

Solubility of Alkali Metal Halides in the Ionic Liquid [C₄C₁im][OTf] - SI

Authors: O. Kuzmina, E. Bordes, J. Schmauck, P. A. Hunt, J. P. Hallett, T. Welton

Supplementary information

1. Synthetic Methods. General

Syntheses of the ionic liquid used the accepted technique of first preparing the halide salt of the appropriate cation followed by anion metathesis.

The synthesis of ionic liquid was conducted in an atmosphere of dry nitrogen. Solvents were distilled from the relevant drying agents prior to use. Chloride content of the ionic liquids was determined by an AgNO₃ test. AgCl has a solubility of 1.4 mg l⁻¹ in water, hence all of the ionic liquids synthesised will have a chloride content below this value.

1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium chloride, [C₄C₁im]Cl

1-methylimidazole (200 ml, 2.53 mol) was added dropwise to 1-chlorobutane (288 ml, 2.87 mol) in ethyl acetate (200 ml). The mixture was stirred at 55 °C for 24 days. The two-phase mixture was cooled to -14 °C until the product crystallised. The liquid was removed, the crystals were washed with ethyl acetate and recrystallised from acetonitrile. [C₄C₁im]Cl was recovered as a white crystalline solid and dried under vacuum (82.1% yield).

1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium trifluoromethanesulfonate, [C₄C₁im][OTf]

To a flask containing a stirred solution of [C₄C₁im]Cl (55.7 g, 0.319 mol) in CH₂Cl₂ (60 cm³) was added lithium trifluoromethanesulfonate (33.5 g, 0.329 mmol) under N₂. The mixture was stirred for 24 h and the white precipitate was allowed to settle. Cannula filtration and subsequent washing of the LiCl residue with water (7 × 5 cm³) until halide free, as indicated by the AgNO₃ test of the water washings. The liquid was dried in vacuo overnight at 50 °C to afford [C₄C₁im][OTf] (75.5% yield) as a free-flowing colourless liquid.

2. Solubility Data Modelling

a. Ideal mixture model

The simplest mixing model is the ideal model. A universal equation for solid-liquid equilibrium, which is based on thermodynamic principles is shown in equation S1 (Walas, 1985):

$$\ln x_1 \gamma_1 = \frac{\Delta H_1}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_{tp,1}} - \frac{1}{T} \right) - \frac{\Delta C_{p,1}}{R} \left(\ln \frac{T_{tp,1}}{T} - \frac{T_{tp,1}}{T} + 1 \right) - \frac{\Delta V}{RT} (P - P_{tp,1}) \quad \text{Eq. S1}$$

where ΔH_1 , $T_{tp,1}$, $\Delta C_{p,1}$, $P_{tp,1}$ and γ_1 are the molar enthalpy of fusion, triple-point temperature, difference of heat capacities between subcooled liquid and solid, triple-point pressure, and activity coefficient for the solid component, respectively; x_1 is the solid solubility of the component at the system temperature T and pressure p , and R is the universal gas constant. The above equation is generally simplified by replacing the triple-point temperature $T_{tp,1}$ with the normal melting temperature T_{m1} . The last two terms on the right-hand side of the equation often cancel out such that pressure correction would become negligible. The contribution of the heat-capacity difference is often minor, and no solid-to-solid conversion ranging from T to T_{tp} exists. Equation S1 therefore may be rewritten as equation S2:

$$\ln x_1 \gamma_1 = \frac{\Delta H_1}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_{m1}} - \frac{1}{T} \right) \quad \text{Eq. S2}$$

Assuming the solution is an ideal solution ($\gamma_1 = 1$), then eq. S2 can be expressed as follows (Eq. S3):

$$\ln x_1 = \frac{a}{T} + b \quad \text{Eq. S3}$$

where a and b are the model parameters, and x_1 is the mole fraction of solubility at system temperature T .

b. The *van't Hoff equation* reflects the relationship between the mole fraction solubility of a solute and the temperature in a real solution, which is expressed as (Eq. S4) (Long, Li, Song, & Du, 2011; Tao, Wang, Gong, Hao, & Wang, 2013):

$$\ln x_1 = -\frac{\Delta H_{sol}}{RT} + \frac{\Delta S_{sol}}{R} \quad \text{Eq. S4}$$

where R is the gas constant, and ΔH_{sol} and ΔS_{sol} are the dissolution enthalpy and entropy respectively.

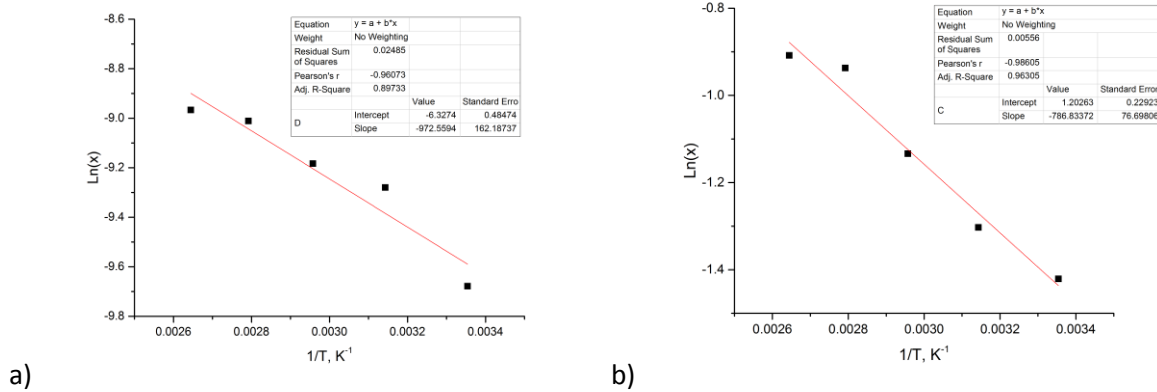


Fig. S1. van't Hoff plots for determination of ΔH_{sol} and ΔS_{sol} . Examples are given for the least soluble salt NaF (a) and the most soluble salt CsI (b).

c. *Modified Apelblat equation*

The following modified Apelblat equation was used to correlate the solubility data (Eq. S5) (Apelblat, Manzurola, & She, 1999; Tao et al., 2013):

$$\ln x_1 = A + \frac{B}{T} + C \ln T \quad \text{Eq. S5}$$

where x_1 is the mole fraction solubility of the solute, T is the absolute temperature, and A , B , and C are the model parameters. The values of A and B reflect the variation in solution activity coefficients, and C denotes the effect of temperature on the enthalpy of fusion.

d. *The non-random two liquid (NRTL) model* has previously been applied to describe solubility properties of sodium salts in some deep eutectic solvents (S. F. G. Bagh, Mjalli, Hashim, Hadj-kali, & AlNashef, 2013). The NRTL model can be expressed in the following binary form (Eq. S6) (Kontogeorgis & Folas, 2010):

$$\ln \gamma_1 = x_2^2 \left[\frac{\tau_{21} G_{21}^2}{(x_1 + G_{21} x_2)^2} + \frac{\tau_{12} G_{12}^2}{(x_2 + G_{12} x_1)^2} \right] \quad \text{Eq. S6}$$

Where

$$G_{12} = \exp(-\alpha_{12} \tau_{12}) \quad \text{and} \quad G_{21} = \exp(-\alpha_{12} \tau_{21}) \quad \text{Eq. S7}$$

$$\tau_{12} = \frac{g_{12} - g_{22}}{RT} = \frac{\Delta g_{12}}{RT} \quad \text{and} \quad \tau_{21} = \frac{g_{21} - g_{11}}{RT} = \frac{\Delta g_{21}}{RT} \quad \text{Eq. S8}$$

Here, Δg_{12} and Δg_{21} are the cross interaction energy parameters, and α_{12} is a measure of the non-randomness of the mixture.

This model has three parameters, τ_{12} , τ_{21} , and α_{12} , for each pair of components in the multicomponent mixture. Despite some authors' hypothesis that $\tau_{12} = \tau_{21}$ (F. S. G. Bagh, Hadj-Kali, Mjalli, Hashim, & AlNashef, 2014; S. F. G. Bagh et al., 2013), we have found the best fitting correlation was with all three parameters being treated independently. The non-randomness parameter, α_{12} , was adjusted between 0.17 and 0.33 (Kontogeorgis & Folas, 2010). According to literature (Kontogeorgis & Folas, 2010) a value of 0.2 should be used for hydrocarbon-polar non-associated compounds mixtures; and 0.3 for non-polar compound-polar compound mixtures with slight negative deviations from Raoult's law or moderate positive deviations, water-polar compound mixtures.

e. The *Buchowski (λh) Equation* describes the behaviour of solid solubility in liquids with only two parameters (λ and h). This equation S9 gives an excellent description of experimental data without considering the activity coefficients of the components (Buchowski, Ksiazczak, & S., 1980; Tao et al., 2013):

$$\ln \left[1 + \frac{\lambda(1-x_1)}{x_1} \right] = \lambda h \left[\frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{T_m} \right] \quad \text{Eq. S9}$$

where λ and h are two equation constants, T_m is the melting temperature of the solute, and x_1 and T are mole fraction of solute and absolute temperature of the system, respectively. The value of λ reflects the nonideality of the solution system, whereas h estimates the enthalpy of solution.

The average relative deviations (ARD) were used to identify the differences between the measured and calculated data, and these are given as follows (Eq. S10):

$$ARD = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{|x_{1,i}^{exptl} - x_{1,i}^{calcd}|}{x_{1,i}^{exptl}} \quad (\text{Eq. S10})$$

where N is the number of experimental points; $x_{1,i}^{exptl}$ and $x_{1,i}^{calcd}$ are the experimental solubility and the calculated solubility.

Table S1. Determined model parameters of the studied salts in [C₄C₁im][OTf]

salt	Apelblat			Buchowski		NRTL			Ideal		van Hoff	
	a	b	c	λ	h	Δg_{12}	Δg_{21}	α	a	b	ΔH	ΔS
LiF	-17.19	141.67	1.42	$-0.75 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$30 \cdot 10^5$	32181.46	16054.55	0.17	-337.54	-7.47	2786.48	-62.14
LiCl	202.79	-11970.84	-29.20	3.69	541.86	-1578.72	7127.56	0.30	-1873.95	2.84	16940.21	27.49
LiBr	335.30	-18342.66	-48.55	10.30	194.09	-3668.38	12195.46	0.29	-1636.44	3.04	16621.75	33.85
LiI	-88.93	3534.24	13.27	5.33	239.15	900.36	-2336.69	0.33	-964.17	1.70	7565.78	12.77
LiOTf	118.37	-6927.39	-17.17	$9695.59 \cdot 10^{-4}$	1111.69	6906.61	-2339.30	0.17	-1073.11	1.02	9428.76	9.89
NaF	11.35	-6932.27	-17.86	$1.61 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$30 \cdot 10^5$	35977.17	18608.60	0.17	-876.64	-6.61	8085.86	-52.61
NaCl	114.31	-6932.05	-17.17	$106.25 \cdot 10^{-4}$	87950.00	34566.15	9508.03	0.17	-1103.65	-2.96	10902.03	-19.67
NaBr	60.56	-3594.86	-9.58	0.92	3500.00	33420.11	8442.72	0.17	-371.36	-4.81	3269.73	-39.49
NaI	53.06	-3458.81	-8.01	$322.56 \cdot 10^{-4}$	14268.06	53106.49	5092.63	0.17	-752.56	1.62	6744.65	-12.04
NaOTf	-79.04	2240.53	12.12	21.18	112.34	-3408.90	9850.12	0.31	-1953.30	3.94	14039.96	26.28
KF	-171.56	7445.87	24.28	$91.51 \cdot 10^{-4}$	128350.00	32563.63	11007.64	0.17	-845.11	-4.37	6192.76	-38.82
KCl	80.04	-5332.81	-11.84	$810.74 \cdot 10^{-4}$	14382.55	65035.31	8368.04	0.17	-1286.85	-0.91	11238.88	-6.04
KBr	-38.00	1333.42	5.16	$-60.14 \cdot 10^{-4}$	32835.32	32835.01	2775.86	0.17	-404.34	-2.80	3263.45	-23.57
KI	35.49	-2426.84	-5.09	1.14	642.37	4225.06	-3186.83	0.33	-704.14	0.73	5973.44	6.44
KOTf	-56.65	2344.92	8.25	$251.91 \cdot 10^{-4}$	2057.28	14270.02	-5953.70	0.17	-431.69	-0.38	3444.44	-3.61
RbCl	76.80	-4479.57	-12.23	$0.04 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$112.8 \cdot 10^4$	34097.46	14007.29	0.17	-365.59	-6.63	3247.23	-54.47
CsCl	-65.41	1627.33	9.61	$2341.21 \cdot 10^{-4}$	6867.10	33271.80	8903.82	0.33	-1668.16	0.34	13335.36	1.23
CsI	26.82	-2053.12	-3.75	3.06	328.80	480.52	-1769.93	0.29	-781.07	1.19	6541.74	10.00

Table S2. Standard parameters for the studied salts.

