

Supporting Information

Selective Synthesis of WO_3 and $\text{W}_{18}\text{O}_{49}$ Nanostructures: Ligand-free pH-Dependent Morphology Controlled Self-assembly of Hierarchical Architecture from 1D Nanostructure and Sunlight-driven Photocatalytic Degradation

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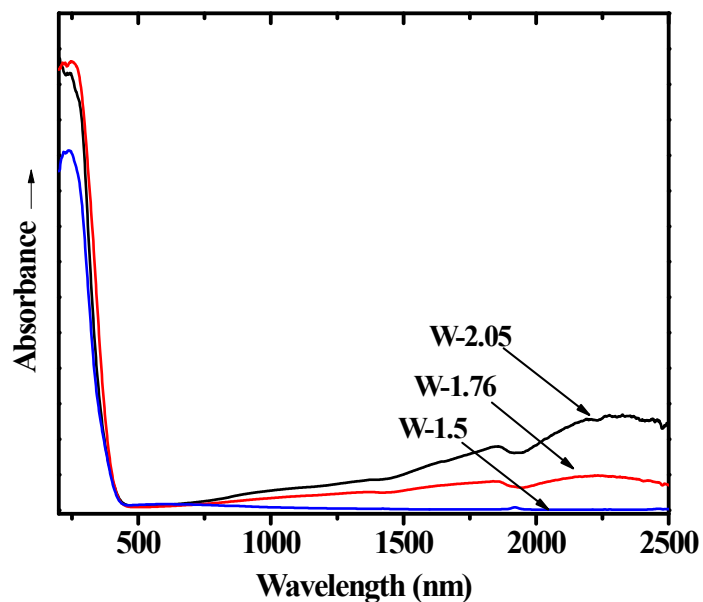


Fig. S1. UV-VIS-NIR profile comparison between products W-1.5, W-1.76 & W-2.05 and W-2.05 showing an absorption tail in the NIR region that may arise from the presence of oxygen vacancy.

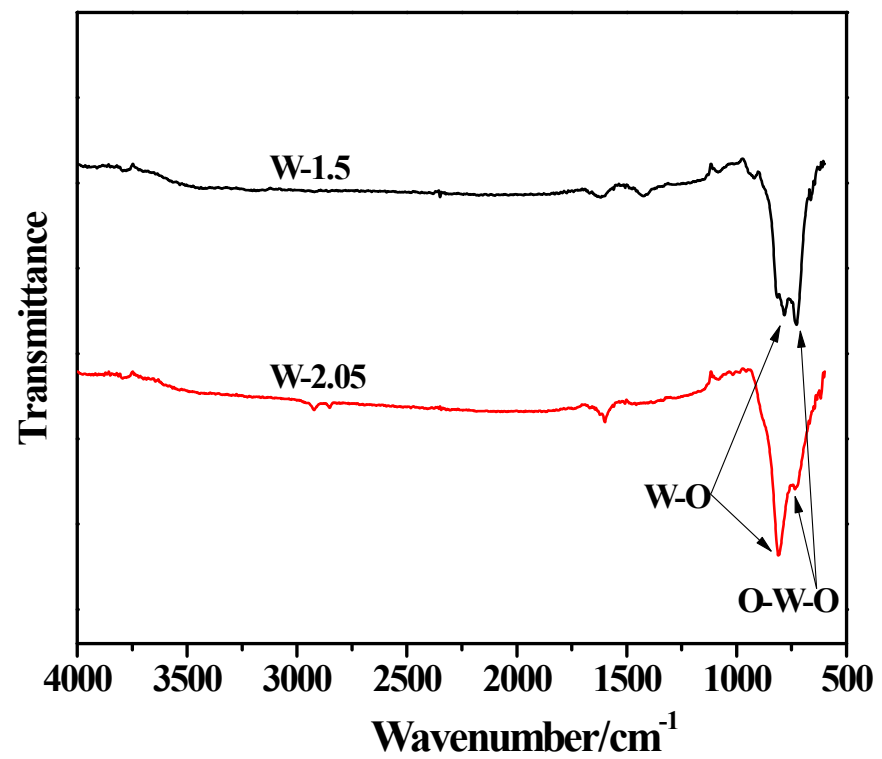


Fig. S2. FTIR spectrum of the as-prepared W-1.5 and W-2.05.

