

**Electronic Supplementary Information for:**

**Crystal structure and magnetic properties of two manganese(II)  
homometallic coordination polymers**

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**Table S1.** Selected Bond lengths (Å) and angles (deg) for **1**

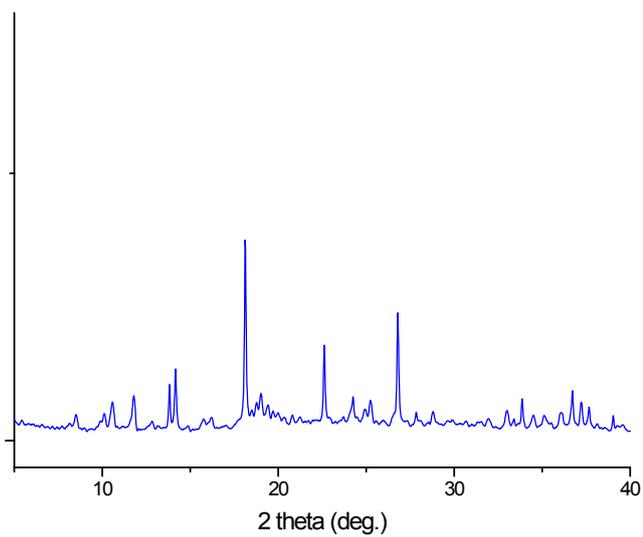
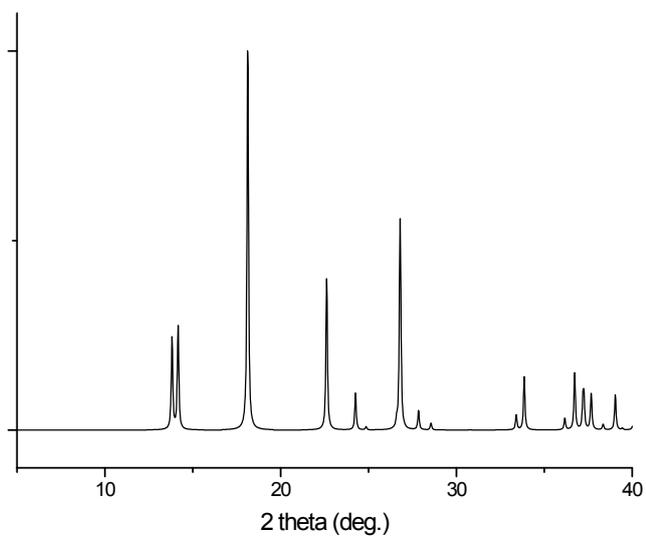
Mn(1)-C(1)	2.2220(15)	Mn(1)-N(2)	2.2931(17)
C(1)-Mn(1)-C(1)#1	180.0	C(1)-Mn(1)-C(1)#2	89.30(8)
C(1)#1-Mn(1)-C(1)#2	90.70(8)	C(1)-Mn(1)-N(2)	89.08(5)
C(1)#1-Mn(1)-N(2)	90.92(5)	C(1)#4-C(1)-Mn(1)	160.07(5)
C(2)-N(2)-Mn(1)	122.87(16)	C(3)-N(2)-Mn(1)	121.25(14)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: #1  $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1$ ; #2  $x, y, -z+1$ ; #3  $-x+1/2, -y+1/2, z$ ; #4  $-x, y, -z+1/2$ ; #5  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ . C1 and N1 are crystallographically indistinguishable and refined with 'EXYZ' and 'EADP' commands, so they have same parameters and bisected occupancy factors.

