Supporting information

Catalytic effect of TiO₂ nanosheet on extracellular electron transfer of *Shewanella loihica* PV-4

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Fig S1. Linear dependence of peak current density with scan rate (v) for RF at both electrodes.



Fig S2. (a) CV of RF with different scan rate and (b) peak potentials of RF vs lnv at CP electrode.



Fig S3. (a) Molecular structure of chlorohemin, (b) CV of chlorohemin with different scan rate at CP electrode, (c) and (d) the relationships between peak current and scan rate at TiO₂-NSs/CP and CP electrode, respectively.



Fig S4. CV curves of PV-4 at TiO₂-NSs/CP (a) and CP (b) electrodes at different scan rate in single chamber reactor.



Fig. S5. The long-term operation curves of PV-4 inoculated MFCs with different anodes.



Fig S6 CV curves of TiO₂-NSs/CP (a) and CP (b) anodes in MFC at different scan rate.



Fig S7 The current densities of TiO₂-NSs/CP and CP electrodes in repeat of 20 min charging and 20 min discharging.



Fig. S8 SEM images of PV-4 grown anodes of TiO₂-NSs/CP (a) and CP (b).

Table S1	Biomass	measued	at CP	and TiO ₂	-NSs/CP	anode in	1 MFC [*]
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Anode	Biomass (µg/cm ²)			
СР	58.5 ± 1.75			
TiO ₂ -NSs/CP	67.2 ± 1.64			

* Biomass was measured using Pierce BCA Protein Assay Kit from Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc.



Fig. S9 Images to show the contact angle of CP (about 103 °) (a) and TiO₂-NSs/CP (0 °) (b).



Fig. S10 LSV of TiO₂-NSs/CP in DM medium (pH=7.4), scan rate of 4mV/s.



Fig. S11 FESEM image of TiO₂-NSs/CP electrode (a) and its cross section (b), TEM image of TiO₂-NSs (c).



Fig. S12 The pictures of a single chamber reactor (left) and a dual-chamber MFC (right).

*WE, CE and SCE represent the working electrode, the counter electrode and saturated calomel electrode, respectively.