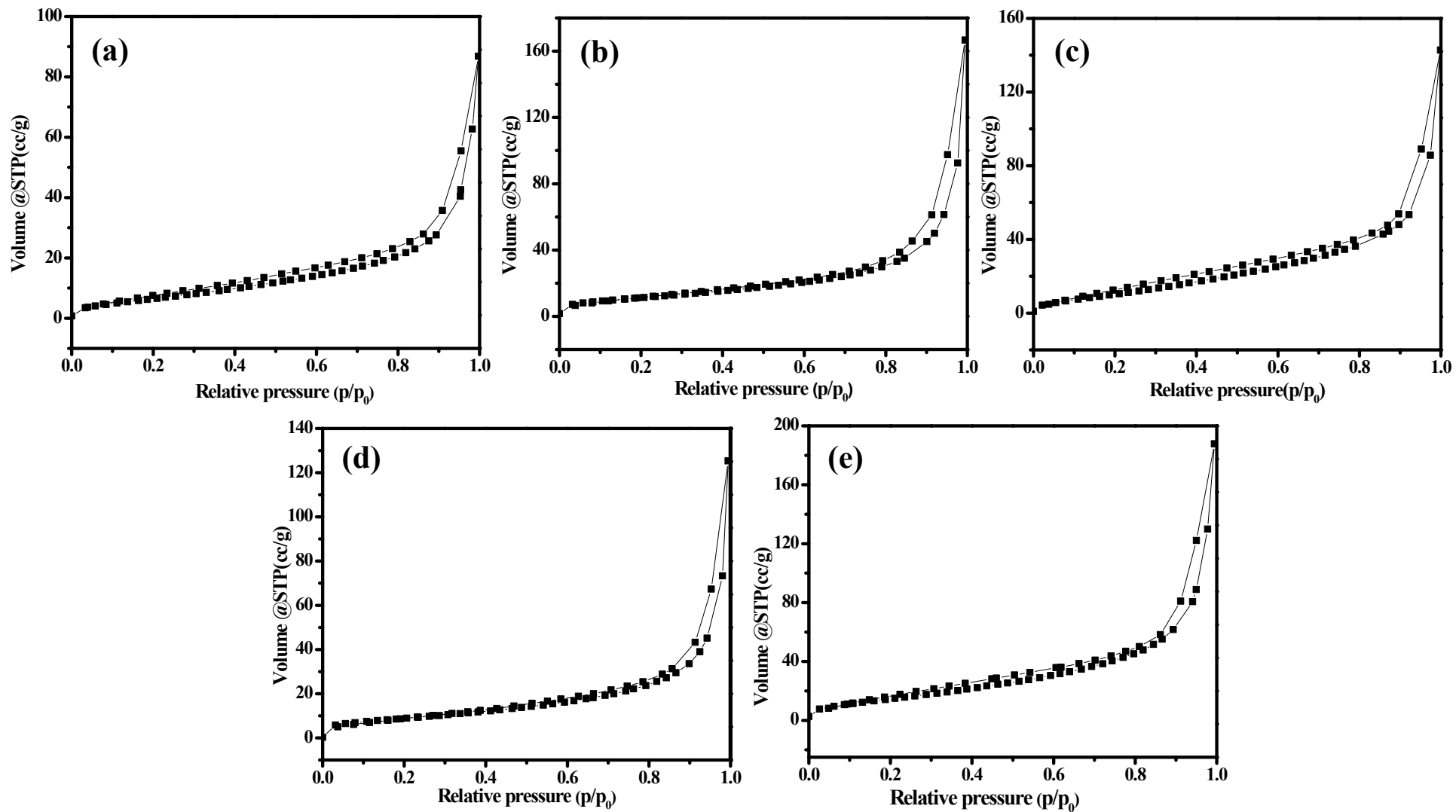


Fig. S3. N₂ adsorption/desorption isotherms for (a) W-0.95, (b) W-1.5, (c) W-1.76, (d) W-2.05 and (e) W-2.35.

