Supporting Information

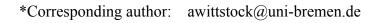
Steam Reforming of Methanol over Oxide decorated Nanoporous Gold Catalysts: A Combined In-situ FTIR and Flow Reactor Study

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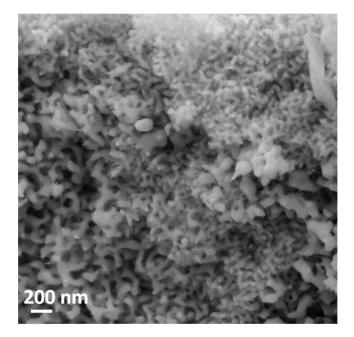


Figure S1. SEM of the cross section of a CeO_x/npAu disk (~150 μm thick) before SRM testing

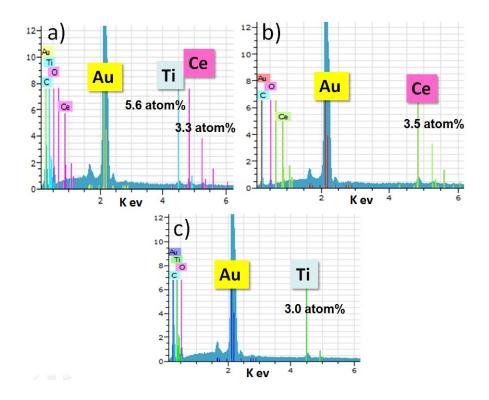


Figure S2. EDX measurement from three samples a) $Ce_1Ti_2O_x/npAu$ b) $CeO_x/npAu$ c) $TiO_x/npAu$.

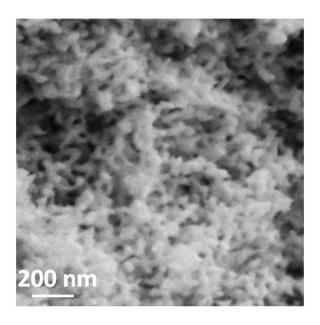


Figure S3. SEM of the cross section of a $TiO_x/npAu$ disk (~150 µm thick, from the middle part) after 5h annealing treatment at 450°C in air.

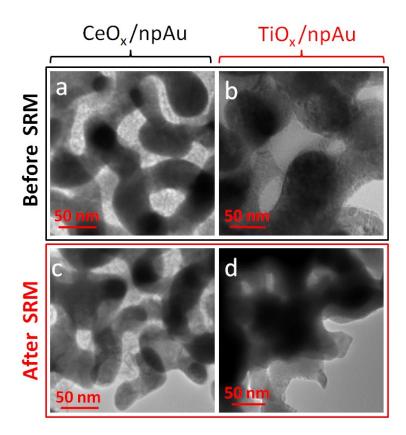


Fig. S4. a/b) TEM images of nanoporous gold modified by ceria oxides (CeO_x/npAu) and titania (TiO_x/npAu) after calcination at 450°C in helium for 2h; c/d) TEM after SRM testing.

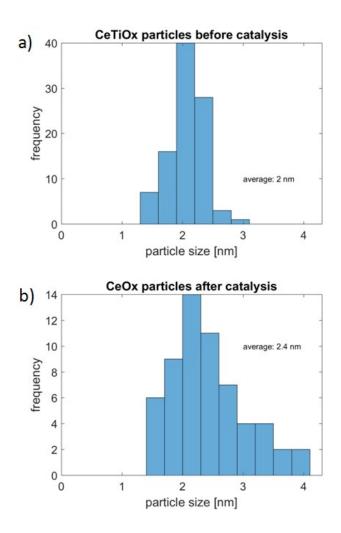


Fig. S5. Histogram for the oxide nanoparticles on npAu a) $CeTiO_x$ particles before catalysis b) CeO_x particles after catalysis

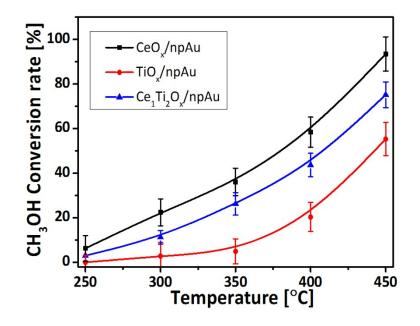


Fig. S6. CH₃OH conversion rate (%) in steady-state tests of steam reforming of

methanol over Ce₁Ti₂O_x/npAu, CeO_x/npAu and TiO_x/npAu.

