

Supporting Information

Nano-sized graphene flakes: Insights from experimental synthesis and first principles calculations

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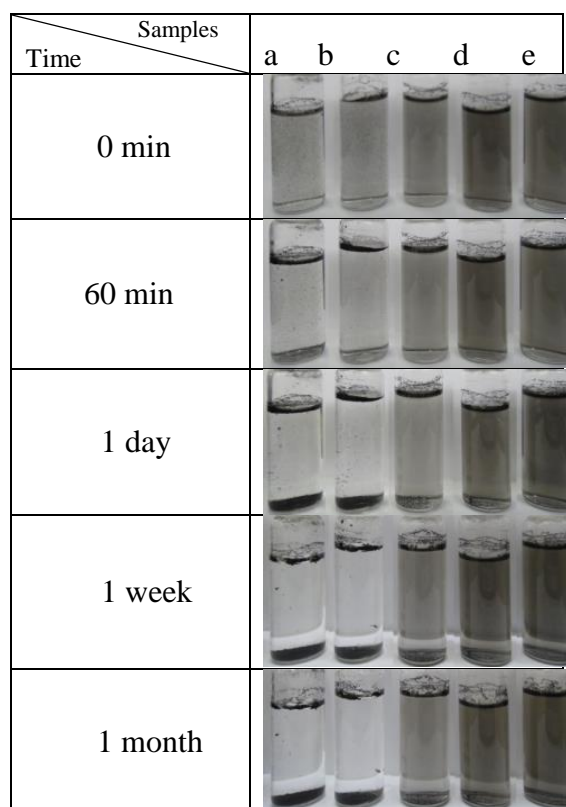


Figure S1. Photographs of the dispersion of GNFs in DI water for different applied pressures, (a) 16000 lb/in², (b) 32000 lb/in², (c) 48000 lb/in², (d) 65000 lb/in², and (e) 81000 lb/in².

