

## SUPPORTING INFORMATION

### **Nearly atomic precise gold nanoclusters on nickel-based layered double hydroxides for extraordinarily efficient aerobic oxidation of alcohols**

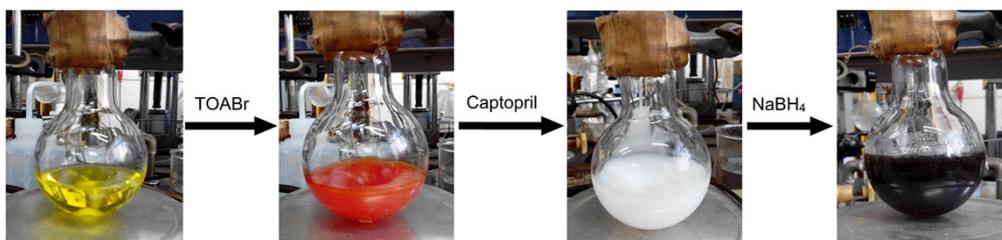
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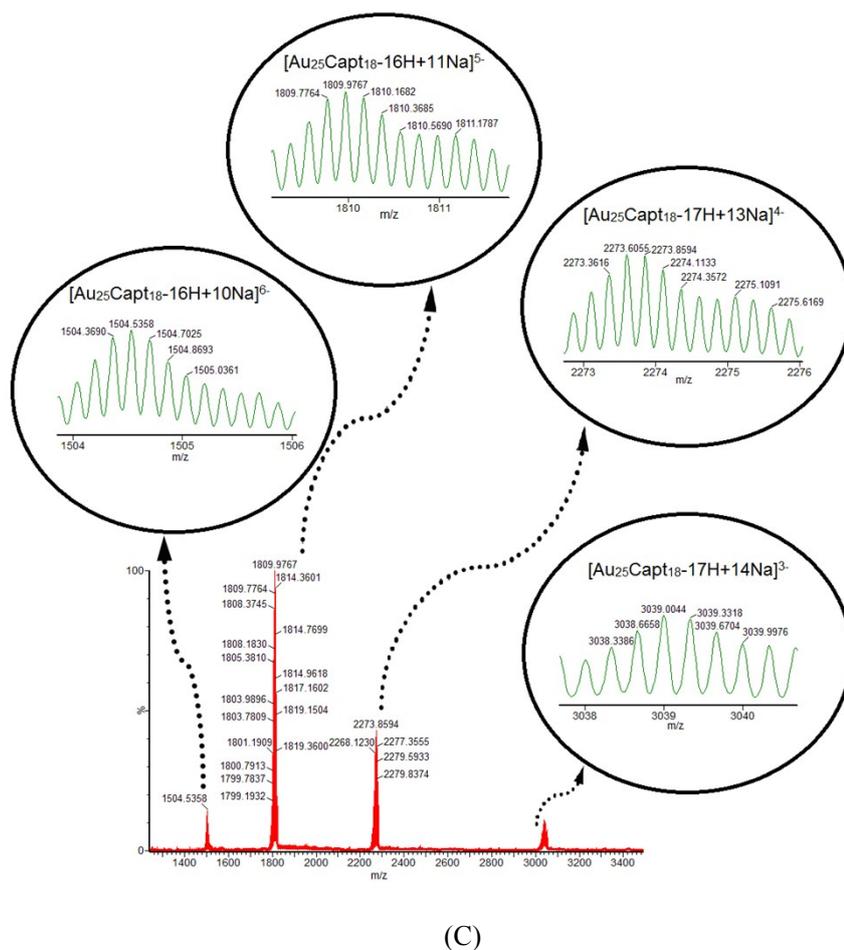
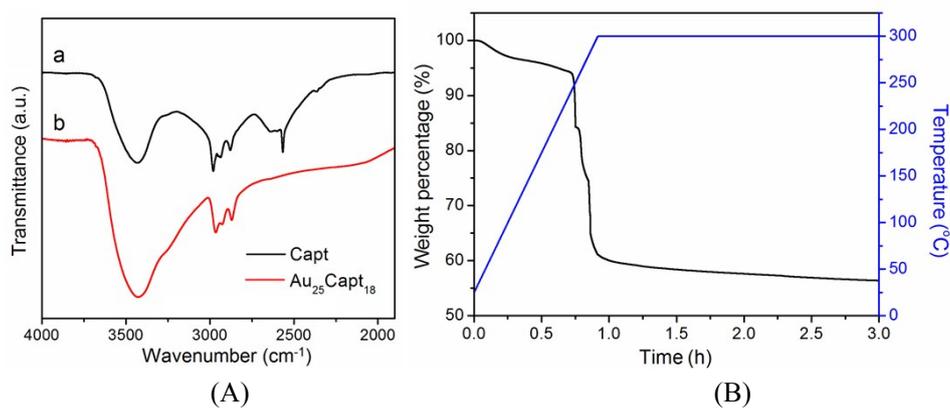
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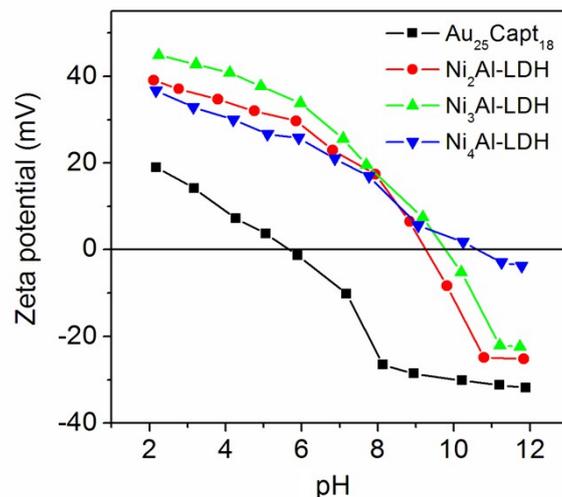
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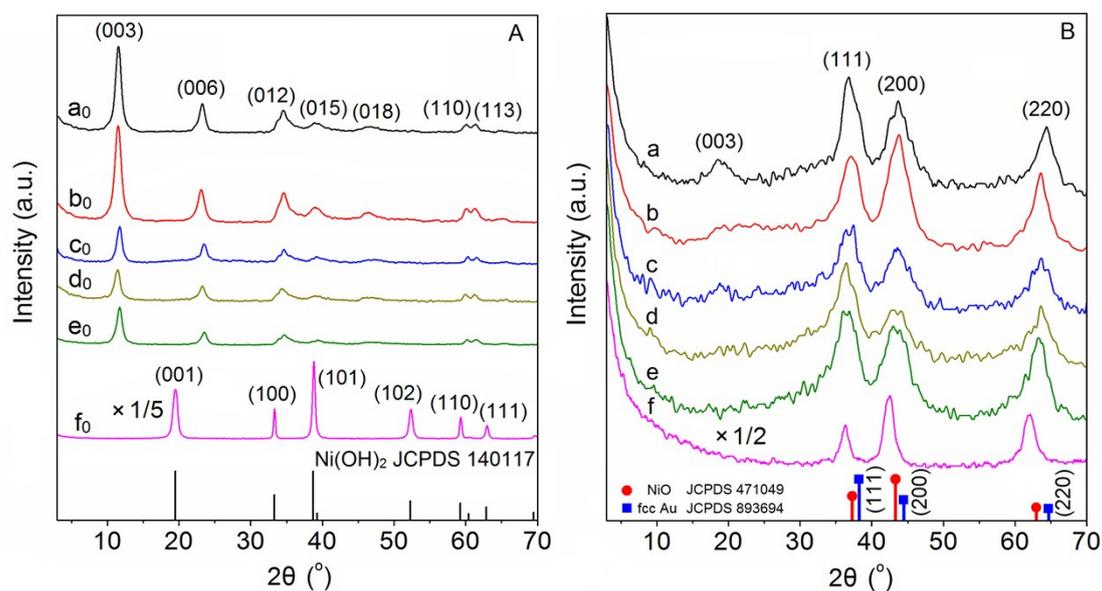
**Figure S1.** The color change in the preparation of Au<sub>25</sub>Capt<sub>18</sub>.



