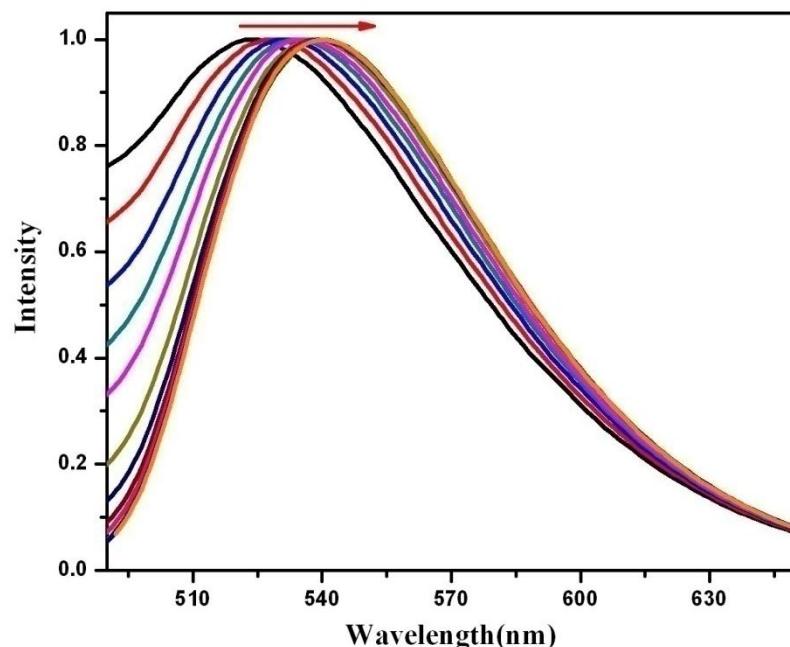


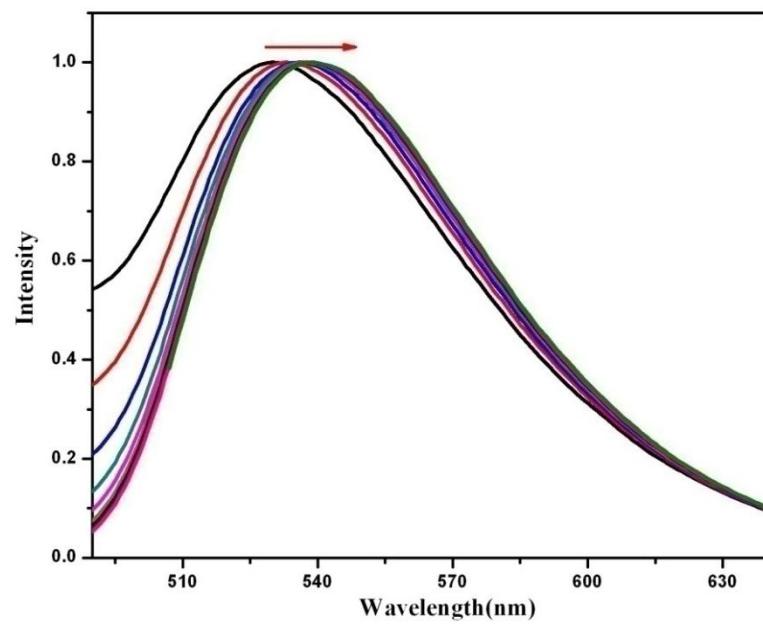
### Supplementary Information

**Probing interactions of structurally similar but chemically distinguishable organic solutes with 1-ethyl-3-methylimidazolium alkylsulfate(alkyl = ethyl, hexyl and octyl) ionic liquids through fluorescence, NMR and Fluorescence Correlation Spectroscopy (FCS) study**

