

Supporting Information for

**“Synthesis-driven, structure-dependent optical behavior in phase-tunable NaYF₄:Yb, Er-
based motifs and associated heterostructures”**

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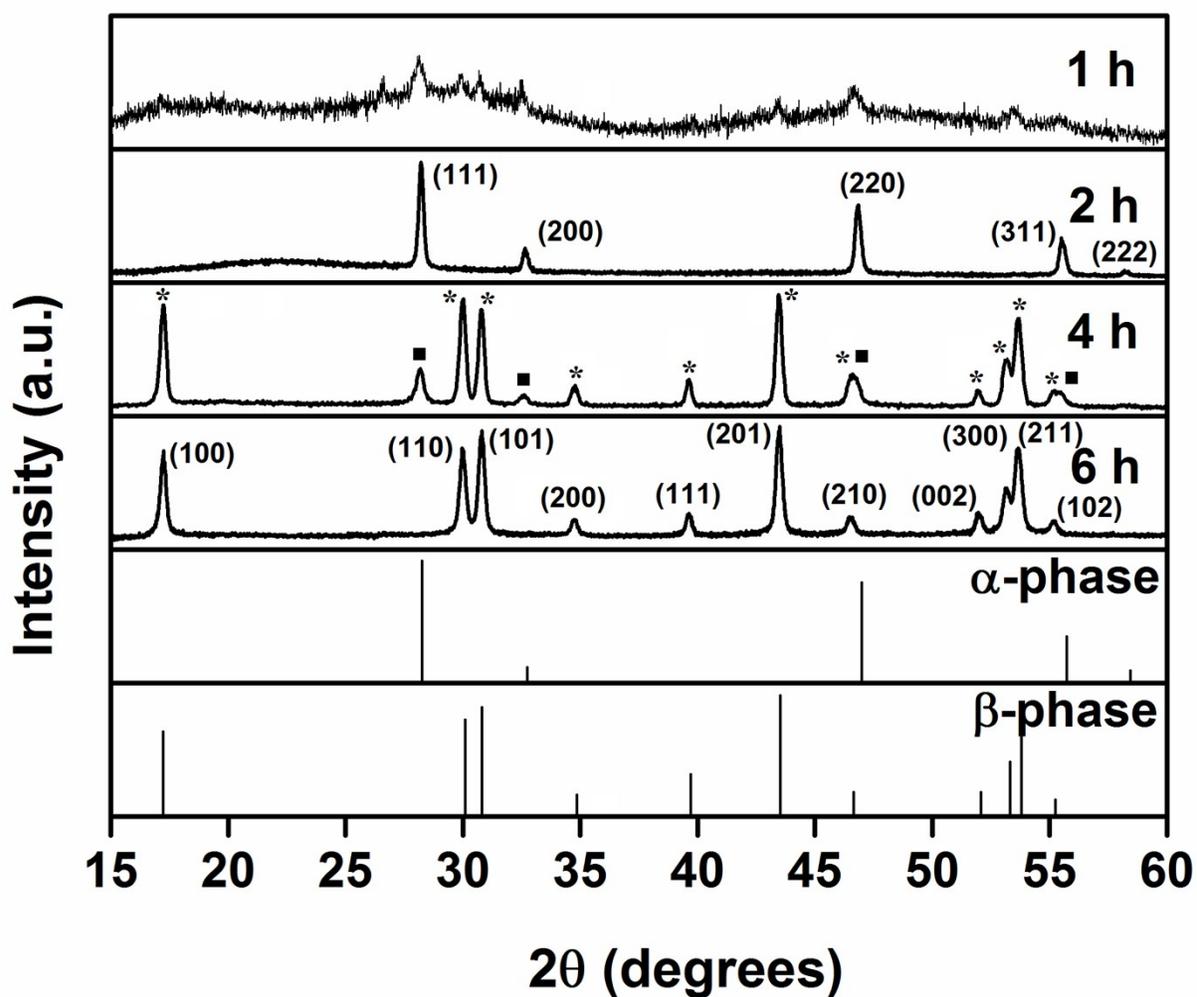


Figure S1. XRD patterns of as-prepared NaYF₄ samples, generated after *reaction times* of 1 h, 2 h, 4 h, and 6 h, respectively. The ‘stars’ designate hexagonal-related facets, while the ‘squares’ correlate with cubic-related facets. The reaction temperature has been fixed at 100°C, while the ammonia concentration has been set at 0.2 M, for all four of the samples processed herein.