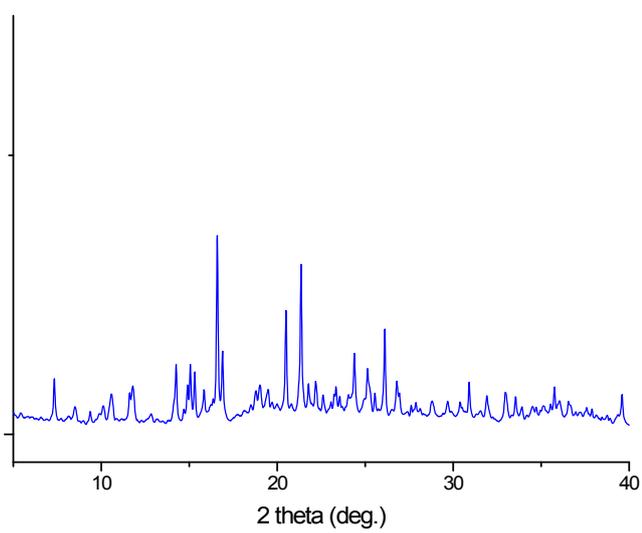
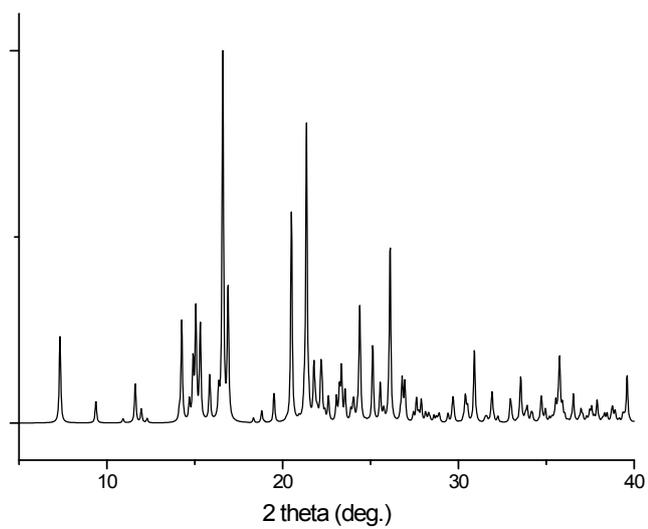
**Table S2.** Selected Bond lengths (Å) and angles (deg) for **2**

Mn(1)-C(6)	2.161(5)	Mn(1)-C(3)#1	2.166(6)
Mn(1)-C(5)	2.177(6)	Mn(1)-C(7)	2.243(5)
Mn(1)-N(8)#2	2.424(4)	Mn(2)-O(1)	2.224(4)
Mn(2)-N(5)	2.236(5)	Mn(2)-N(3)	2.244(5)
Mn(2)-C(1)	2.261(5)	Mn(2)-N(2)	2.282(4)
Mn(2)-N(4)	2.298(4)		
C(6)-Mn(1)-C(3)#1	117.4(2)	C(6)-Mn(1)-C(5)	132.5(2)
C(3)#1-Mn(1)-C(5)	109.3(2)	C(6)-Mn(1)-C(7)	93.01(19)
C(3)#1-Mn(1)-C(7)	93.93(19)	C(5)-Mn(1)-C(7)	92.7(2)
C(6)-Mn(1)-N(8)#2	86.08(17)	C(3)#1-Mn(1)-N(8)#2	88.83(18)
C(5)-Mn(1)-N(8)#2	86.01(17)	C(7)-Mn(1)-N(8)#2	177.21(18)
O(1)-Mn(2)-N(5)	86.71(16)	O(1)-Mn(2)-N(3)	175.06(15)
N(5)-Mn(2)-N(3)	90.49(17)	O(1)-Mn(2)-C(1)	84.36(17)
N(5)-Mn(2)-C(1)	170.28(18)	N(3)-Mn(2)-C(1)	98.68(18)
O(1)-Mn(2)-N(2)	92.04(15)	N(5)-Mn(2)-N(2)	86.27(16)
N(3)-Mn(2)-N(2)	91.84(16)	C(1)-Mn(2)-N(2)	90.22(16)
O(1)-Mn(2)-N(4)	87.86(15)	N(5)-Mn(2)-N(4)	88.87(16)
N(3)-Mn(2)-N(4)	88.02(17)	C(1)-Mn(2)-N(4)	94.61(17)
N(2)-Mn(2)-N(4)	175.13(15)	N(1)#3-C(1)-Mn(2)	174.2(6)
C(2)-O(1)-Mn(2)	126.7(5)	C(8)-N(2)-Mn(2)	120.6(3)
C(12)-N(2)-Mn(2)	123.2(3)	N(3)-C(3)-Mn(1)#4	173.8(4)
C(3)-N(3)-Mn(2)	163.7(4)	C(17)-N(4)-Mn(2)	118.4(3)
C(13)-N(4)-Mn(2)	124.5(4)	N(5)-C(5)-Mn(1)	168.7(5)
C(5)-N(5)-Mn(2)	165.9(5)	N(6)-C(6)-Mn(1)	178.4(5)
N(7)#5-C(7)-Mn(1)	176.5(6)	C(22)-N(8)-Mn(1)#6	120.4(4)
C(18)-N(8)-Mn(1)#6	124.6(3)		