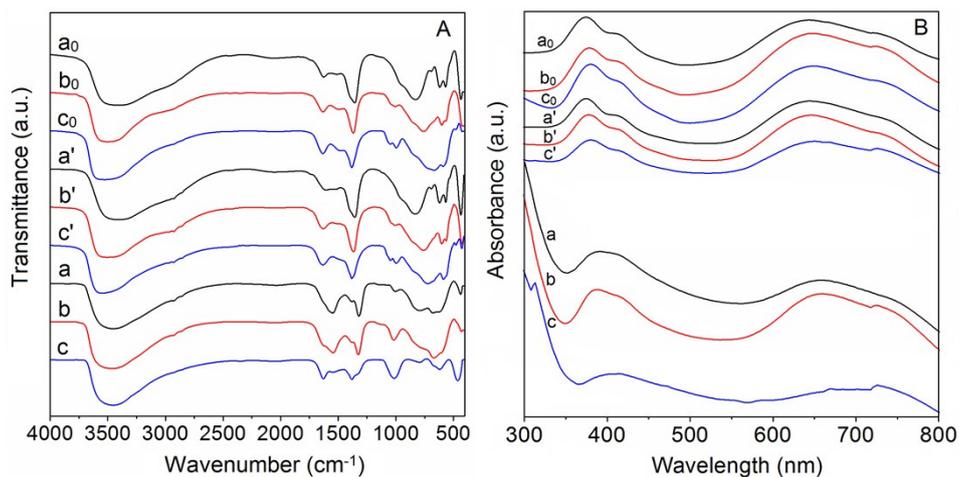
**Figure S2.** (A) FTIR spectra of captopril (a) and Au<sub>25</sub>Capt<sub>18</sub> (b). (B) TG analysis of Au<sub>25</sub>Capt<sub>18</sub>. (C) Negative mode ESI-MS analysis and isotopically resolved spectra of Au<sub>25</sub>Capt<sub>18</sub>.