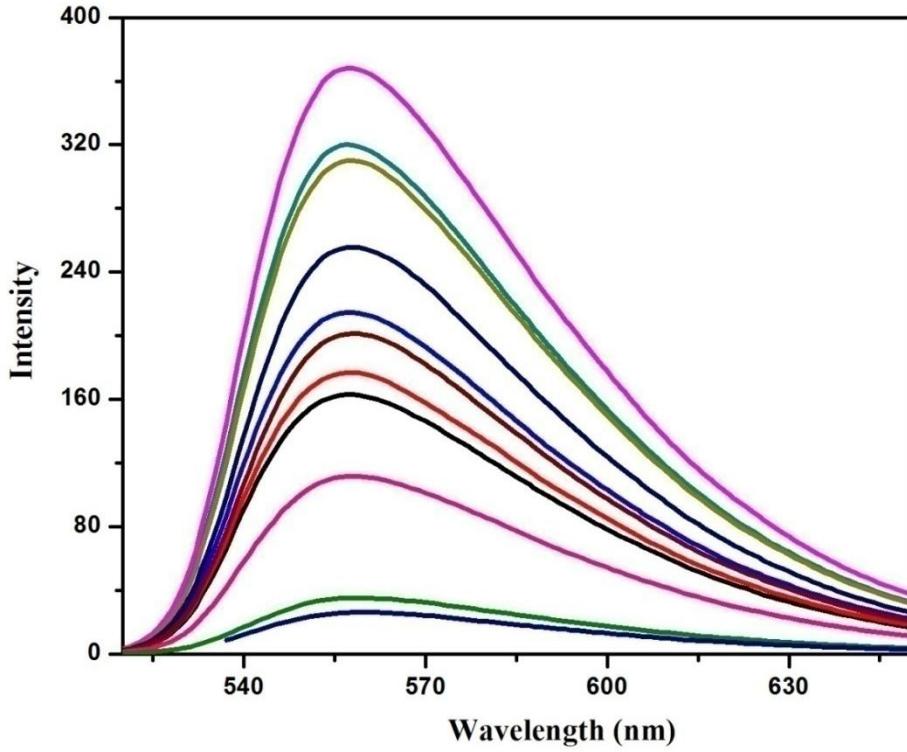
**Debashis Majhi<sup>a</sup>, Prabhat Kumar Sahu<sup>a</sup>, Sudipta Seth<sup>b</sup>and Moloy Sarkar<sup>\*a</sup>**



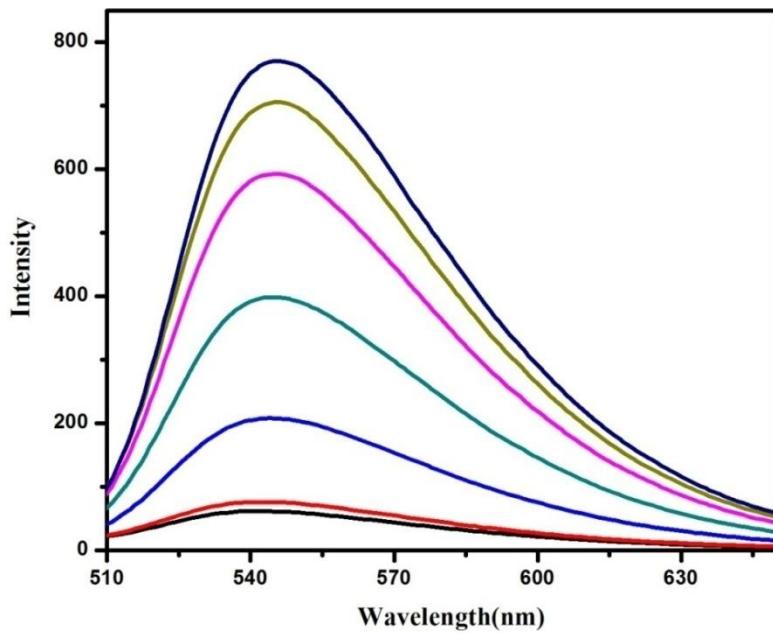
**Fig. S1.** Normalized excitation wavelength dependent Emission Spectra of HNBD  $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 390$ - $490$  nm in EMIM-ES.



