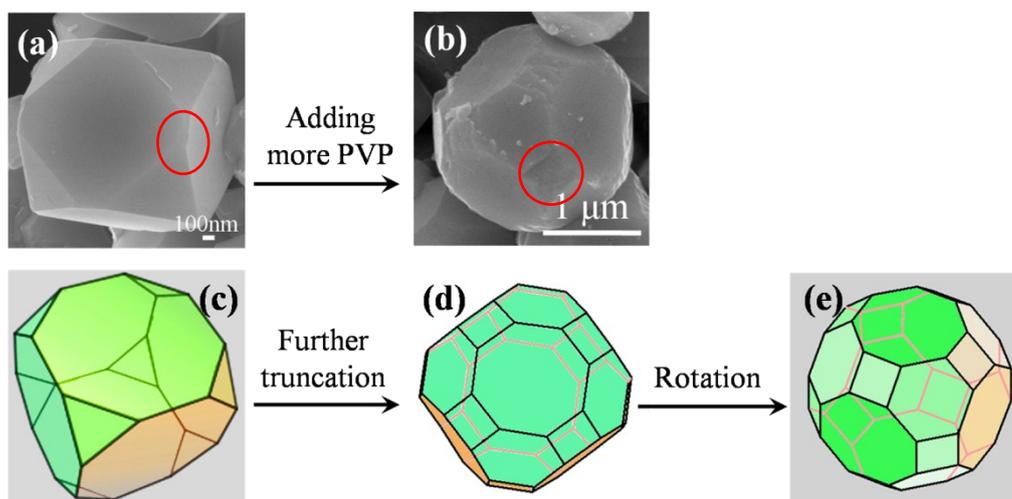


Fig. S3 The relationship between corner-truncated cube and globate polyhedron.

After careful examine the shape of corner-truncated cube and globate polyhedron, we found that the remaining edges of corner-truncated cube transform into small rectangle (as shown by the red circle), leading to the formation of “over-truncated cube” (Fig. S3d). As a result, more facets are exposed under the influence of PVP. Surprisingly, “over-truncated cube” could exhibit the shape of globate polyhedron via 3D rotation. Based on the above analysis, the formation of globate polyhedra and micro-spheres Co_3O_4 particles exposing more facets might due to the further evolution of corner-truncated cube under high PVP concentration.