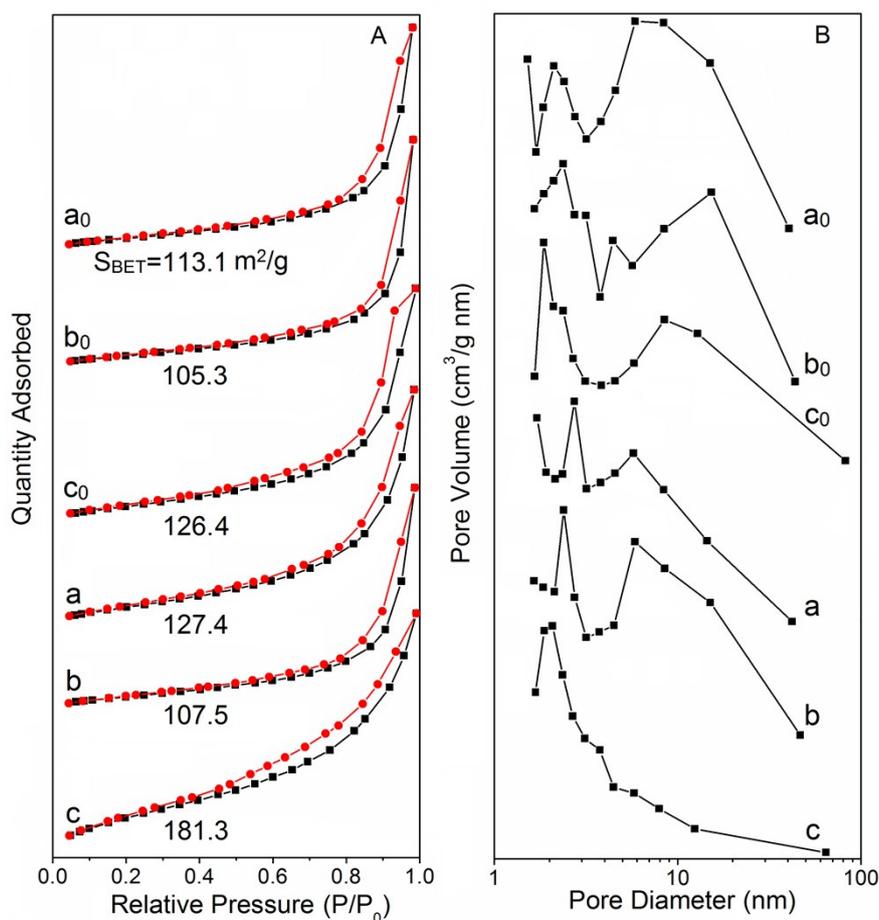
**Figure S3.** Variation of Zeta potential with pH image of  $\text{Au}_{25}\text{Capt}_{18}$  and  $\text{Ni}_x\text{Al-LDH}$  ( $x = 2, 3, 4$ ).



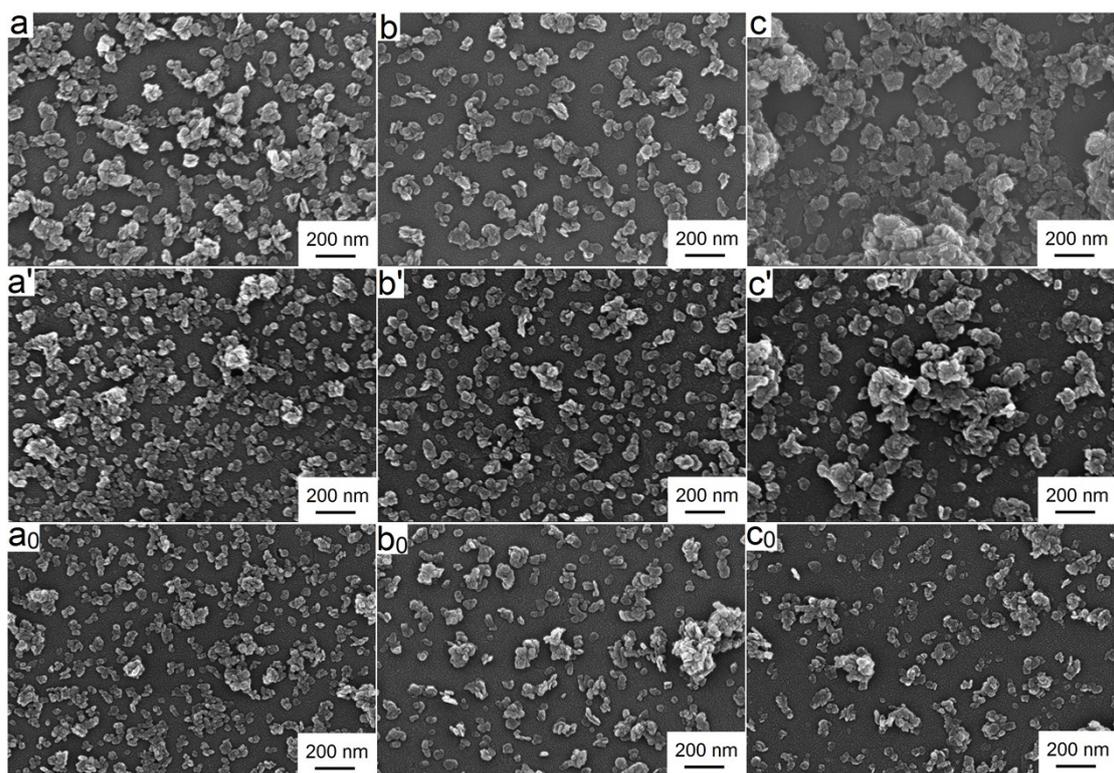
**Figure S4.** XRD patterns of (A)  $\text{Ni}_2\text{Mn-LDH}$  ( $a_0$ ),  $\text{Ni}_3\text{Mn-LDH}$  ( $b_0$ ),  $\text{Ni}_2\text{MnFe-LDH}$  ( $c_0$ ),  $\text{Ni}_{2.2}\text{Mn}_{0.8}\text{Fe-LDH}$  ( $d_0$ ),  $\text{Ni}_{2.5}\text{Mn}_{0.5}\text{Fe-LDH}$  ( $e_0$ ),  $\text{Ni(OH)}_2$  ( $f_0$ ); (B)  $\text{Au}_{25}/\text{Ni}_2\text{Mn-LDH}$  ( $a$ ),  $\text{Au}_{25}/\text{Ni}_3\text{Mn-LDH}$  ( $b$ ),  $\text{Au}_{25}/\text{Ni}_2\text{MnFe-LDH}$  ( $c$ ),  $\text{Au}_{25}/\text{Ni}_{2.2}\text{Mn}_{0.8}\text{Fe-LDH}$  ( $d$ ),  $\text{Au}_{25}/\text{Ni}_{2.5}\text{Mn}_{0.5}\text{Fe-LDH}$  ( $e$ ),  $\text{Au}_{25}/\text{Ni(OH)}_2$  ( $f$ ).