Salt	dH_{form}° , kJ/mol	dH_{fus} , J/g	dH_{fus} , kJ/mol	ΔfG° , kJ/mol	S° , J/deg* mol^{-1}	C_p° , J/deg* mol^{-1}	Lattice E, kJ/mol	Lattice constant	Electroneg dif	Dissociation E, kJ/mol	Bond length	MP, K
LiF	-616	1044.4	27.05	-587.7	35.66	41.6	-1036	403.51	3	577	202	1118
LiCl	-408.6	469.4	19.8979	-384.4	59.3	48.03	-853	514	2	468	257	878
LiBr	-351.2	202.7	17.6025	-342	74.27	48.91	-807	550	1.8	423	275	825
LiI	-270.4	109.1	14.603	-270.3	86.8	51	-757	601	1.5	352	301	742
Li[OTf]	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	696
NaF	-576.6	794.3	33.3527	-546.3	51.11	46.85	-923	463	3.1	481	323	1266
NaCl	-411.2	481.8	28.1564	-384.1	72.1	50.51	-787	564	2.1	410	282	1074
NaBr	-361.08	253.8	26.1135	-349	86.82	51.38	-747	597	1.9	370	299	1020
NaI	-287.9	157.4	23.5927	-286.1	98.5	52.1	-704	647	1.6	301	324	934
Na[OTf]	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	528
KF	-567.2	468.2	27.2024	-537.8	66.5	48.98	-821	534	3.2	497.5	267	1131
KCl	-436.5	355.9	26.5323	-408.5	82.55	51.29	-715	629	2.2	427	315	1040
KBr	-393.8	214.3	25.5017	-380.7	95.9	52.3	-682	660	2	383	330	1007
KI	-327.9	144.6	24.0036	-324.9	106.3	52.9	-649	707	1.7	331	354	954
K[OTf]	--	225.54	42.44	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	509
RbCl	-435.35	152.2	18.404	-407.81	95.9	52.41	-689	659	2.2	448	330	991
CsCl	-442.8	94.4	15.8932	-414.4	101.18	52.44	-659	412	2.3	439	206	918
CsI	-346.6	--	--	-340.6	123.1	52.8	-604	457	1.8	339	229	894

-- data is unknown

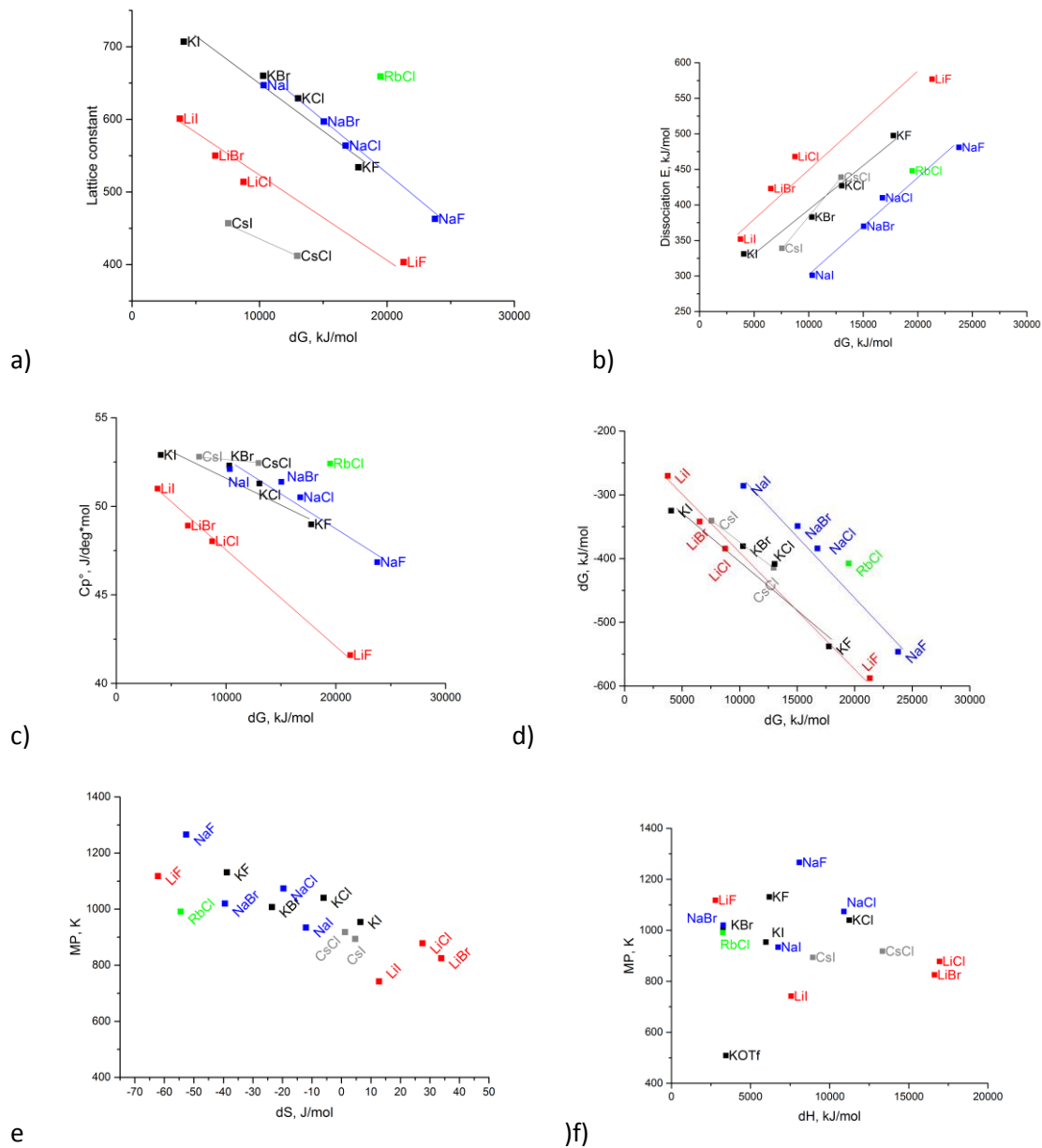


Fig. S2. Linear correlation between calculated ΔG of dissolution and standard parameters of salts dissolved in IL (a-d); representation of an absent of linear dependence of between calculated ΔS of dissolution (e) and ΔH of dissolution (f) and standard parameter (MP) of salts dissolved in IL

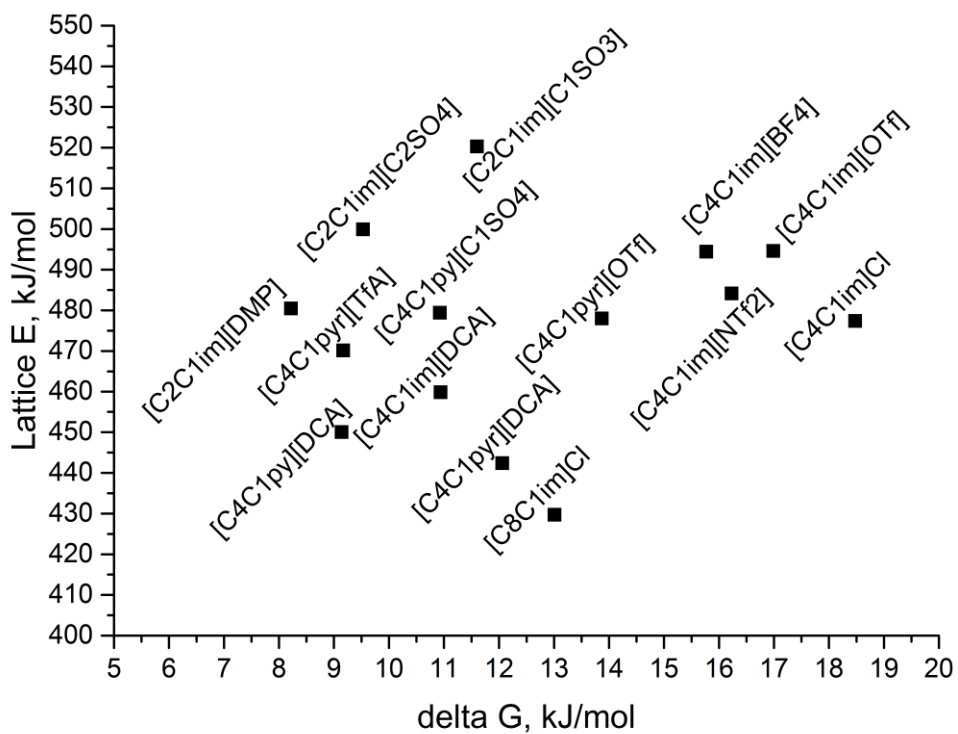
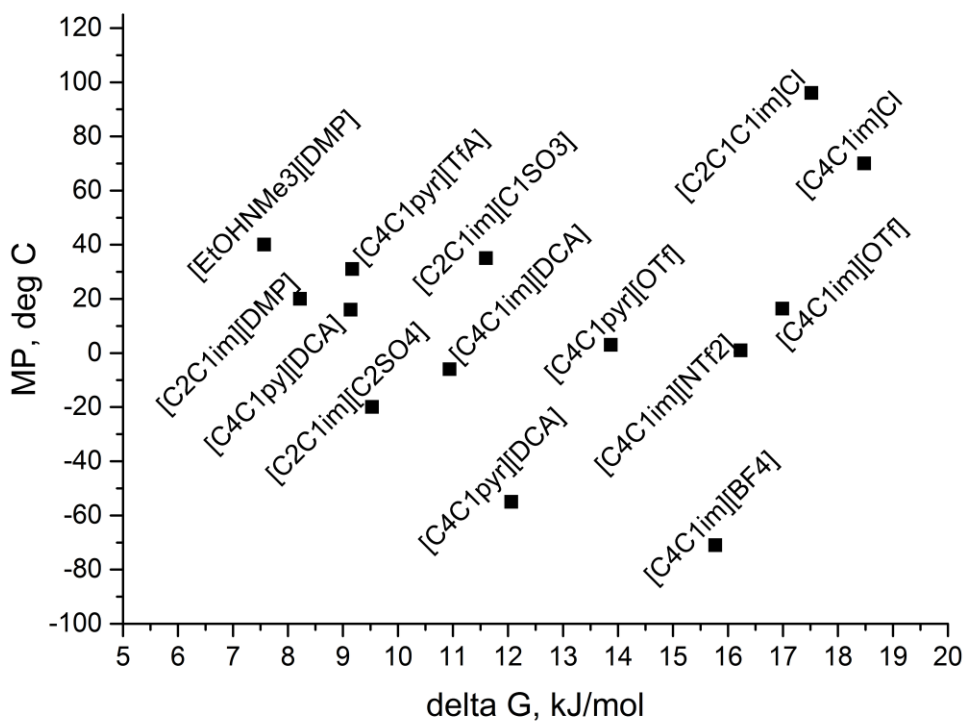
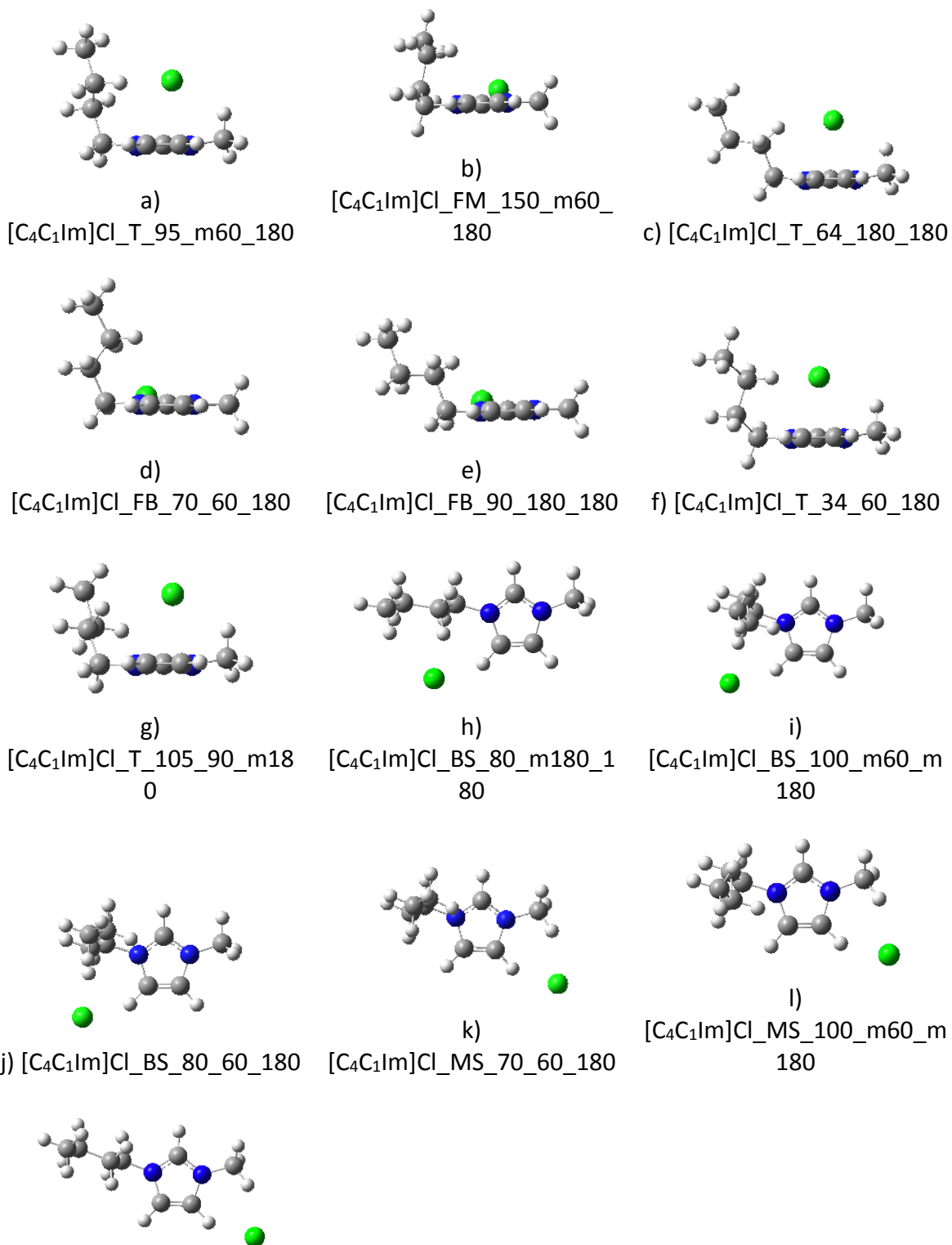


Fig. S3. Correlation of ΔG of NaCl dissolution with melting point and lattice energy of a number of ILs.

