

Electronic Supplementary Information For

**Structural Characterization and Proton Reduction Electrocatalysis  
of Thiolate-Bridged Bimetallic (CoCo and CoFe) Complexes**

Peng Tong, Wenjie Xie, Dawei Yang, Baomin Wang, Xiaoxiao Ji,  
Jianzhe Li and Jingping Qu \*

*State Key Laboratory of Fine Chemicals, School of Pharmaceutical Science and Technology,  
Faculty of Chemical, Environmental and Biological Science and Technology, Dalian  
University of Technology, 2 Linggong Road, Dalian 116024, P. R. China*

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**Table S1** Crystallographic data for **1[PF<sub>6</sub>]·CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>**, **2**

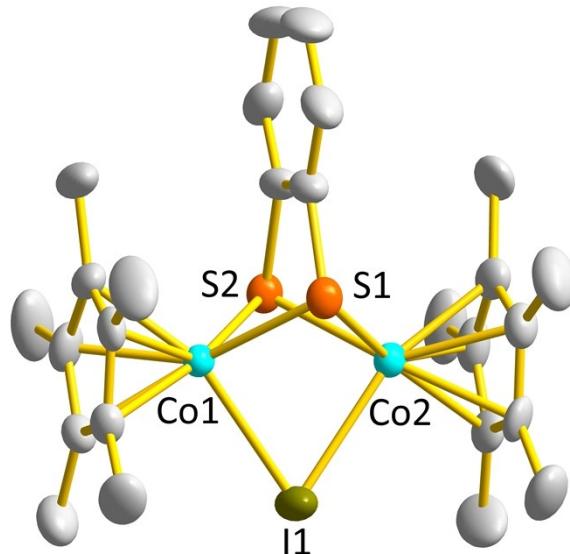
	<b>1[PF<sub>6</sub>]·CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>2</b>
Formula	C <sub>27</sub> H <sub>36</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> Co <sub>2</sub> F <sub>6</sub> IPS <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>34</sub> Co <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub>
Formula weight	885.31	528.51
Crystal dimensions (mm <sup>3</sup> )	0.34 × 0.32 × 0.28	0.33 × 0.32 × 0.31
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Triclinic
Space group	P21/c	P-1
a (Å)	8.6584(9)	9.4287(4)
b (Å)	14.3968(15)	9.5832(4)
c (Å)	27.102(3)	15.4379(9)
α (°)	90.00	103.950(2)
β (°)	93.701(2)	100.074(2)
γ (°)	90.00	108.7400(10)
Volume (Å <sup>3</sup> )	3371.3(6)	1232.73(10)
Z	4	2
T (K)	220(2)	293(2)
D <sub>calcd</sub> (g cm <sup>-3</sup> )	1.744	1.424
μ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	2.281	1.526
F (000)	1760	552
No. of rflns. collected	29822	11882
No. of indep. rflns. /R <sub>int</sub>	5819 / 0.0376	4345 / 0.0344
No. of obsd. rflns. [ <i>I</i> <sub>0</sub> > 2σ( <i>I</i> <sub>0</sub> )]	5036	3855
Data / restraints / parameters	5819 / 467 / 435	4345 / 0 / 271
R <sub>1</sub> / wR <sub>2</sub> [ <i>I</i> <sub>0</sub> > 2σ( <i>I</i> <sub>0</sub> )] <sup>a</sup>	0.0772 / 0.1637	0.0338 / 0.1172
R <sub>1</sub> / wR <sub>2</sub> (all data) <sup>a</sup>	0.0893 / 0.1699	0.0402 / 0.1272
GOF (on F <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>a</sup>	1.014	1.057
Largest diff. peak and hole (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	1.194 / -1.170	0.436 / -0.637

**Table S2** Crystallographic data for **3[PF<sub>6</sub>]**, **3** and **4[BF<sub>4</sub>]**

	<b>3[PF<sub>6</sub>]</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4[BF<sub>4</sub>]</b>
Formula	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>31</sub> CoF <sub>6</sub> FePS <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>32</sub> CoFeS <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>35</sub> BCo <sub>2</sub> F <sub>4</sub> S <sub>2</sub>
Formula weight	655.37	511.41	616.33
Crystal dimensions (mm <sup>3</sup> )	0.33 × 0.31 × 0.24	0.32 × 0.31 × 0.24	0.35 × 0.32 × 0.28
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Triclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	C2/m	P-1	P2(1)/c
a (Å)	16.773(5)	10.5974(10)	9.7866(10)
b (Å)	15.626(5)	11.0324(11)	12.0453(12)
c (Å)	10.675(3)	12.0904(12)	23.210(2)
α (°)	90.00	79.404(2)	90.00
β (°)	103.051(4)	66.981(2)	95.489(2)
γ (°)	90.00	67.518(2)	90.00
Volume (Å <sup>3</sup> )	2725.4(15)	1201.1(2)	2723.5(5)
Z	4	2	4
T (K)	296(2)	100(2)	293(2)
D <sub>calcd</sub> (g cm <sup>-3</sup> )	1.597	1.414	1.503
μ (mm <sup>-1</sup> )	1.407	1.477	1.412
F (000)	1340	534	1272
No. of rflns. collected	7400	8015	31966
No. of indep. rflns. /R <sub>int</sub>	2499 / 0.0215	4226 / 0.0294	4777 / 0.0424
No. of obsd. rflns. [ <i>I</i> <sub>0</sub> > 2σ( <i>I</i> <sub>0</sub> )]	2279	3721	4268
Data / restraints / parameters	2499 / 0 / 172	4226 / 0 / 262	4777 / 7 / 320
R <sub>1</sub> / wR <sub>2</sub> [ <i>I</i> <sub>0</sub> > 2σ( <i>I</i> <sub>0</sub> )] <sup>a</sup>	0.0352 / 0.1158	0.0405 / 0.0998	0.0360 / 0.0906
R <sub>1</sub> / wR <sub>2</sub> (all data) <sup>a</sup>	0.0384 / 0.1186	0.0453 / 0.1026	0.0423 / 0.0944
GOF (on F <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>a</sup>	0.994	1.000	1.002
Largest diff. peak and hole (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	0.660 / -0.368	1.010 / -0.758	0.419 / -0.412

**Fig. S1** ORTEP diagram of **1[PF<sub>6</sub>]·CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>**

Hydrogen atoms, one CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> molecule and counteranion PF<sub>6</sub><sup>-</sup> are omitted for clarity  
(thermal ellipsoids shown at 30% probability)

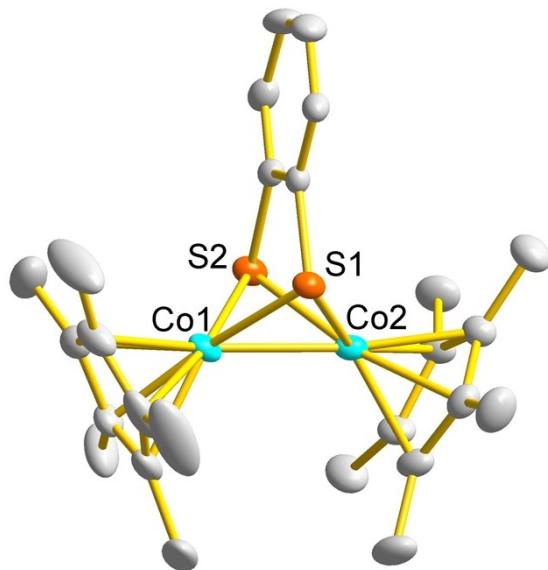


**Table S3** Selected bond distances (Å) and bond angles (°) for **1[PF<sub>6</sub>]·CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>**

Distances (Å)			
Co1–Co2	2.969 (2)	Co1–S1	2.276(3)
Co1–S2	2.282(2)	Co2–S1	2.278(3)
Co2–S2	2.287(2)	Co1–I1	2.587(2)
Co2–C25	2.575(2)	Co1–Cp*1	1.684(2)
Co2–Cp*2	1.691(2)		
Angles (°)			
Co1–S1–Co2	81.39(8)	Co1–S2–Co2	81.05(8)
S1–Co1–I1	86.98(7)	S2–Co1–I1	89.28(7)
Torsion angles (°)			
S1–Co1–Co2–S2	113.13(12)	Co1–S1–S2–Co2	114.55 (11)
Cp*1–Cp*2	1.77 (44)		

**Fig. S2** ORTEP diagram of **2**

Hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity (thermal ellipsoids shown at 30% probability)

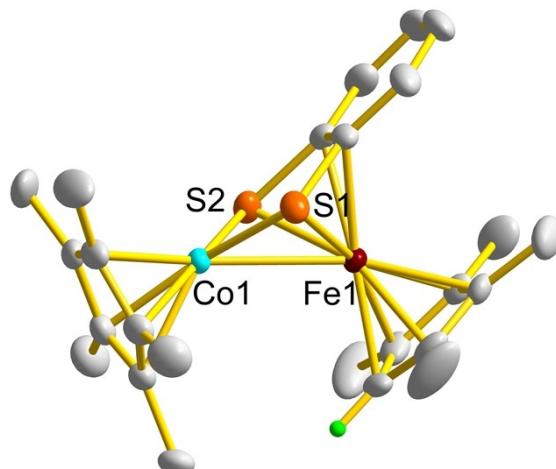


**Table S4** Selected bond distances ( $\text{\AA}$ ) and bond angles ( $^\circ$ ) for **2**

Distances ( $\text{\AA}$ )			
Co1–Co2	2.444(1)	Co1–S1	2.210(1)
Co1–S2	2.213(1)	Co2–S1	2.223(2)
Co2–S2	2.212(2)	Co1–Cp*1	1.673(1)
Co2–Cp*2	1.670(1)		
Angles ( $^\circ$ )			
Co1–S1–Co2	66.91(2)	Co1–S2–Co2	67.06(2)
S1–Co1–Co2	56.81(2)	S2–Co1–Co2	56.47(2)
S1–Co2–Co1	56.27(3)	S2–Co2–Co1	56.48(2)
Torsion angles ( $^\circ$ )			
S1–Co1–Co2–S2	106.63(3)	Co1–S1–S2–Co2	95.84(4)
Cp*1–Cp*2	53.07(13)		

**Fig. S3** ORTEP diagram of **3[PF<sub>6</sub>]**

Hydrogen atoms, except one hydrogen atom of C<sub>5</sub>Me<sub>4</sub>H and counteranion PF<sub>6</sub><sup>-</sup> are omitted for clarity (thermal ellipsoids shown at 30% probability)