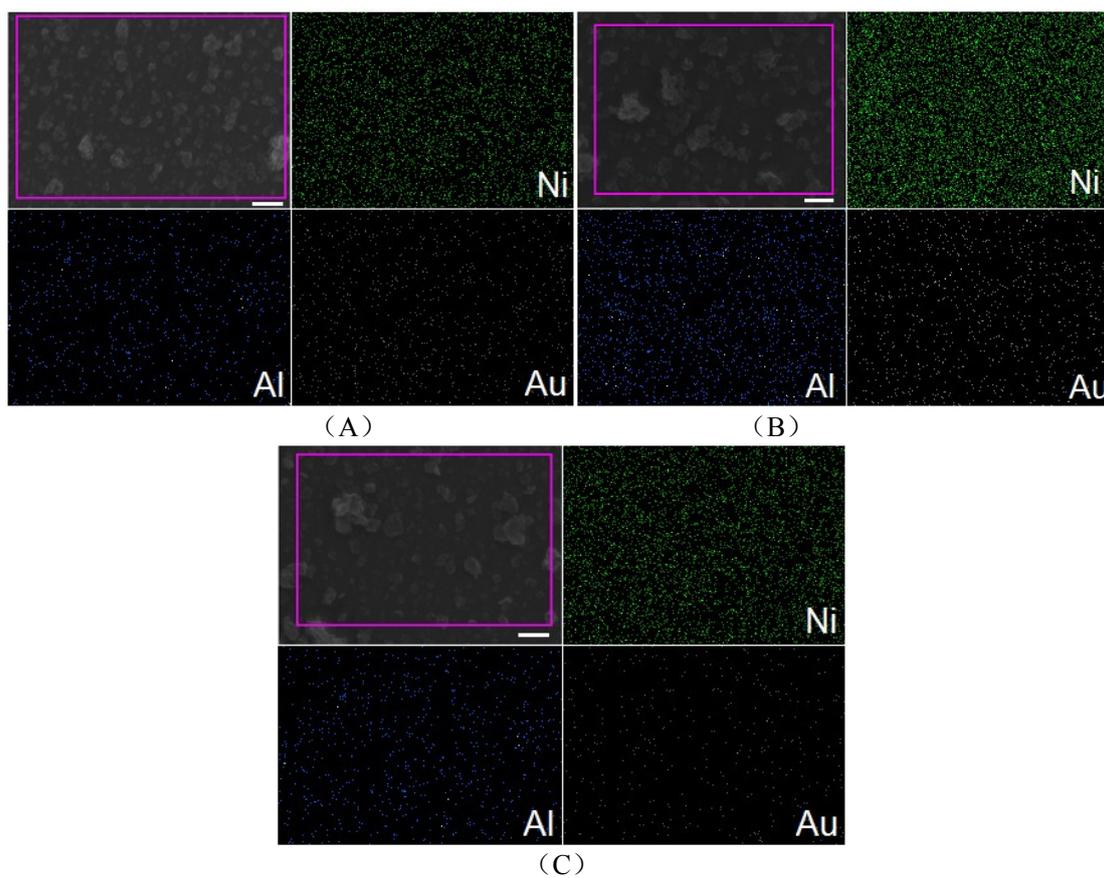
**Figure S5.** FTIR spectra (A) and UV-vis diffuse reflectance spectra (B) of Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a), Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b), Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c), Au<sub>25</sub>Capt<sub>18</sub>/Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a'), Au<sub>25</sub>Capt<sub>18</sub>/Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b'), Au<sub>25</sub>Capt<sub>18</sub>/Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c'), Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a<sub>0</sub>), Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b<sub>0</sub>), Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c<sub>0</sub>).