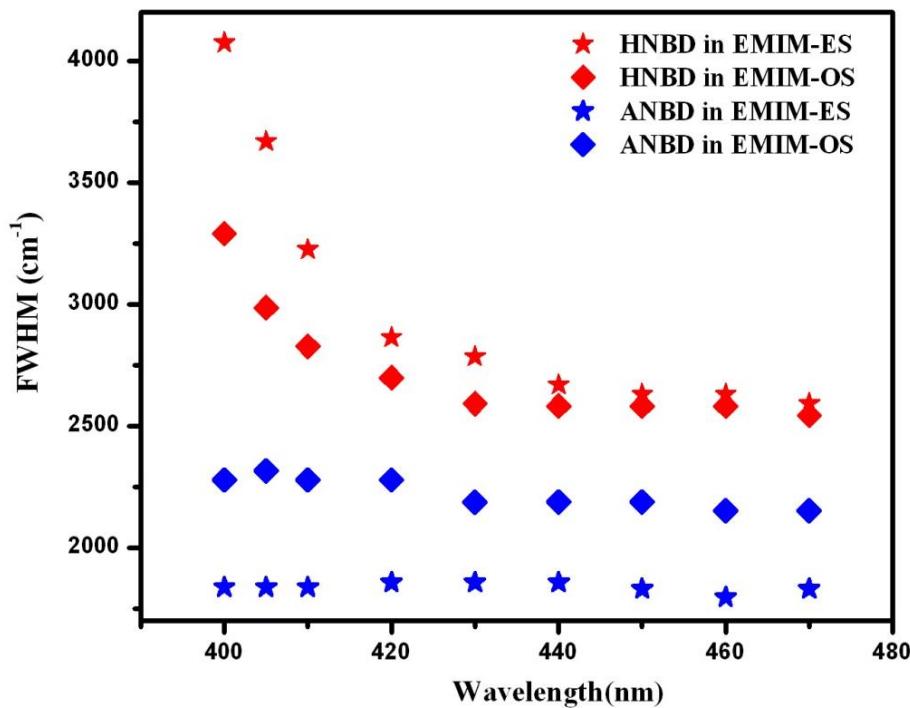
**Fig. S2.** Normalized excitation dependent Emission Spectra of HNBD  $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 390\text{-}490$  nm in EMIM-OS.



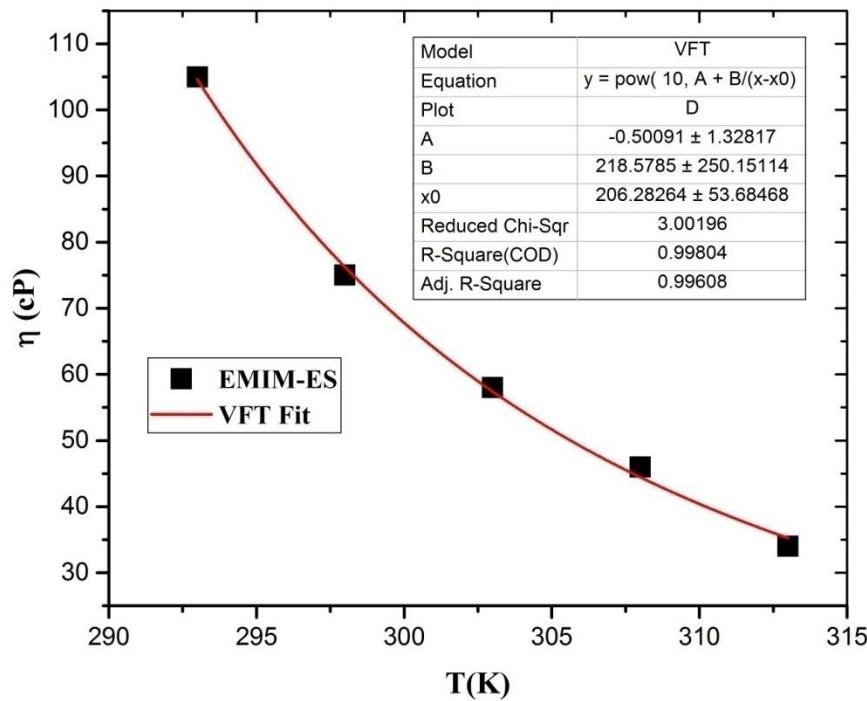
**Fig. S3.** Excitation wavelength dependent Emission Spectra of AND  $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 390\text{-}490$  nm in EMIM-ES.



