Supporting Information



1. Characterization of the CAU-1 type compounds

Fig. S1: PXRD patterns of the two CAU-1 samples one containing exclusively aminoterephthalate ions (CAU-1-NH₂) and the other containing terephthalate and aminoterephthalate ions in a molar ratio 3 to 1 (CAU-1-NH₂/H).



Fig. S2: IR-spectra of the two CAU-1 samples one containing exclusively aminoterephthalate ions $(CAU-1-NH_2)$ and the other containing terephthalate and aminoterephthalate ions in a molar ratio 3 to 1 (CAU-1-NH₂/H). Bands corresponding to residual DMF present in the sample are represented in red.

Vibration	Position for	Position for	Comment
	$CAU-1-NH_2$ [cm ⁻¹]	CAU-1-NH ₂ /H [cm ⁻¹]	
$v_{as}(NH_2)$	3517	n.v.	
$v_s(NH_2)$	3387	n.v.	
v(C=C) _{ring}	1650	overlapped by DMF	
v _{as} (COO)	1577	1590	
v(C=C) _{ring}	1502	1508	
v _s (COO)	1440	1412	
v(C=C) _{ring}	1399	n.v.	
$v(C-NH_2)$	1258	n.v.	
γ(C-H)	837	846	1,2,4- Substitution (CAU-1-NH ₂) and
(C-H)	774	754	1,4-Substitution (CAU-1-NH ₂ /H)
v(C-H)		2938	DMF
v(N-CH₃)		2835	DMF
v(C=O)		1666	DMF
γ(N-CH₃)		1080	DMF

Table S1: Vibrations and corresponding band positions for the IR-spectra of CAU-1-NH $_2$ and CAU-1-NH $_2$ /H.



Fig. S3: The N₂-sorption isotherms (77 K) of the two CAU-1 samples one containing exclusively aminoterephthalate ions (CAU-1-NH₂) and the other containing terephthalate and aminoterephthalate ions in a molar ratio 3 to 1 (CAU-1-NH₂/H).

Table S2: Specific BET surface areas and micropore volumes for the samples CAU-1-NH₂ and CAU-1-NH₂/H compared to the values reported in literature^[16].

Compound	spec. BET surface area [m²/g]	micropore volume [cm³/g]
Literature ^[16]	1530	0.64
CAU-1-NH ₂	1316	0.54
CAU-1-NH ₂ /H	1416	0.58



Fig. S4: ¹H-NMR spectrum of CAU-1-NH₂/H in NaOD/D₂O (5%) to determine the ratio of terephthalate to aminoterephthalate ions.

Characterization of the CAU-10 type compounds



Fig. S5: PXRD patterns of the two CAU-10 samples containing either isophthalate (CAU-10-H) or aminoisoterephthalate (CAU-10- NH_2) ions.



Fig. S6: IR-spectrum of CAU-10-H containing only isoterephthalate ions.

Vibration	Band position for CAU-10-H [cm ⁻¹]
v (COO)	1624
v (C=C)	1602
v _{as} (COO)	1554
v _{as} (COO)	1546
v (C=C) _{ring}	1488
v (C=C) ring	1465
v (C=C) ring	1427
v _s (COO)	1402
δ (C-H)	1281
δ (C-H)	1164

Table S3: Vibrations and corresponding band positions for the IR-spectrum of CAU-10-H.



Fig. S7: IR-spectrum of CAU-10-NH₂ containing exclusively aminoisoterephthalate ions.

Vibration	Position for CAU-10-NH ₂ [cm ⁻¹]
V _{as} (NH ₂)	3372
v _s (NH ₂)	3446
v (CO ₂)	1635
v _{as} (CO ₂)	1569
v _{as} (CO ₂)	1556
δ(NH)	1507
v (CC)	1467
v (CC)	1429
v _s (CO ₂)	1409
_ v (CN)	1331

Table S4: Vibrations and corresponding band positions for the IR-spectrum of CAU-10-H.



Fig. S8: The results of the N_2 sorption measurements at 77 K of the two CAU-10 samples containing either isophthalate (CAU-10-H) or aminoisoterephthalate (CAU-10-NH₂) ions.

Table S5: Specific BET surface areas and micropore volumes for the samples CAU-10-H and CAU-10-NH₂ compared to the values reported in literature^[26a]. The BET evaluation in the case of CAU-10-NH₂ is problematic due to kinetic hindrance.

Compound	spec. BET surface area [m²/g]	micropore volume [cm ³ /g]
Literature CAU-10-H ^[26b]	640	0.25
CAU-10-H	656	0.25
CAU-10-NH ₂	[159]	0.08

2. Catalytic studies



Fig. S9: Result of the hot filtration experiment on CAU-1-NH₂. Time conversion plots for the reaction between benzaldehyde and malononitrile in the presence of CAU-1-NH₂ (black square) and conversion plot after removal of the catalyst after 30 minutes (red dots).

3. Characterisation of the CAU-1 type materials after the catalytic investigation



Fig. S10: PXRD patterns of fresh and recovered CAU-1-NH₂/H catalysts.



Fig. S11: IR spectra of fresh and recovered CAU-1-NH₂ catalysts. The additionally observed bands in the IR spectrum of the recovered catalyst are due to presence of solvent molecules (ethanol) and the product benzylidenmalonitrile: 1069 cm⁻¹ (C-O stretching in ethanol), 2234 cm⁻¹ (CN stretching in product), 2833 cm⁻¹ (CH stretching in product), 2949 cm⁻¹ (CH stretching from ethanol).



Fig. S12: IR spectra of fresh and recovered CAU-1-NH₂/H catalysts.