

# **An Unprecedented One-Step Synthesis of Octahedral Cu(II)- Bis(iminoquinone) Complexes and their Reactivity with NaBH<sub>4</sub>**

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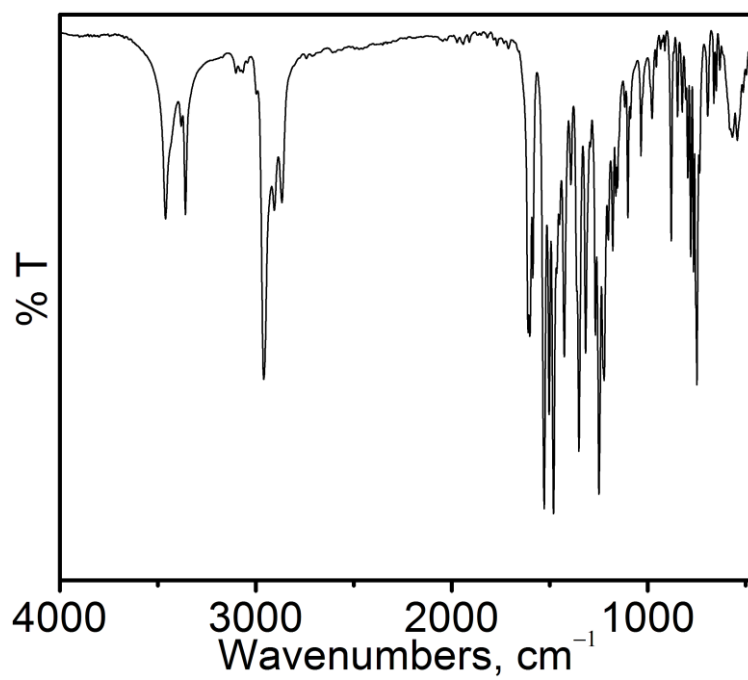
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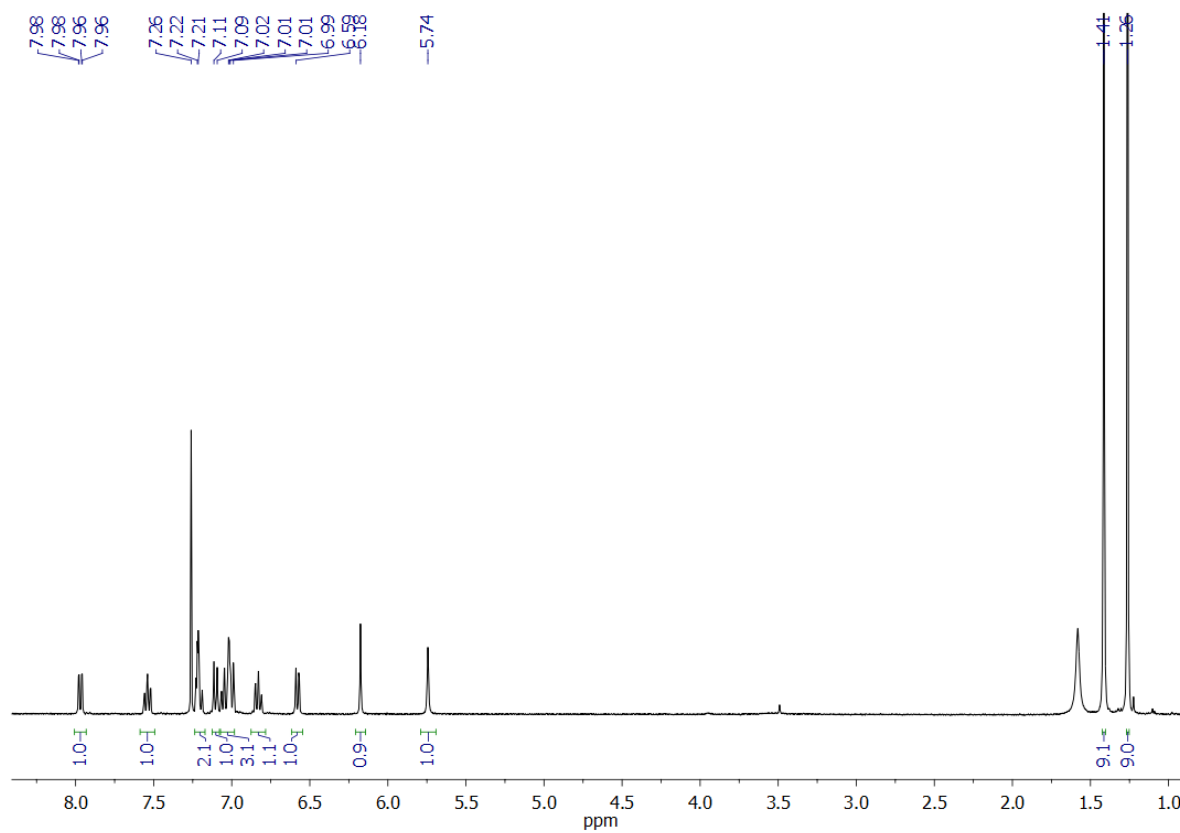
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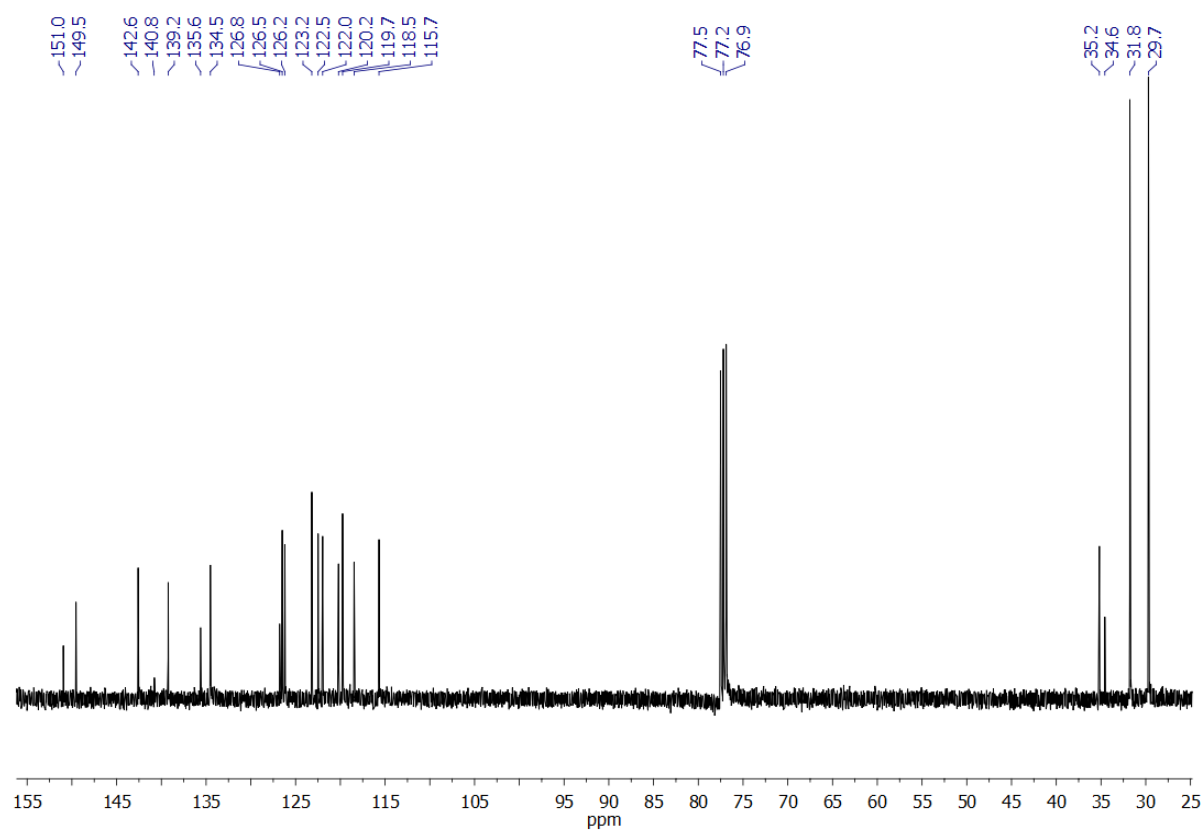
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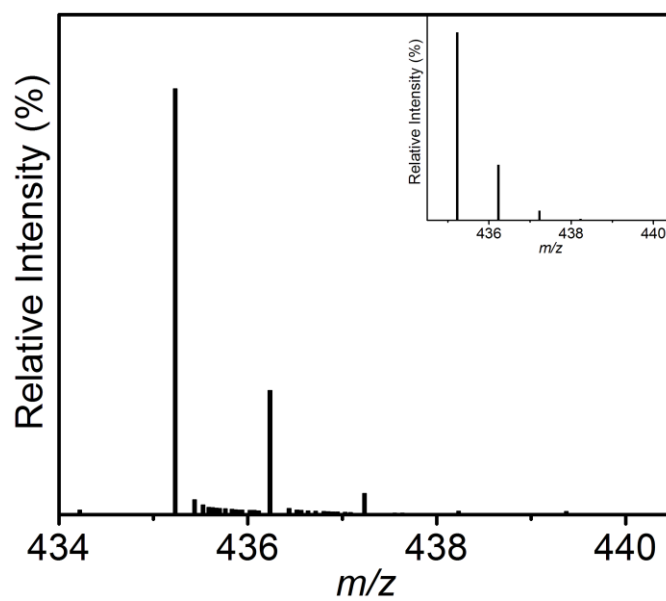
**Figure S1:** FTIR spectrum of the ligand,  $H_2L^{AP(o-NO_2-OPh)}$ .