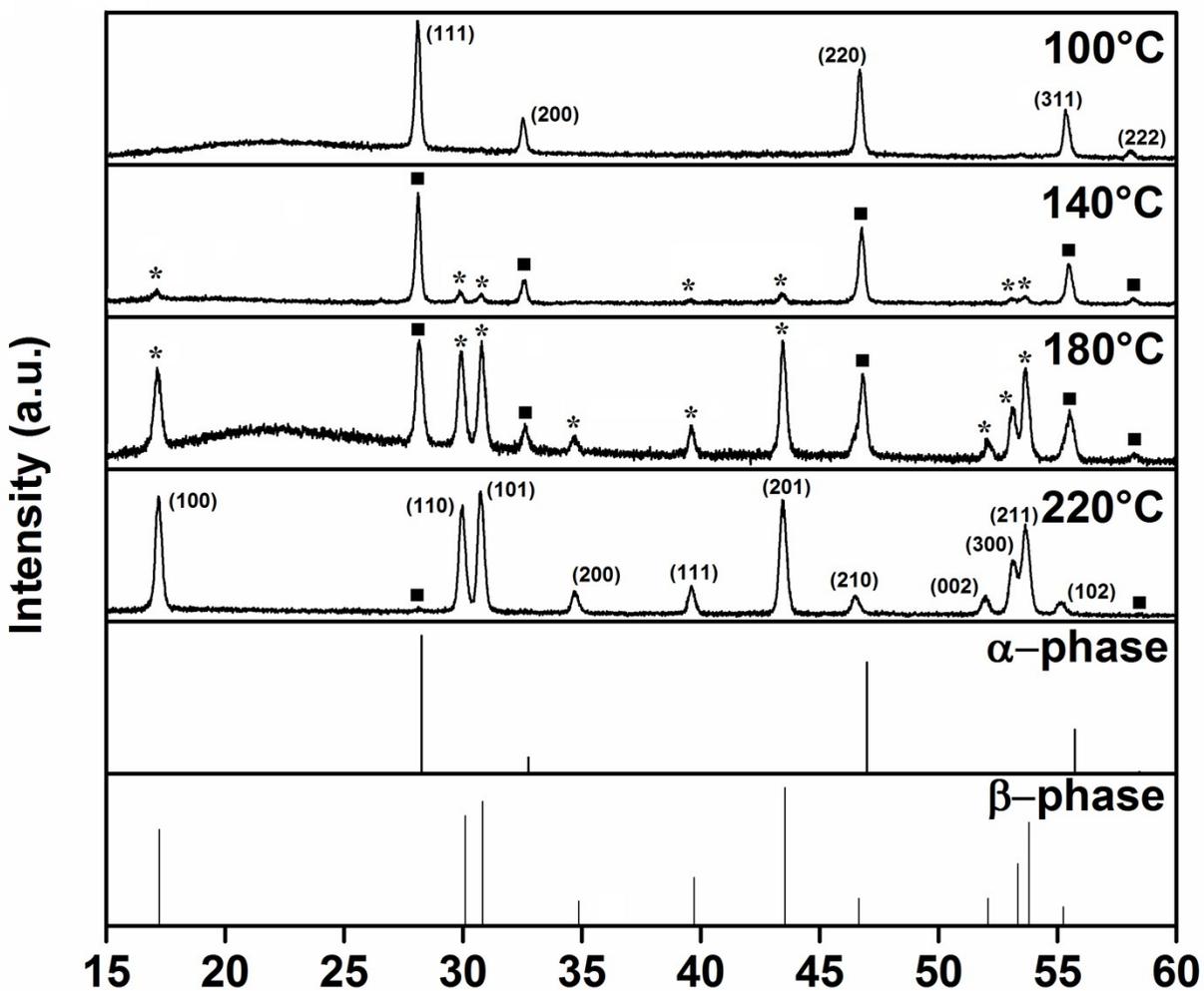


Figure S2. XRD patterns of as-prepared NaYF₄ samples, generated with *reaction temperatures* of 100°C, 140°C, 180°C, and 220°C, respectively. The ‘stars’ designate hexagonal-related facets, while the ‘squares’ correlate with cubic-related facets. The reaction time has been fixed at 2 h, while the ammonia concentration has been set at 0.2 M, for all four samples processed herein.