2. Computational Data

[C₄C₁Im]Cl



m)
 [C₄C₁Im]Cl_MS_75_m180_1
 80

Figure S4. [C₄C₁Im]Cl conformers.

Table S3. [C₄C₁Im]Cl conformers, dihedral angles τ_1 , τ_2 and τ_3 and relative energies ΔE (kJ/mol).

No.	conformer	τ_1 [°]	τ_2 [°]	τ_3 [°]	ΔE [kJ mol ⁻¹]
a	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_T_95_m60_180	94.6	-60.1	179.0	0.00
b	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_FM_150_m60_180	150.9	-64.1	177.6	0.42
c	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_T_64_180_180	63.5	173.6	179.2	3.81
d	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_FB_70_60_180	70.8	58.7	173.0	4.35
e	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_FB_90_180_180	88.4	174.7	- 179.1	6.82
f	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_T_34_60_180	34.0	61.9	178.5	7.53
g	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_T_105_90_m180	105.1	89.3	- 177.5	10.59
h	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_BS_80_m180_180	79.9	- 173.1	179.1	36.28
i	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_BS_100_m60_m180	102.0	-58.4	- 173.0	36.74
j	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_BS_80_60_180	77.3	59.1	177.4	38.53
k	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_MS_70_60_180	67.7	60.0	178.1	41.38
l	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_MS_100_m60_m180	102.0	-58.4	- 173.0	43.18
m	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]Cl_MS_75_m180_180	74.6	- 179.8	179.9	44.77

[C₄C₁Im]I

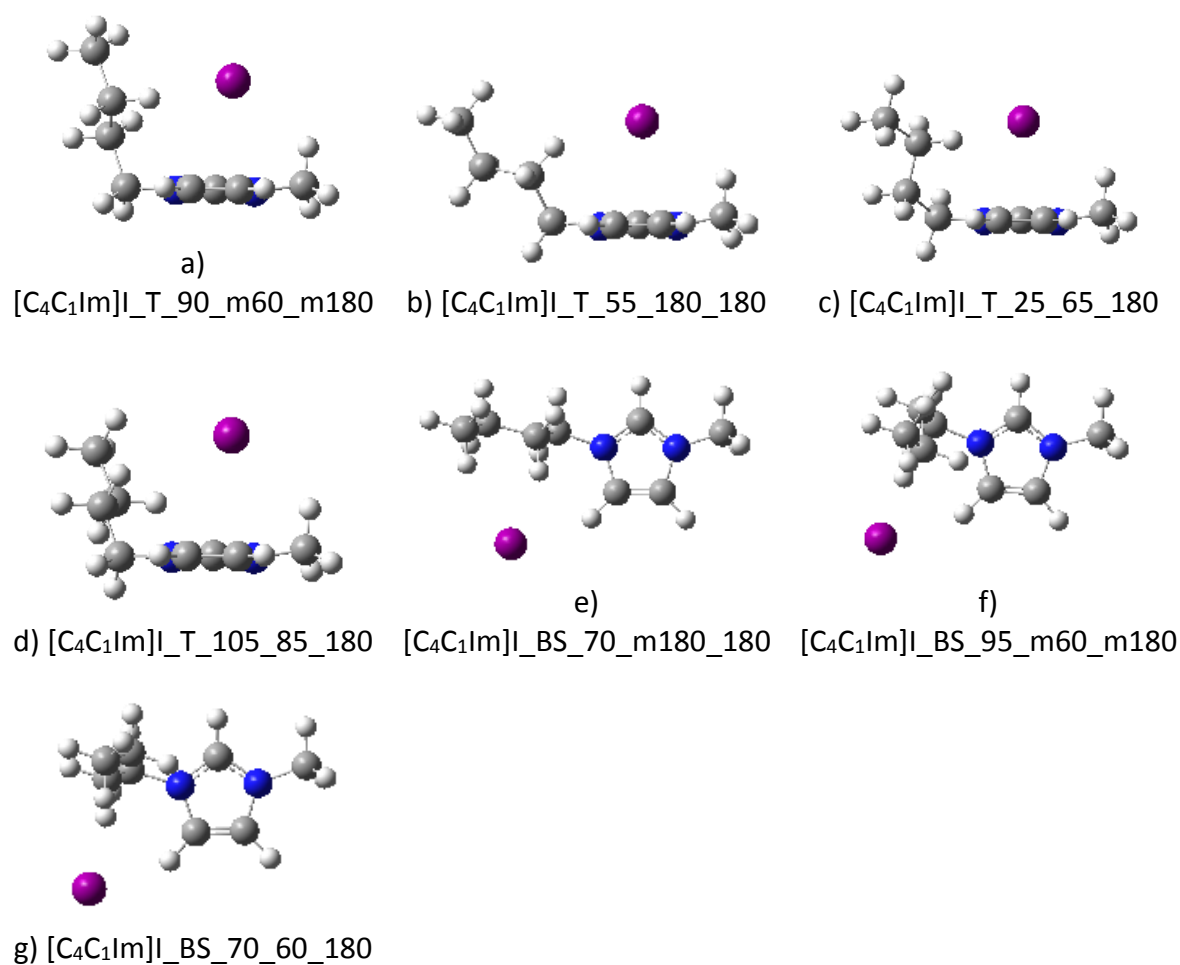


Figure S5. [C₄C₁Im]I conformers.

Table S4. [C₄C₁Im]I conformers, dihedral angles τ_1 , τ_2 and τ_3 and relative energies ΔE (kJ/mol).

No	Conformer	τ_1 [°]	τ_2 [°]	τ_3 [°]	ΔE [kJ mol ⁻¹]
a	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]I_T_90_m60_m180	92.1	-59.8	-179.3	0.00
b	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]I_T_55_180_180	55.4	171.8	179.4	3.70
c	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]I_T_25_65_180	24.3	64.4	180.0	6.20
d	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]I_T_105_85_180	107.1	85.1	178.9	10.24
e	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]I_BS_70_m180_180	72.7	-175.3	177.7	40.15
f	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]I_BS_95_m60_m180	97.1	-58.8	-174.5	42.83
g	[C ₄ C ₁ Im]I_BS_70_60_180	70.1	59.9	178.1	43.02

[C₄C₁Im][OTf]

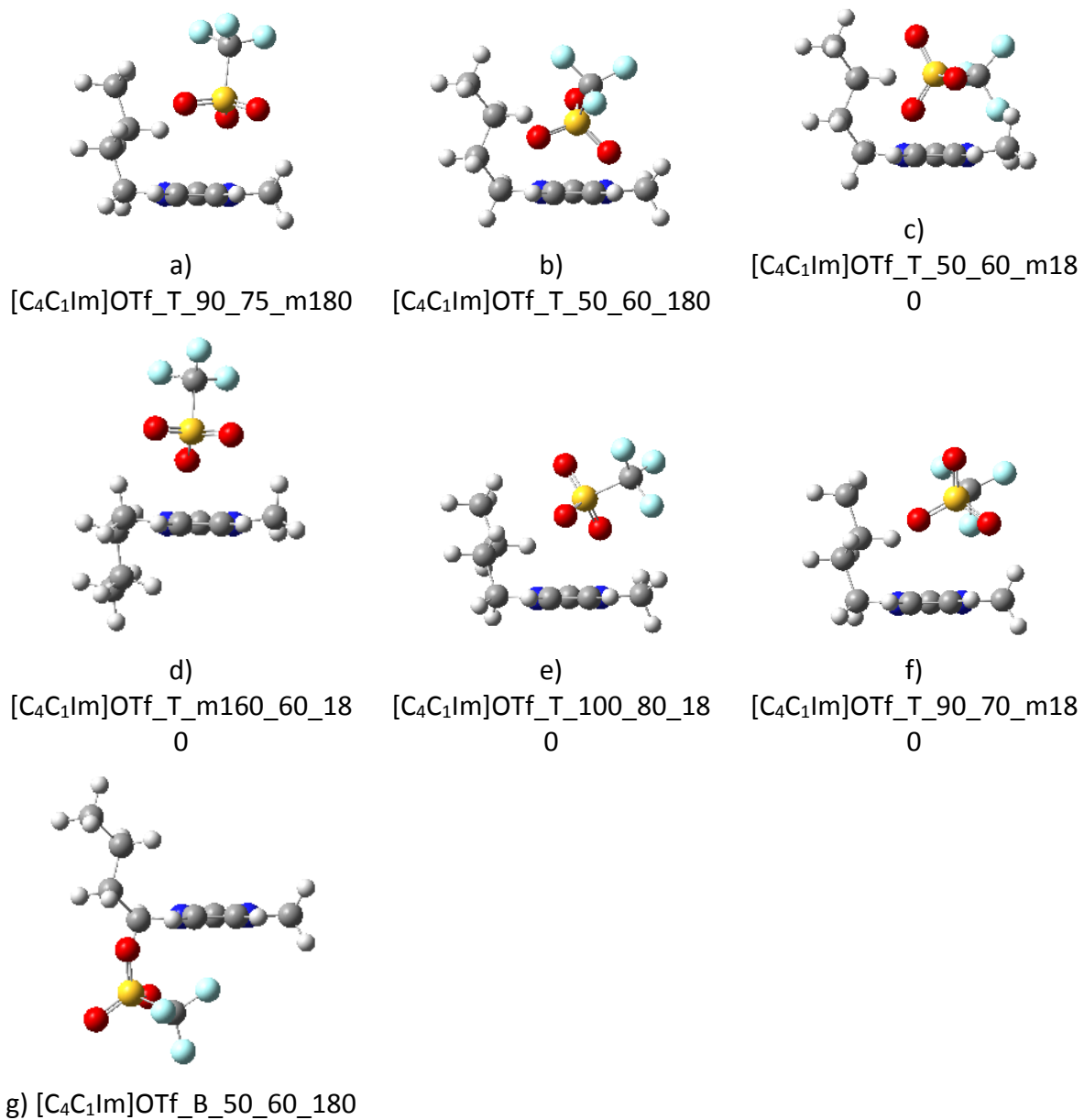


Figure S6. [C₄C₁Im][OTf] conformers.

Table S5. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf]$ conformers, dihedral angles τ_1 , τ_2 and τ_3 and relative energies ΔE (kJ/mol).