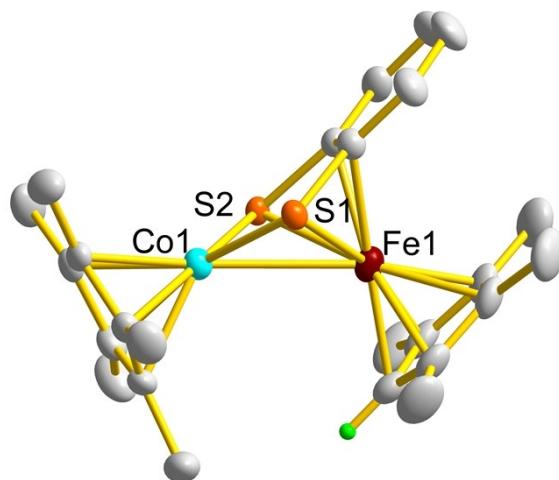


**Table S5** Selected bond distances (Å) and bond angles (°) for **3[PF<sub>6</sub>]**

Distances (Å)			
Fe1–Co1	2.796(1)	Co1–S1	2.157(2)
Fe1–S1	2.322(2)	Co1–S2	2.156(1)
Fe1–S2	2.314(1)	Fe1–Cp*1	1.652(1)
Co2–Cp*2	1.700(1)		
Angles (°)			
Fe1–S1–Co1	77.15(3)	S1–Fe1–S2	83.29(3)
S1–Co1–S2	91.15(3)	Co1–Fe1–S1	48.80(2)
Fe1–Co1–S1	54.06(2)		
Torsion angles (°)			
S1–Fe1–Co1–S2	124.07(4)	Fe1–S1–S2–Co1	119.02 (5)
Cp*1–Cp*2	72.26(15)		

**Fig. S4** ORTEP diagram of **3**

Hydrogen atoms and one hydrogen atom of C<sub>5</sub>Me<sub>4</sub>H are omitted for clarity (thermal ellipsoids shown at 30% probability)

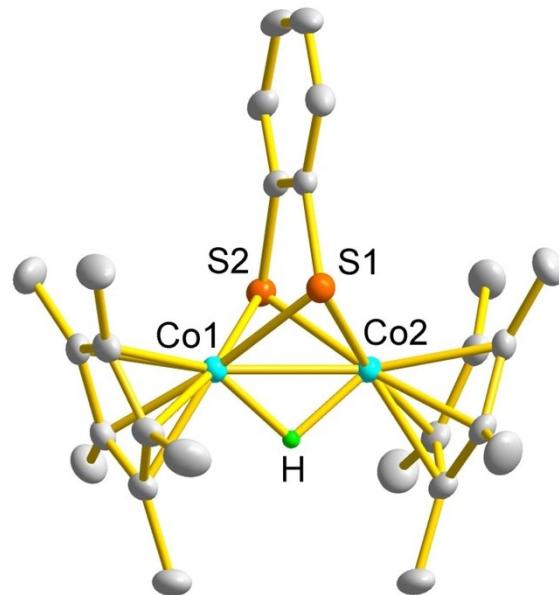


**Table S6** Selected bond distances (Å) and bond angles (°) for **3**

Distances (Å)			
Fe1–Co1	2.612(2)	Co1–S1	2.134(2)
Fe1–S1	2.247(2)	Co1–S2	2.134(2)
Fe1–S2	2.247(2)	Fe1–Cp*1	1.686(1)
Co2–Cp*2	1.666(1)		
Angles (°)			
Fe1–S1–Co1	73.14(3)	S1–Fe1–S2	85.89(5)
S1–Co1–S2	91.69(5)	Co1–Fe1–S1	51.43(2)
Fe1–Co1–S1	55.42(2)		
Torsion angles (°)			
S1–Fe1–Co1–S2	121.24 (5)	Fe1–S1–S2–Co1	112.96(4)
Cp*1–Cp*2	70.64(13)		

**Fig. S5** ORTEP diagram of **4[BF<sub>4</sub>]**

Hydrogen atoms except for the bridging hydrogen between two Co atoms and counteranion BF<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup> are omitted for clarity (thermal ellipsoids shown at 30% probability)



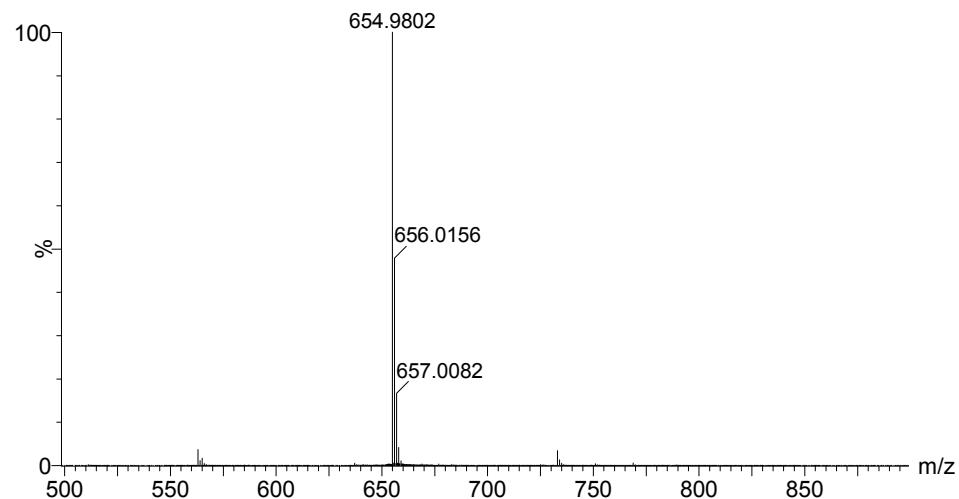
**Table S7** Selected bond distances (Å) and bond angles (°) for **4[BF<sub>4</sub>]**

Distances (Å)			
Co1–Co2	2.412(1)	Co1–S1	2.246(1)
Co1–S2	2.246(2)	Co2–S1	2.249(1)
Co2–S2	2.246(1)	Co1–H	1.57(4)
Co2–H	1.60(4)	Co1–Cp*1	1.650(1)
Co2–Cp*2	1.652(1)		
Angles (°)			
Co1–S1–Co2	64.91(2)	Co1–S2–Co2	64.95(2)
Co1–H1–Co2	98.55(178)		
Torsion angles (°)			
S1–Co1Co2–S2	102.68(4)	Co1–S1S2–Co2	91.05(4)
S1–Co1Co2–H1	128.09(181)	S2–Co1Co2–H1	129.23(181)
Cp*1–Cp*2	41.42(12)		

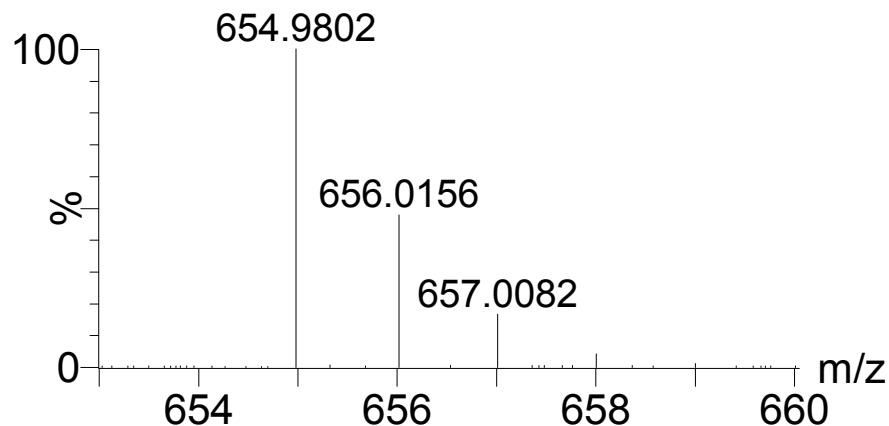
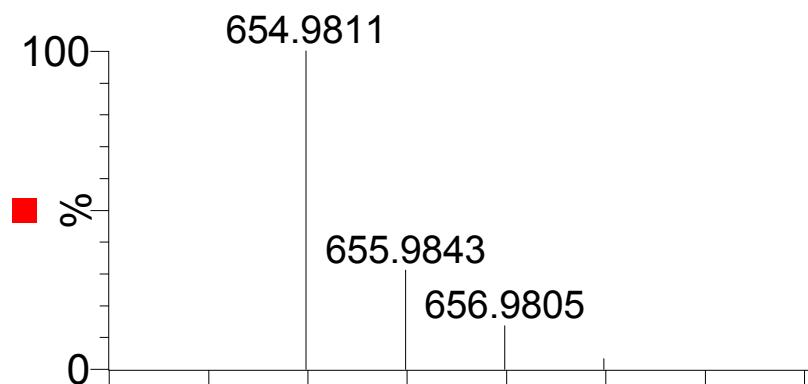
**Fig. S6** ESI-HRMS of **1**[PF<sub>6</sub>] in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>

(a) The signal at an m/z = 654.9802 corresponds to [1]<sup>+</sup>. (b) Calculated isotopic distribution for [1]<sup>+</sup> (upper) and the amplifying experimental diagram for [1]<sup>+</sup> (bottom).

(a)



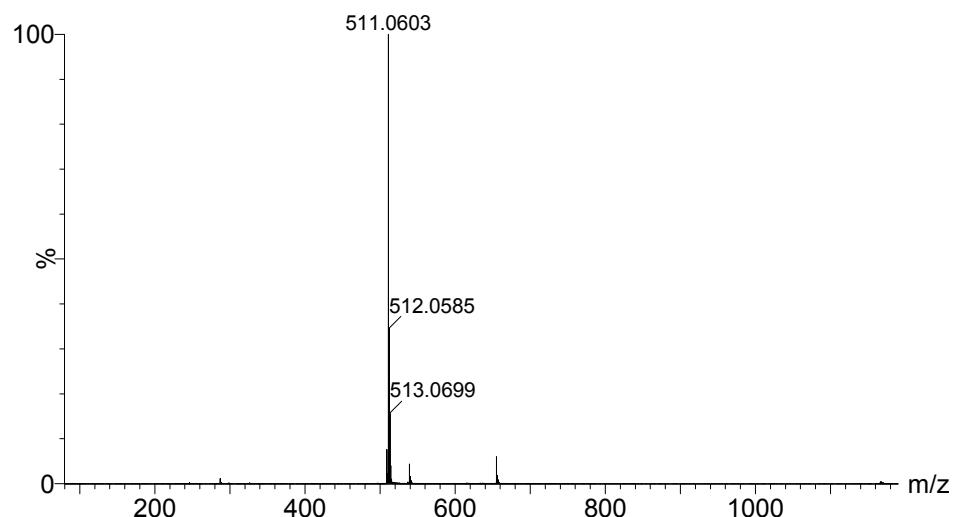
(b)



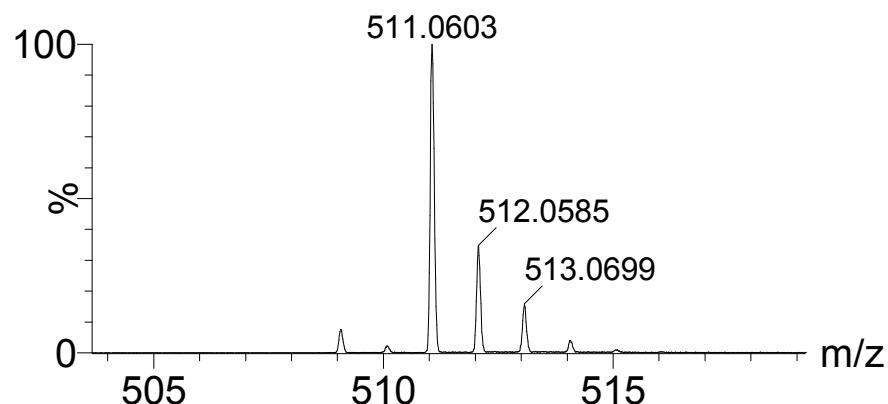
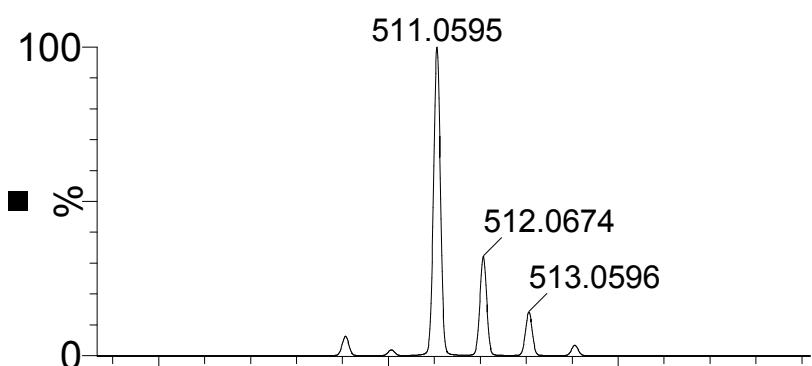
**Fig. S7** ESI-HRMS of **3[PF<sub>6</sub>]** in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>

(a) The signal at an m/z = 511.0603 corresponds to [3]<sup>+</sup>. (b) Calculated isotopic distribution for [3]<sup>+</sup> (upper) and the amplifying experimental diagram for [3]<sup>+</sup> (bottom).