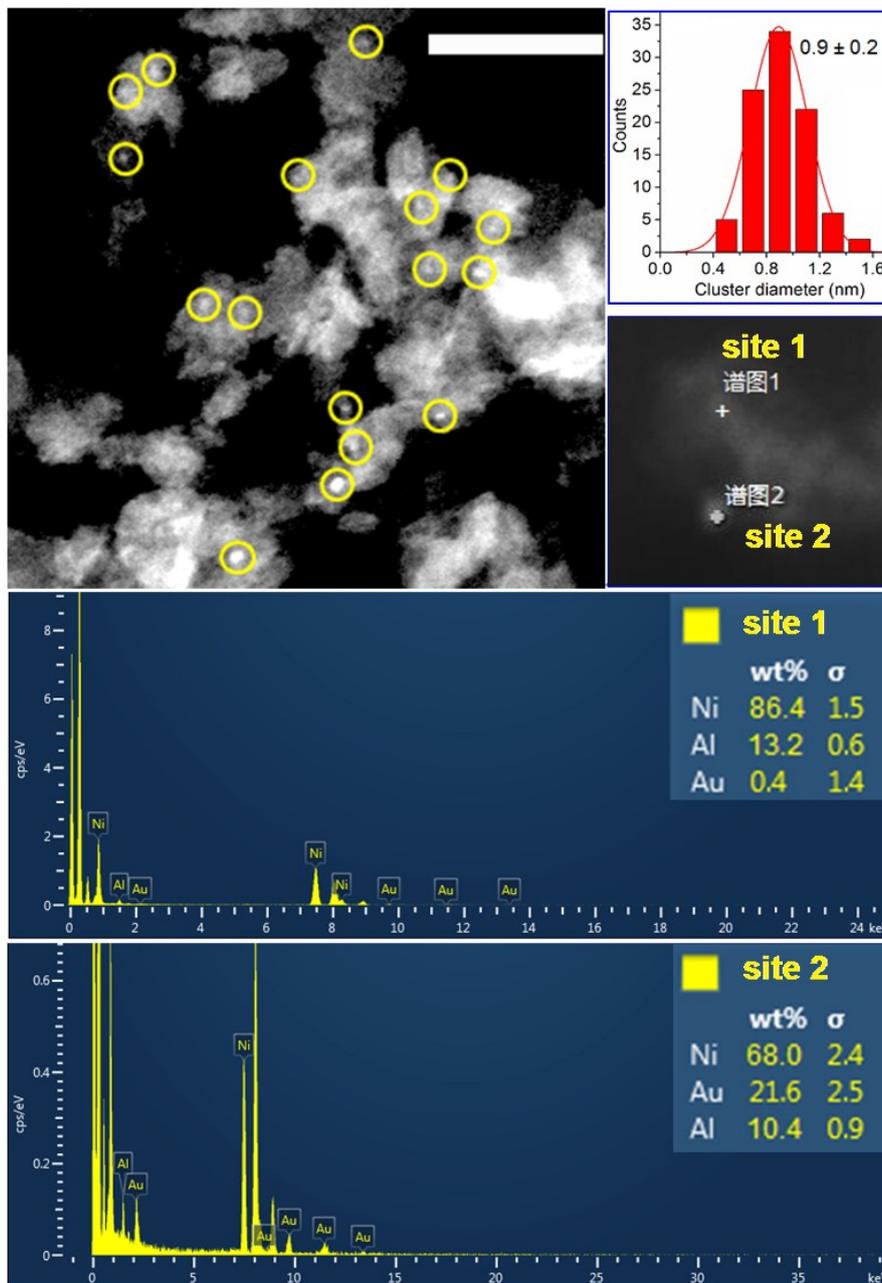
**Figure S6.** Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms (A) and the pore size distributions (B) of Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a), Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b), Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c), Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a<sub>0</sub>), Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b<sub>0</sub>), Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c<sub>0</sub>).



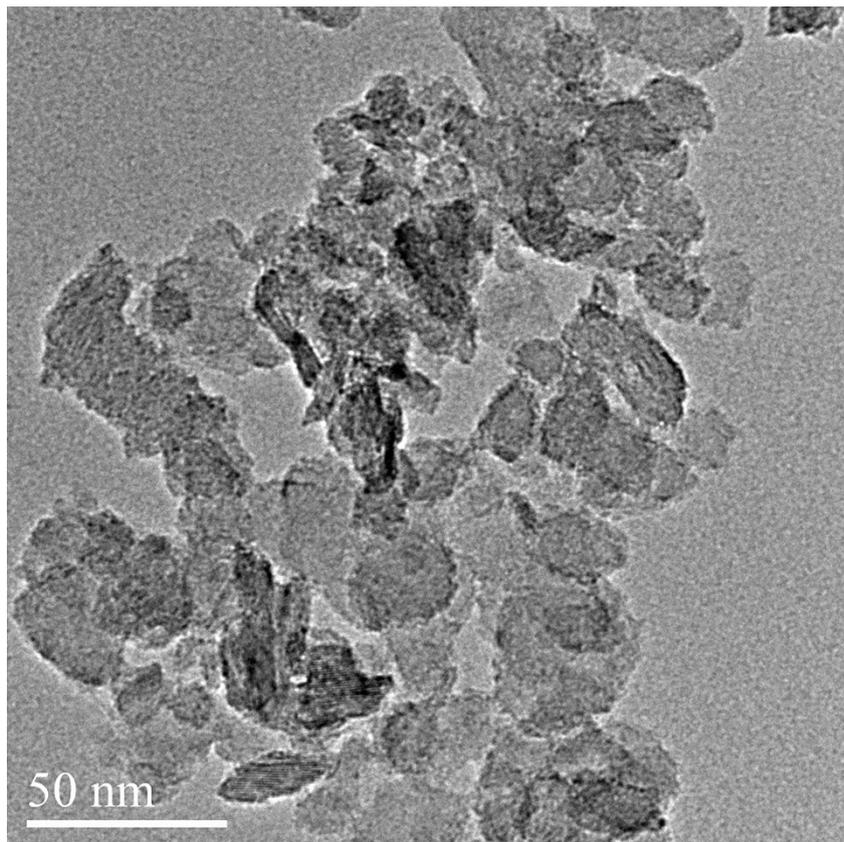
**Figure S7.** SEM images of Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a), Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b), Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c), Au<sub>25</sub>Capt<sub>18</sub>/Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a'), Au<sub>25</sub>Capt<sub>18</sub>/Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b'), Au<sub>25</sub>Capt<sub>18</sub>/Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c'), Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a<sub>0</sub>), Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b<sub>0</sub>), Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c<sub>0</sub>).