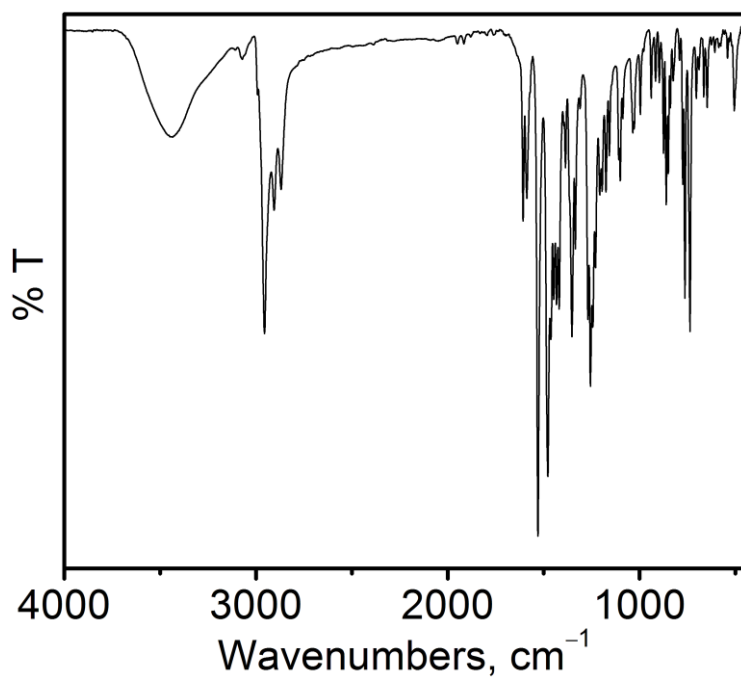
**Figure S2:**  $^1H$  NMR spectrum of the ligand,  $H_2L^{AP(o-NO_2-OPh)}$ .