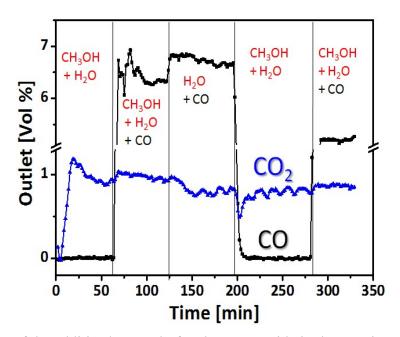


Fig. S7. Effect of the addition/removal of carbon monoxide in the reaction gas mixture over $CeO_x/npAu$ operating at steady-state SRM at 300°C, 2.0 vol% CH₃OH, 20.0 vol% H₂O, total flow rate 35 mL/min; GHSV =350,000 mL h⁻¹g⁻¹_{cat}.

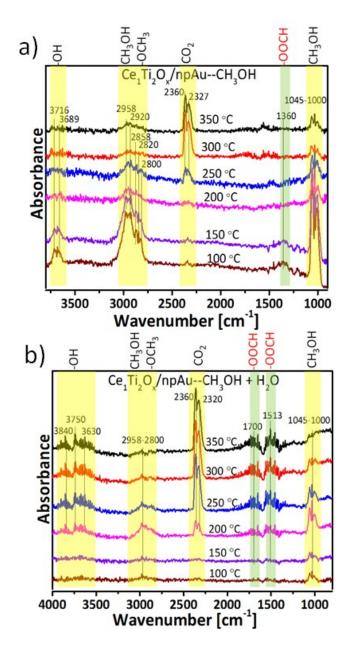


Fig. S8. In-situ DRIFT spectra recorded for $Ce_1Ti_2O_x/npAu$ catalysts between 100°C and 350°C (flow rate of 30 mL/min). (a) exposure to CH₃OH (13 vol%), (d) exposure to CH₃OH (1.3 vol%) and H₂O (2.0 vol%).

The formate pathway

$$CH_3OH \rightarrow CH_3O^* + H^* \rightarrow H_2CO^* + 2H^*$$

$$O^*/OH^* + H_2CO^* \rightarrow HCOO^* + H^*/H_2$$

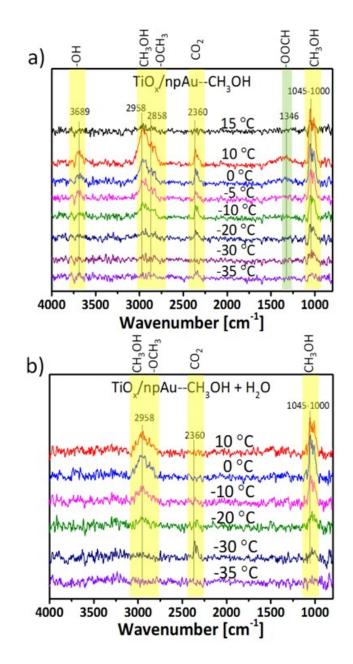


Fig. S9: Low temperature in-situ DRIFT spectra under He atmosphere (30 mL/min) for the $TiO_x/npAu$ catalyst (a) after exposure to only CH₃OH and (b) after exposure to CH₃OH and H₂O at - 35°C.

Methyl formate pathway

$$CH_3OH \rightarrow CH_3O^* + H^* \rightarrow H_2CO^* + 2H^*$$

 $CH_{3}O^{*} + H_{2}CO^{*} \rightarrow HCOOCH_{3} + H^{*}$

 $HCOOCH_3 + H_2O \rightarrow HCOOH + CH_3OH$

 $HCOO^* \rightarrow CO_2 + H^*$