(a)



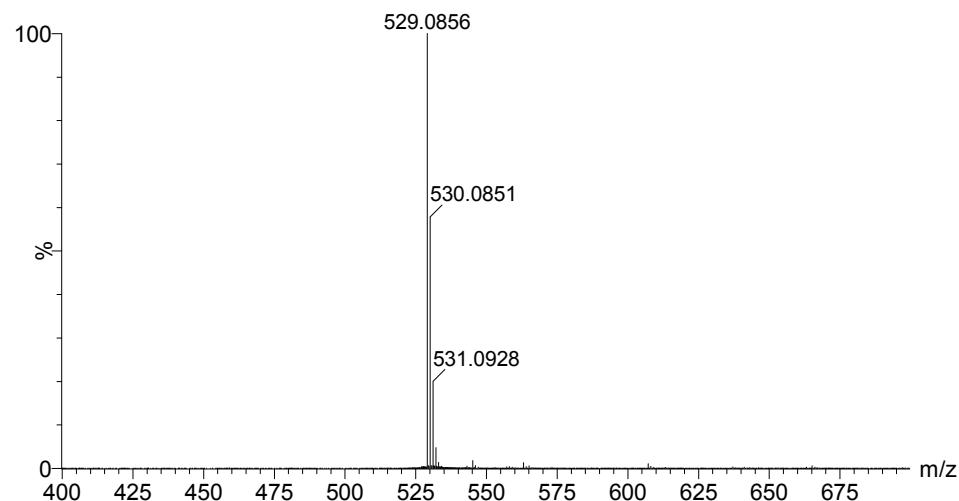
(b)



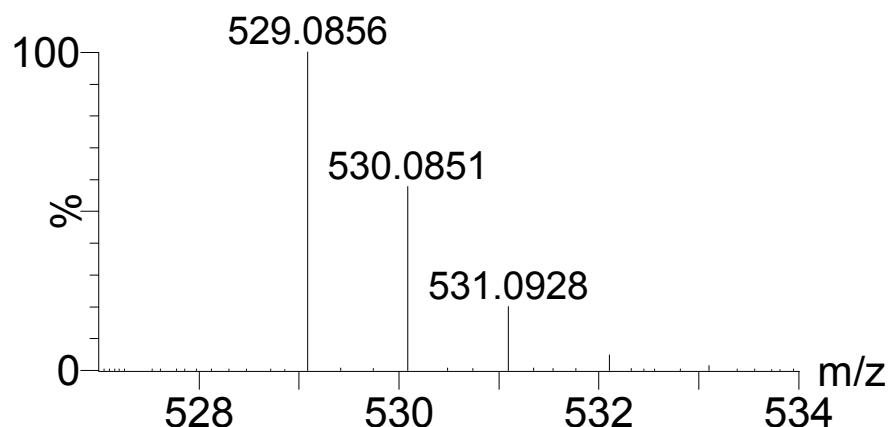
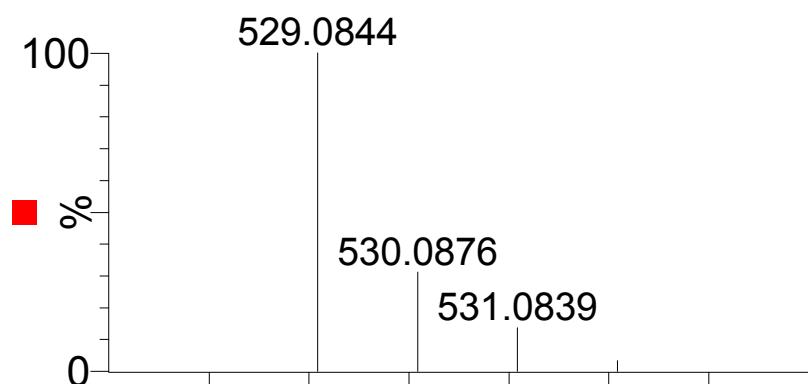
**Fig. S8** ESI-HRMS of **4**[BF<sub>4</sub>] in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>

(a) The signal at an m/z = 529.0856 corresponds to [4]<sup>+</sup>. (b) Calculated isotopic distribution for [4]<sup>+</sup> (upper) and the amplifying experimental diagram for [4]<sup>+</sup> (bottom).

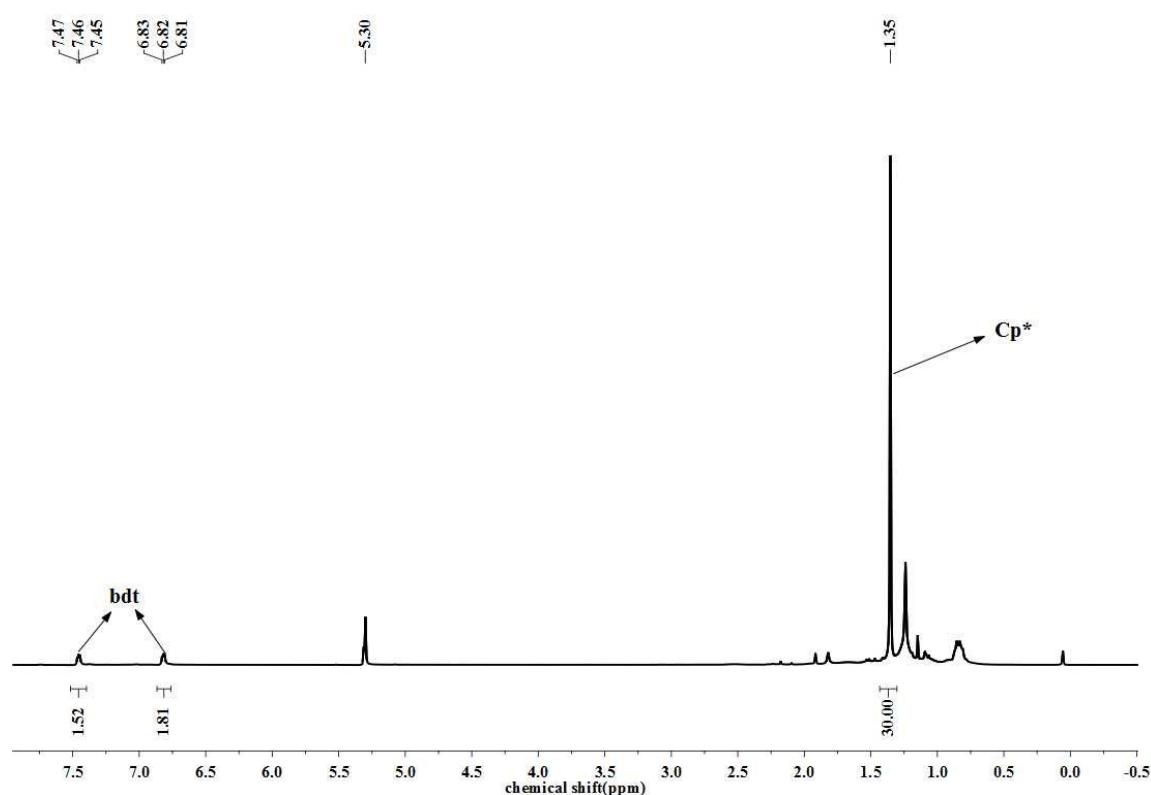
(a)



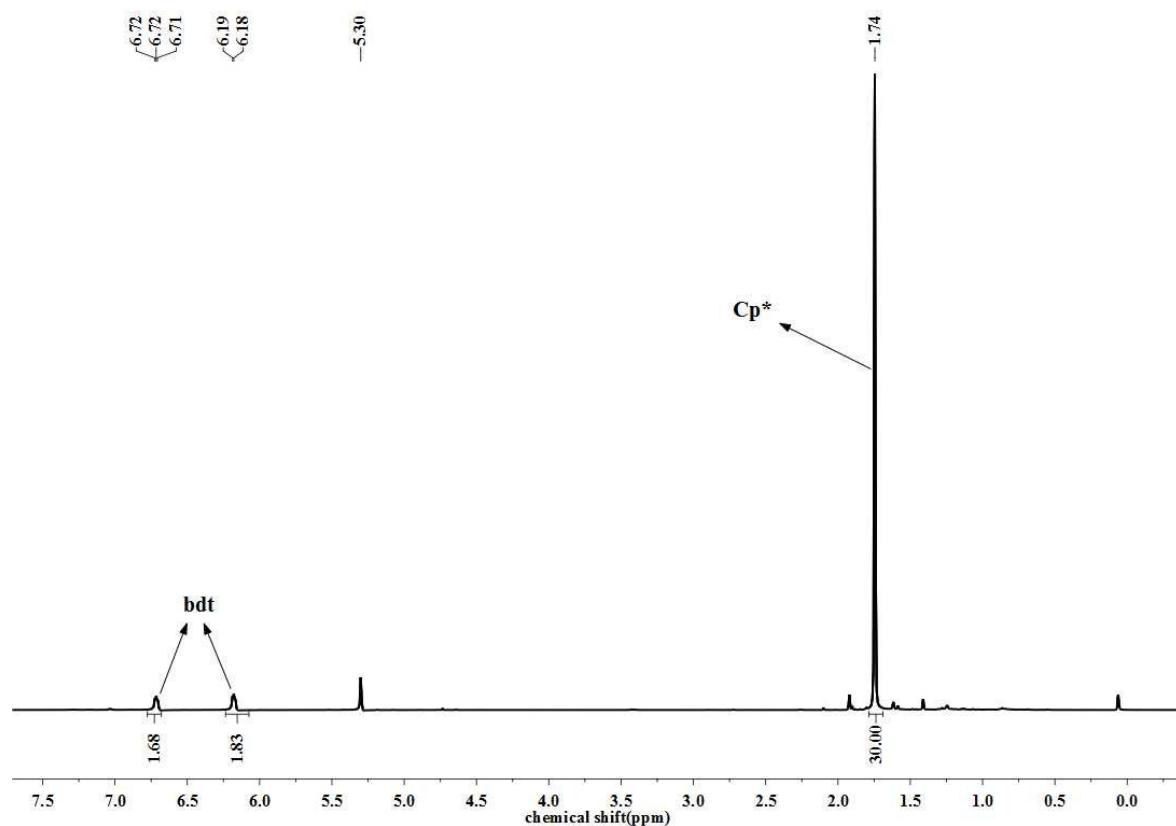
(b)



