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Electronic Supplementary Information

Aerosol-assisted CVD of cadmium diselenoimidodiphosphinate and formation of a new ${}^{i}Pr_{2}N_{2}P_{3}^{+}$ ion supported by combined DFT and mass spectrometric studies

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Fig. S1 Thermogravimetry analysis of Cd[(SePⁱPr₂)₂N]₂.



Fig. S2 The predicted breakdown of the ion $Cd(SeP(R_2)-N-P(R_2)Se)_2^+$. Relative free energies are given in kJ mol⁻¹.



Fig. S3 The predicted breakdown of the neutral ligand. For loss of Se_2 two values are given the first being for the triplet dimer and the second (in brackets) for the singlet dimer. Relative free energies are given in kJ mol⁻¹.



Fig. S4 The predicted breakdown of the positive ligand. For loss of Se_2 two values are given the first being for the triplet dimer and the second (in brackets) for the singlet dimer. Relative free energies are given in kJ mol⁻¹.



Fig. S5 The predicted breakdown of neutral complex (part I). Relative free energies are given in kJ mol⁻¹.



Fig. S6 The predicted breakdown of neutral complex (part II). Relative free energies are given in kJ mol⁻¹.