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**Supplementary** *Information* 

Ma. Oumezzine et al. "Structural, Magnetic and Magnetocaloric effect in Epitaxial La<sub>0.67</sub> Ba<sub>0.33</sub> Ti<sub>0.02</sub> Mn<sub>0.98</sub> O<sub>3</sub> Ferromagnetic thin films grown on 001-oriented SrTiO<sub>3</sub> substrates"

## Supplementary Information

## Structural, Magnetic and Magnetocaloric effect in Epitaxial La<sub>0.67</sub>Ba<sub>0.33</sub>Ti<sub>0.02</sub>Mn<sub>0.98</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Ferromagnetic thin films grown on 001-oriented SrTiO<sub>3</sub> substrates

Marwène Oumezzine<sup>1,\*</sup>, <sup>1</sup>Aurelian Catalin Galca<sup>2,\*</sup>, <sup>2</sup>Iuliana Pasuk<sup>2</sup>, Cristina Florentina Chirila<sup>2</sup>, Aurel Leca<sup>3</sup>, Victor Kuncser<sup>3</sup>, Liviu Cristian Tanase<sup>4,6</sup>, Andrei Kuncser<sup>5,6</sup>, Corneliu Ghica<sup>5</sup> and Mohamed Oumezzine<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Laboratoire de Physico-chimie des Matériaux, Université de Monastir, Monastir, Tunisia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Laboratory of Multifunctional Materials and Structures, National Institute of Materials Physics, Magurele, Romania

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Laboratory of Magnetism and Superconductivity, National Institute of Materials Physics, Magurele, Romania

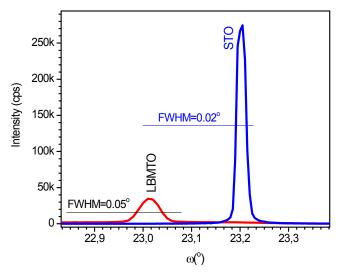
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Laboratory of Nanoscale Condensed Matter, National Institute of Materials Physics, Magurele, Romania

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Laboratory of Atomic Structures and Defects in Advanced Materials, National Institute of Materials Physics, Magurele, Romania

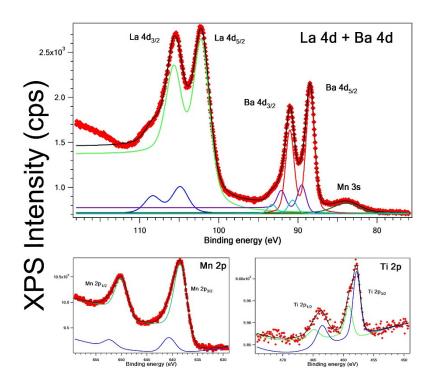
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Faculty of Physics, University of Bucharest, Magurele, Romania

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> # Authors to whom any correspondence should be addressed. e-mail: <a href="mailto:oumezzine@hotmail.co.uk">oumezzine@hotmail.co.uk</a>

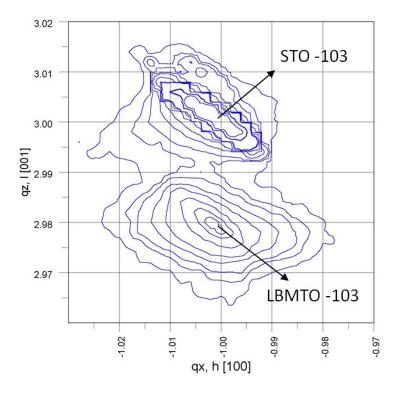
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> e-mail: ac galca@infim.ro



**Fig.S1.** The  $\omega$  rocking curves for the 002 peaks of LBTMO and STO. The full widths at half maximum of STO 002 peak and LBTMO 002 peak are about 0.020° and 0.050°, respectively, showing a satisfactory structural order in the perpendicular direction.



**Fig S2.** Selected La 4d, Ba 4d, Mn 2p and Ti 2p electron distribution curves for LBTMO surface, together with deconvolutions using Voigt profiles. The following 2 components were not taken into account for chemical composition analysis: i) the higher binding energy component in the spectra of La 4d which can be assigned to a shake-up satellite, often exhibited by the rare earth elements; ii) the lower binding energy component of Ti 2p given by the electrons originating from the most probably TiO<sub>x</sub> terminated surface. The lowest binding energy component is assigned to Mn<sup>3+</sup>, and the highest to Mn<sup>4+</sup>.



**Fig S3.** Reciprocal space mapping around the -103 node proving that the in-plane constant lattice of LBTMO thin film is identical with the one of the STO substrate.