No.	Conformer	τ_1 [°]	τ_2 [°]	τ_3 [°]	ΔE [kJ mol ⁻¹]
a	$[C_4C_1Im]OTf_T_90_75_m180$	89.4	75.9	-177.4	0.00
b	$[C_4C_1Im]OTf_T_50_60_180$	47.7	59.7	176.7	0.52
c	$[C_4C_1Im]OTf_T_50_60_m180$	50.0	63.6	-178.6	2.08
d	$[C_4C_1Im]OTf_T_m160_60_180$	-161.8	64.1	179.0	5.25
e	$[C_4C_1Im]OTf_T_100_80_180$	100.5	82.1	177.1	6.36
f	$[C_4C_1Im]OTf_T_90_70_m180$	88.0	73.6	-176.8	11.13
g	$[C_4C_1Im]OTf_B_50_60_180$	49.5	60.3	178.8	36.71

Simple Salts

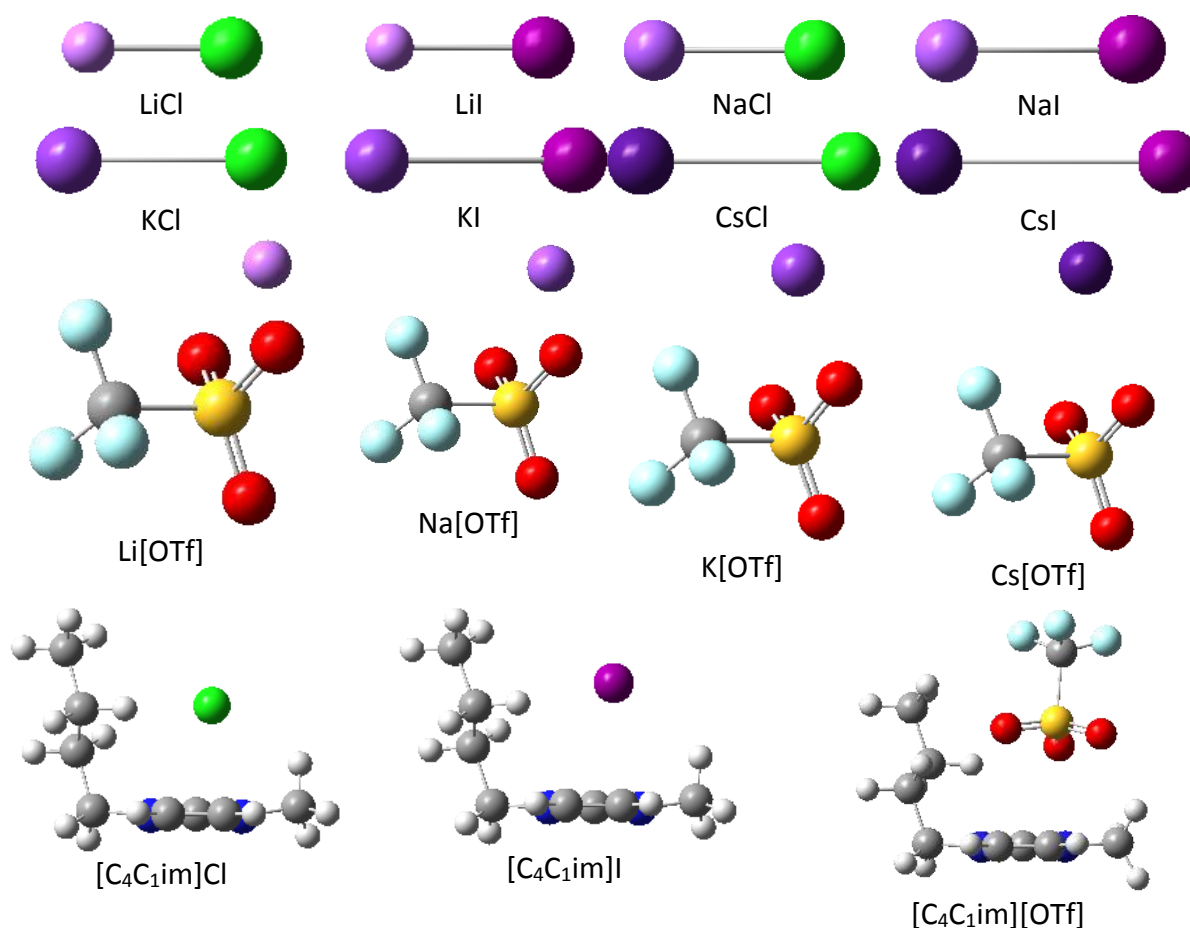


Figure S7. Structures of the simple salts, and most stable $[C_4C_1im][X]$ $X=Cl, I, [OTf]$ - ion-pairs

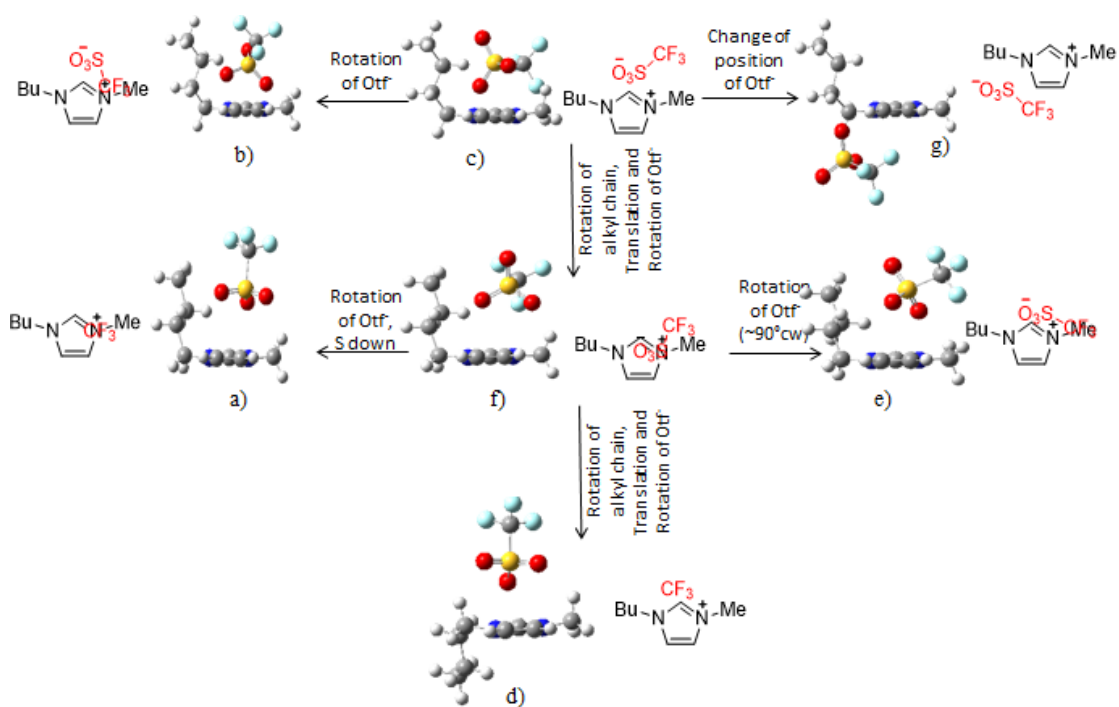
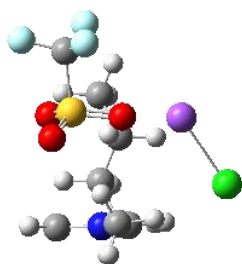


Figure S8. Structural correlation between the different conformers of $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{Im}][\text{OTf}]$.

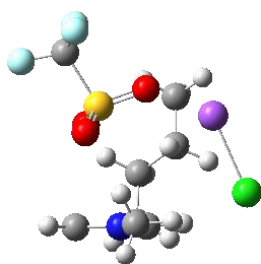
Table S6. Total energy of the simple salts and $[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}][\text{X}]$ $\text{X}=\text{Cl}^-$, I^- , $[\text{OTf}]^-$ ion-pairs energies ΔE (Hartree).

MX	E [Hartree]	M[OTf]	E [Hartree]	$[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}]\text{X}$	E [Hartree]
		LiOTf		$[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}]\text{Cl}$	-
LiCl	-467,83525435		-969,257353593		883,779574301
		NaOTf		$[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}]\text{I}$	-
LiI	-18,99148858		1.124,025493530		434,948493582
		KOTf		$[\text{C}_4\text{C}_1\text{im}][\text{OTf}]$	-
NaCl	-622,60262877		1.561,676162670		1.385,20820655
NaI	-173,76604145	CsOTf			
KCl	-1.060,24956358				
KI	-611,41081551				
CsCl	-480,18804892				
CsI	-31,35037663				

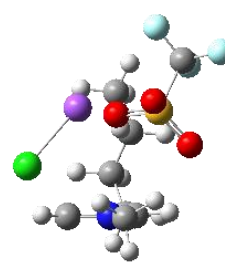
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]



a

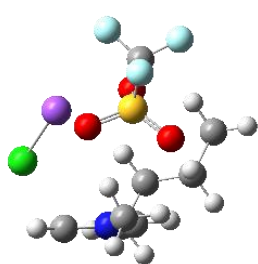


b

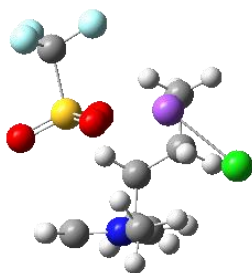


c

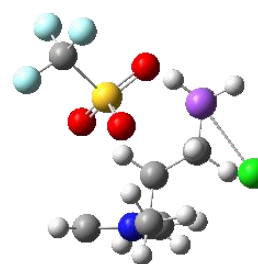
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{1_F} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{1_F} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{1_MS}



d

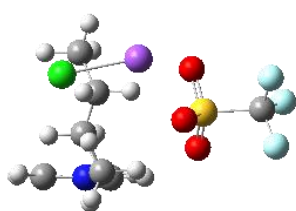


e

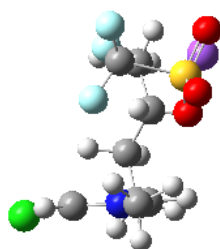


f

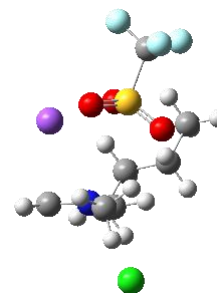
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{1_B} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{2_F} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{2_F_}



g

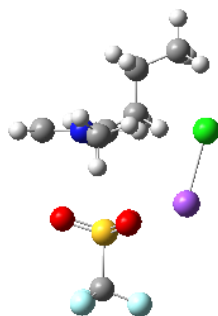


h

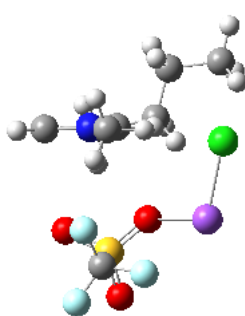


i

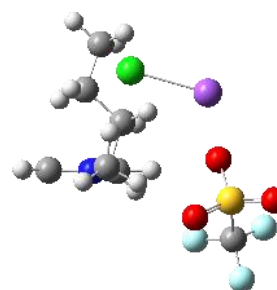
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{2_T_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{2_BA_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{2_BC}



j



k



l

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{3_T} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{3_F_1}

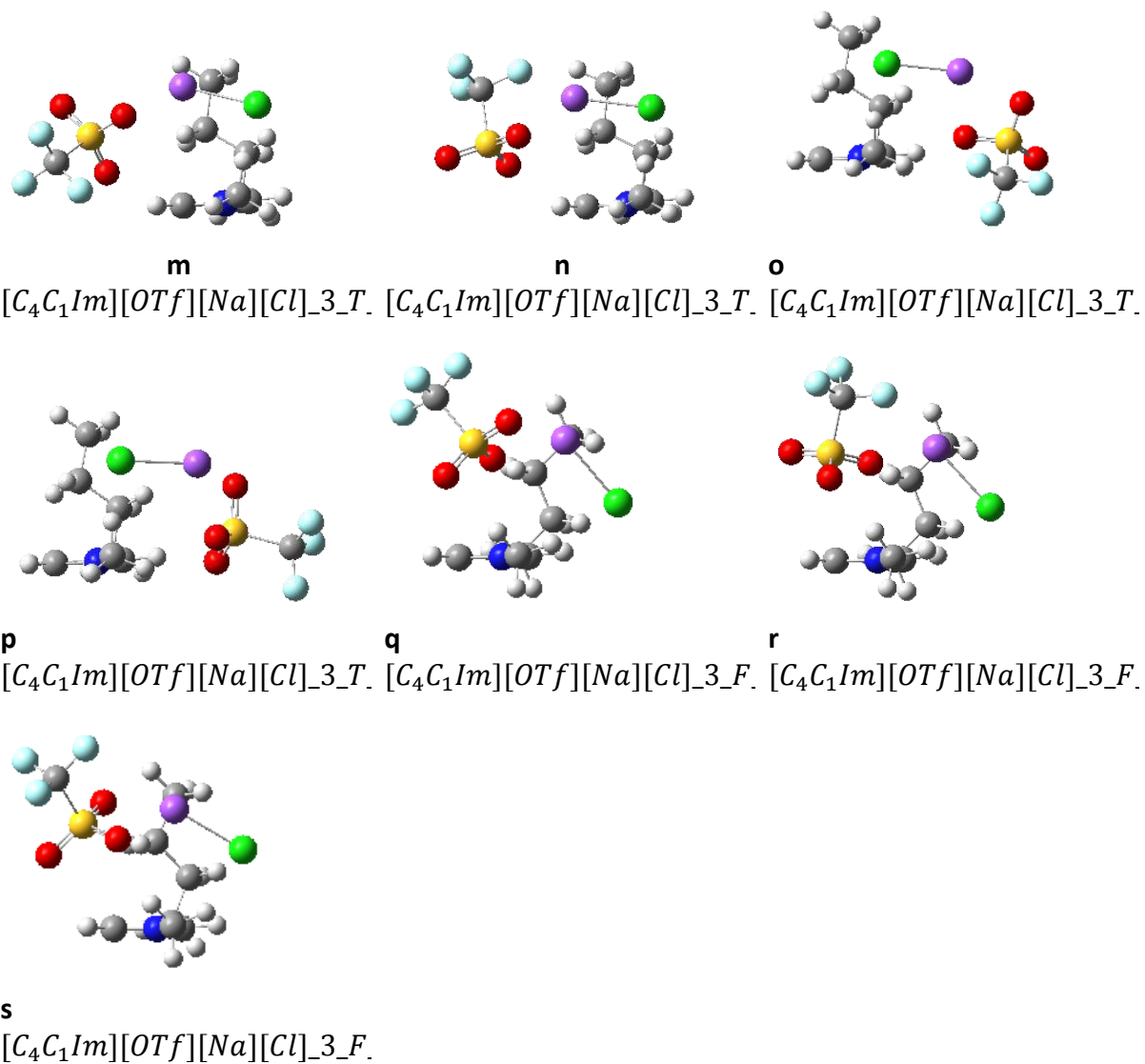


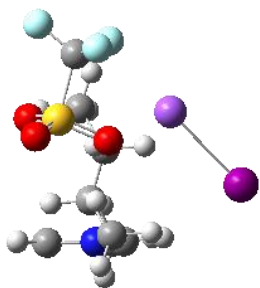
Figure S9. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]$ conformers.