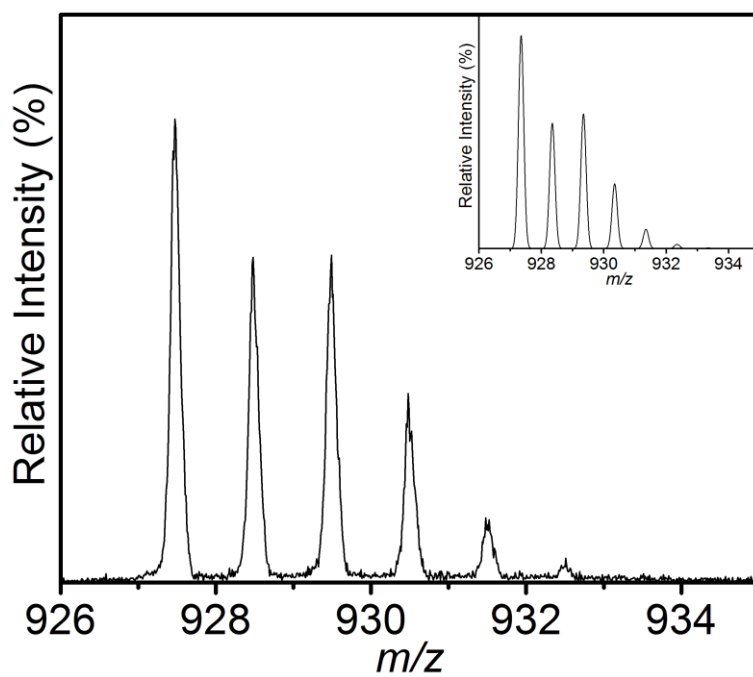
**Figure S3:**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of the ligand,  $\text{H}_2\text{L}^{\text{AP}(\text{o-NO}_2\text{-OPh})}$ .



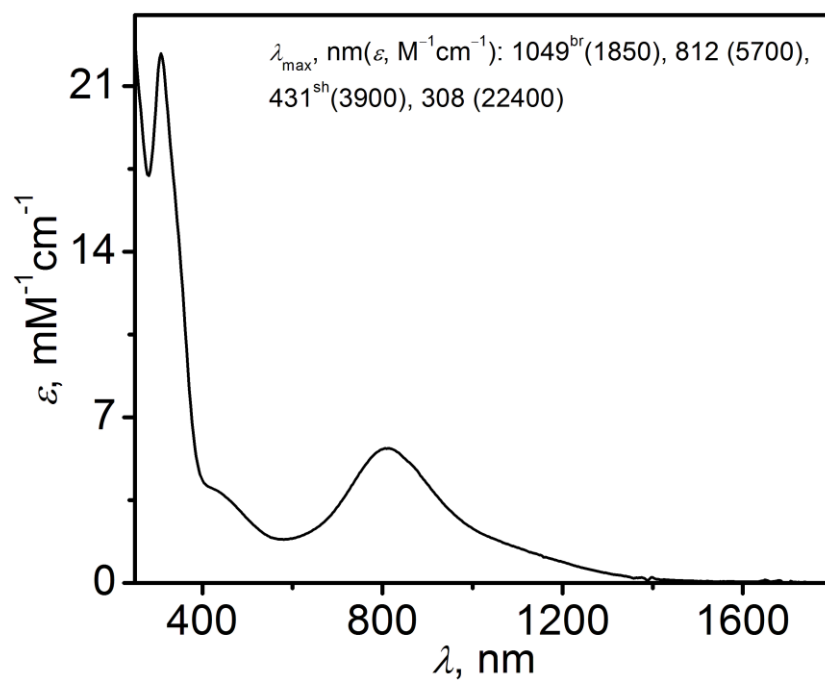
**Figure S4:** ESI-mass spectrum for  $\text{H}_2\text{L}^{\text{AP}(\text{o-NO}_2\text{-OPh})}$  in +ve mode; experimental and simulated isotopic distribution pattern (inset).



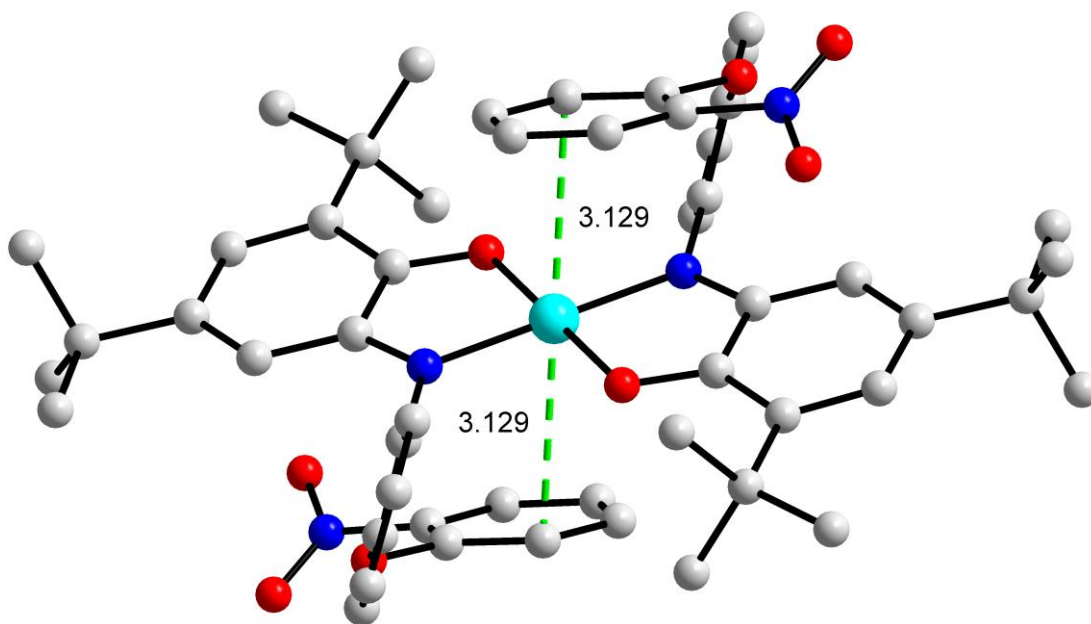
**Figure S5:** FTIR spectrum of complex **1**.