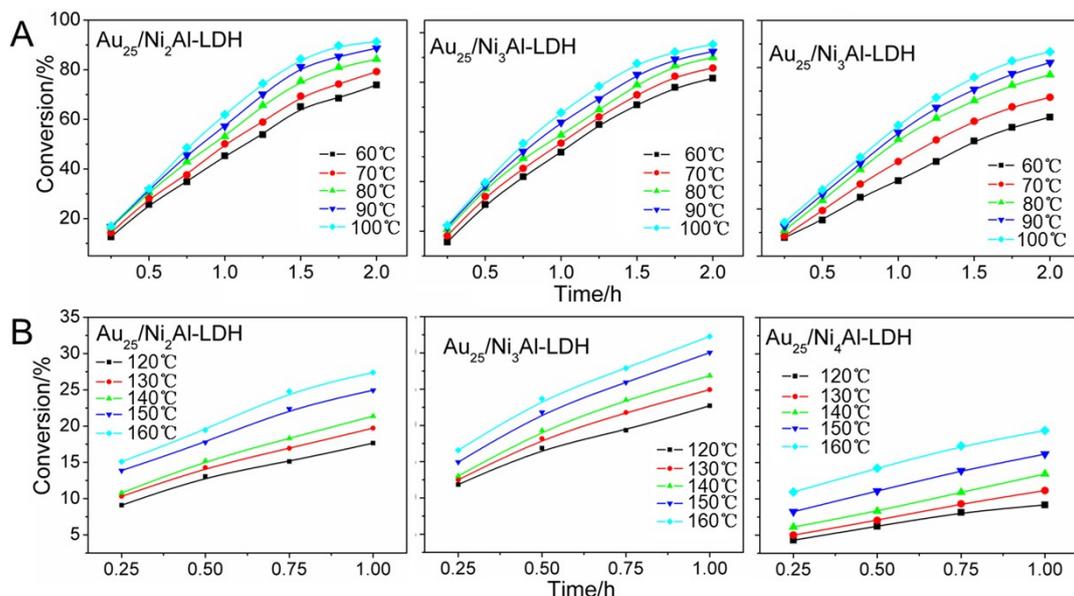
**Figure S8.** SEM and element mapping images of Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (A), Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (B) and Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (C). The scale bar is 200 nm.



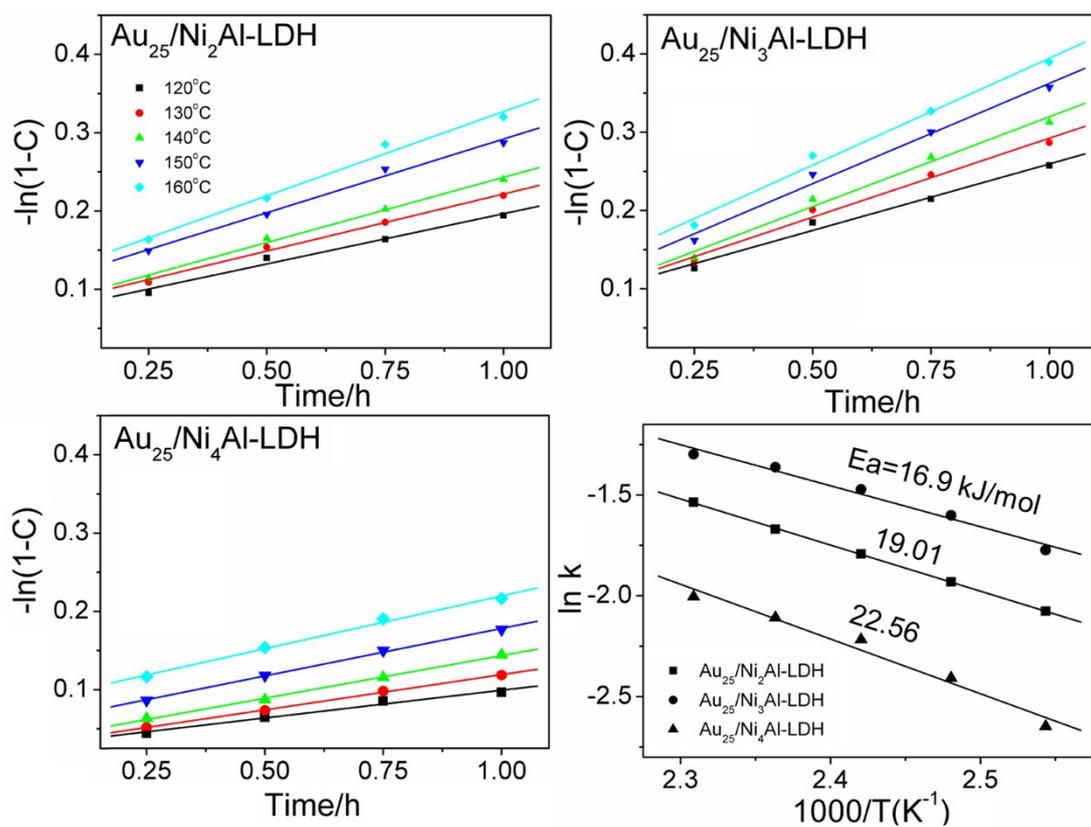
**Figure S9.** STEM image (scale bar: 20 nm) and Au<sub>25</sub> clusters size distribution of Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH and EDX spectra at different sites in STEM.