Table S6. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]$ conformers, Na-Cl and Na-O(Tf) distances in Å and relative energies ΔE (kJ/mol).

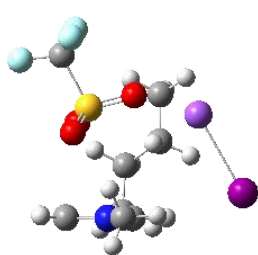
No.	Conformer	d(Cl-Na ⁺) [Å]	d(Na ⁺ -O-Tf) [Å]	ΔE [kJ/mol]
a	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-1_F_1}$	2.50	2.15	9.26
b	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-1_F_2}$	2.49	2.15	6.26
c	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-1_MS_1}$	2.50	2.37/2.38	12.54
d	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-1_BS_1}$	2.50	2.37/2.40	9.94
e*	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-2_F_1}$	2.51	2.38/2.38	3.68
f	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-2_F_2}$	2.51	2.34/2.39	0.00
g	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-2_T_1}$	2.49	2.36/2.40	3.57
h	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-2_BO_1}$	7.26	2.30/2.32	161.98
i	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-2_BO_2}$	5.84	2.26/2.29	140.45
j	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-3_F_1}$	2.51	2.36/2.37	2.56
k	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-3_F_2}$	2.5	2.18	20.42
l	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-3_T_2}$	2.48	2.16	26.39
m	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-3_T_3}$	2.5	2.13	25.37
n	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-3_T_4}$	2.51	2.22	25.78
o	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-3_T_5}$	2.5	2.31/2.44	16.45
p	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-3_T_6}$	2.5	2.34/2.40	6.10
q	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-3_F_3}$	2.51	2.35/2.37	0.30
r	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-3_F_4}$	2.5	2.19	12.51
s	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][Cl]_{-3_F_5}$	2.51	2.34/2.38	1.18

* imaginary frequency of 7.11 cm^{-1}

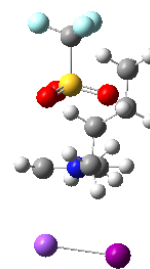
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]



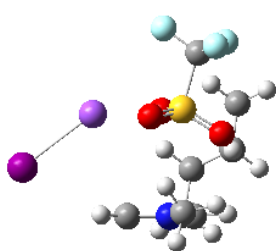
a [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_1_F_1



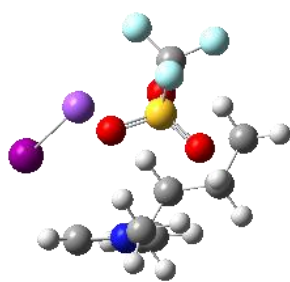
b [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_1_F_2



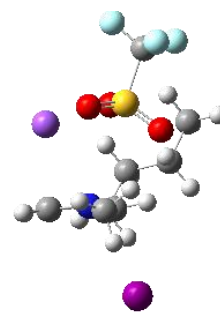
c [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_1_BO_1



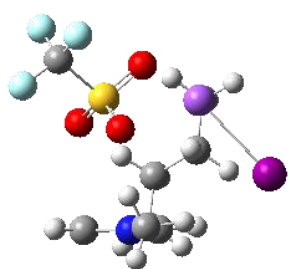
d [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_1_BA_1



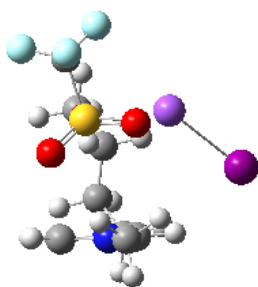
e [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_1_BS_1



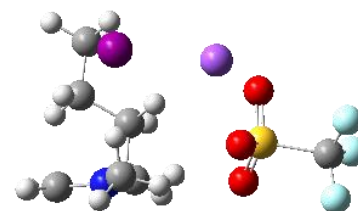
f [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_2_BO_1



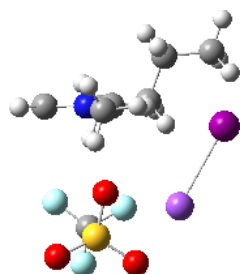
g [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_2_F_1_1



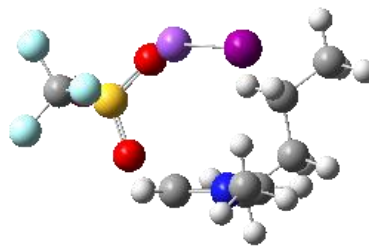
h [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_2_F_2



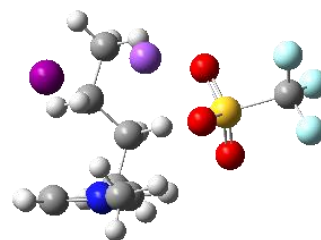
i [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_3_T_1



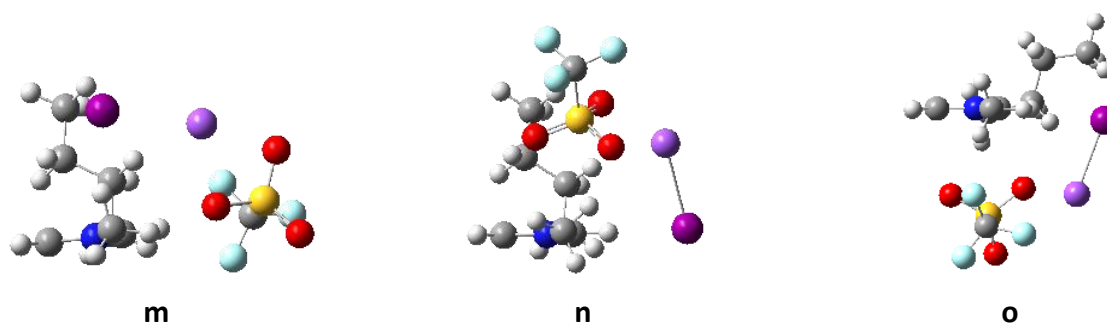
j [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_3_F_1



k [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_3_T_2



l [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Na][I]_3_T_3



m $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-3_T_4}$ **n** $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-3_F_2}$ **o** $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-3_F_3}$

Figure S10. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]$ conformers..

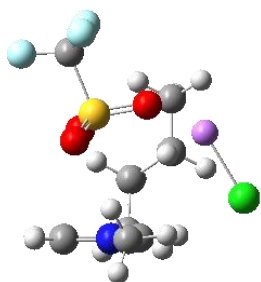
Table S7. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]$ conformers, Na-I and Na-O(Tf) distances in Å and relative energies ΔE (kJ/mol).

No.	Conformer	d(I-Na ⁺) [Å]	d(Na ⁺ -O-Tf) [Å]	ΔE [kJ/mol]
a	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-1_F_1}$	2.87	2.17	12.12
b*	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-1_F_2}$	2.85	2.12	11.51
c	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-1_{BO_1}}$	2.78	5.93	139.59
d	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-1_{BA_1}}$	2.85	2.35/2.39	11.51
e	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-1_{BS_1}}$	2.86	2.35/2.37	8.45
f	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-2_{BO_1}}$	6.26	2.25/2.28	126.7
g	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-2_F_1}$	2.88	2.32/2.37	2.09
h [†]	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-2_F_2}$	2.88	2.33/2.36	3.24
i	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-3_T_1}$	2.87	2.31/2.38	2.35
j	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-3_F_1}$	2.88	2.30/2.38	13.52
k	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-3_T_2}$	2.86	2.19	29.15
l	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-3_T_3}$	2.85	2.33/2.38	0.04
m	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-3_T_4}$	2.87	2.31/2.39	8.01
n	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-3_F_2}$	2.87	2.34/2.36	0.00
o	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Na][I]_{-3_F_3}$	2.86	2.18	21.32

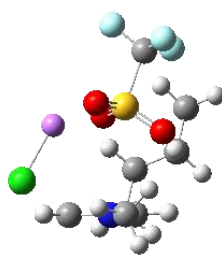
* imaginary frequency of 12.42 cm^{-1}

† imaginary frequency of 15.63 cm^{-1}

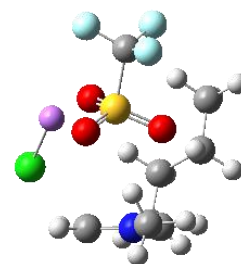
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]



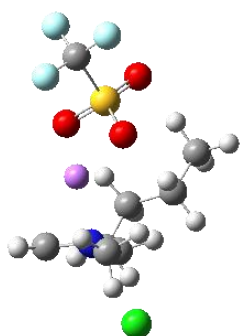
a [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_1_F_1



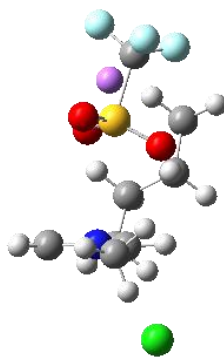
b [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_1_MS_1



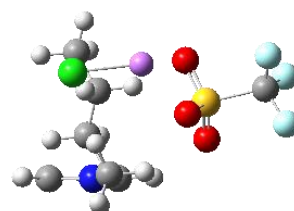
c [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_1_BS_1



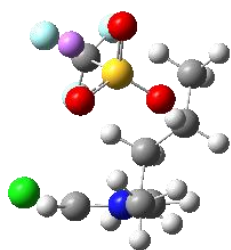
d [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_2_BO_1



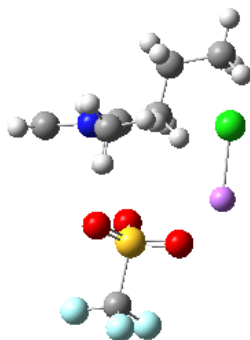
e [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_2_BO_2



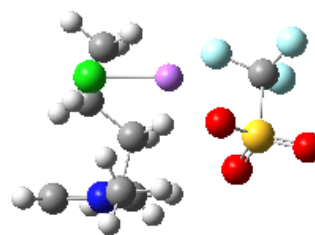
f [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_2_T_1



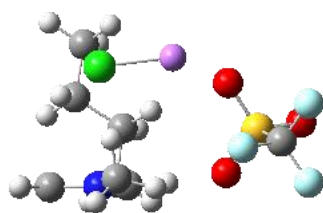
g [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_2_BS_1



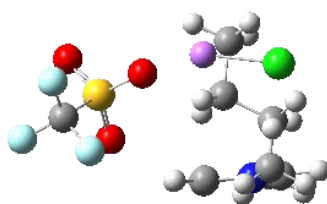
h [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_3_F_1



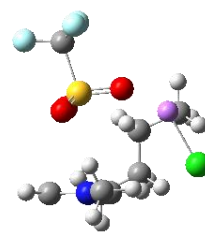
i [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_3_T_1



j [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_3_T_2



k [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_3_T_3



l [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl]
_3_F_2

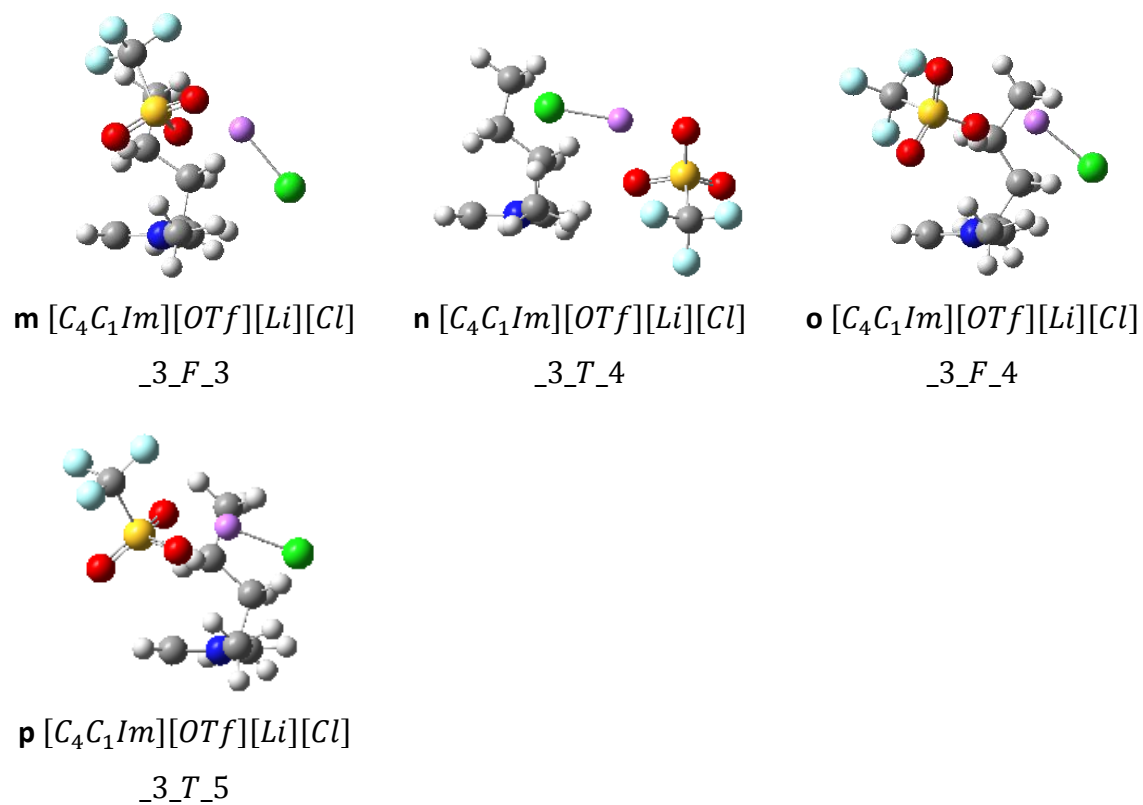


Figure S11. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][Cl]$ conformers.