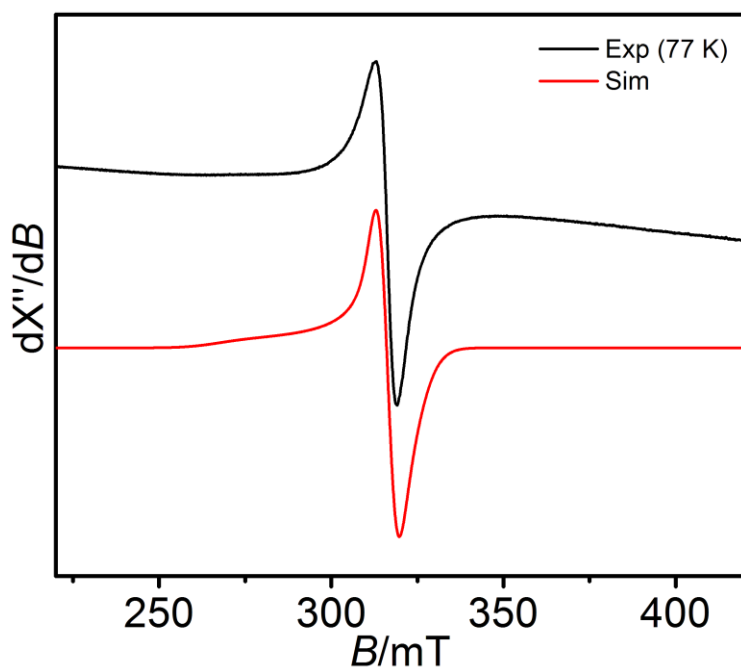
**Figure S6:** ESI-mass spectrum for **1** in +ve mode; experimental and simulated isotopic distribution pattern (inset).



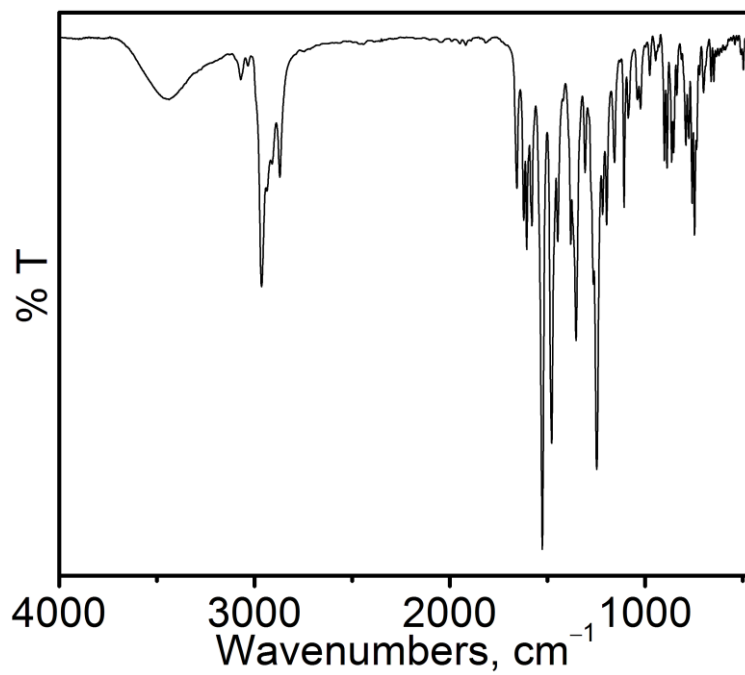
**Figure S7:** UV-vis/NIR spectrum of **1** measured at room temperature (RT) in dichloromethane solution in 250–1600 nm range.



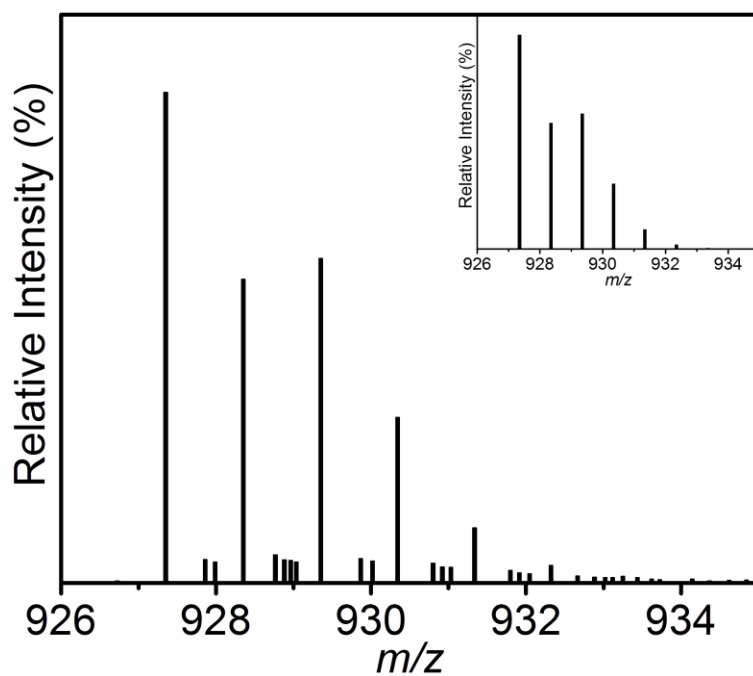
**Figure S8:** Showing Cu(II)-C<sub>Ph</sub> interaction in complex **1**. grey = C, red = O, blue = N, cyan = Cu. Distance is in Å.