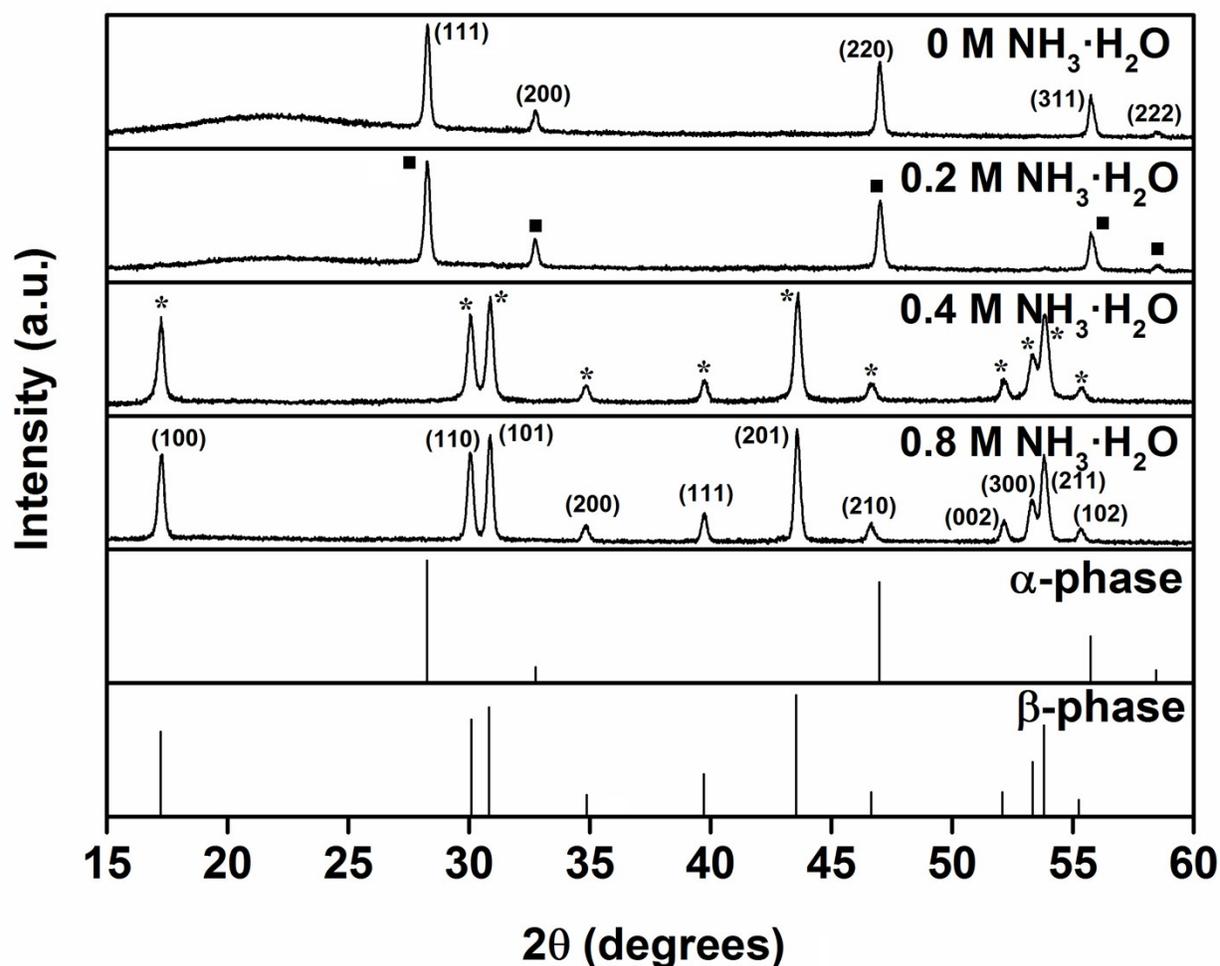


Figure S3. XRD patterns of as-prepared NaYF₄ samples, produced with *ammonia* concentrations of 0 M, 0.2 M, 0.4 M, and 0.8 M, respectively. The ‘stars’ designate hexagonal-related facets, while the ‘squares’ correlate with cubic-related facets. The reaction time has been fixed at 2 h, while the reaction temperature has been set at 100°C, for all four samples processed herein.