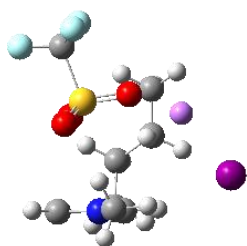
Table S8 [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][Cl] conformers, Li-Cl and Li-O(Tf) distances in Å and relative energies ΔE (kJ/mol).

No.	Conformer	d(Cl ⁻ -Li ⁺) [Å]	d(Li ⁺ -O-Tf) [Å]	ΔE [kJ/mol]
a	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-1_F_1}	2.13	1.79	2.48
b	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-1_MS_1}	2.12	1.79	28.85
c	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-1_BS_1}	2.13	1.8	30.53
d	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-2_BO_1}	4.67	1.93/1.94	334.72
e	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-2_BO_2}	7.97	1.78	484.26
f	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-2_T_1}	2.12	1.79	13.29
g	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-2_BS}	8.24	1.89/1.91	461.20
h	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-3_F_1}	2.14	1.80	12.13
i	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-3_T_1}	2.12	1.86	39.23
j	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-3_T_2}	2.12	1.79	28.79
k	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-3_T_3}	2.14	1.77	48.92
l	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-3_F}	2.14	1.78	11.14
m	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-3_F_3}	2.15	2.01/2.05	0.00
n	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-3_F_3}	2.13	1.79	21.44
o	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-3_F_4}	2.14	1.78	11.14
p	[C ₄ C ₁ Im][OTf][Li][Cl] _{-3_T_5}	2.16	2.00/2.03	5.72

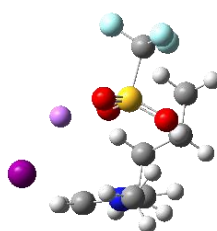
* imaginary frequency of 21.50 cm⁻¹

† imaginary frequency of 2.16 cm⁻¹

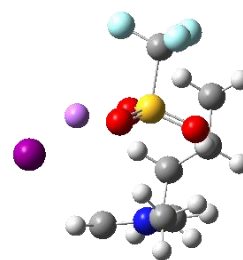
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]



a

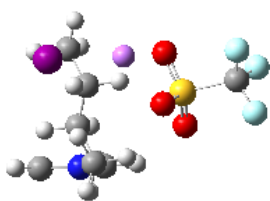


b

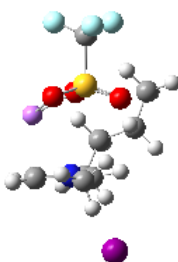


c

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{1_F_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{1_MS_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{1_BS_1}



d



e

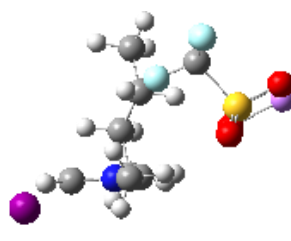


f

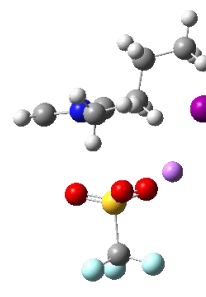
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{2_T_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{2_BO_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{2_F_1}



g

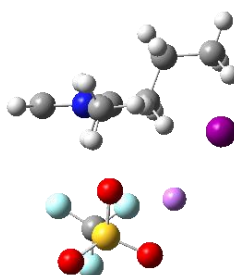


h

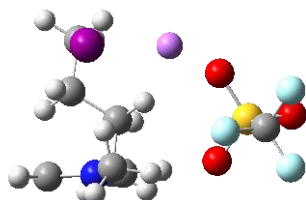


i

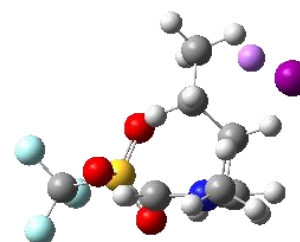
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{2_F_2} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{2_BS_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{3_F_1}



j



k



l

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{3_F_2} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{3_T_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Li][I]_{3_T_2}

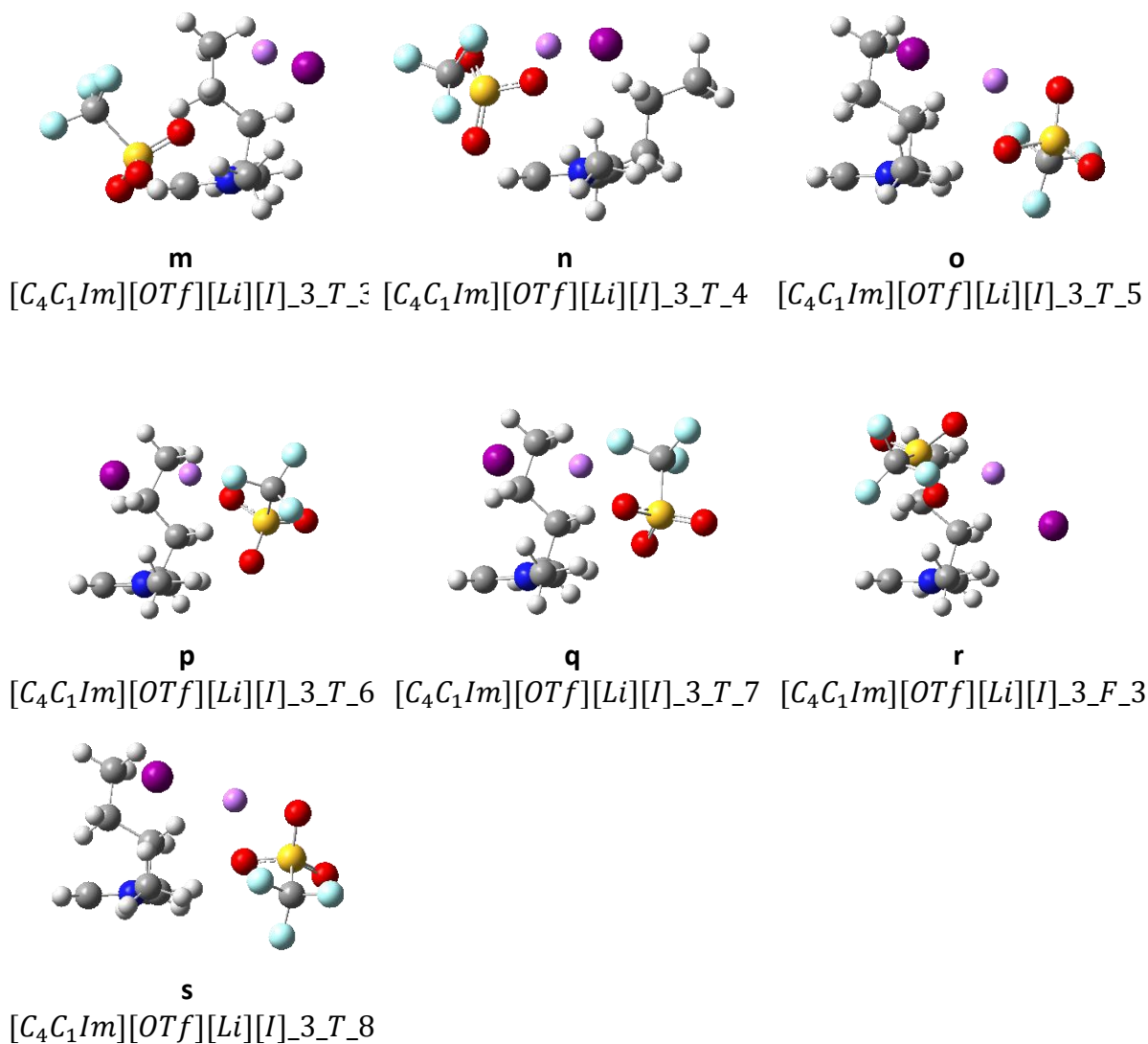


Figure S12. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]$ conformers.

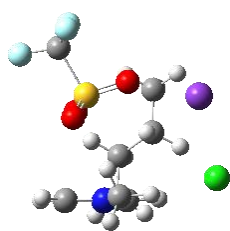
Table S9. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]$ conformers, Li-I and Li-O(Tf) distances in Å and relative energies ΔE (kJ/mol).

No.	Conformer	d(I ⁻ -Li ⁺) [Å]	d(Li ⁺ -O-Tf) [Å]	ΔE [kJ/mol]
a	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-1_F_1}$	2.51	1.77	3.35
b*	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-1_{MS_1}}$	2.51	1.78	13.93
c	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-1_{BS_1}}$	2.51	1.79	12.07
d	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-2_T_1}$	2.53	2.00/2.04	0.00
e	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-2_{BO_1}}$	5.93	1.90/1.93	126.21
f [†]	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-2_F_1}$	2.54	2.00/2.01	4.57
g	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-2_F_2}$	2.54	1.99/2.02	2.33
h	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-2_{BS_1}}$	9.08	1.91/1.91	170.97
i	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-3_F_1}$	2.55	1.99/2.02	0.13
j	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-3_F_2}$	2.56	1.97/2.03	10.09
k	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-3_T_1}$	2.5	1.78	10.31
l	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-3_T_2}$	2.47	5.12	147.05
m	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-3_T_3}$	2.47	5.01	147.70
n	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-3_T_4}$	2.53	1.83	22.89
o	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-3_T_5}$	2.55	1.97/2.05	5.21
p	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-3_T_6}$	2.51	1.84	10.30
q	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-3_T_7}$	2.54	1.99/2.00	3.68
r	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-3_F_3}$	2.55	1.99/2.00	3.15
s	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Li][I]_{-3_T_8}$	2.55	1.96/2.06	7.78

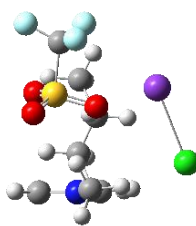
* small imaginary frequency of 2.42 cm^{-1}

† imaginary frequency of 36.68 cm^{-1}

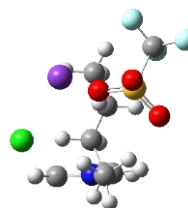
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]



a

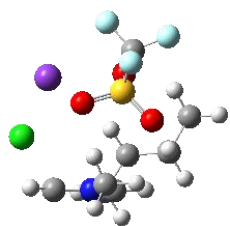


b

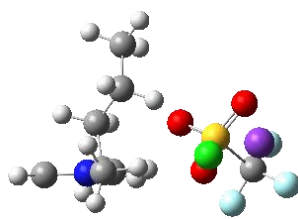


c

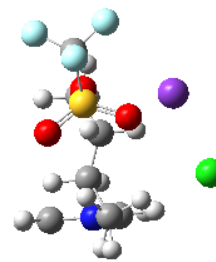
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{1_F_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{1_F} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{1_MS}



d

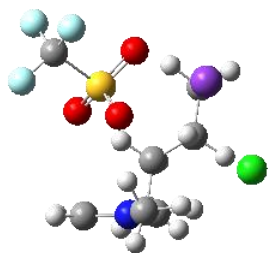


e

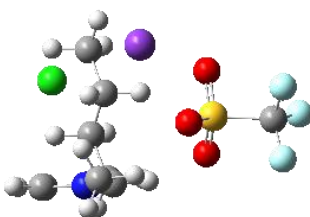


f

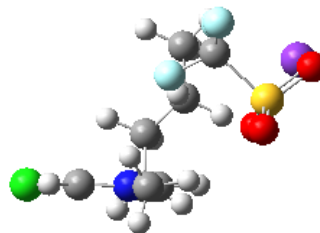
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{1_BS} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{2_F} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{2_F_2}



g



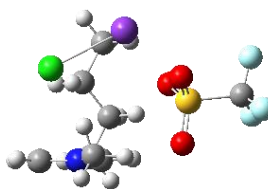
h



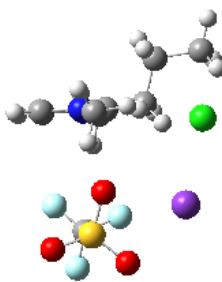
i

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{2_F_3}

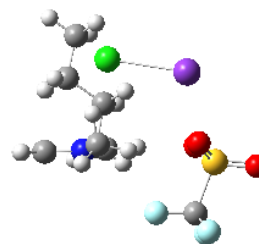
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{2_T} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{2_BS_1}



j



k



l

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{3_T_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{3_F}