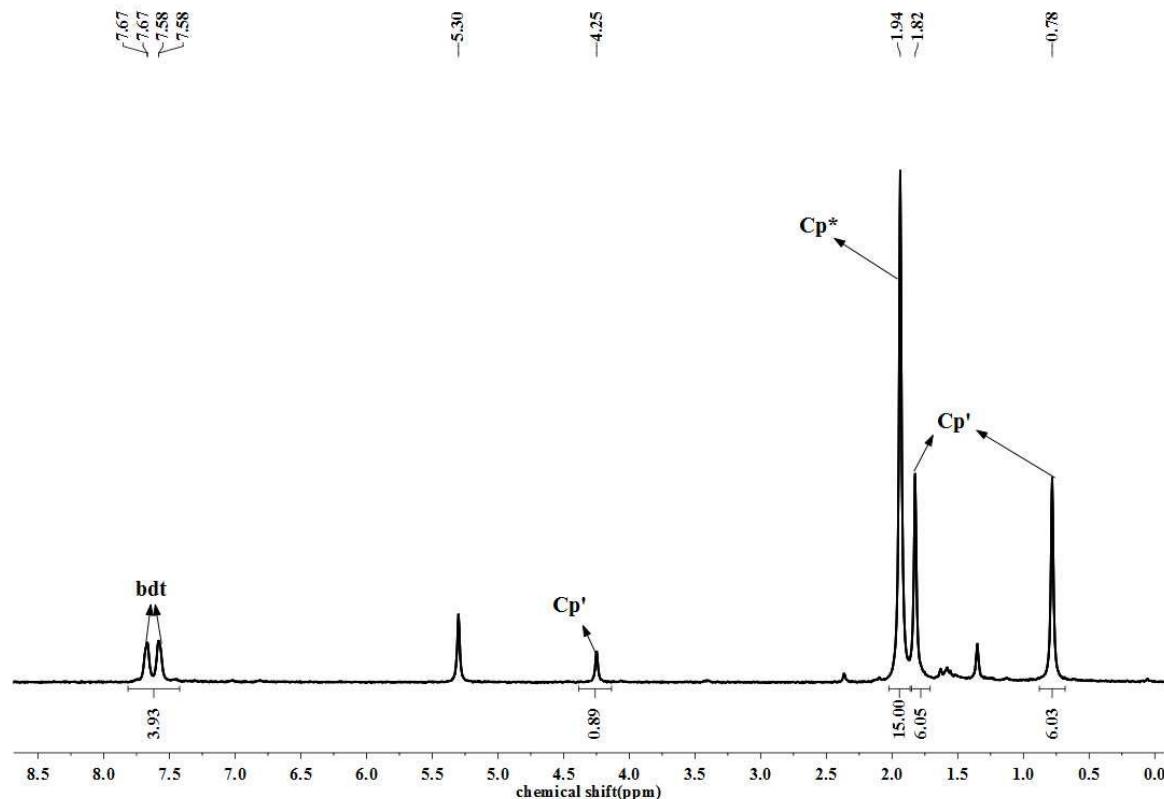
**Fig. S9** The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of **1**[ $\text{PF}_6^-$ ] in  $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$



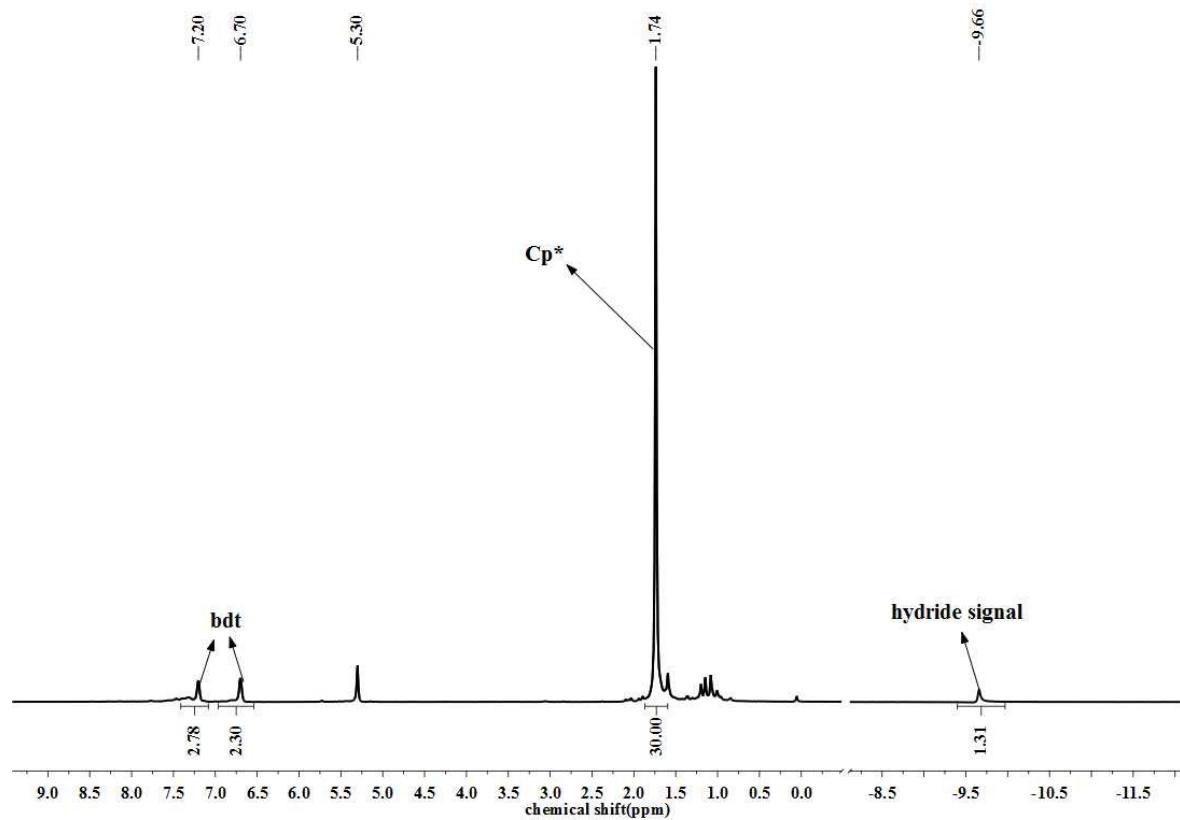
**Fig. S10** The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of **2** in  $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$



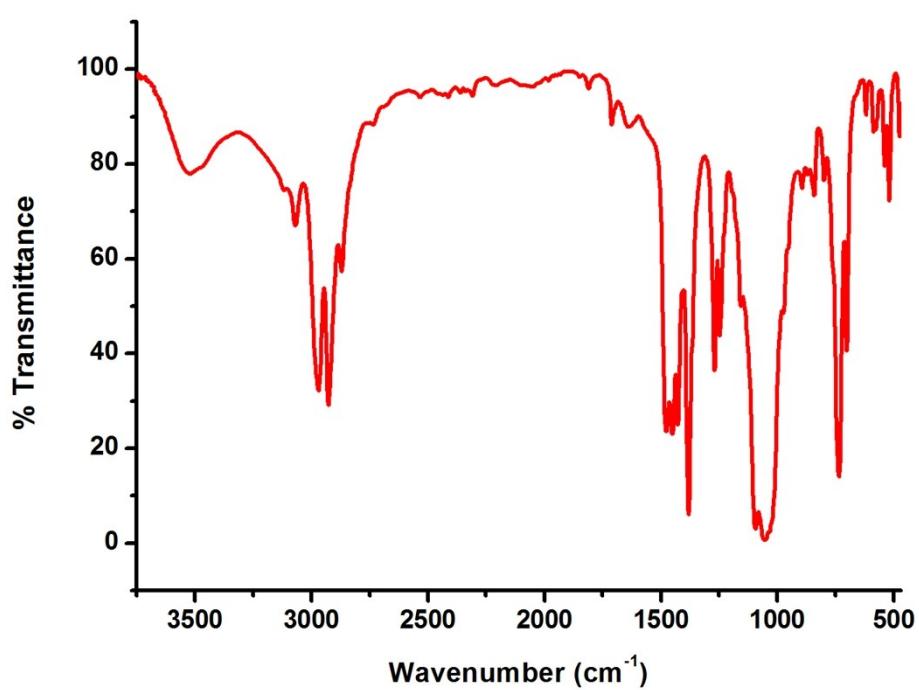
**Fig. S11** The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of  $\mathbf{3}[\text{PF}_6]$  in  $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$



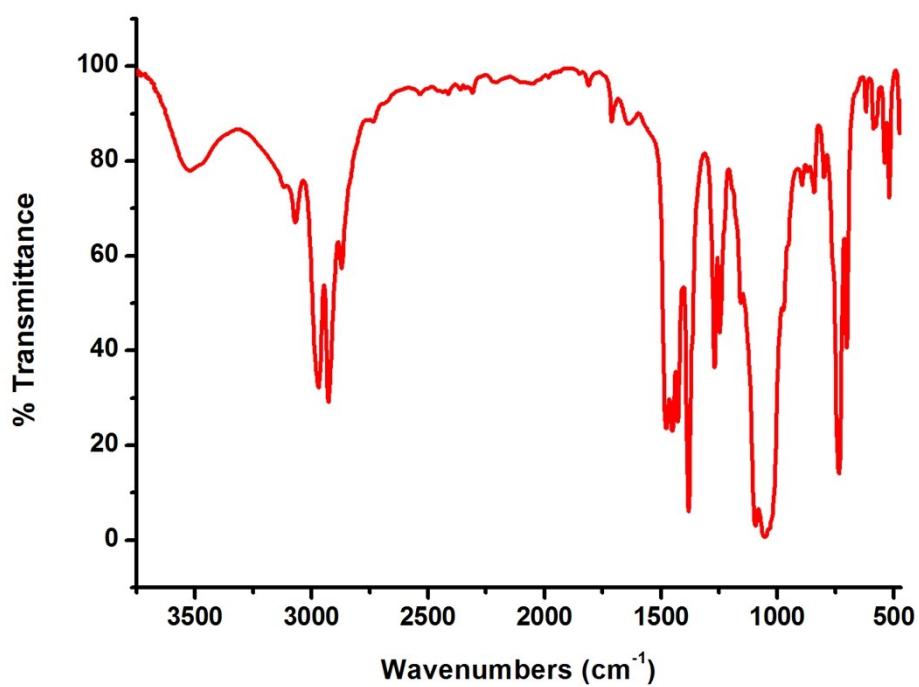
**Fig. S12** The  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of  $\mathbf{4}[\text{BF}_4]$  in  $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$