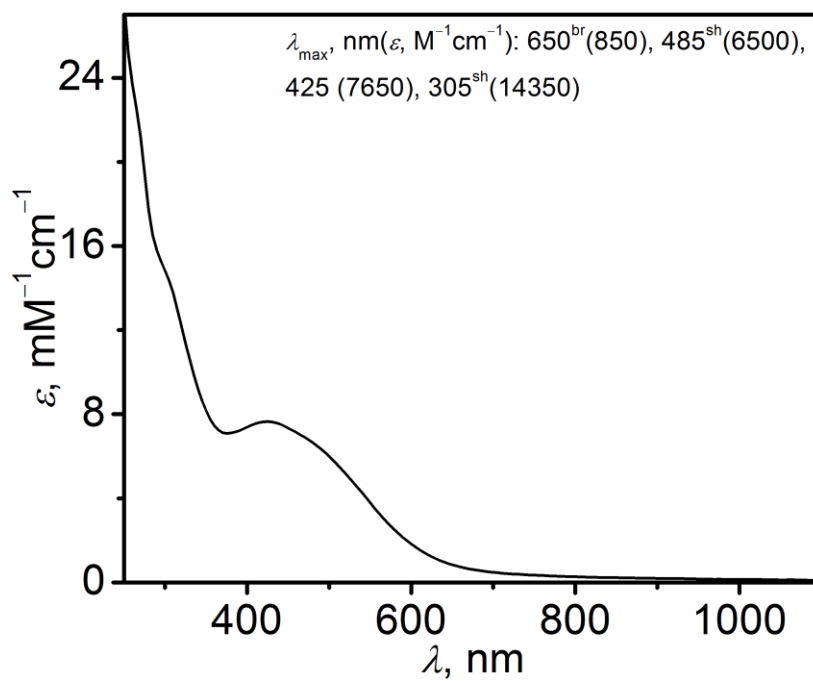
**Figure S9:** Experimental X-band EPR spectra for complexes **1** in solid state at 77 K; X-band microwave frequency (GHz): 9.145, modulation frequency (kHz): 100, microwave power (mW): 0.998, amplitude: 1.0.



**Figure S10:** FTIR spectrum of complex **2**.

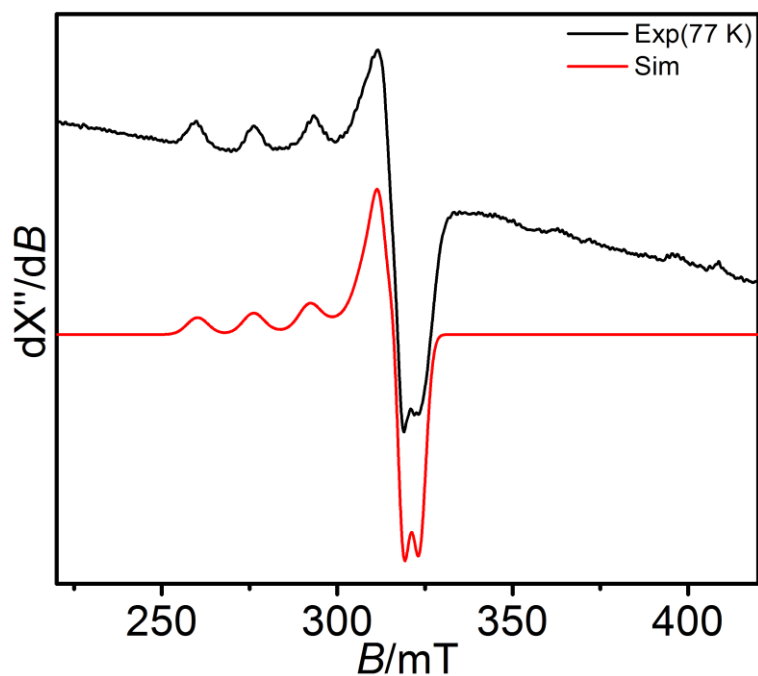


**Figure S11:** ESI-mass spectrum for **2** in +ve mode; experimental and simulated isotopic distribution pattern (inset).

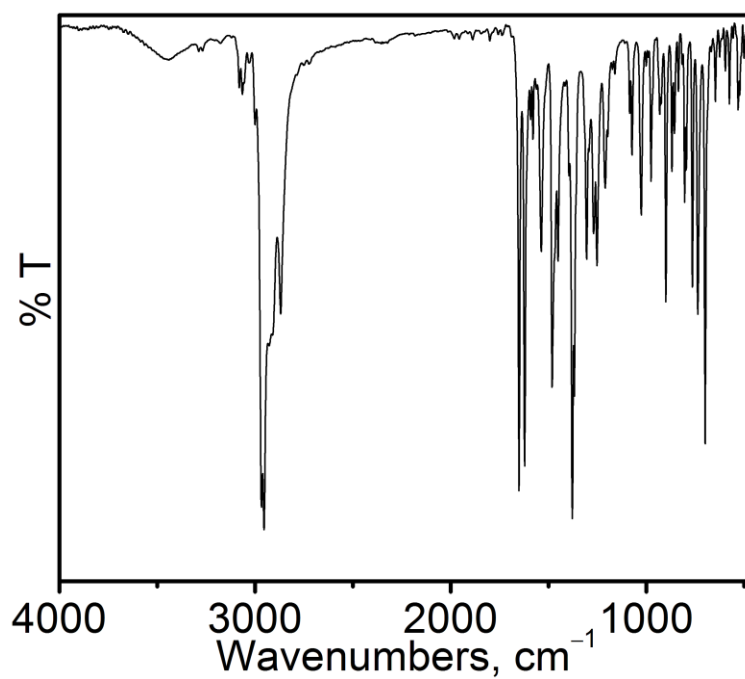


**Figure S12:** UV-vis/NIR spectrum of **2** measured at room temperature (RT) in dichloromethane solution in 250–1100 nm range.