**Figure S10.** HRTEM image of the recovered catalyst of  $\text{Au}_{25}/\text{Ni}_3\text{Al-LDH}$  after five runs.

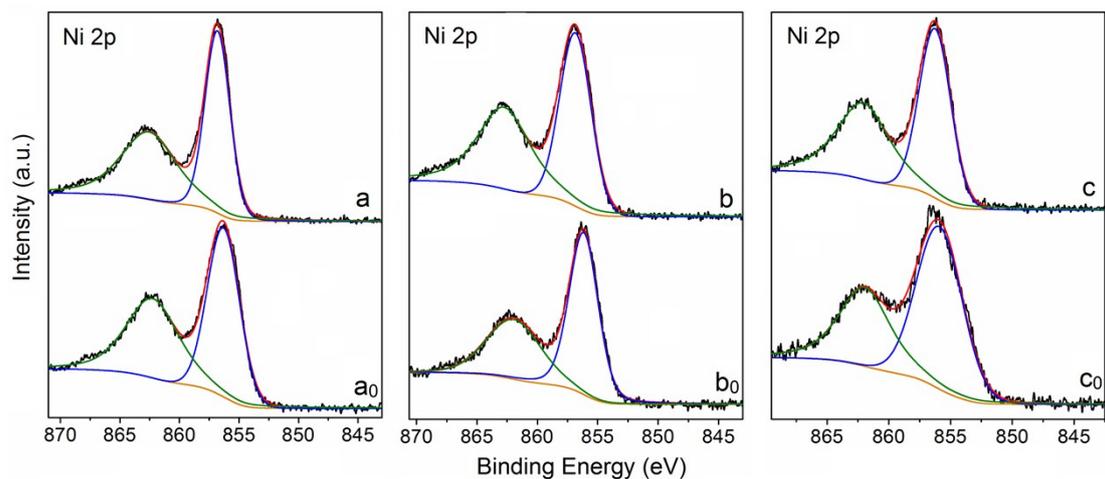


**Figure S11.** Time-conversion plots for the aerobic oxidation of 1-phenylethanol over  $\text{Au}_{25}/\text{Ni}_x\text{Al-LDH}$  catalysts at varied temperatures in toluene (A) and solvent-free (B).

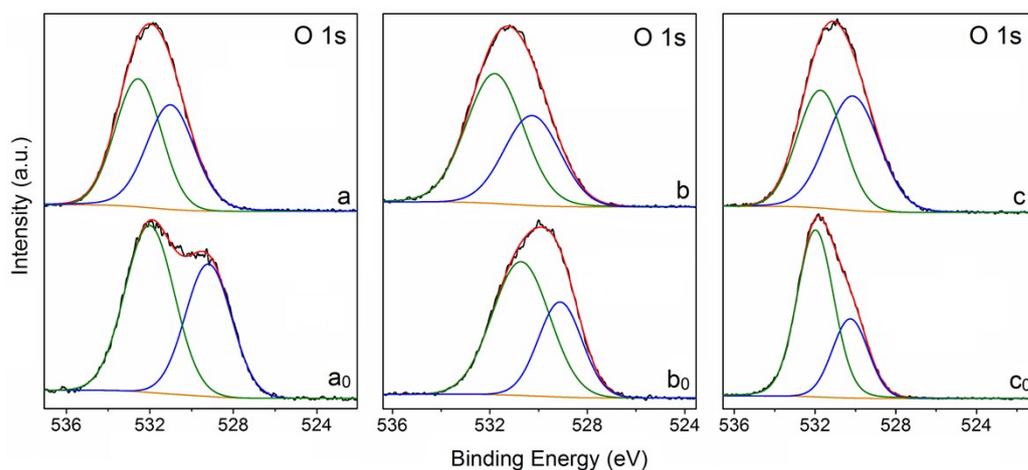


**Figure S12.**  $-\ln(1-C)$  against time and Arrhenius plots for the aerobic oxidation of 1-phenylethanol catalyzed by  $\text{Au}_{25}/\text{Ni}_x\text{Al-LDH}$  ( $x = 2, 3, 4$ ) at temperatures between 120 and 160 °C. Reaction conditions: 1-phenylethanol (100 mmol), catalyst ( $\text{Au}: 4.0 \times 10^{-4}$  mol%),  $\text{O}_2$  (20

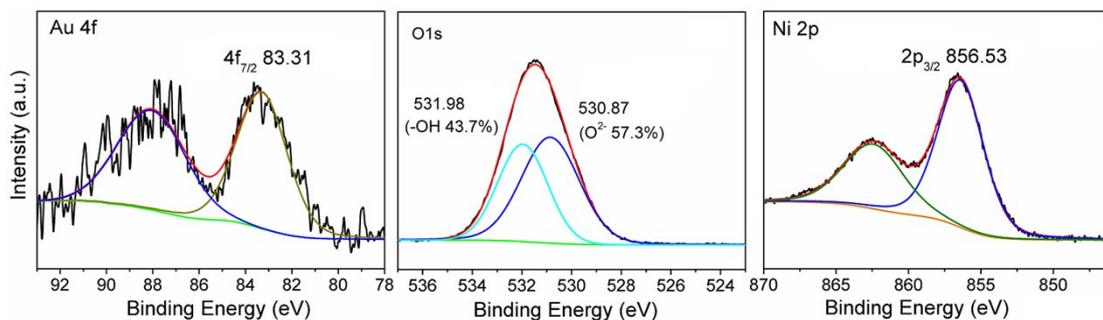
mL/min).



**Figure S13.** Ni 2p XPS spectra of Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a), Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b), Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c), Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a<sub>0</sub>), Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b<sub>0</sub>), Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c<sub>0</sub>).



**Figure S14.** O 1s XPS spectra of Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a), Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b), Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c), Ni<sub>2</sub>Al-LDH (a<sub>0</sub>), Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH (b<sub>0</sub>), Ni<sub>4</sub>Al-LDH (c<sub>0</sub>).



**Figure S15.** Au 4f, O 1s and Ni 2p XPS spectra of the recovered Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>3</sub>Al-LDH catalyst.

**Table S1.** XRD parameters of Ni<sub>x</sub>Al-LDH ( $x = 2, 3, 4$ ), Au<sub>25</sub>Capt<sub>18</sub>/Ni<sub>x</sub>Al-LDH and Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>x</sub>Al-LDH.