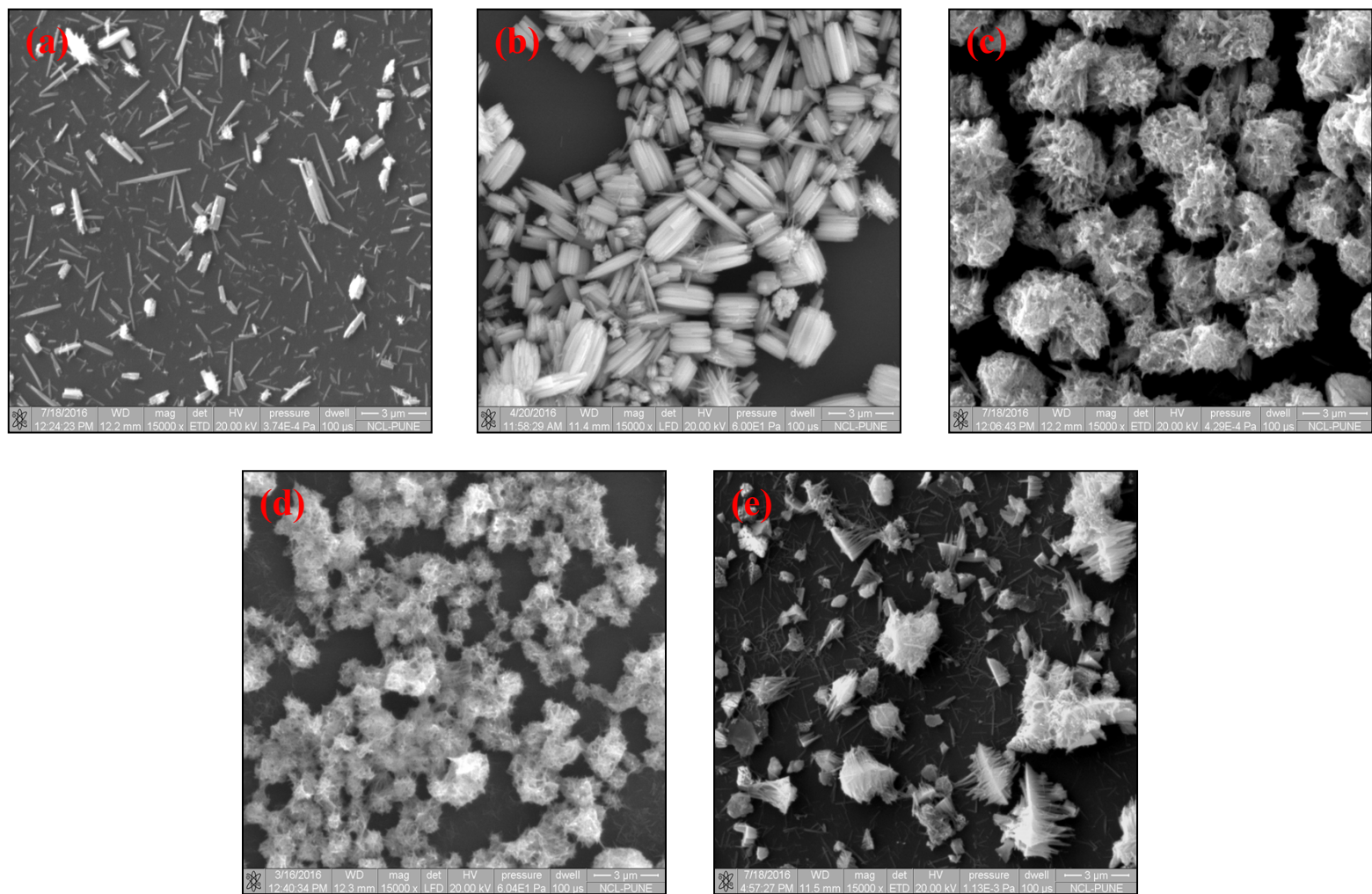


Fig. S4. SEM images of the products (a) W-0.95, (b) W-1.5, (c) W-1.76, (d) W-2.05 and (e) W-2.35. Scale bar = 3 μm