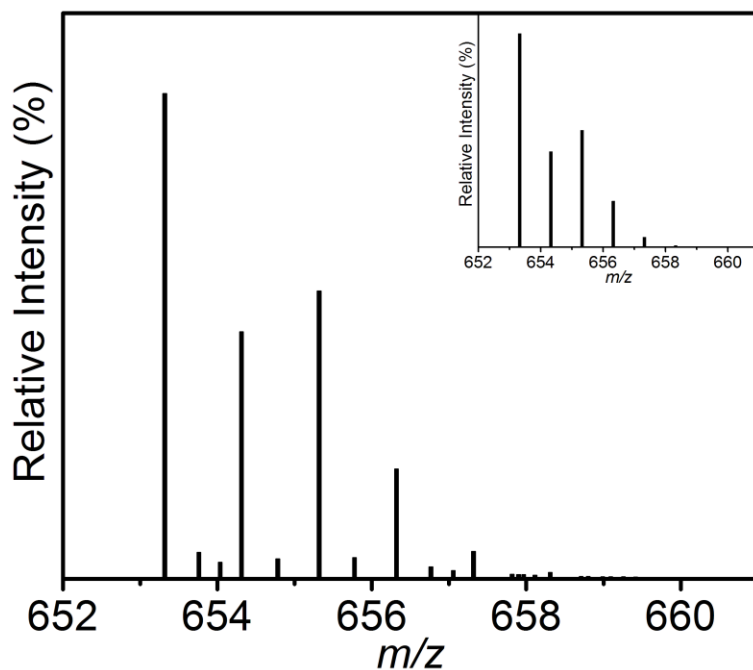




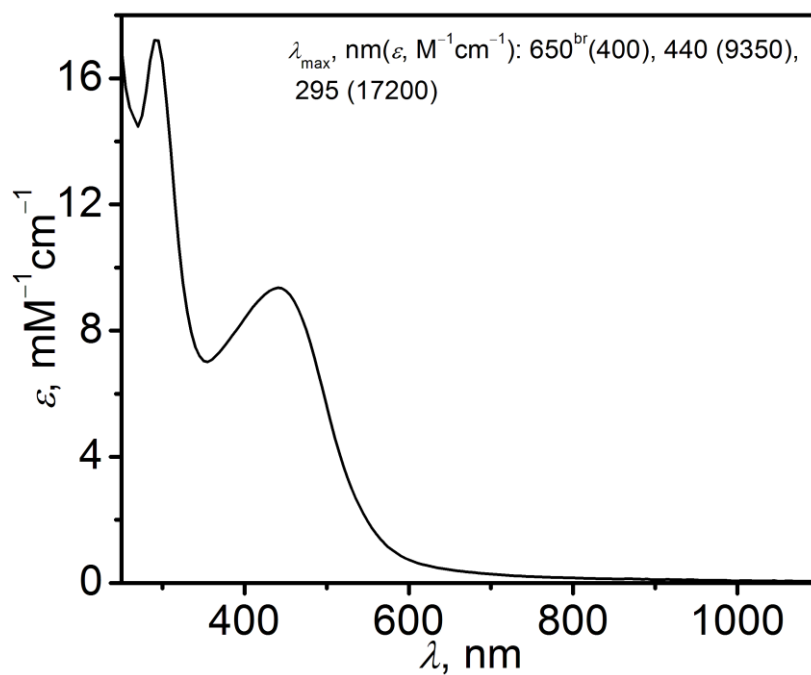
**Figure S13:** Experimental X-band EPR spectra for complexes **2** in a 5:1  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ /Toluene solvent mixture at 77 K; X-band microwave frequency (GHz): 9.143, modulation frequency (kHz): 100, microwave power (mW): 0.995, amplitude: 3.0.



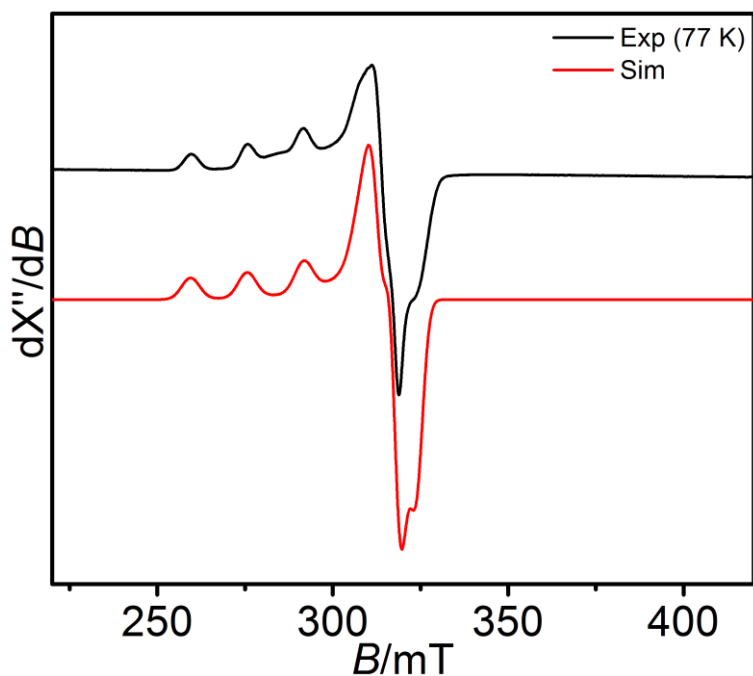
**Figure S14:** FTIR spectrum of complex **3**.



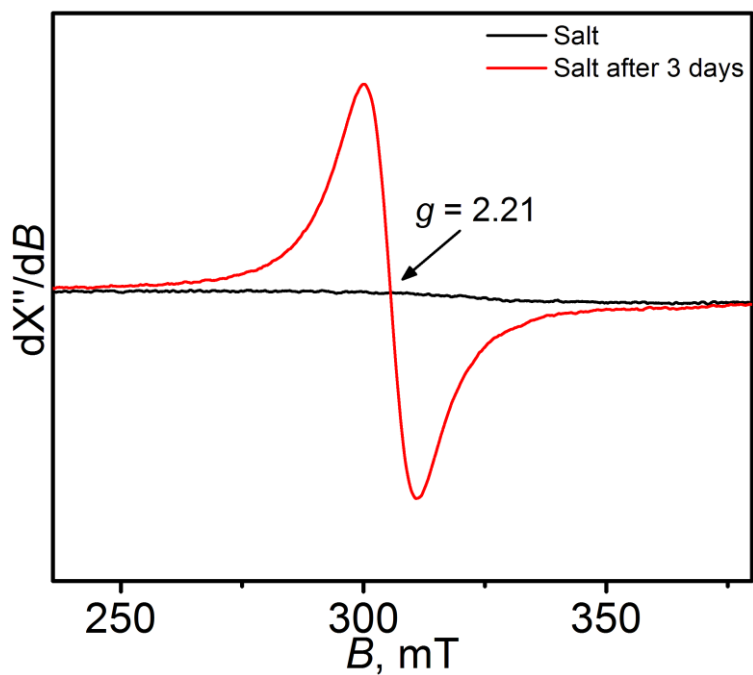
**Figure S15:** ESI–mass spectrum for **3** in +ve mode; experimental and simulated isotopic distribution pattern (inset).