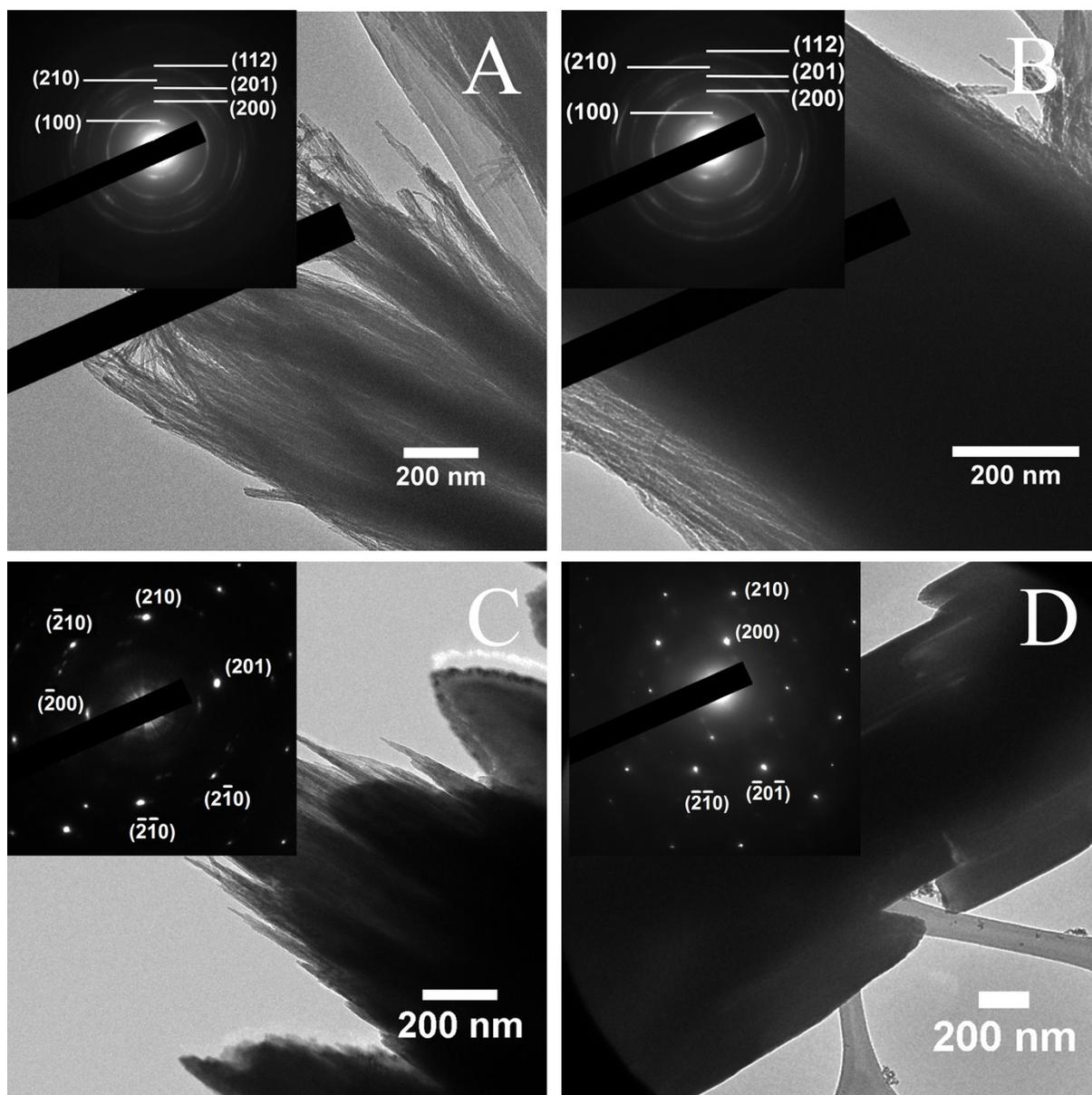


Figure S4. Representative TEM images are shown, focused on the (A) ‘edge’ and (B) ‘central’ areas of the **nanowire bundles**. Analogous TEM images are presented, focused on the (C) ‘edge’ and (D) ‘central’ regions of **chromosomal-shaped structures**. The insets to (A) through (D) denote typical SAED patterns of these respective regions associated with the two different samples.