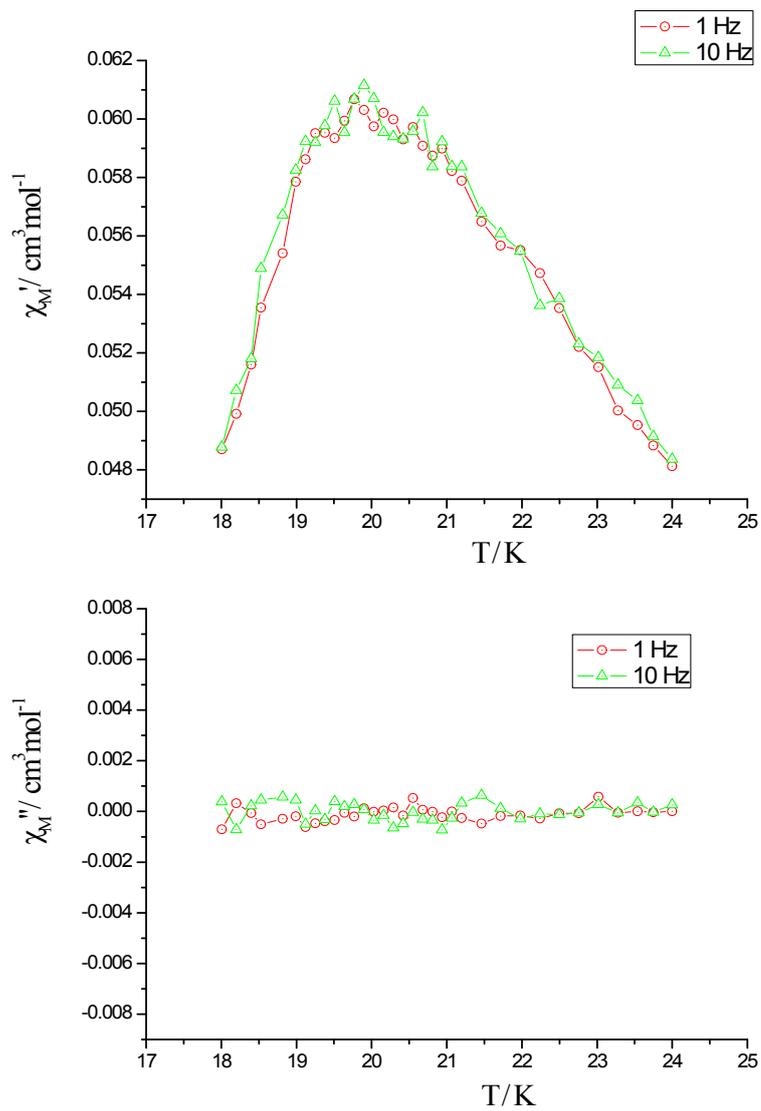
Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms: #1  $x-1, y, z$ ; #2  $x-1, y+1, z$ ; #3  $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$ ; #4  $x+1, y, z$ ; #5  $-x, -y+2, -z$ ; #6  $x+1, y-1, z$ ; #7  $-x, -y+3, -z+1$ ; #8  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ . C1 and N1 as well as C7 and N7 are crystallographically indistinguishable and refined with 'EXYZ' and 'EADP' commands, so they have same parameters and bisected occupancy factors.