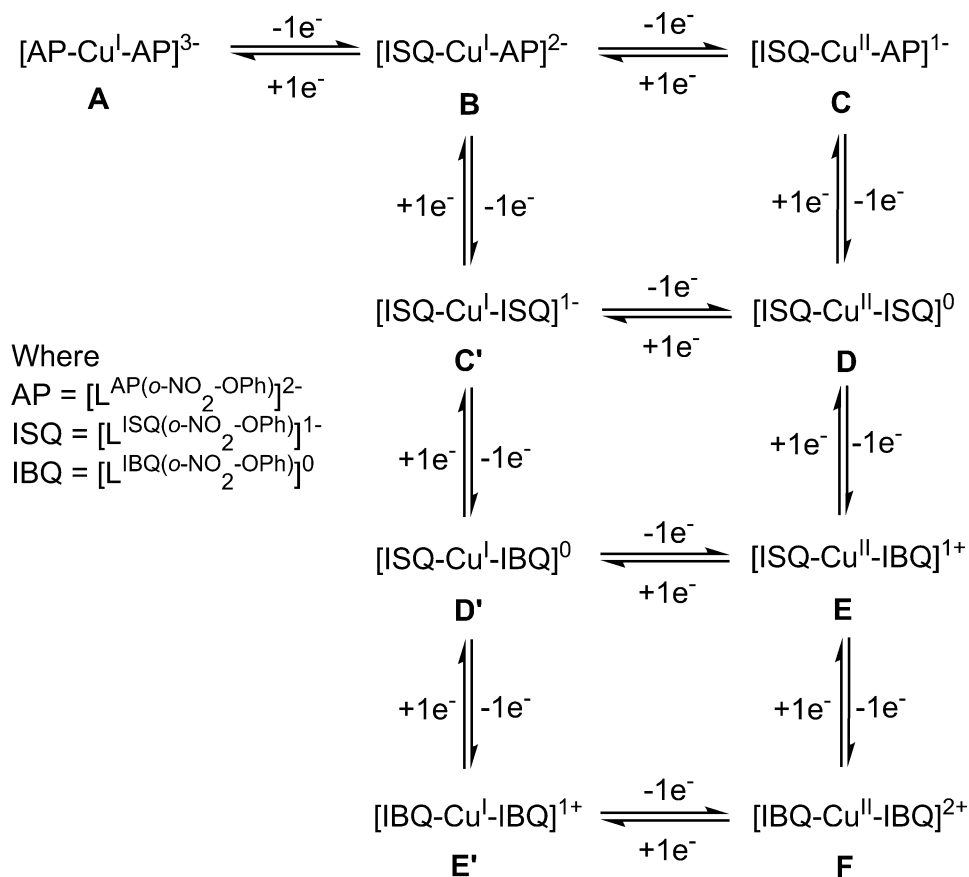
**Figure S16:** UV–vis/NIR spectrum of **3** measured at room temperature (RT) in dichloromethane solution in 250–1100 nm range.



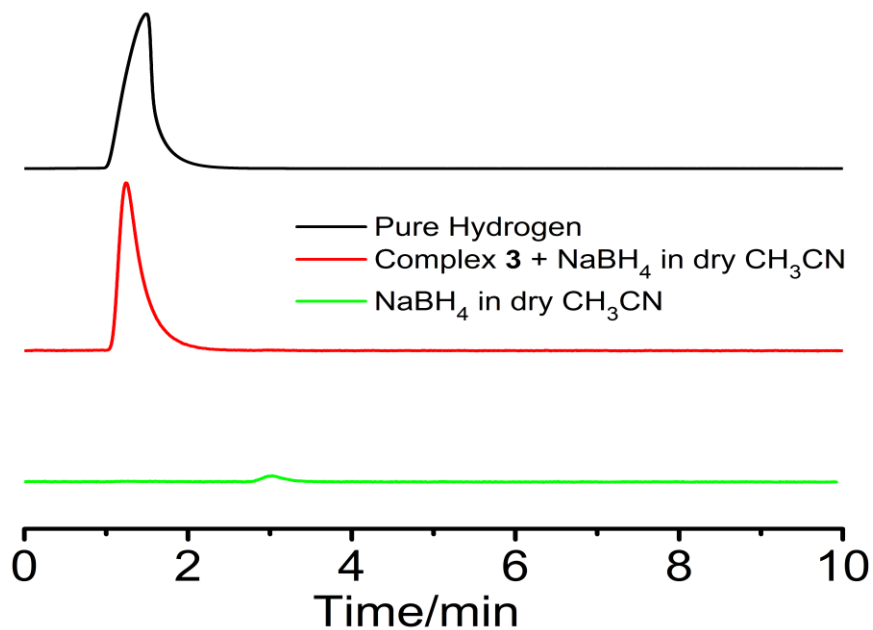
**Figure S17:** Experimental X-band EPR spectra for complexes **3** in a 5:1  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ /Toluene solvent mixture at 77 K; X-band microwave frequency (GHz): 9.142, modulation frequency (kHz): 100, microwave power (mW): 0.995, amplitude: 1.0.