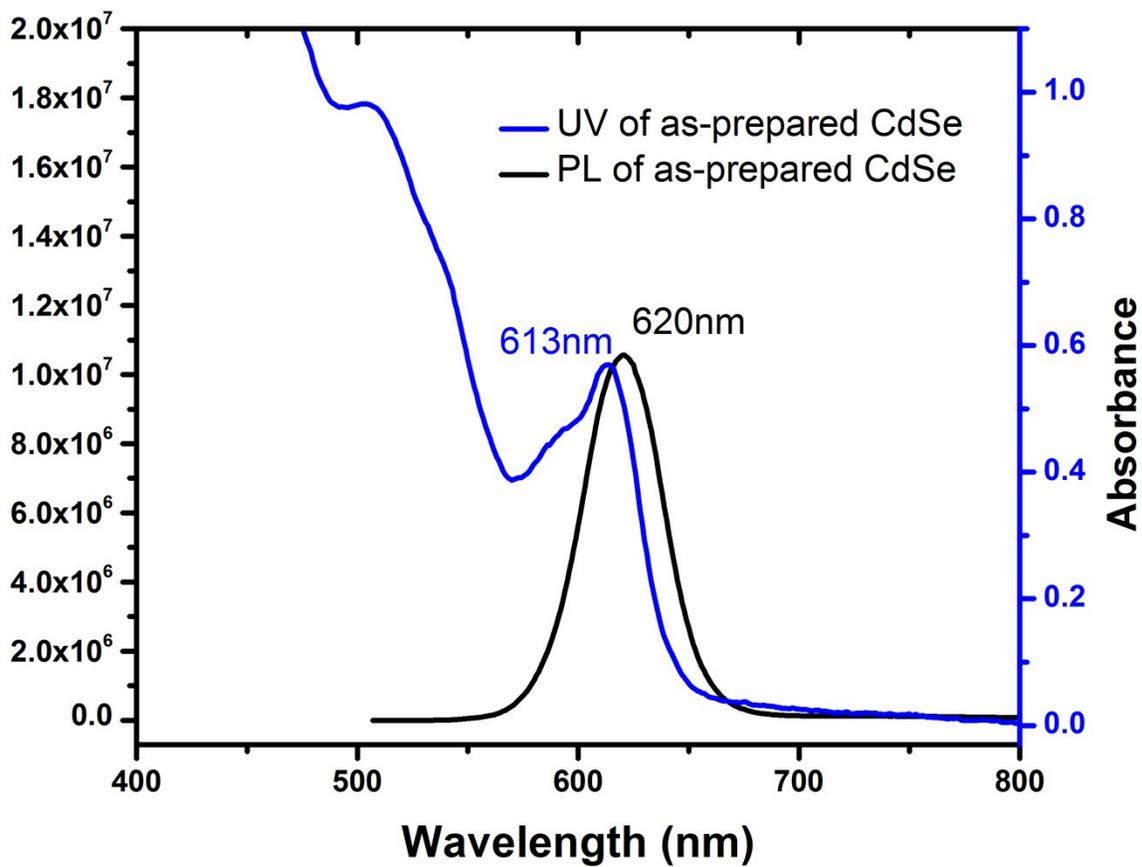


Figure S5. UV-visible and corresponding photoluminescent spectra of as-synthesized CdSe quantum dots. The calculated average size of the QDs is 5.1 nm.

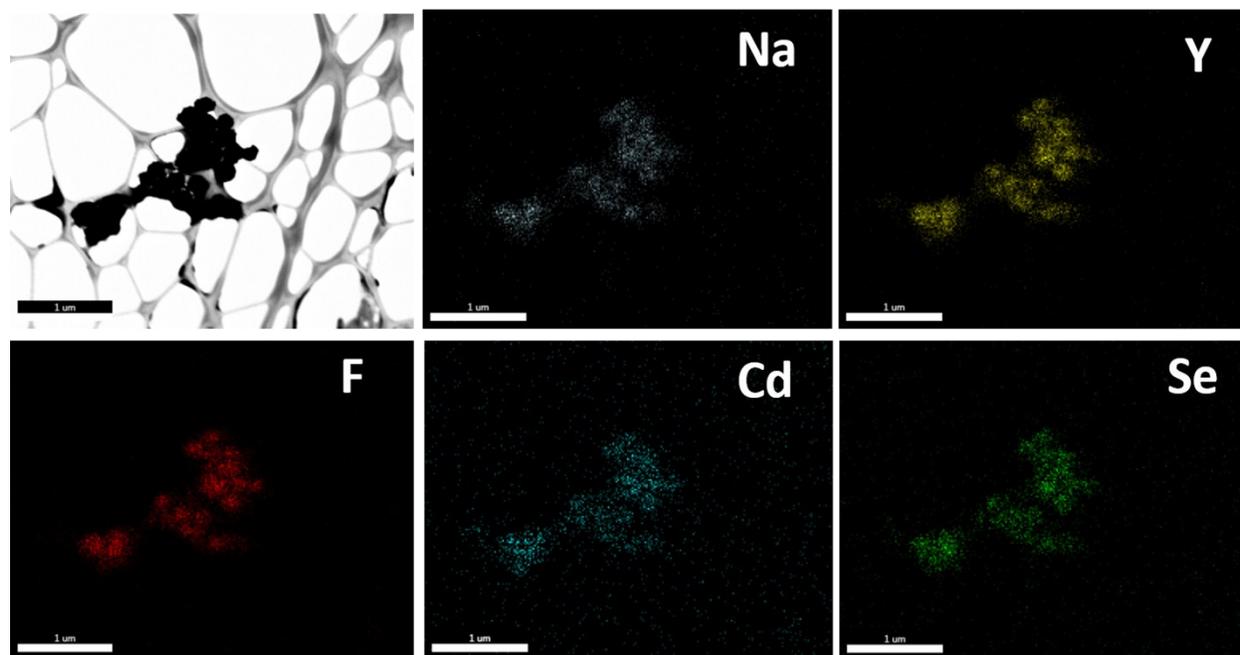


Figure S6. Representative elemental mapping images of 0D-0D NaYF₄-CdSe QD heterostructures, created using a nanoparticulate NaYF₄ sample (synthesized with 0.2 M ammonia), coupled to as-prepared CdSe quantum dots.