Samples	$d_{003}$ (nm)	$d_{110}$ (nm)	$c$ (nm) <sup>a</sup>	$a$ (nm) <sup>a</sup>	$D_{003}$ (nm) <sup>b</sup>	$D_{110}$ (nm) <sup>b</sup>	Ni <sup>2+</sup> /Al <sup>3+</sup> <sup>c</sup>	$x^d$	S (nm <sup>2</sup> /charge) <sup>e</sup>
Ni <sub>2</sub> Al-LDH	0.745	0.1509	2.235	0.3018	14.442	18.273	1.96	0.34	0.23
Ni <sub>3</sub> Al-LDH	0.760	0.1516	2.280	0.3032	13.767	23.794	3.02	0.25	0.32
Ni <sub>4</sub> Al-LDH	0.766	0.1520	2.298	0.3040	11.785	15.711	3.88	0.20	0.40
Au <sub>25</sub> Capt <sub>18</sub> /Ni <sub>2</sub> Al-LDH	0.747	0.1508	2.241	0.3016	13.091	16.316	1.96	0.34	--
Au <sub>25</sub> Capt <sub>18</sub> /Ni <sub>3</sub> Al-LDH	0.762	0.1517	2.286	0.3034	14.018	19.826	3.02	0.25	--
Au <sub>25</sub> Capt <sub>18</sub> /Ni <sub>4</sub> Al-LDH	0.772	0.1522	2.316	0.3044	11.784	18.589	3.88	0.20	--
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>2</sub> Al-LDH	0.659	0.1504	1.977	0.3008	9.198	15.502	1.96	0.34	--
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>3</sub> Al-LDH	0.663	0.1512	1.989	0.3024	8.154	7.870	3.02	0.25	--
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>4</sub> Al-LDH	--	--	--	--	--	--	3.88	0.20	--

<sup>a</sup>Based on hexagonal crystal system,  $a = 2d_{110}$ ,  $c = 3d_{003}$ . <sup>b</sup>Estimated by Scherrer equation  $D_{(hkl)} = 0.89\lambda/\beta\cos\theta$ .

<sup>c</sup>Determined by ICP-AES. <sup>d</sup>Calculated upon ICP data:  $x = \text{Al}/(\text{Ni} + \text{Al})$ . <sup>e</sup>S: available surface area per unit charge of the LDH layer.  $S_{\text{unit-charge}} = (a^2 \sin 60)/x$ .

**Table S2.** Rate constants for aerobic oxidation of 1-phenylethanol by Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>x</sub>Al-LDH ( $x = 2, 3, 4$ ) catalysts in toluene.<sup>a</sup>

Catalysts	k (h <sup>-1</sup> )				
	60 °C	70 °C	80 °C	90 °C	100 °C
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>2</sub> Al-LDH	0.7036 (0.9933) <sup>b</sup>	0.827 (0.9944)	0.9997 (0.9909)	1.2005 (0.9877)	1.3895 (0.9858)
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>3</sub> Al-LDH	0.8915 (0.9951)	1.0219 (0.9902)	1.1986 (0.9803)	1.3557 (0.9853)	1.6256 (0.9838)
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>4</sub> Al-LDH	0.4789 (0.9956)	0.6081 (0.9984)	0.7911 (0.9988)	0.9257 (0.9969)	1.1018 (0.9923)

<sup>a</sup>Reaction conditions: 1-phenylethanol (5 mmol), catalyst (Au: 0.01 mol%), toluene (5 mL), O<sub>2</sub> (20 mL/min).

<sup>b</sup>The figures in parentheses represent  $R^2$ .

**Table S3.** Rate constants for aerobic oxidation of 1-phenylethanol by Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>x</sub>Al-LDH ( $x = 2, 3, 4$ ) catalysts in solvent-free.<sup>a</sup>

Catalysts	k (h <sup>-1</sup> )				
	120 °C	130 °C	140 °C	150 °C	160 °C
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>2</sub> Al-LDH	0.1283 (0.9832) <sup>b</sup>	0.1457 (0.9935)	0.1664 (0.9942)	0.1882 (0.9908)	0.2152 (0.9865)
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>3</sub> Al-LDH	0.1698 (0.9838)	0.2017 (0.9856)	0.2293 (0.9858)	0.2261 (0.9884)	0.2730 (0.9895)
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>4</sub> Al-LDH	0.0708 (0.9839)	0.09 (0.9989)	0.1089 (0.9979)	0.1214 (0.9985)	0.1347 (0.9935)

<sup>a</sup>Reaction conditions: 1-phenylethanol (100 mmol), catalyst (Au:  $4.0 \times 10^{-4}$  mol%), O<sub>2</sub> (20 mL/min). <sup>b</sup>The figures in parentheses represent  $R^2$ .

**Table S4.** XPS analysis of Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>x</sub>Al-LDH catalysts compared with Ni<sub>x</sub>Al-LDH supports.

Samples	Au 4f <sub>7/2</sub> (eV)	$\Delta$ BE (eV) <sup>a</sup>	Ni 2p <sub>3/2</sub> (eV)	O 1s (eV) (-OH)	O 1s (eV) (O <sup>2-</sup> )
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>2</sub> Al-LDH	83.42	0.58	856.80	532.56 (52.40%)	531.01 (47.60%)
Ni <sub>2</sub> Al-LDH	--	--	856.27	532.01 (57.39%)	529.19 (42.61%)
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>3</sub> Al-LDH	83.34	0.66	856.84	531.80 (60.52%)	530.26 (39.48%)
Ni <sub>3</sub> Al-LDH	--	--	856.16	531.22 (64.68%)	529.61 (35.32%)
Au <sub>25</sub> /Ni <sub>4</sub> Al-LDH	83.52	0.48	856.25	531.73 (46.56%)	530.13 (53.44%)
Ni <sub>4</sub> Al-LDH	--	--	855.90	531.98 (69.33%)	530.25 (30.67%)

<sup>a</sup>Relative binding Energy of Au 4f<sub>7/2</sub> of Au<sub>25</sub>/Ni<sub>x</sub>Al-LDH compared with the bulk Au (84.0 eV).