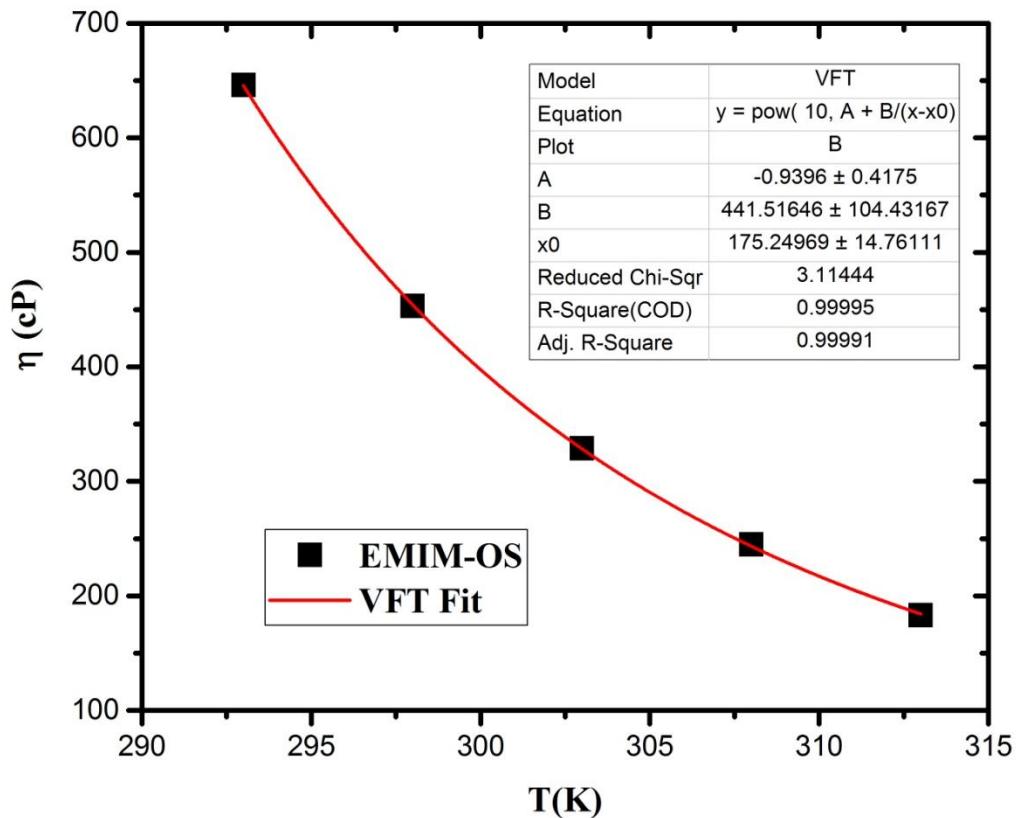
**Fig. S4.** Excitation wavelength dependent Emission Spectra of ANBD  $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 390\text{-}490$  nm in EMIM-OS.



**Fig. S5.** Change of FWHM values of the excitation wavelength dependent emission spectra of HNBD and ANBD in EMM-ES and EMIM-OS.