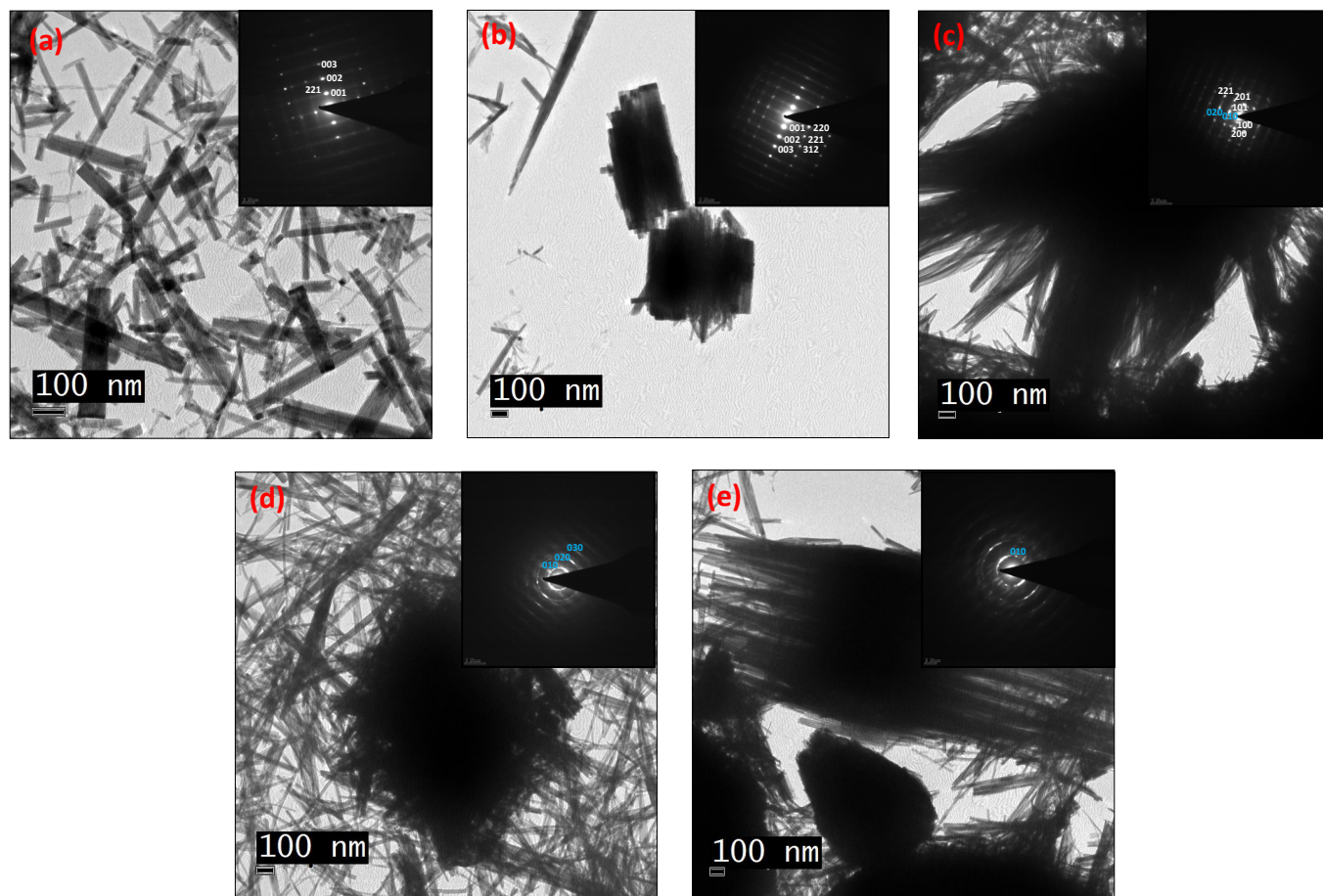


Fig. S5. TEM images and the corresponding ED pattern (inset) of the products (a) W-0.95, (b) W-1.5, (c) W-1.76, (d) W-2.05 and (e) W-2.35; with reference WO_3 ($hkl = \text{white colour}$) and $W_{18}O_{49}$ ($hkl = \text{blue colour}$).