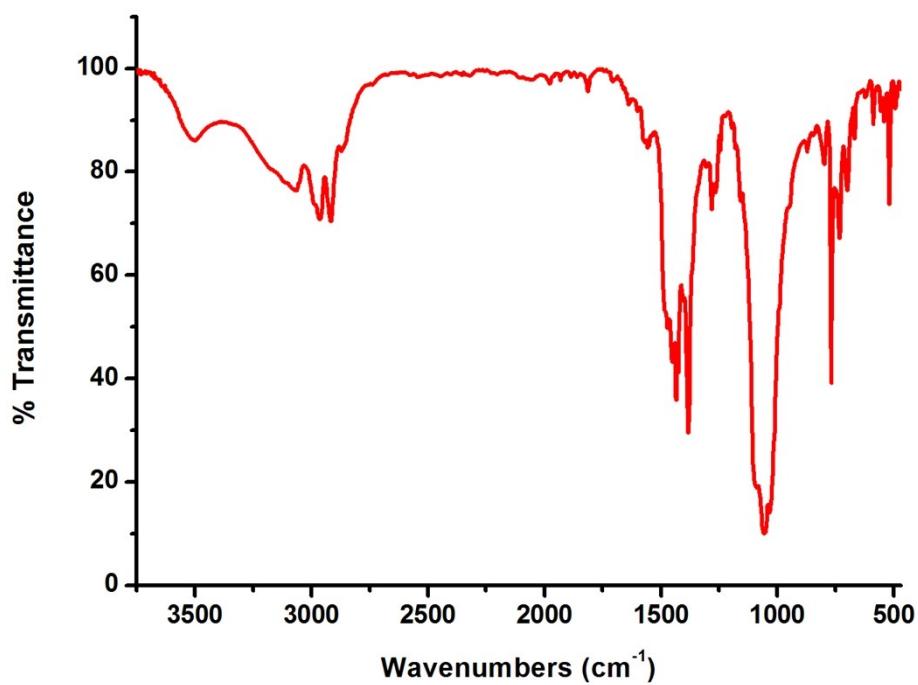
**Fig. S13** The IR (film) spectrum of **2**



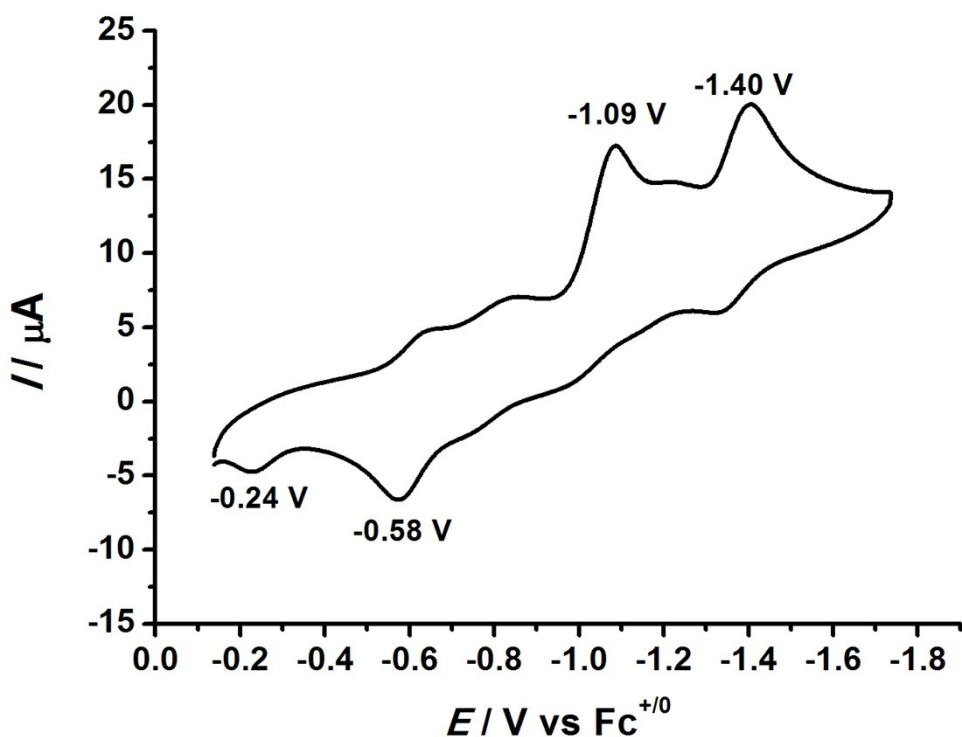
**Fig. S14** The IR (film) spectrum of **3[PF<sub>6</sub>]**



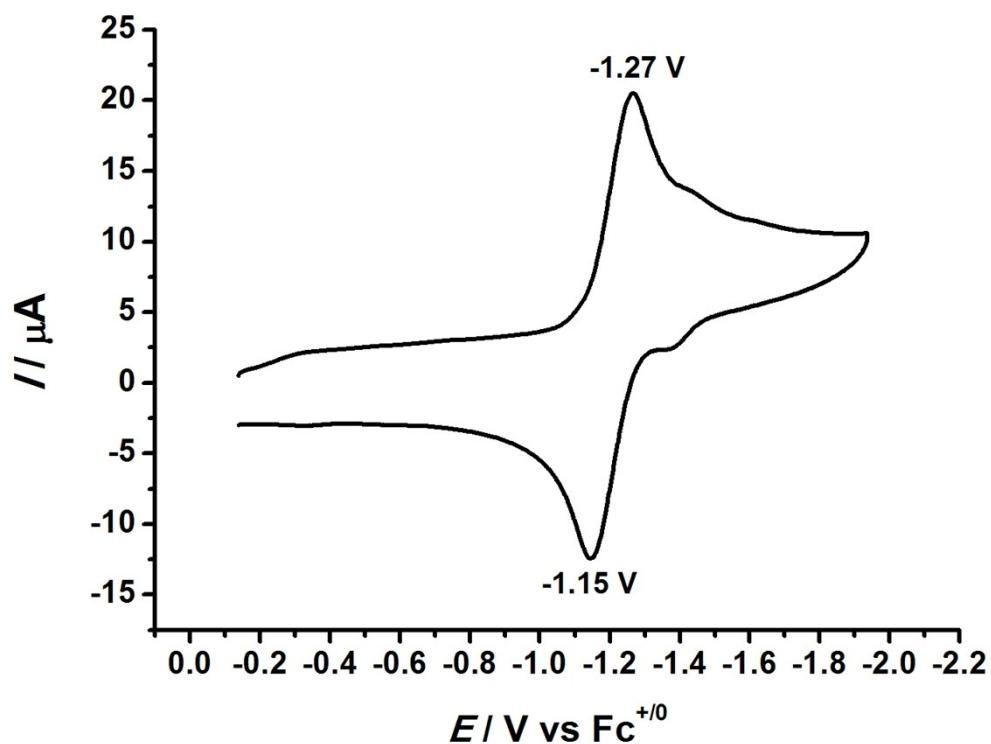
**Fig. S15** The IR (film) spectrum of **4**[BF<sub>4</sub>]



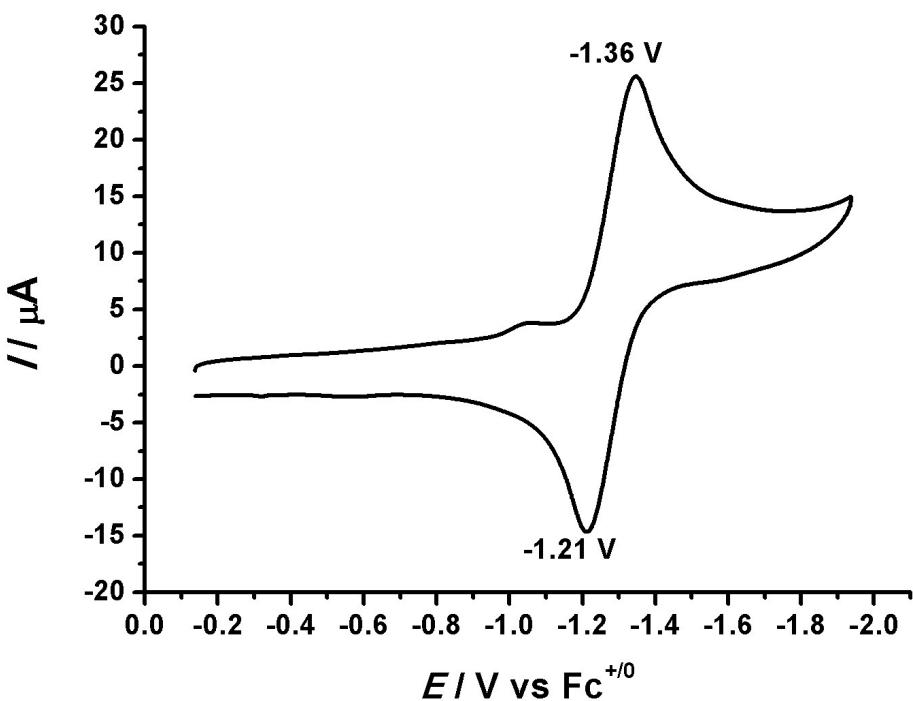
**Fig. S16** The cyclic voltammogram of **1**[PF<sub>6</sub>] (1 mM) in 0.1 M <sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>



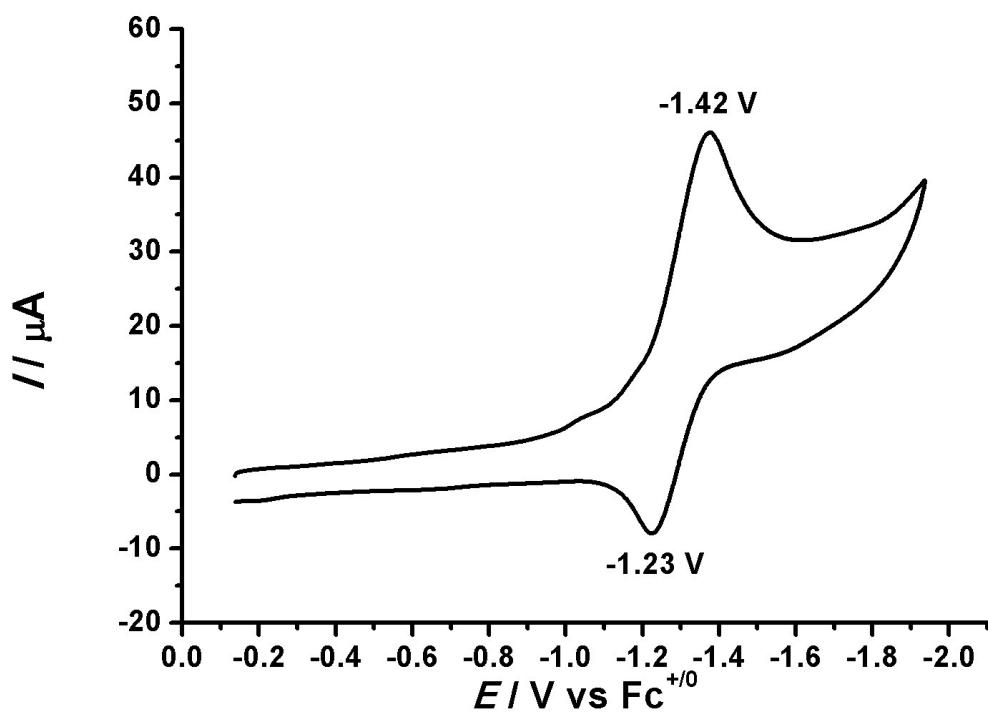
**Fig. S17** The cyclic voltammogram of **3[PF<sub>6</sub>]** (1 mM) in 0.1 M <sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>