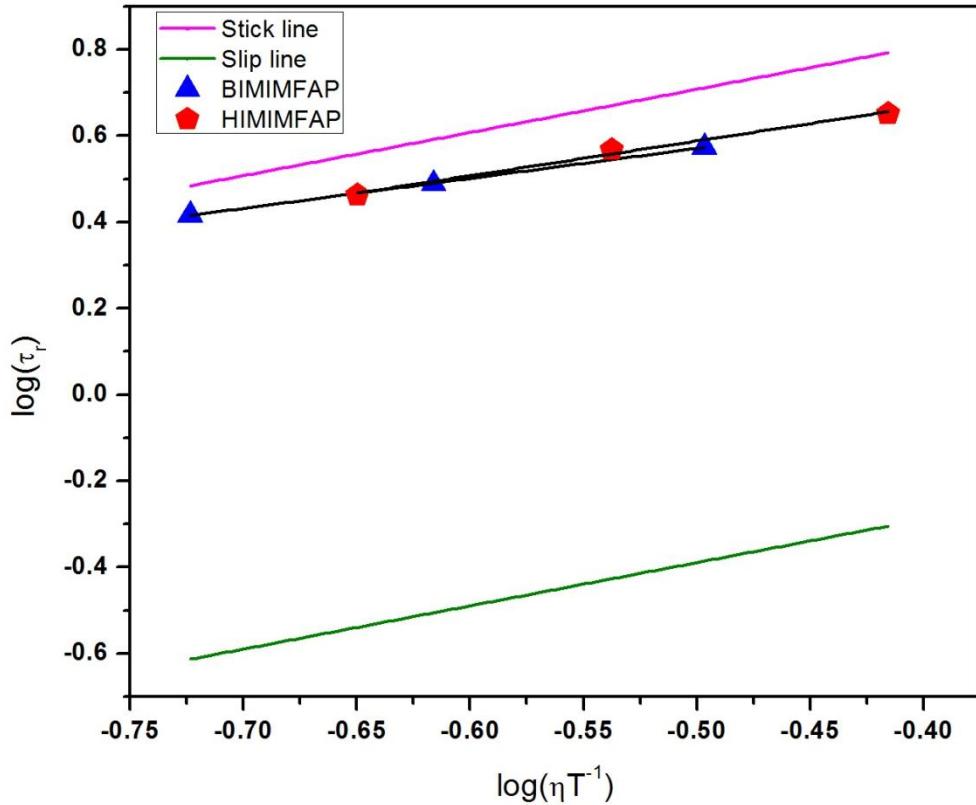
**Fig. S6.** Variation of the bulk viscosity of neat EMIM-ES with temperatures and fitting with VFT equation.



**Fig. S7.** Variation of the bulk viscosity of neat EMIM-OS with temperatures and fitting with VFT equation.

**Table S1.** Reorientation times ( $\tau_r$ ) of ANBD in BIMIMFAP and HIMIMFAP at different temperatures ( $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 405$ ).

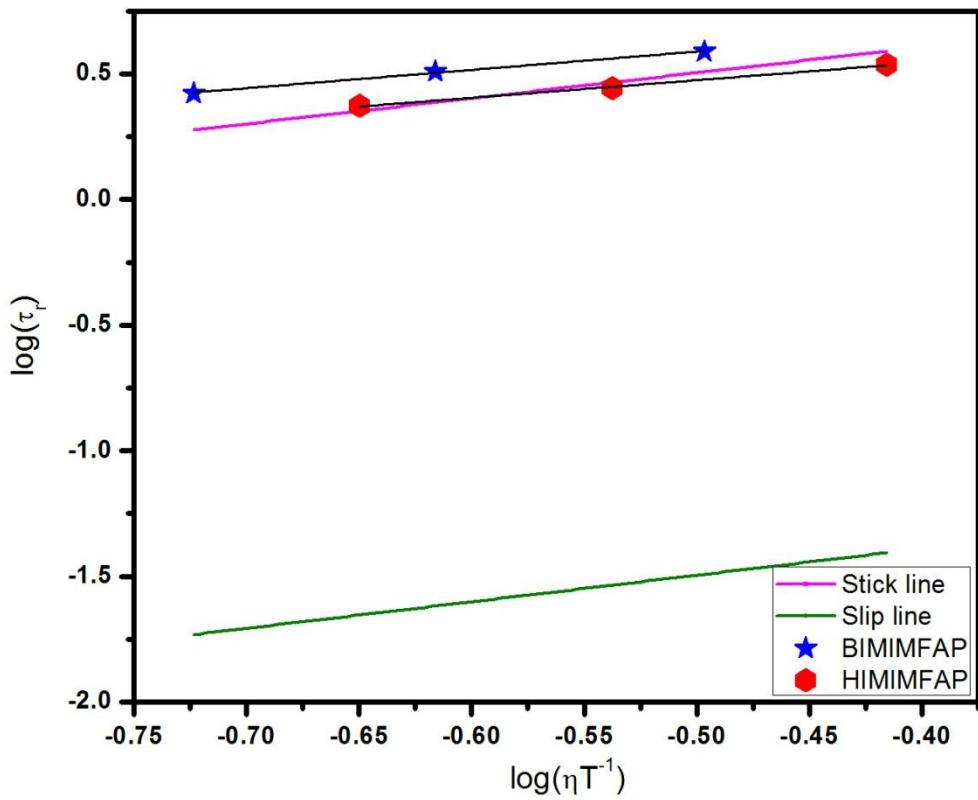
Systems	Temp (K)	Bulk viscosity (cP)	$\tau_r$ (ns)	$C_{\text{rot}} = \tau_r^{\text{exp}} / \tau_r^{\text{stik}}$
BIMIMFAP	293	$93.4 \pm 1.86$	$3.75 \pm 0.18$	0.72
	298	$72.3 \pm 1.44$	$3.08 \pm 0.15$	0.78
	303	$57.4 \pm 1.14$	$2.51 \pm 0.12$	0.82
HIMIMFAP	293	$112.7 \pm 2.25$	$4.48 \pm 0.22$	0.71
	298	$86.7 \pm 1.73$	$3.70 \pm 0.18$	0.78
	303	$67.9 \pm 1.35$	$2.90 \pm 0.14$	0.80



