Electronic Supplementary Information

A Novel Route Towards Water-Soluble Luminescent Iridium(III) Complexes via a Hydroxybridged Dinuclear Precursor

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PHOTOPHYSICAL STUDIES: Materials and methods

Spectrofluorimetric grade water was used for the photophysical investigations in solution without further purification. A Perkin Elmer Lambda 900 spectrophotometer was employed to obtain the UV/Vis absorption spectra. Steady-state emission spectra were recorded on a Horiba Jobin Yvon Fluorolog 3 spectrofluorimeter, equipped with a Hamamatsu R-928 photomultiplier tube. The luminescence quantum yields were determined using the optical dilution method^[1] using Ru(bpy)₃Cl₂ in air-equilibrated water solution as a reference standard ($\Phi = 0.028$).^[2] Solutions were degassed by bubbling argon into quartz cells prior to measurements. Time-resolved measurements were performed using the time-correlated single-photon counting (TCSPC) on the Fluorolog-3 apparatus. A NanoLED pulses centered at 379 nm (FWHM 750 ps with 1 MHZ repetition rate) was used as excitation source and fixed directly on the sample chamber at 90° to a single-grating emission monochromator (2.1 nm/mm dispersion; 1200 grooves/mm). Data analysis was performed using the commercially available DAS6 software (HORIBA Jobin Yvon IBH). The quality of the fit was assessed by minimizing the reduced χ^2 function. The experimental uncertainties were 1 nm on the band maximum for the absorption and luminescence spectra, 10% on the molar extinction coefficient, 20% on the emission quantum yields and 5% on the lifetime values.



Figure S1. Absorption spectra of complexes [(*ppy*)₂Ir(*bpy*)](EtO) (1) and [(*ppy*)₂Ir(*bpy*)](OH) (2) in deaerated water solution.



Figure S2. Absorption spectra of complexes $[(ppy)_2Ir(bpy)](OH)$ (2), $[(ppy)_2Ir(bpy)](CH_3CH_2OCH_2CO_2)$ (3), $[(ppy)_2Ir(bpy)](CH_3OCH_2CO_2)$ (4) in deaerated water solution (C = 5.0 x 10⁻⁶M).



Figure S3. Life time decay (τ, ns) and luminescence quantum yield $(\phi, \%)$ of the exited state of the cation $[(ppy)_2Ir(bpy)]^+$ with increase of solvent polarity

*Note: Both data from our work and reported literature data^[3-5] have been taken into account. The values of relative polarity have been normalised, taken from Christian Reichardt, *Solvents and Solvent Effects in Organic Chemistry*, Wiley-VCH Publishers, 3rd ed., 2003.

Table S1. Photophysical data of complex 3 in deaerated water solution at various concentrations

	Deaerated water solution		
Complex	Concentration	Emission,	Lifetime, $\tau/ns(\alpha/\%)$
	(mol.L ⁻¹)	λ_{max}/nm	
	5.0 x 10 ⁻⁶	606	40.9 (91.9) 531.0 (8.1)
3	1.3 x 10 ⁻⁵	593	39.4 (81.57), 444.7 (18.43)
	1.3 x 10 ⁻⁴	592	33.9 (60.72), 77.2 (34.44), 275.0 (4.84)
	1.2 x 10 ⁻³	590	30.2 (47.27), 83.5 (45.85), 277.8 (6.87)
	4 x 10 ⁻² (gel phase)	580	28.5 (17.2), 115.9 (55.0), 336.4 (27.8)

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