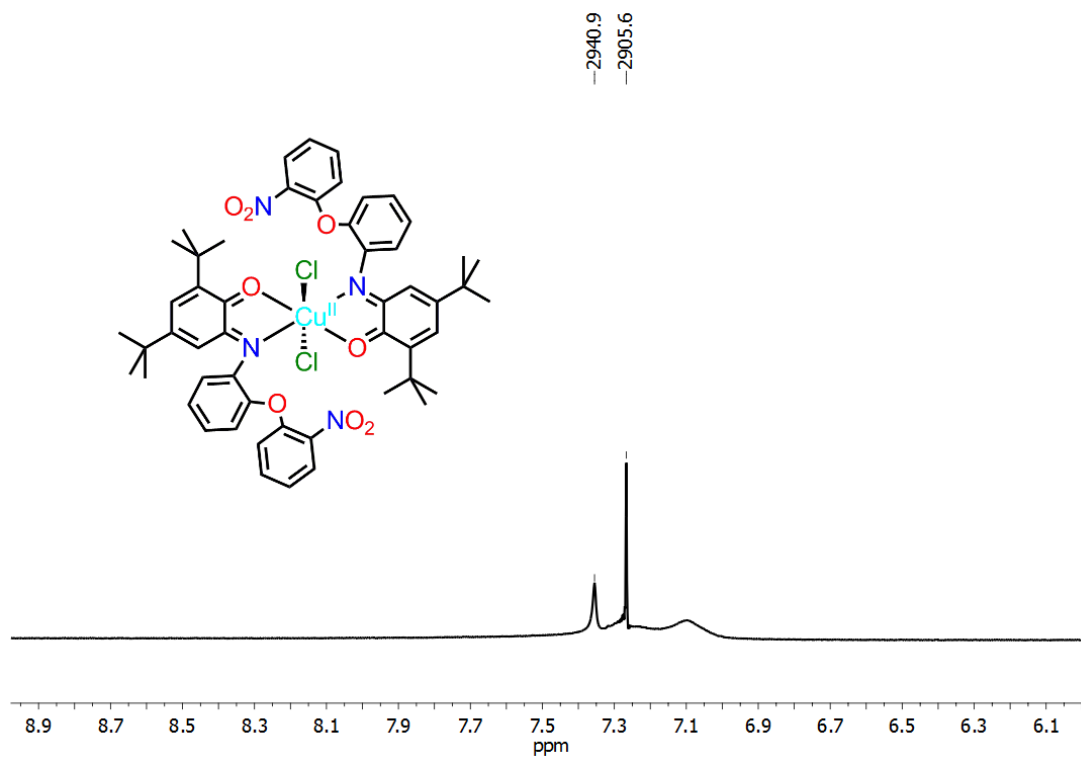
**Figure S18:** Experimental X-band EPR spectra for the salt found during the synthesis of complex **2** at room temperature; X-band microwave frequency (GHz): 9.450, modulation frequency (kHz): 100, microwave power (mW): 0.998, amplitude (G): 100.0.



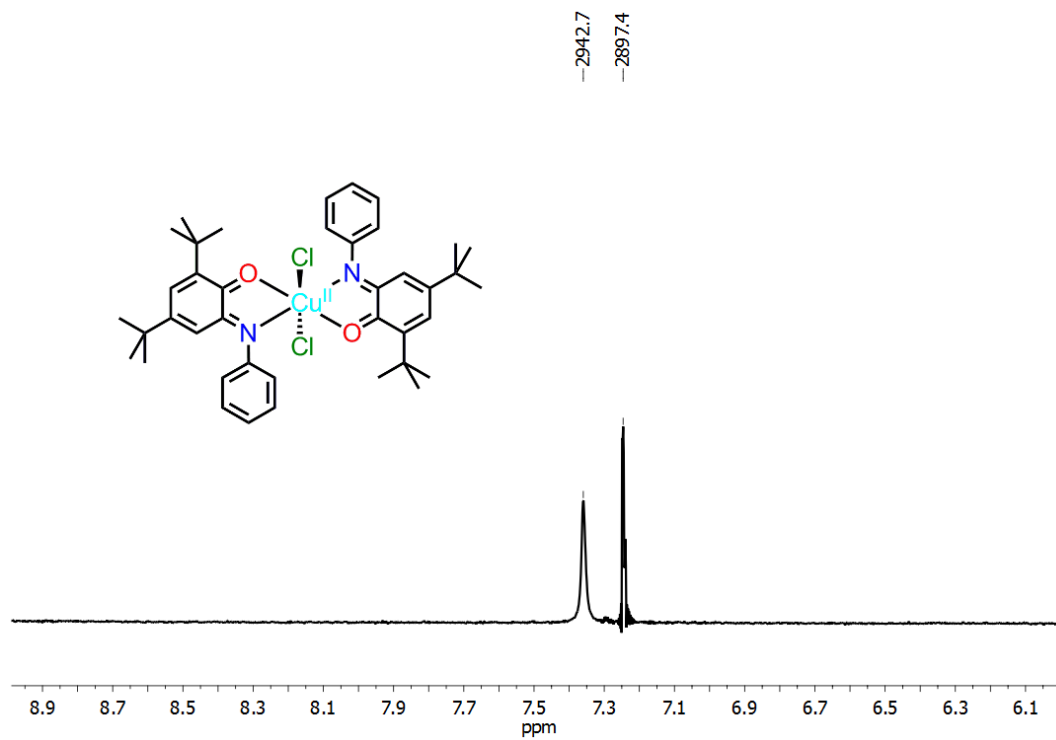
**Scheme 1.** Possible redox states of complex **1**.



**Figure S19:** GC spectra showing the production of H<sub>2</sub> gas in the presence of complex **3** and no production of H<sub>2</sub> gas in absence of the complex in CH<sub>3</sub>CN. For all measurements 25  $\mu\text{l}$  gas was used.



**Figure 20:** Evans method <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of complex **2** in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 400 MHz.  $\mu_{\text{eff}} = 2.05 \mu_{\text{B}}$ .



**Figure 21:** Evans method <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of complex **3**•CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 400 MHz.  $\mu_{\text{eff}} = 1.95 \mu_{\text{B}}$ .