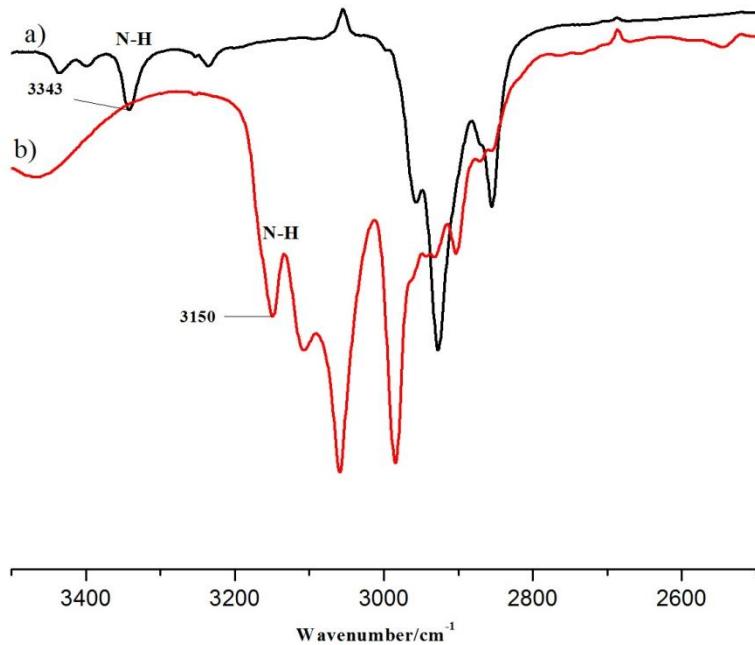
**Fig. S8.**  $\log(\tau_r)$  vs  $\log(\eta/T)$  plot of ANBD in BIMIM with stick and slip boundary condition limit. The black line indicates the fitting parameters to the data point.

**Table S2.** Reorientation times ( $\tau_r$ ) of HNBD in BIMIMFAP and HIMIMFAP at different temperatures ( $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 405$ ).

Systems	Temp (K)	Bulk viscosity (cP)	$\tau_r$ (ns)	$C_{\text{rot}} = \tau_r^{\text{exp}} / \tau_r^{\text{stik}}$
BIMIMFAP	293	$93.4 \pm 1.86$	$3.88 \pm 0.19$	1.20
	298	$72.3 \pm 1.44$	$3.24 \pm 0.16$	1.32
	303	$57.4 \pm 1.14$	$2.65 \pm 0.13$	1.38
HIMIMFAP	293	$112.7 \pm 2.25$	$3.44 \pm 0.17$	0.88
	298	$86.7 \pm 1.73$	$2.78 \pm 0.13$	0.94
	303	$67.9 \pm 1.35$	$2.36 \pm 0.11$	1.02



**Fig. S9.**  $\log(\tau_r)$  vs  $\log(\eta/T)$  plot of ANBD in BIMIM with stick and slip boundary condition limit. The black line indicates the fitting parameters to the data point.



**Fig. S10.** Zoomed in IR spectrum of HNBD (a) HNBD (b) HNBD in presence of EMIM-ES.