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## The Dynamic Binding of Cholesterol to the Multiple Sites of C99: Revealed by Coarse-Grained and All-Atom Simulations

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## **Supporting information**

Number	Membrane	Initial protein	Chlesterol	Simulation	Sample
of	Composition	structure	(20%)	type	number
Proteins					
1	DPPC	2LP1	YES	3 µs CG	10
1	DPPC	EbrB2 TM	YES	3 µs CG	10
1	DPPC	equilibrated	YES	3µs	10
		2LP1		restraint CG	
1	DPPC	2LP1	YES	1 μs AT	1

Table S1. Summary of simulations

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Table S2. The hydrogen bonds of each binding site characterized by VMD.

Site	Hydrogen bond		
	ALA701-Main 0.30%, PHE690-Side 0.05%, GLY700-Main 0.04%,		
No. 0	LYS <sub>687</sub> -Main 2.66%, VAL <sub>689</sub> -Main 0.08%, LYS <sub>687</sub> -Side 0.03%,		
	GLN <sub>686</sub> -Main 0.01%		
No. 1	PHE <sub>690</sub> -Main 23.25%, ALA <sub>701</sub> -Main 0.20%		
<u>No. 1</u>	SER <sub>697</sub> -Main 24.00%		
No. 2	LYS <sub>699</sub> -Side 2.00%, LYS <sub>699</sub> -Main 0.01%		
No. 3	THR <sub>719</sub> -Side 0.02%		
No. 4	LYS <sub>725</sub> -Side 2.59%		
No. 5	GLN <sub>727</sub> -Side 0.24%, LYS <sub>726</sub> -Main 0.67%		
No. 6	None		

Note: <u>NO. 1</u> is for the tightly binding state, and NO. 1 is for the loosely binding state at site1.



**Figure S1.** The chol number density from the simulation of ebrB2 in DPPC bilayer. To ensure that our conclusions are robust and to explore the common features of the association, we performed the CG simulations of another proteins ebrB2 (the members of the family of epidermal growth factor receptors) in DPPC bilayer. The method of the axial-radial number-density map is consistent with that in Figure 1B legend.



**Figure S2.** The top panel is total energy analysis. The total energy of system has been convergent and reached the platform phase in 100 ns.

The bottom panel is the RMSD analysis of protein, which shows that the conformation of protein has been convergent and reached the platform phase in 100 ns. The data was calculated from the free  $3\mu$ s CG simulation of 2LP1 in DPPC bilayer.







The tightly binding state of site1. The left shows the view in membrane. Protein is shown in cyan, cholesterol in green. Residues GLY is shown in white, SER<sub>697</sub> in yellow, GLU<sub>693</sub> in pink, ASP<sub>694</sub> in red and PHE<sub>690&691</sub> in purple.



## **Figure S5. Binding Site 2**



The binding conformations of site2. Protein is shown in cyan, cholesterol in green. Residues LYS is shown in purple, ILE<sub>702&703</sub> in red and MET<sub>706</sub> in yellow.













**Figure S10.** The systems embedded in membrane. The left is for CG system and the right for AT system. Protein is shown in white, cholesterol in green. Phospholipid head is shown in cyan, tail is in gray lines and the water is in red point.