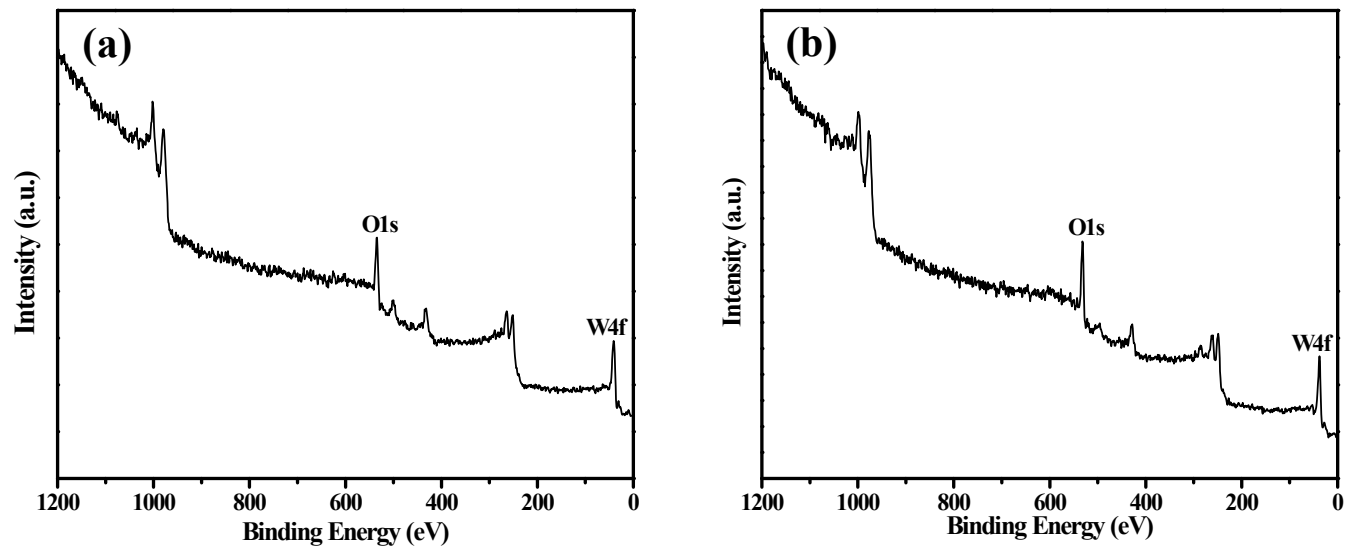


Fig. S6. Full range XPS spectra of (a) W-1.5 and (b) W-2.05

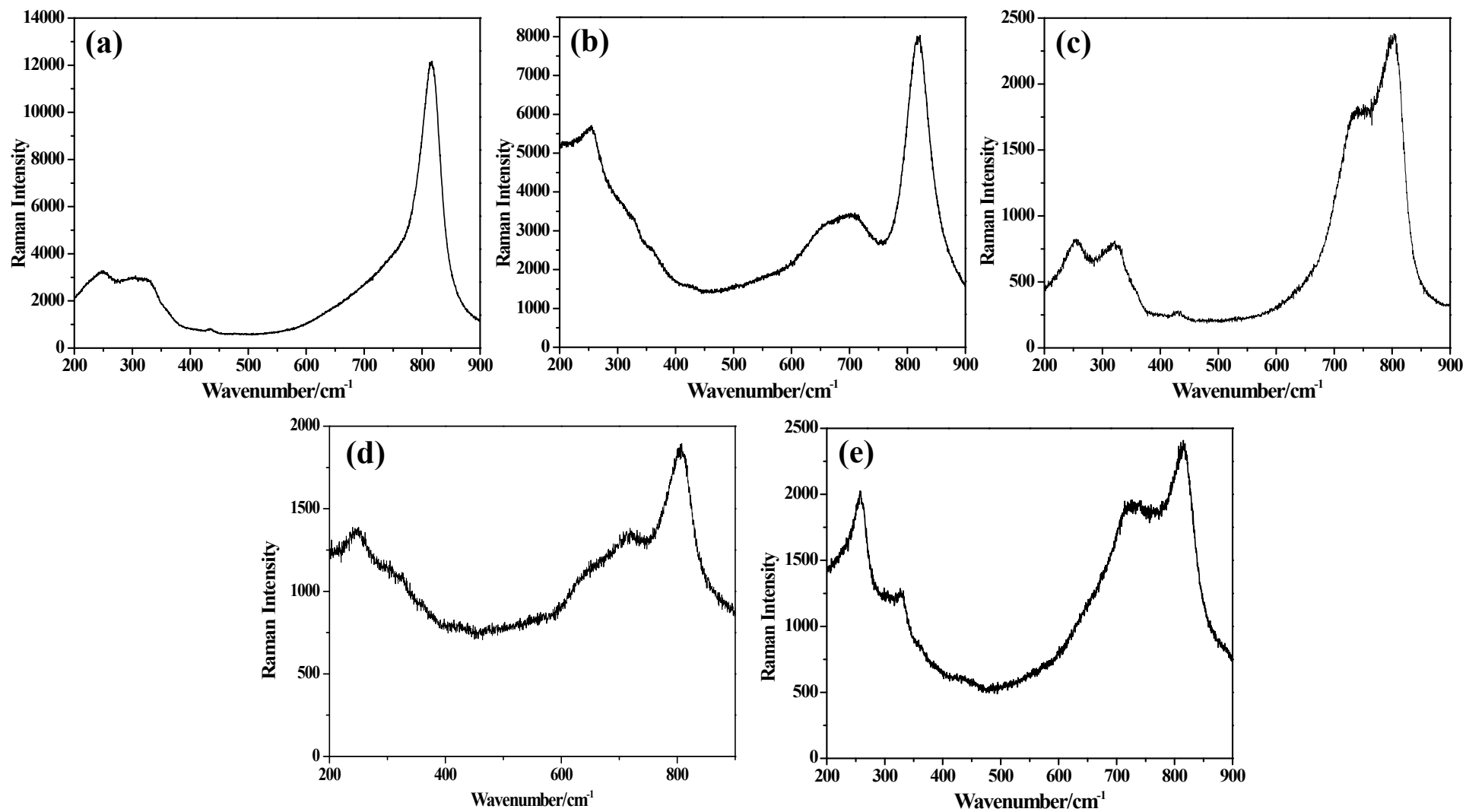


Fig. S7. Raman spectra obtained at laser power 20 mW for the products (a) W-0.95, (b) W-1.5, (c) W-1.76, (d) W-2.05 and (e) W-2.35.