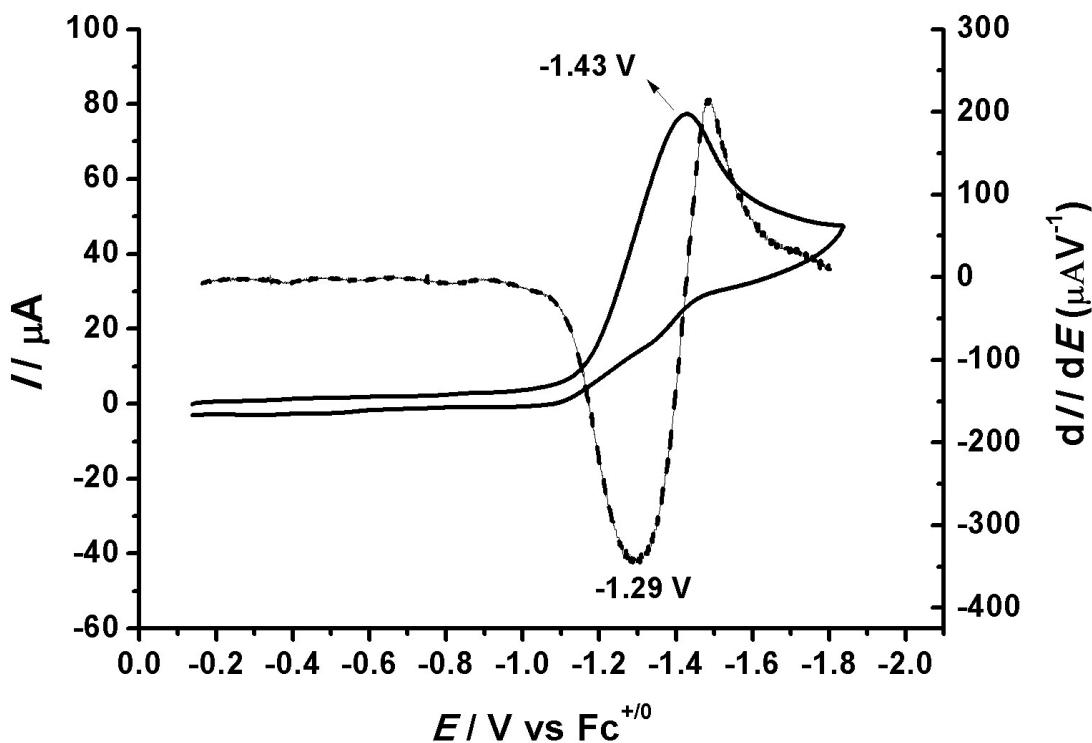
**Fig. S18** The cyclic voltammogram of **4[BF<sub>4</sub>]** (1 mM) in 0.1 M <sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>



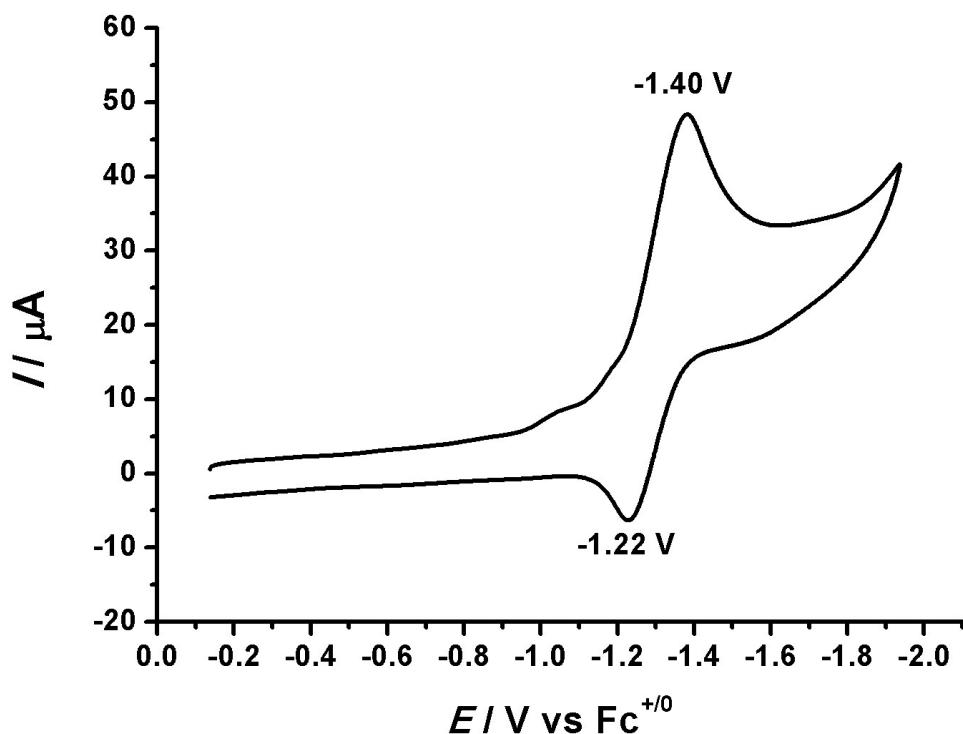
**Fig. S19** The cyclic voltammogram of **4**[BF<sub>4</sub>] (1 mM) in the presence of 1 equivalent of TFA in 0.1 M <sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>



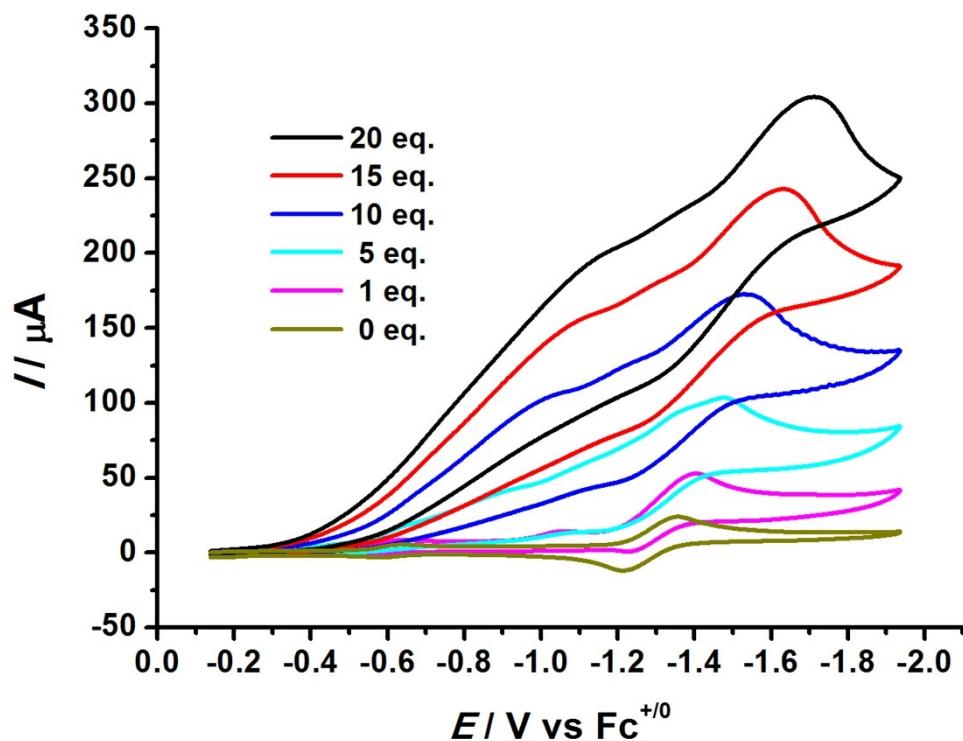
**Fig. S20** The cyclic voltammogram of **4**[BF<sub>4</sub>] (1 mM) in the presence of 3 equivalent of TFA in 0.1 M <sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup> (solid line: the recorded voltammogram; dash line: the first derivative of the forward scan)



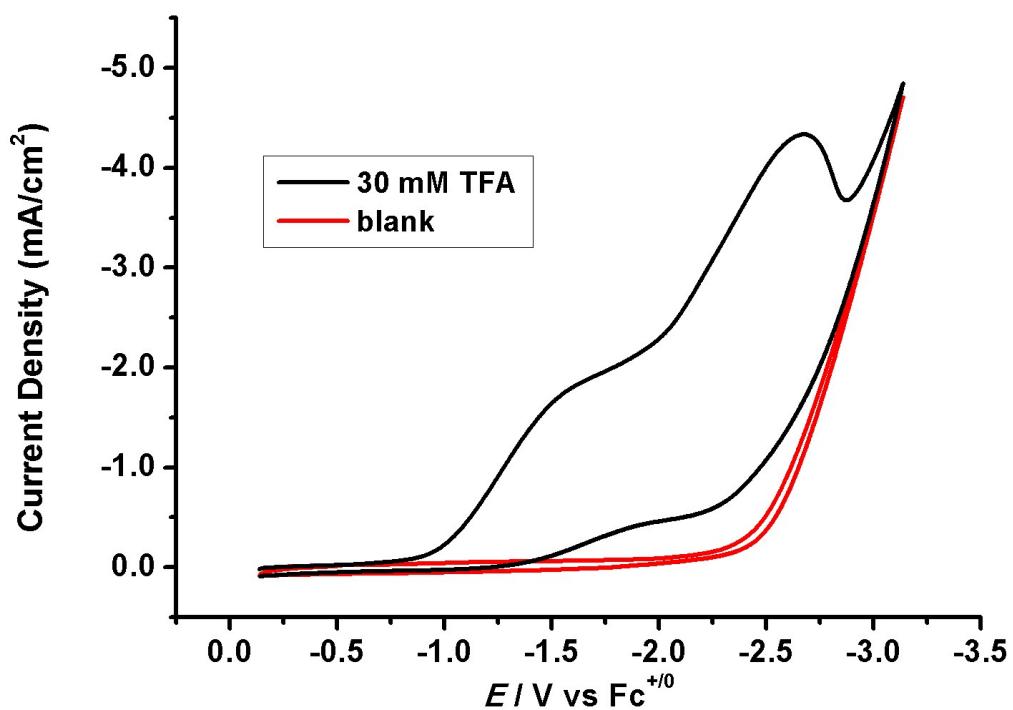
**Fig. S21** The cyclic voltammogram of **4**[BF<sub>4</sub>] (1 mM) in the presence of 1 equivalent of HBF<sub>4</sub> in 0.1 M <sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>