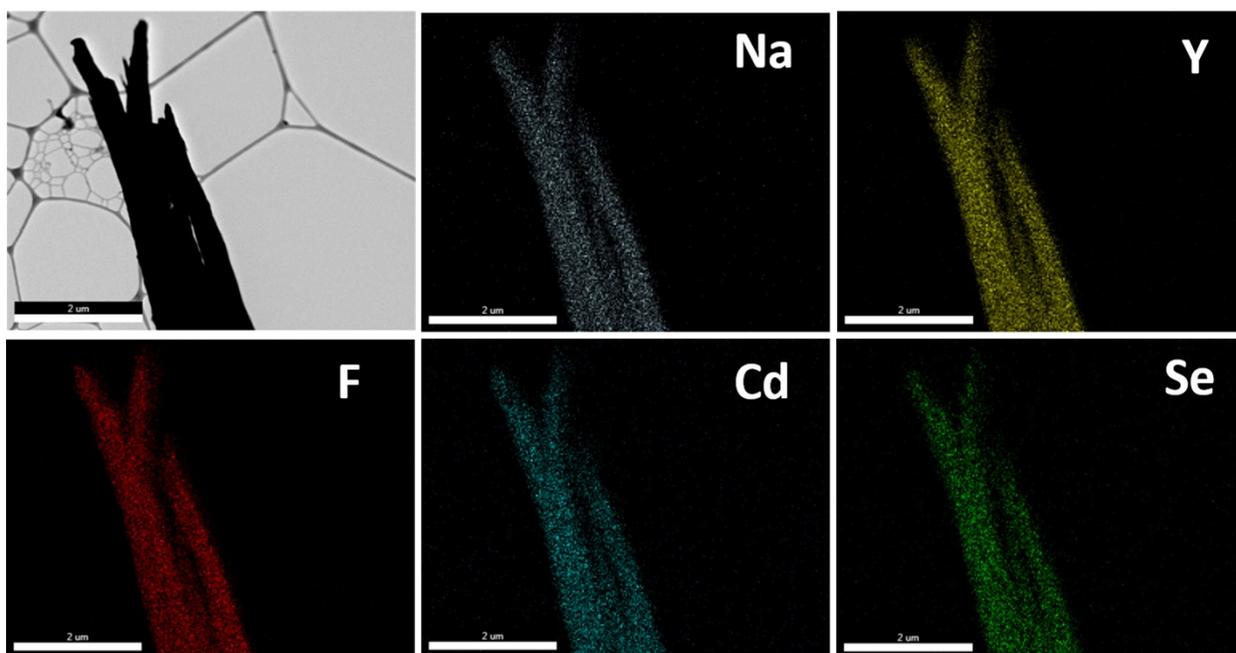


Figure S7. Representative elemental mapping images of 3D-0D NaYF₄-CdSe QD heterostructures, created from “nanowire bundles” of NaYF₄ (that had been synthesized with 0.8 M ammonia) coupled with as-prepared CdSe quantum dots.