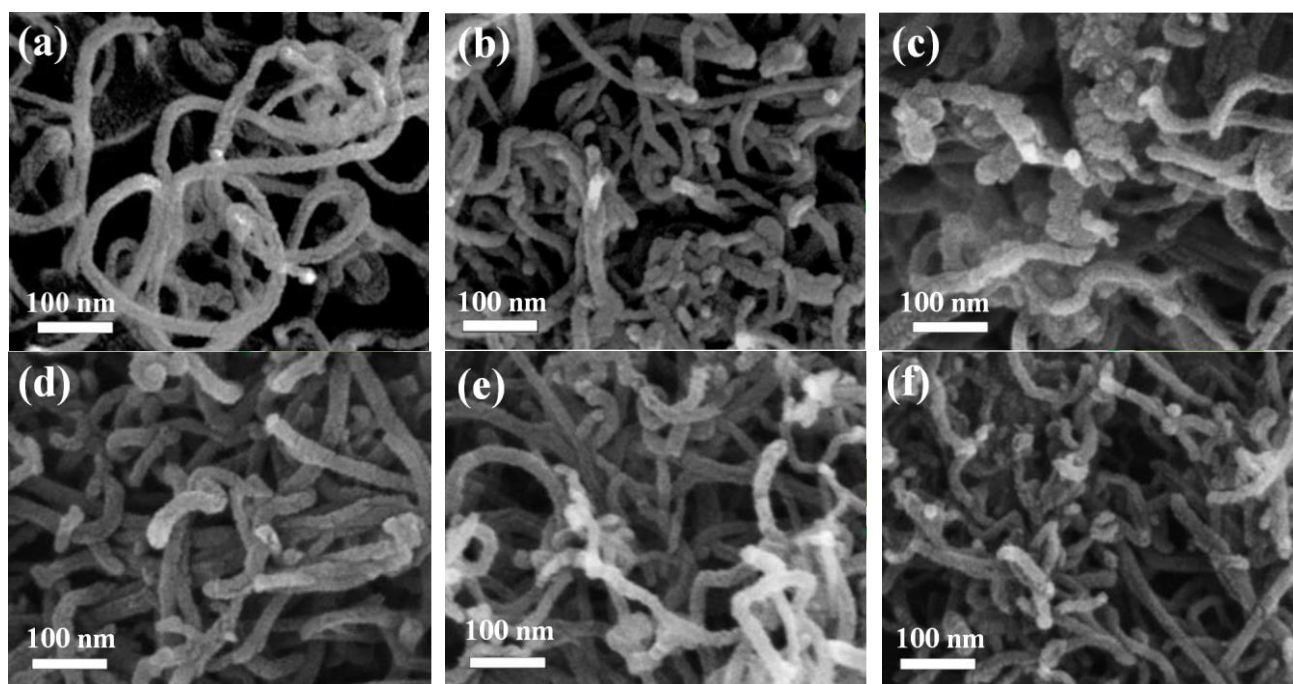


Figure S2. SEM images of squashed CNTs under different pressures (Step 1), (a) origin, (b) 16000 lb/in², (c) 32000 lb/in², (d) 48000 lb/in², (e) 65000 lb/in², and (f) 81000 lb/in².

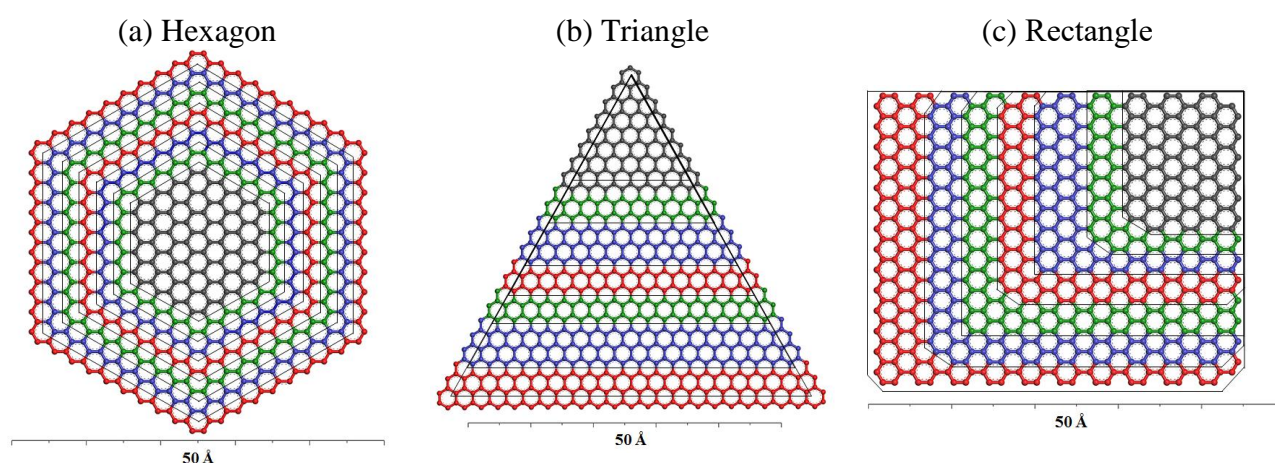


Figure S3 Schematic illustration of the three type GNFs: (a) Hexagon, (b) Triangle, (c) Rectangle.

Table S1 Carbon atoms of each layer GNFs in Figure S3. The number of hydrogen atoms that can be bonded to bare (H-unpassivated) GNFs is presented in parentheses.

	Hexagon	Triangle	Rectangle
Layer1 (black) (Molecule-like)	C ₉₆ (H ₂₄)	C ₉₇ (H ₂₇)	C ₉₆ (H ₂₆)
Layer2 (green)	C ₁₅₀ (H ₃₀)	C ₁₄₁ (H ₃₃)	C ₁₄₂ (H ₃₂)
Layer3 (blue)	C ₂₁₆ (H ₃₆)	C ₂₂₂ (H ₄₂)	C ₂₁₄ (H ₄₀)
Layer4 (red)	C ₂₉₄ (H ₄₂)	C ₂₈₆ (H ₄₈)	C ₂₉₀ (H ₄₆)
Layer5 (green)	C ₃₈₄ (H ₄₈)	C ₃₅₈ (H ₅₄)	C ₃₈₂ (H ₅₄)
Layer6 (blue)	C ₄₈₆ (H ₅₄)	C ₄₈₁ (H ₆₃)	C ₄₈₂ (H ₆₀)
Layer7 (red) (Bulk-like)	C ₆₀₀ (H ₆₀)	C ₆₂₂ (H ₇₂)	C ₆₀₇ (H ₆₉)