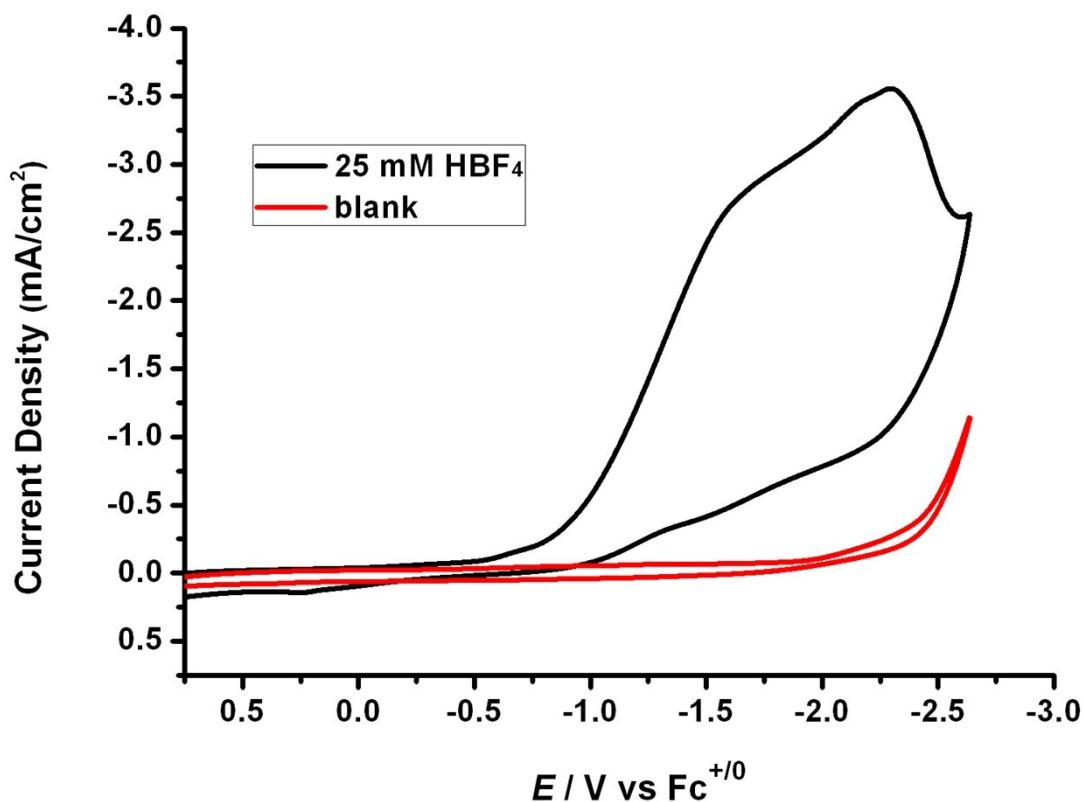
**Fig. S22** Cyclic voltammograms of **4**[BF<sub>4</sub>] (1 mM in 0.1 M <sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub> in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> under Ar, scan rate = 100 mv s<sup>-1</sup>) with increments of HBF<sub>4</sub> (0, 1, 5, 10, 15, and 20 mM)



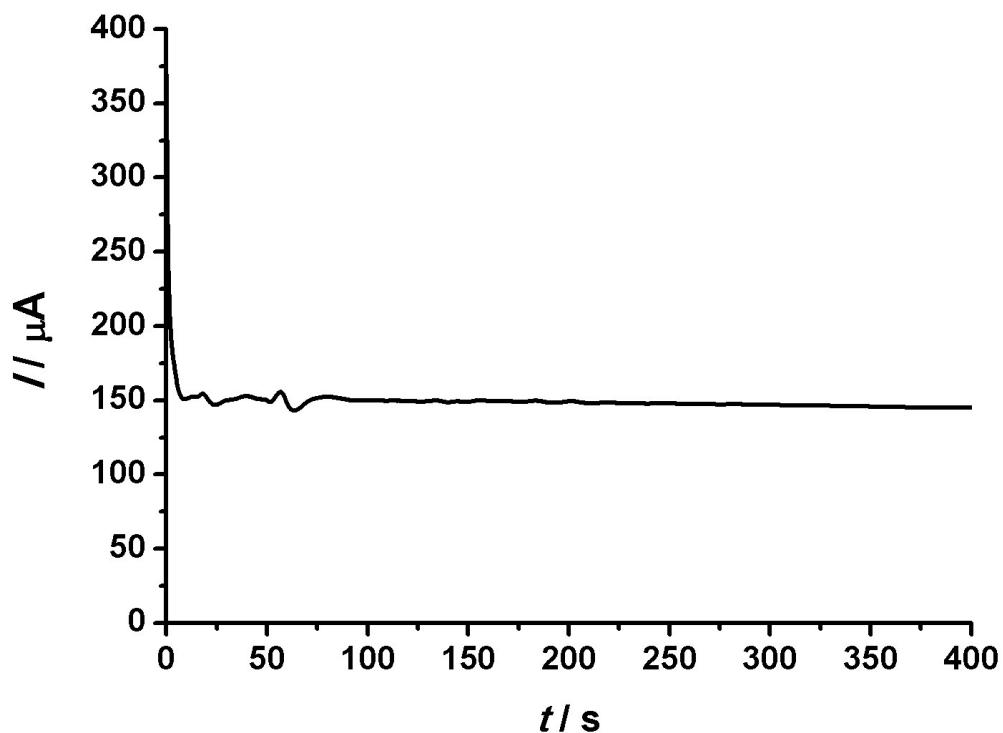
**Fig. S23** The cyclic voltammogram of 30 mM TFA in 0.1 M  ${}^n\text{Bu}_4\text{NPF}_6/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>



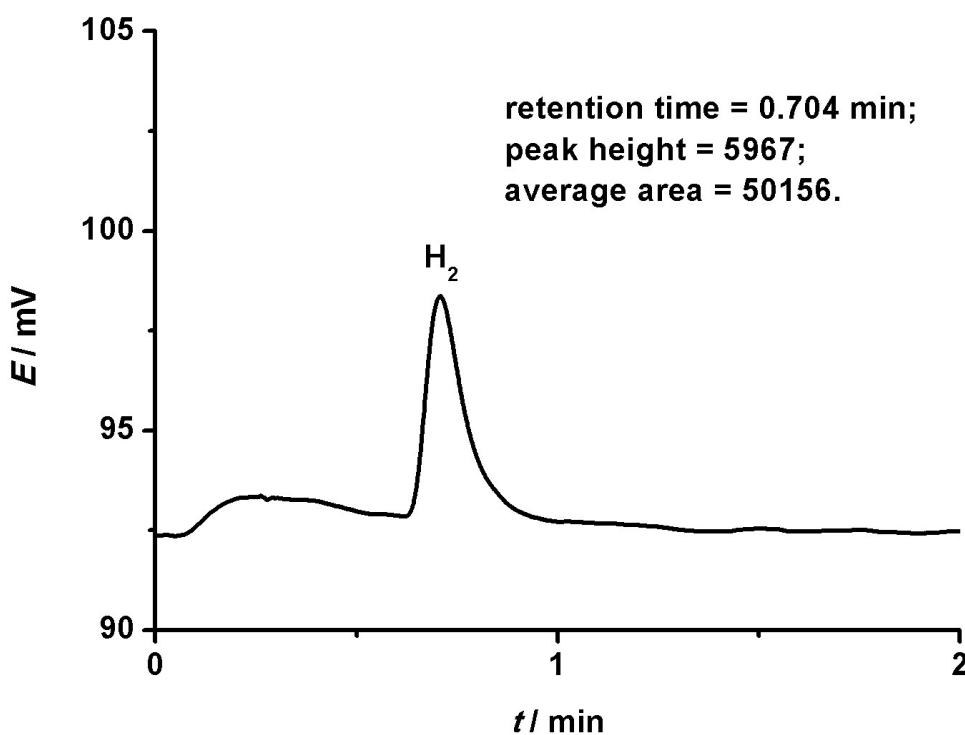
**Fig. S24** The cyclic voltammogram of 25 mM HBF<sub>4</sub> in 0.1 M  ${}^n\text{Bu}_4\text{NPF}_6/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>



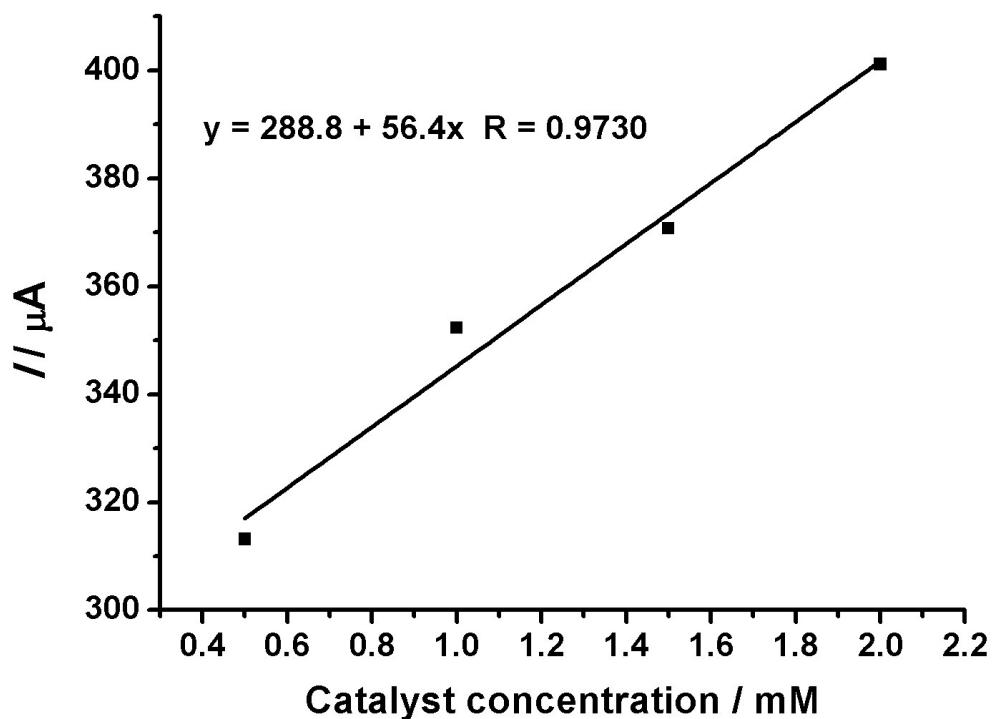
**Fig. S25** The i-t curve for bulk electrolysis of TFA (30 mM) in the presence of **4**[BF<sub>4</sub>] (1 mM) at -1.60 V



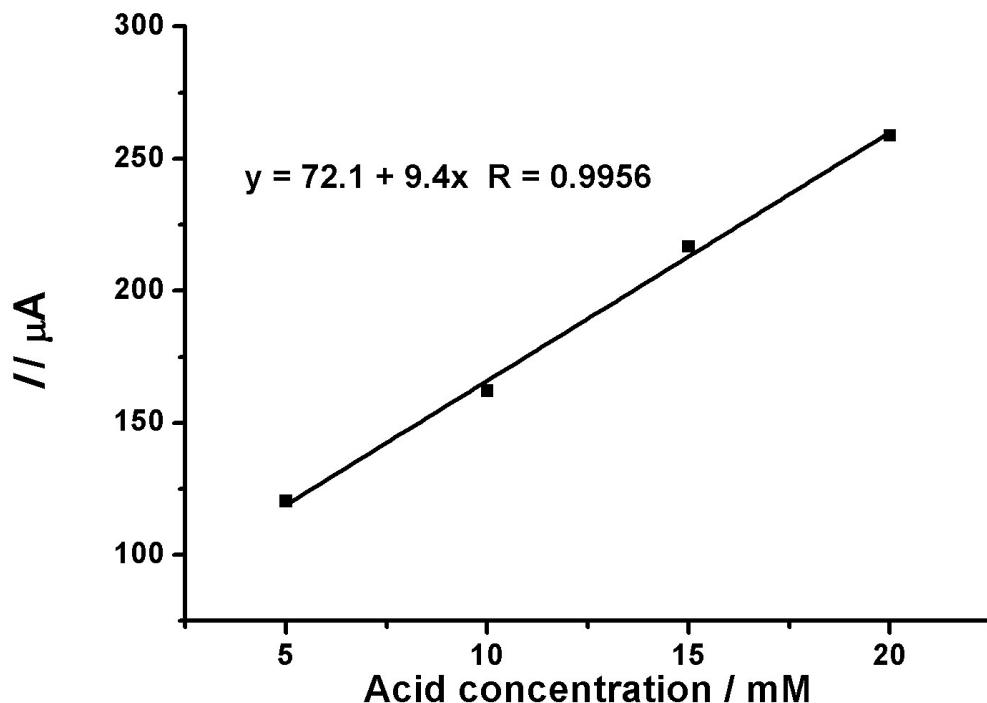
**Fig. S26** GC data for the three-electrode cell after electrolysis, the first peak at 0.704 min was ascribed to hydrogen