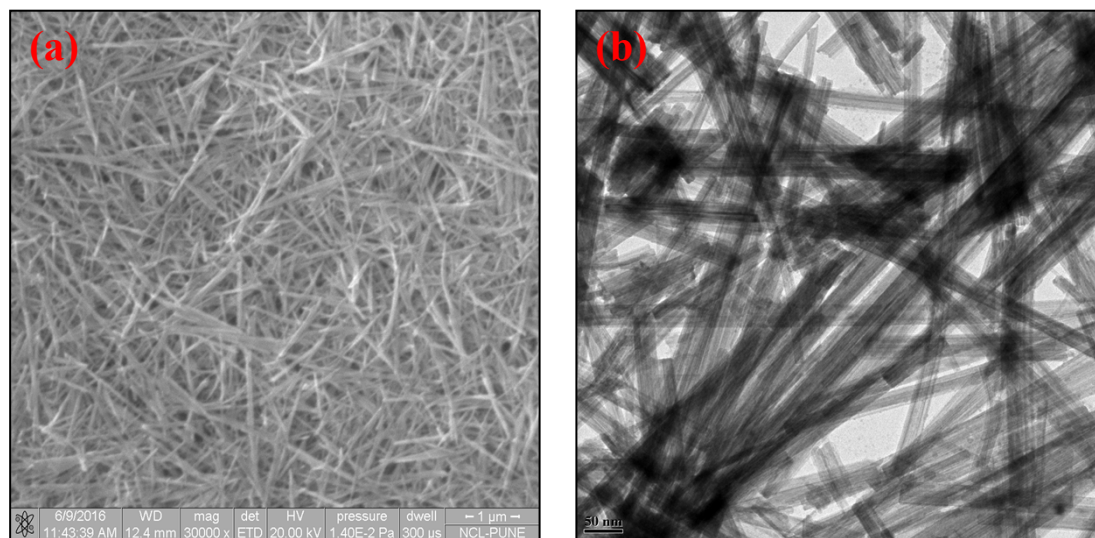


Fig. S8. (a) SEM and (b) TEM image of product W-2.35 disassembled by aqueous ultrasonication under a long treatment time.

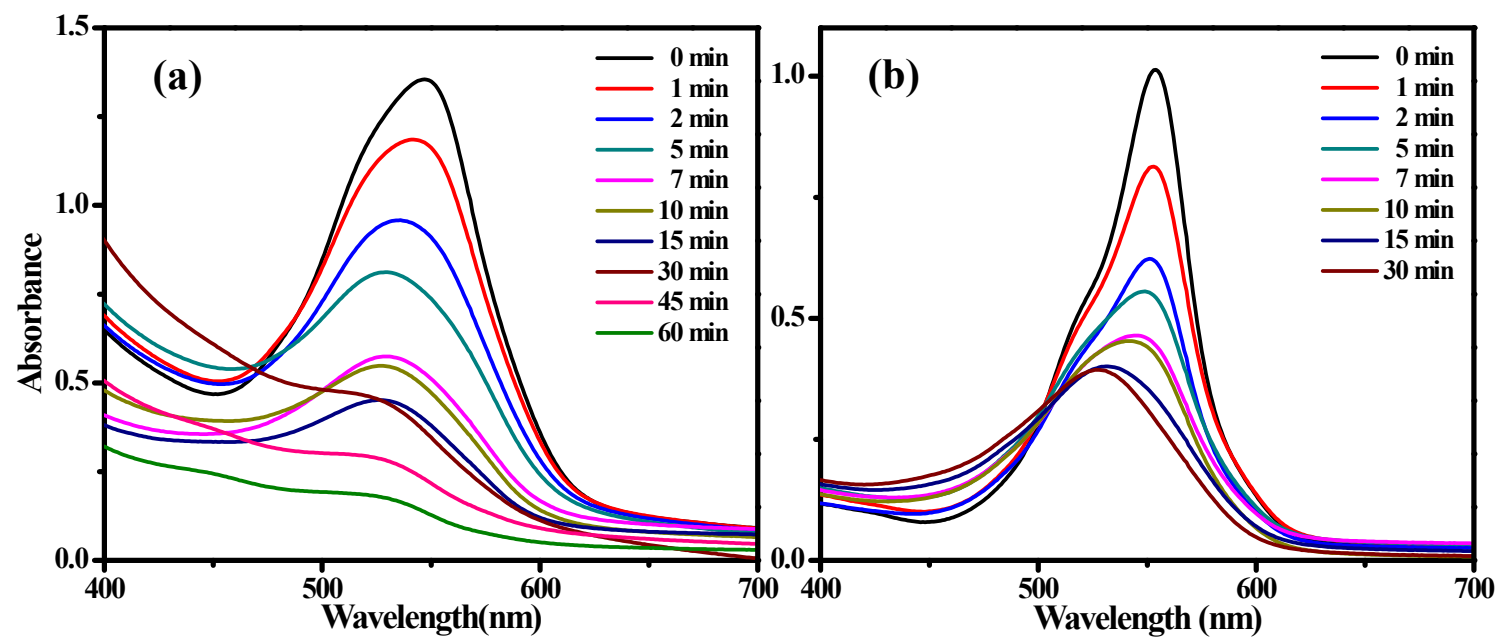


Fig. S9. The change observed in UV-Vis absorbance spectra in the presence of (a) W-1.5 and (b) W-2.05 under sunlight irradiation for different times.