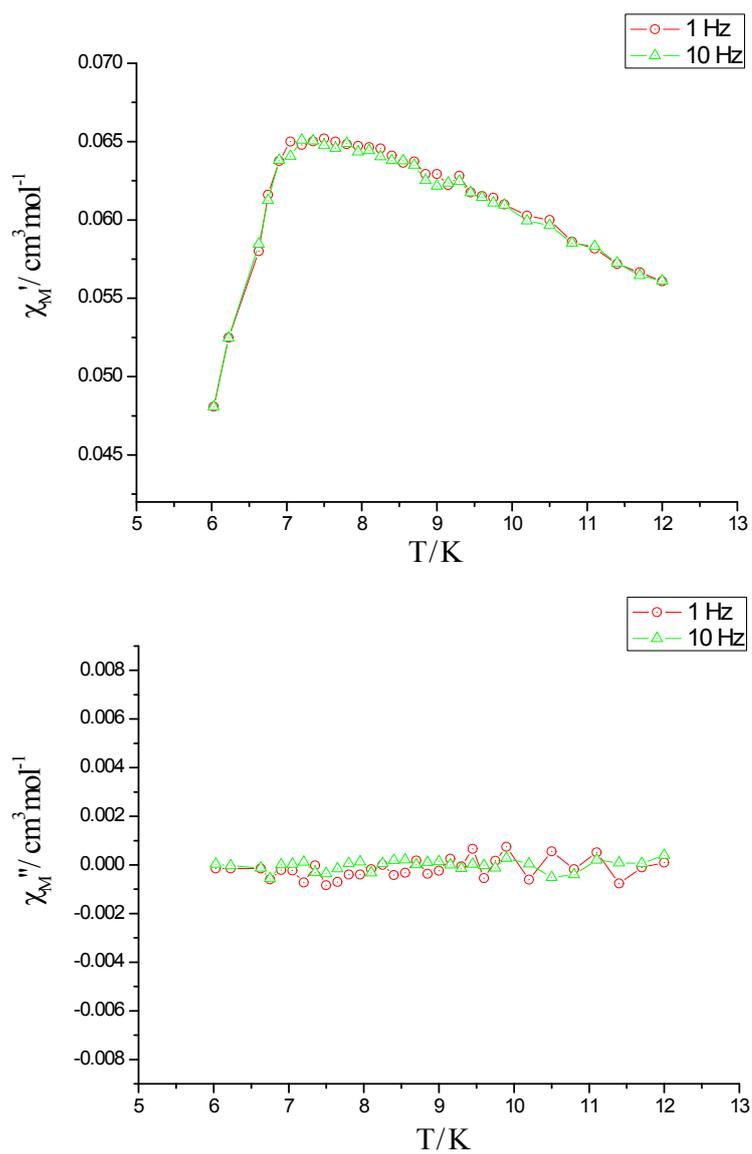
**Fig. S1.** The simulated (black) and experimental (blue) PXRD patterns of complex **1**.



**Fig. S2.** The simulated (black) and experimental (blue) PXRD patterns of complex **2**.



**Fig. S3.** Zero-field ac in-phase (top) and out-of-phase (bottom) susceptibility versus temperature at various frequencies for complex **1**.



**Fig. S4.** Zero-field ac in-phase (top) and out-of-phase (bottom) susceptibility versus temperature at various frequencies for complex **2**.