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{3_T_2}

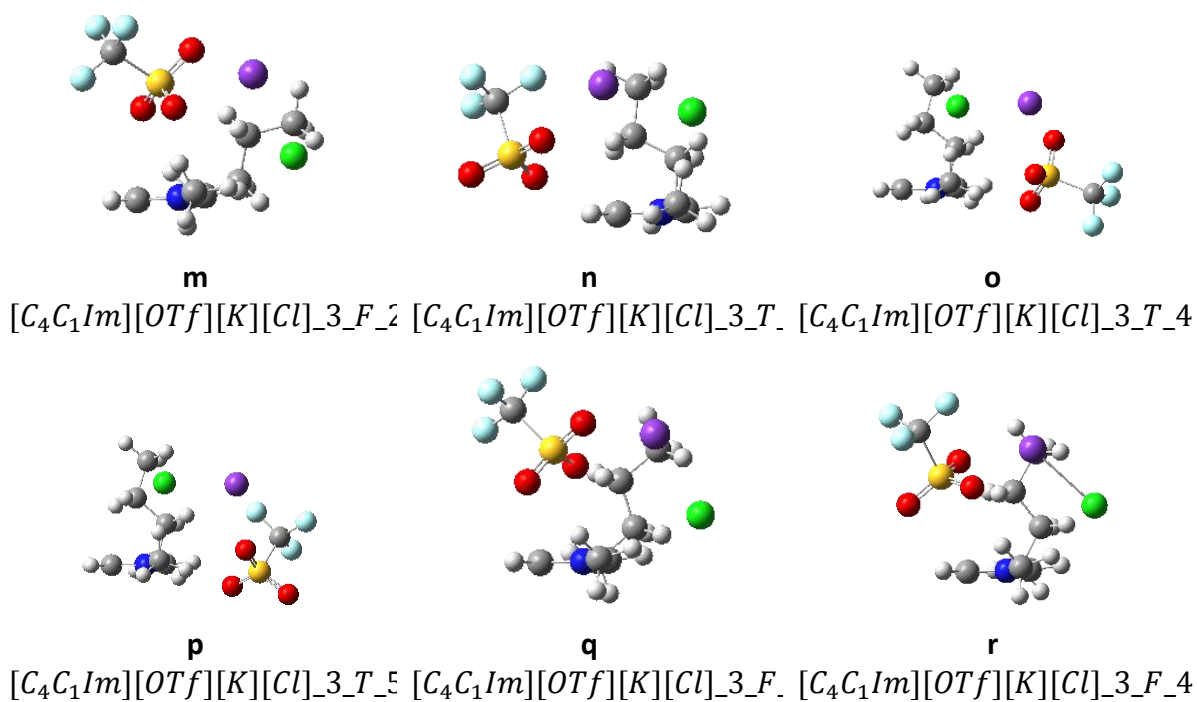


Figure S13. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]$ conformers.

Table S10. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]$ conformers, Na-I and Na-O(Tf) distances in Å and relative energies ΔE (kJ/mol).

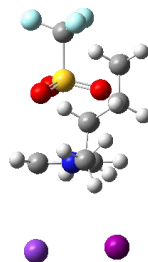
No.	Conformer	$d(Cl^-K^+)$ [Å]	$d(K^+-O-Tf)$ [Å]	ΔE [kJ/mol]
a	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-1_F_1}$	2.85	2.48	8.27
b	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-1_F_2}$	2.86	2.52	9.42
c	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-1_MS_1}$	2.85	2.72/2.74	14.16
d	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-1_BS_1}$	2.86	2.72/2.77	11.33
e	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-2_F_1}$	2.88	2.70/2.71	16.68
f	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-2_F_2}$	2.88	2.69/2.75	2.16
g	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-2_F_3}$	2.88	2.71/2.73	0.34
h	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-2_T_1}$	2.85	2.73/2.74	5.29
i	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-2_BS_1}$	8.20	2.64/2.70	136.14
j	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-3_T_1}$	2.84	2.73/2.73	8.24
k	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-3_F_1}$	2.89	2.71/2.72	15.89
l	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-3_T_2}$	2.84	2.76/2.82	24.23

m	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-3_F_2}$	2.89	2.72/2.73	1.23
n	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-3_T_3}$	2.88	2.56	27.49
o	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-3_T_4}$	2.86	2.70/2.73	7.15
p	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-3_T_5}$	2.83	2.56	24.17
q	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-3_F_3}$	2.88	2.70/2.72	0.00
r	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][Cl]_{-3_F_4}$	2.88	2.72/2.73	2.13

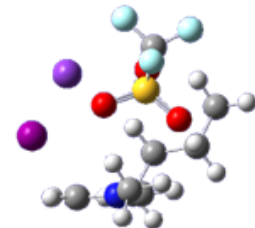
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]



a



b

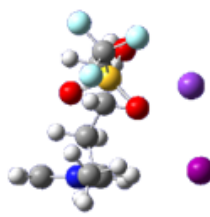


c

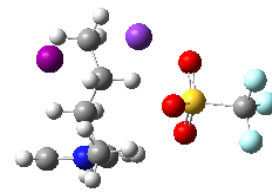
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{1_F_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{1_BO_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{1_BS_1}



d

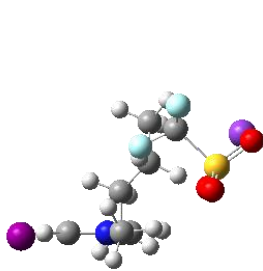


e

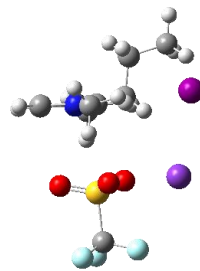


f

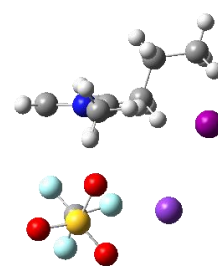
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{2_BO_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{2_F_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{2_T_1}



g

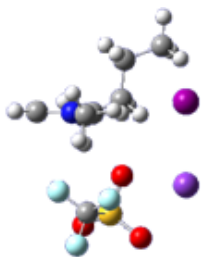


h

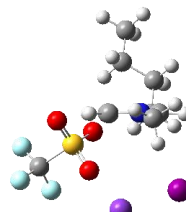


i

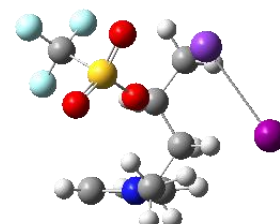
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{2_BS_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{3_F_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{3_F_2}



j



k



l

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{3_F_3} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{3_BO_1} [C₄C₁Im][OTf][K][I]_{3_F_4}

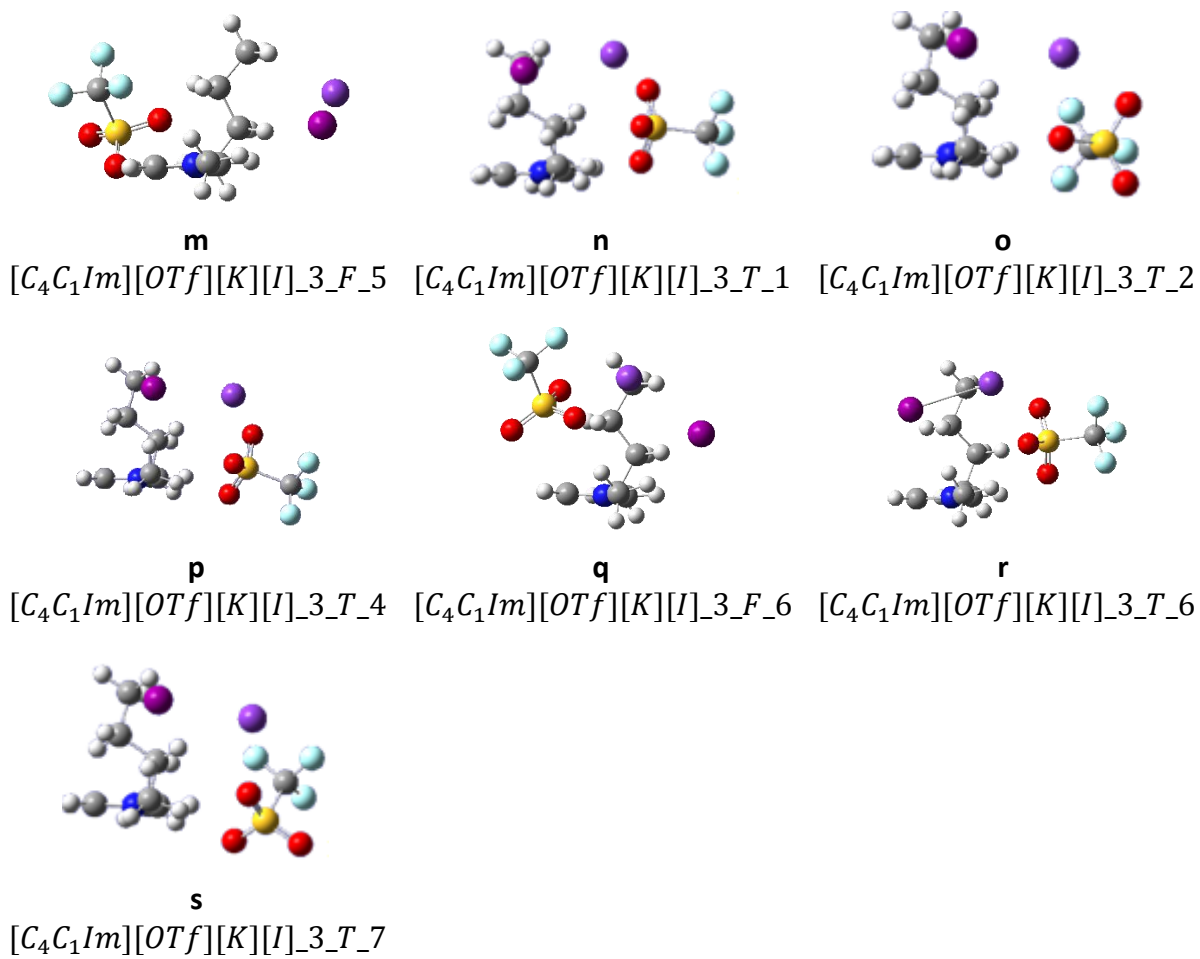


Figure S14. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]$ conformers.

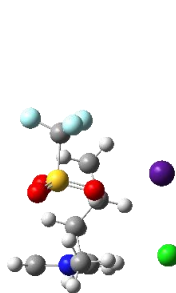
Table S11. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]$ conformers, K-I and K-O(Tf) distances in Å and relative energies ΔE (kJ/mol).

No.	Conformer	d(I ⁻ -K ⁺) [Å]	d(K ⁺ -O-Tf) [Å]	ΔE [kJ/mol]
a	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-1_F_1}$	3.27	2.51	9.12
b	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-1_BO_}$	3.14	6.69	128.75
c	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-1_BS_1}$	3.26	2.69/2.72	11.20
d*	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-2_BO_1}$	6.53	2.56/2.60	112.16
e	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-2_F_1}$	3.27	2.64/2.71	3.69
f	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-2_T_1}$	3.25	2.69/2.71	1.52
g	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-2_BS_1}$	8.62	2.63/2.67	124.22
h	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_F_1}$	3.27	2.69/2.71	3.56
i	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_F_2}$	3.29	2.67/2.69	17.34
j	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_F_3}$	3.29	2.67/2.70	13.67
k	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_BO_1}$	3.26	2.43	33.88
l	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_F_4}$	3.29	2.61/2.75	0.00
m	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_F_5}$	3.19	6.32	133.94
n [†]	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_T_1}$	3.24	2.67/2.70	5.96
o	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_T_2}$	3.27	2.67/2.72	11.17
p	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_T_4}$	3.26	2.66/2.70	4.53
q	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_F_6}$	3.29	2.69/2.69	2.06
r	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_T_6}$	3.24	2.69/2.71	2.41
s	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][K][I]_{-3_T_7}$	3.24	2.54	19.46

* imaginary frequency of 10.95 cm⁻¹

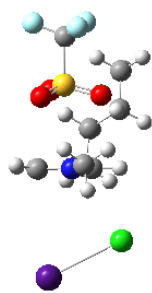
† imaginary frequency of 20.63 cm⁻¹

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]



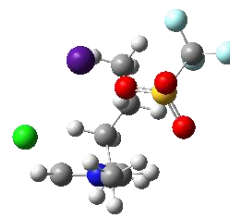
a

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{1_F_1}



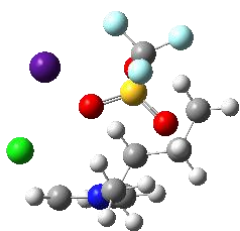
b

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{1_BO_1}



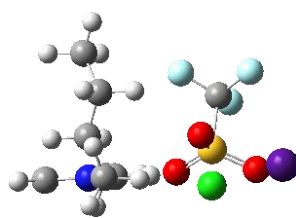
c

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{1_MS_1}



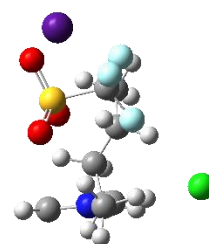
d

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{1_BS_1}

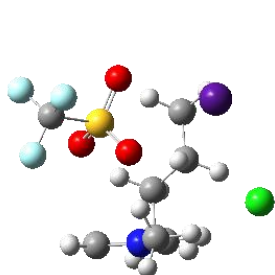


e

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{2_F_1}

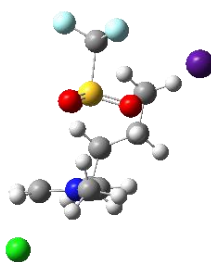


f [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{2_F_2}



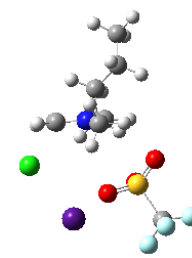
g

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{2_F_3}



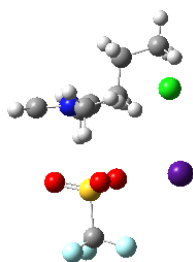
h

[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{2_BO_1}

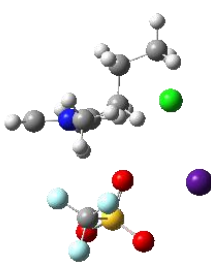


i

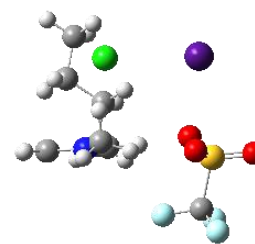
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{2_BO_2}