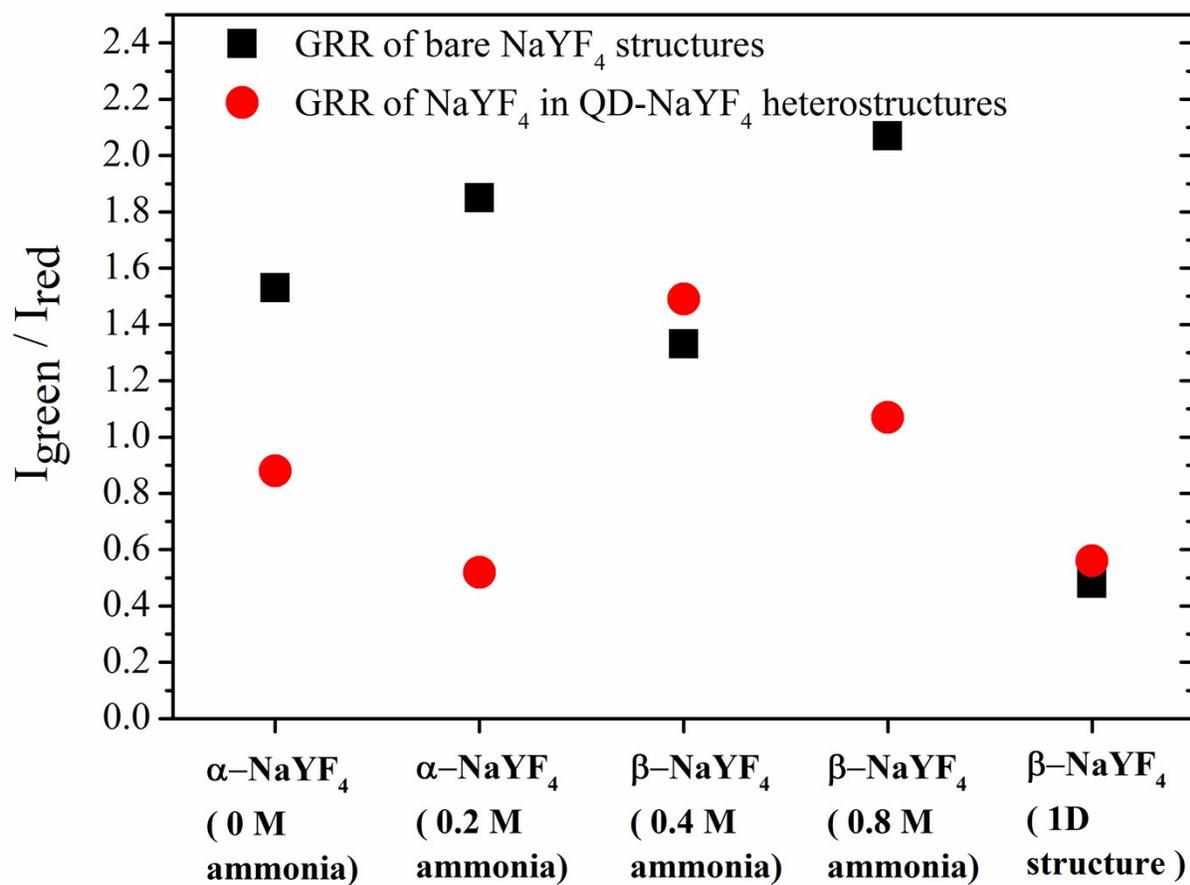


Figure S8. Ratios of green emission to red emission (GRR) intensities of Yb³⁺, Er³⁺ co-doped NaYF₄ samples both before (black rectangles) and after (red dots) CdSe QD attachment onto NaYF₄ (including both α and β phases), as a function of the different sample preparative methods described in this paper.

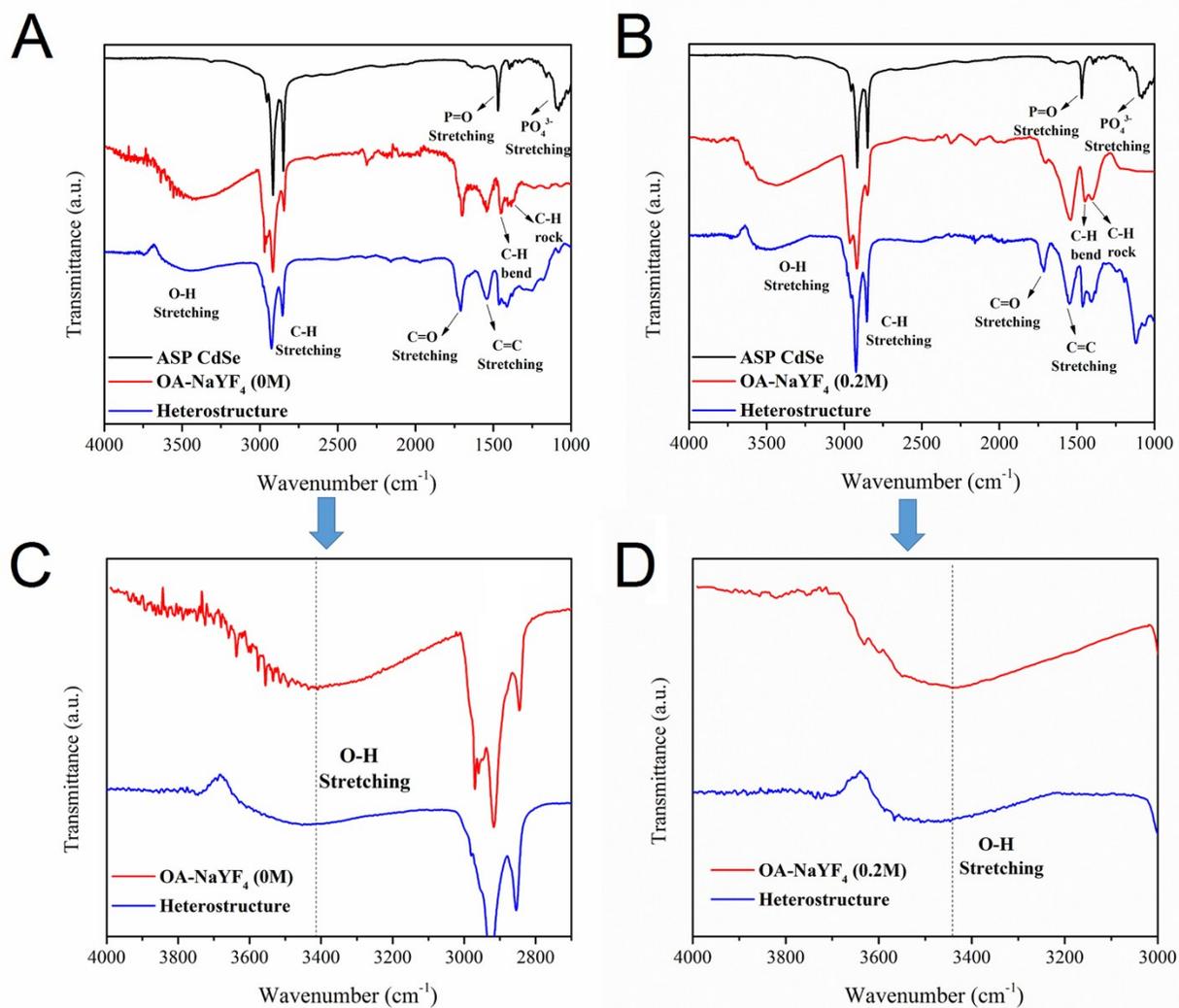


Figure S9. Representative IR spectra of as-prepared CdSe QDs, oleic acid-capped NaYF₄ nanoparticles, and the corresponding CdSe QD-NaYF₄ heterostructures (A and B). The NaYF₄ samples in panel A and B were prepared with 0 M and 0.2 M ammonia, respectively. A magnified view is presented in the range of the O-H stretching mode region (C and D).