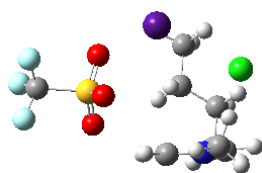
j [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_F_1}



k [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_F_2}



l [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_T_1}

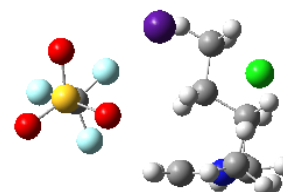


m

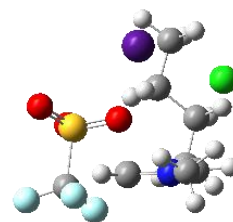
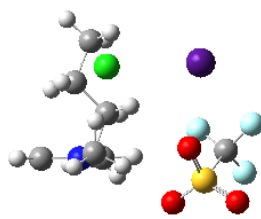
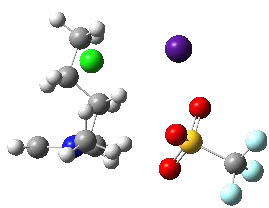
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_T_2}



n [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_T_4}



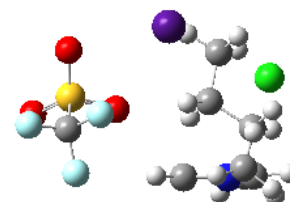
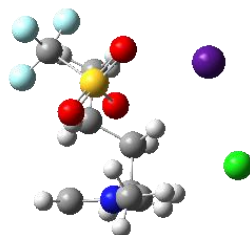
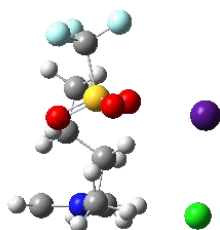
n
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]₃T₃



p
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]₃T₅

q
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]₃T₆

r [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]₃T₇



s
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]₃F₃

t [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]₃F₄

u [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]₃T₈

Figure S15. [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][Cl] conformers.

Table S12. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]$ conformers, Cs-Cl and Cs-O(Tf) distances in Å and relative energies ΔE (kJ/mol).

No.	Conformer	d(Cl-Cs ⁺) [Å]	d(Cs ⁺ -O-Tf) [Å]	ΔE [kJ/mol]
a	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{1_F_1}$	3.37	2.94	6.78
b	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{1_BO_1}$	3.26	7.11	111.31
c	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{1_MS_1}$	3.36	3.14/3.16	13.69
d	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{1_BS_1}$	3.37	3.14/3.20	11.18
e ¹	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{2_F_1}$	3.37	3.09/3.16	19.18
f	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{2_F_2}$	6.97	3.08/3.12	90.65
g	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{2_F_3}$	3.39	3.09/3.22	1.52
h ²	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{2_BO_1}$	9.54	2.89	169.42
i	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{2_BO_2}$	3.37	3.15/3.23	14.46
j	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_F_1}$	3.36	3.13/3.19	6.44
k	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_F_2}$	3.38	3.12/3.15	15.18
l	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_T}$	3.35	3.28/3.36	23.33
m	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_T_2}$	3.39	3.11/3.17	13.26
n	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_T_3}$	3.38	2.97	27.70
o ³	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_T_4}$	3.41	3.15/3.16	27.49
p	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_T_5}$	3.36	3.11/3.16	11.00
q ⁴	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_T_6}$	3.34	2.96	24.09
r	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_T_7}$	3.38	3.16/3.30	28.43
s	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_F_3}$	3.36	3.12/3.15	1.27
t ⁵	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_F_4}$	3.38	3.12/3.16	0.00
u	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][Cl]_{3_T_8}$	3.41	3.10/3.21	26.90

¹ imaginary frequency of 7.11 cm⁻¹

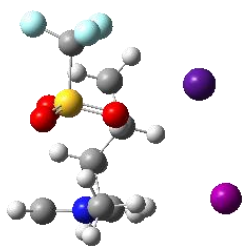
² imaginary frequency of 10.07 cm⁻¹

³ imaginary frequency of 15.02 cm⁻¹

⁴ imaginary frequency of 2.49 cm⁻¹

⁵ imaginary frequency of 4.20 cm^{-1}

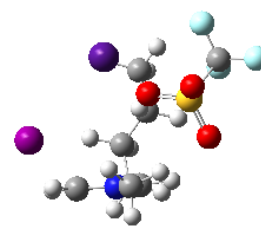
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]



a

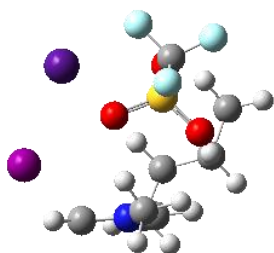


b

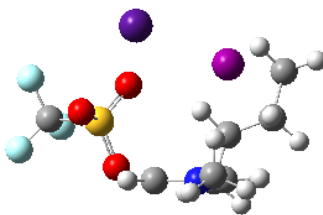


c

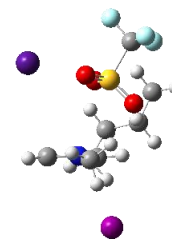
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₁F₁ [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₁BO [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₁MS



d

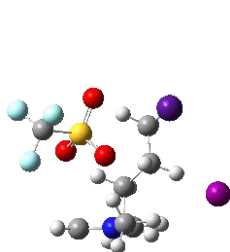


e

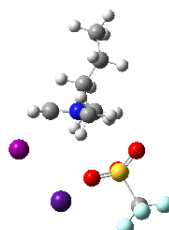


f

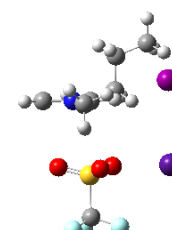
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₁BS [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₂T₁ [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₂BO



g

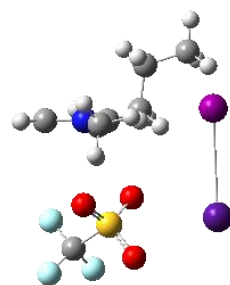


h

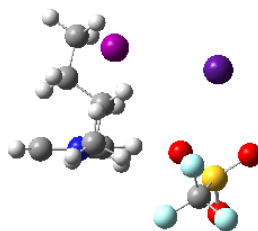


i

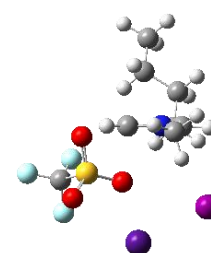
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₂F₁ [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₂BO [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₃F₁



j

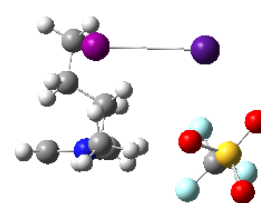
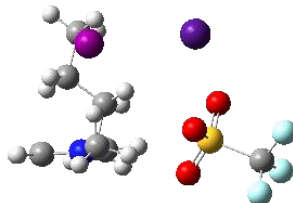
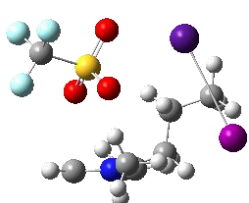


k

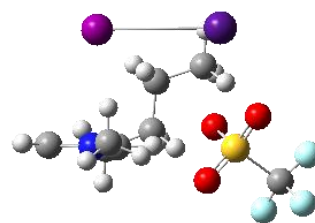
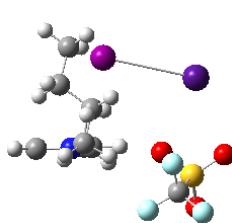
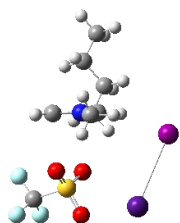


l

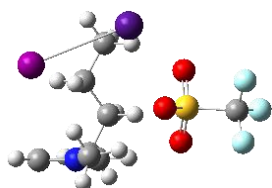
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₃F₂ [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₃T₁ [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]₃BO



m **n** **p**
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]_3_F_3 [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]_3_T_2 [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]_3_T_3



q **r** **s**
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]_3_F_4 [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]_3_T_4 [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]_3_T_5



t
[C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I]_3_T_6

Figure S16. [C₄C₁Im][OTf][Cs][I] conformers.

Table S13. $[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]$ conformers, Cs-I and Cs-O(Tf) distances in Å and relative energies ΔE (kJ/mol).

No.	Conformer	d(I ⁻ -Cs ⁺) [Å]	d(Cs ⁺ -O-Tf) [Å]	ΔE [kJ/mol]
a	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-1_F_1}$	3.78	2.94	6.48
b ¹	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-1_BO_2}$	3.67	6.69	112.68
c	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-1_MS_1}$	3.76	3.13/3.16	14.37
d	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-1_BS_1}$	3.78	3.13/3.17	9.89
e	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-2_T_1}$	3.78	3.11/3.13	15.98
f	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-2_BO_1}$	7.85	3.01/3.04	101.39
g	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-2_F_1}$	3.80	3.10/3.18	0.00
h ²	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-2_BO_2}$	3.78	3.14/3.22	13.63
i ³	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-3_F_1}$	3.77	3.14/3.17	6.39
j	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-3_F_2}$	3.78	3.12/3.15	7.76
k ⁴	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-3_T_1}$	3.79	3.10/3.16	13.14
l	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-3_BO_1}$	3.79	3.12/3.13	14.11
m	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-3_F_3}$	3.82	3.12/3.16	0.37
n	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-3_T_2}$	3.77	3.11/3.15	4.79
o	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-3_T_3}$	3.77	3.09/3.18	13.79
p	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-3_F_4}$	3.80	3.08/3.17	14.81
q	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-3_T_4}$	3.79	3.10/3.16	13.14
r ⁵	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-3_T_5}$	3.77	3.14/3.16	7.92
s	$[C_4C_1Im][OTf][Cs][I]_{-3_T_6}$	3.74	3.12/3.17	3.42

¹ imaginary frequency of 8.29 cm⁻¹

² imaginary frequency of 7.57 cm⁻¹

³ imaginary frequency of 5.74 cm⁻¹

⁴ imaginary frequency of 3.62 cm⁻¹

⁵ imaginary frequency of 3.54 cm⁻¹

- Apelblat, A., Manzurola, E., & She, B. (1999). Solubilities of o-acetylsalicylic, 4-aminosalicylic, 3,5-dinitrosalicylic and p-toluic acid, and magnesium-DL-aspartate in water from T = (278 to 348) K. *J. Chem. Thermodynamics*, *31*, 85–91.
- Bagh, F. S. G., Hadj-Kali, M. K. O., Mjalli, F. S., Hashim, M. A., & AlNashef, I. M. (2014). Solubility of sodium chloride in phosphonium-based deep eutectic solvents. *Journal of Molecular Liquids*, *199*, 344–351. <http://doi.org/10.1016/j.molliq.2014.09.025>
- Bagh, S. F. G., Mjalli, F. S., Hashim, M. A., Hadj-kali, M. K. O., & AlNashef, I. M. (2013). Solubility of Sodium Salts in Ammonium-Based Deep Eutectic Solvents. *Journal of Chemical Engineering Data*.
- Buchowski, H., Ksiazczak, A., & S., P. (1980). Solvent Activity along a Saturation Line and Solubility of Hydrogen-Bonding Solids. *Journal of Physical Chemistry*, *84*, 975–979.
- Kontogeorgis, G. M., & Folas, G. K. (2010). *Thermodynamic Models for Industrial Applications From Classical and Advanced Mixing Rules to Association Theories*. John Wiley & Sons Ltd Registered.
- Long, B., Li, J., Song, Y., & Du, J. (2011). Temperature Dependent Solubility of r -Form L -Glutamic Acid in Selected Organic Solvents : Measurements and Thermodynamic Modeling. *Industrial & Engineering Chemistry Research*, *50*, 8354–8360.
- Tao, M., Wang, Z., Gong, J., Hao, H., & Wang, J. (2013). Determination of the Solubility , Dissolution Enthalpy , and Entropy of Pioglitazone Hydrochloride (Form II) in Di fferent Pure Solvents. *Industrial & Engineering Chemistry Research*, *52*, 3036–3041.
- Walas, S. M. (1985). *Phase Equilibria in Chemical Engineering*. Butterworth. <http://doi.org/10.1016/B978-0-409-95162-2.50001-4>