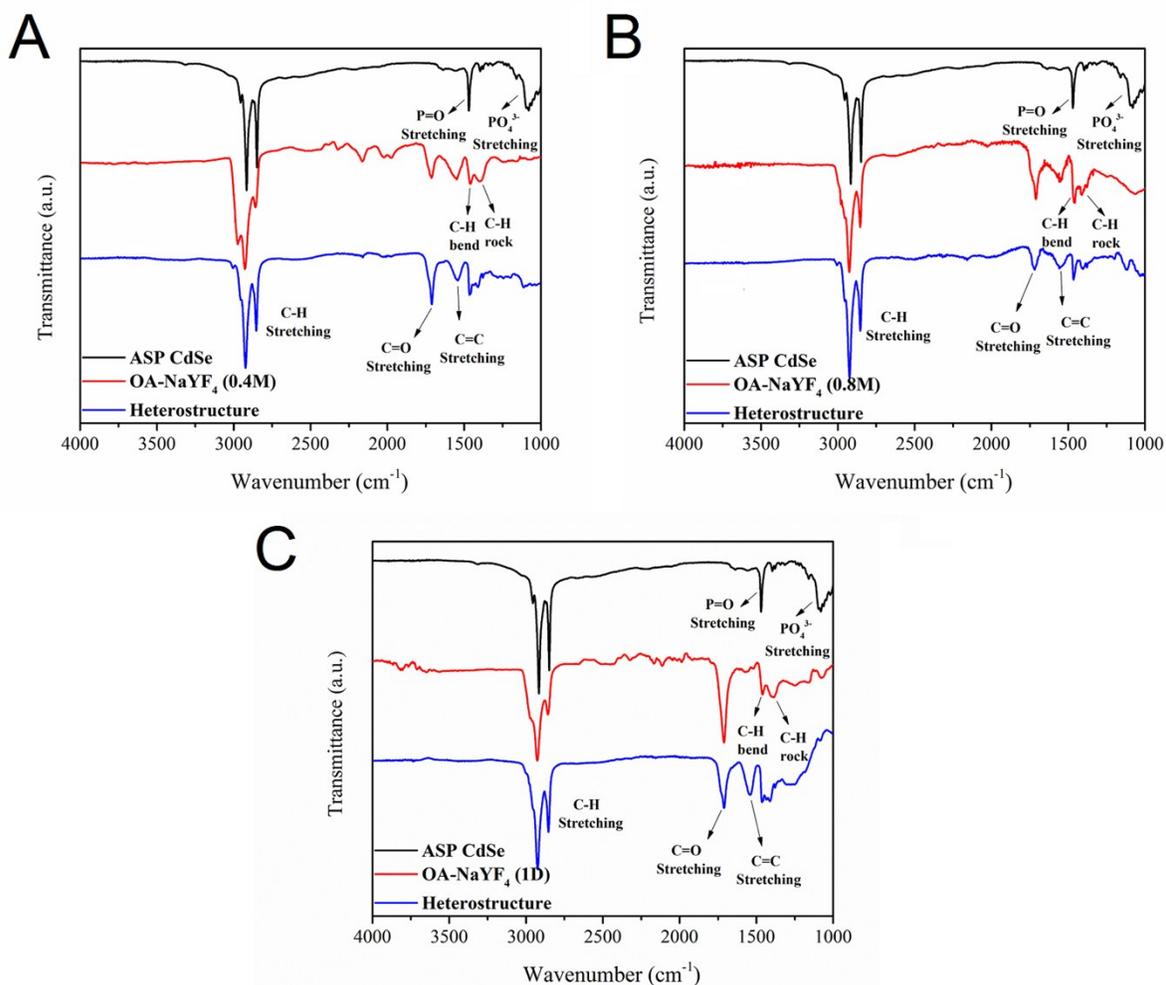


Figure S10. Representative IR spectra of as-prepared CdSe QDs, oleic acid-capped nanoscale motifs of NaYF₄ including both (A and B) 3D and (C) 1D morphologies, and the corresponding CdSe QD - NaYF₄ heterostructures. The NaYF₄ samples in panel A and B were prepared with 0.4 M and 0.8 M ammonia, respectively.