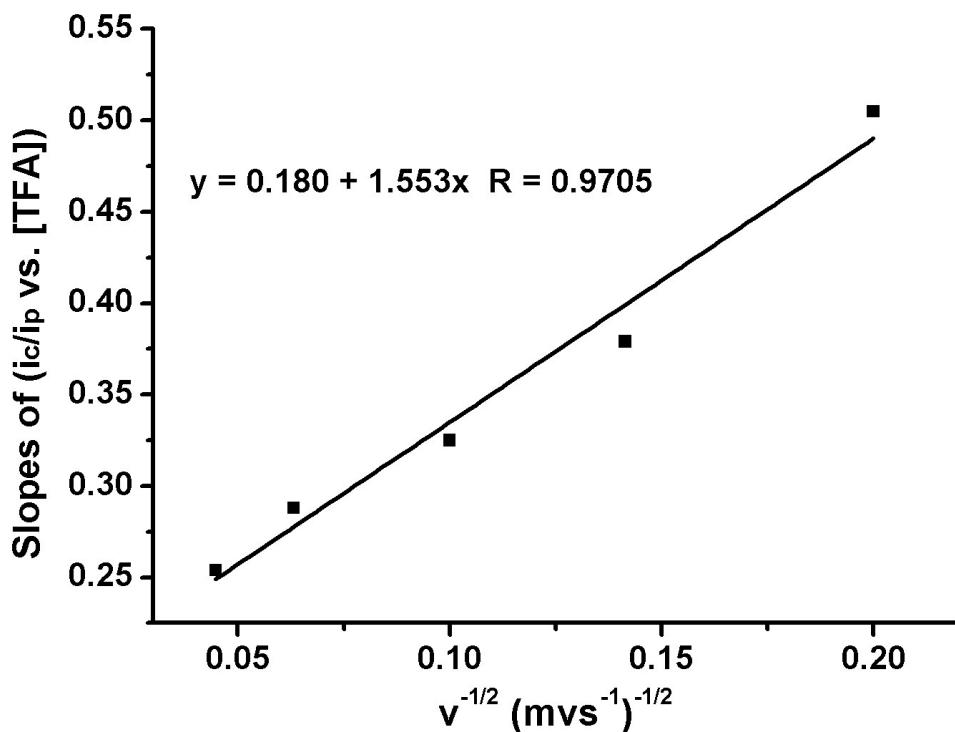
**Fig. S27** The dependence of the catalytic peak currents for 30 mM TFA on the concentration of **4[BF<sub>4</sub>]** in 0.1 M <sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>



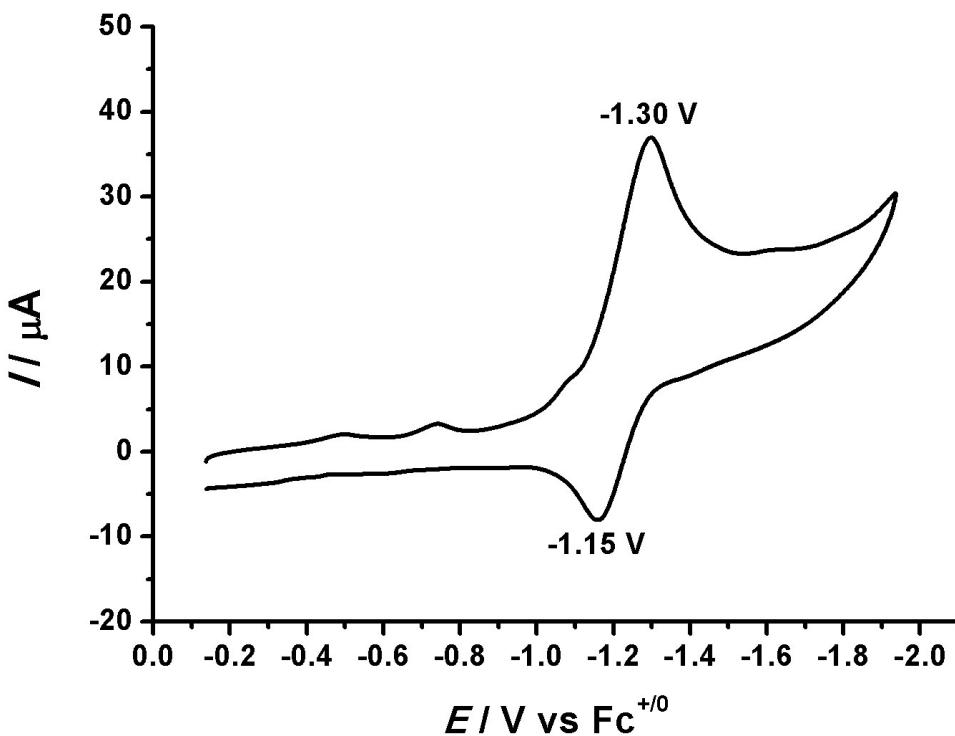
**Fig. S28** The dependence of the catalytic peak currents for 1 mM **4[BF<sub>4</sub>]** on the concentration of TFA in 0.1 M <sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>



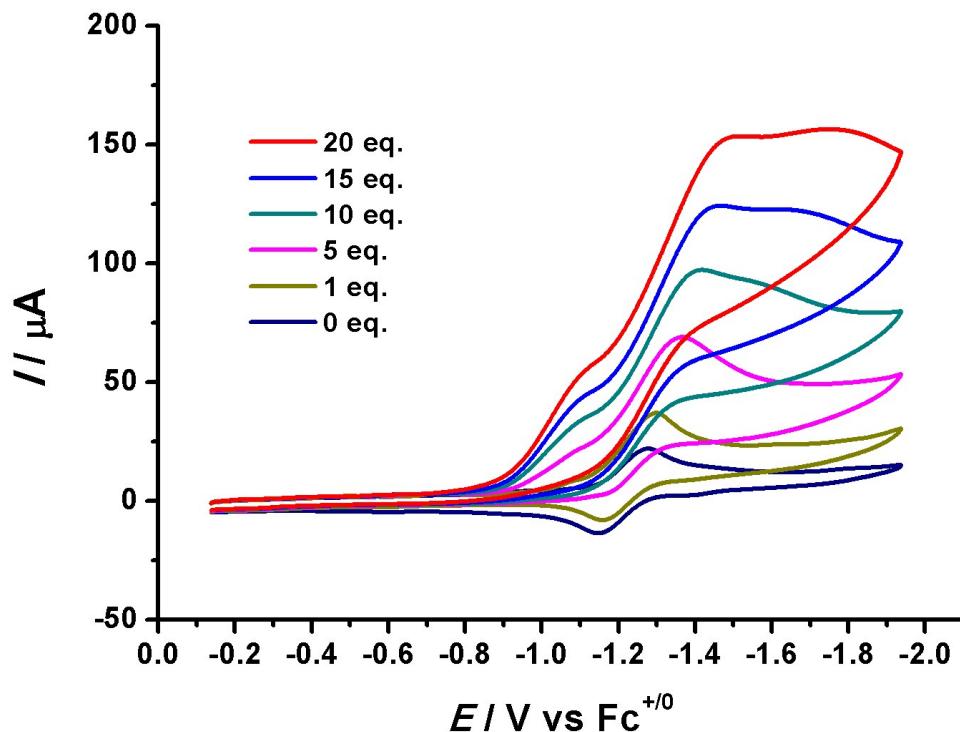
**Fig. S29** Plot of the slopes from graph on left vs.  $v^{-1/2}$ . Rate constant for proton reduction by **4[BF<sub>4</sub>]** is calculated from the slope of the equation for the linear fit



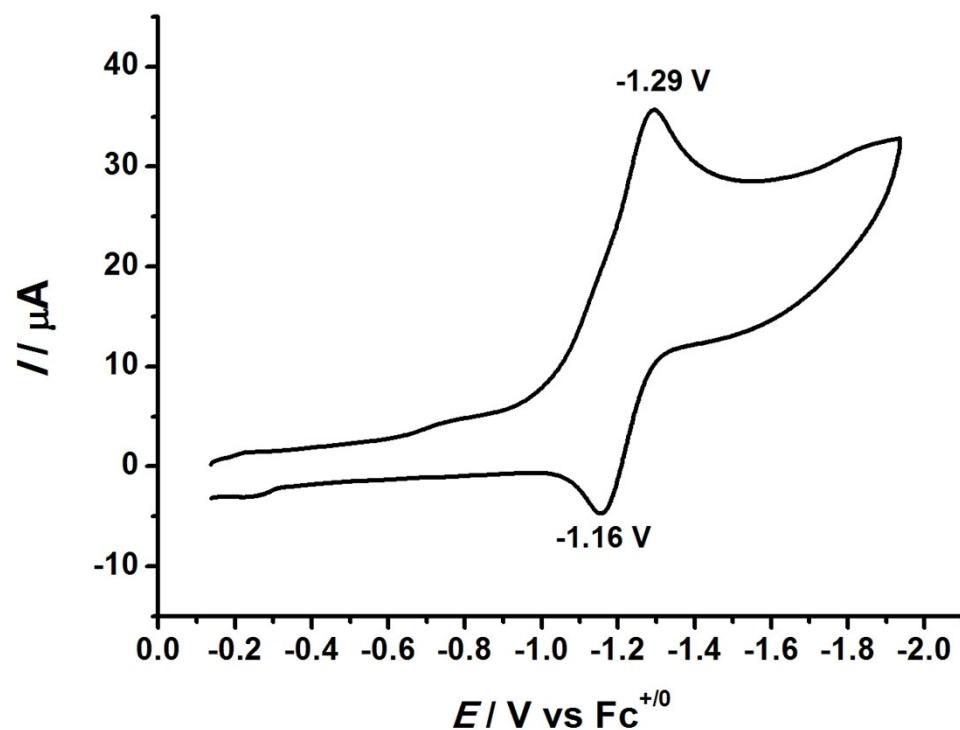
**Fig. S30** The cyclic voltammogram of **3[PF<sub>6</sub>]** (1 mM) in the presence of 1 equivalent of TFA in 0.1 M  $n$ Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>



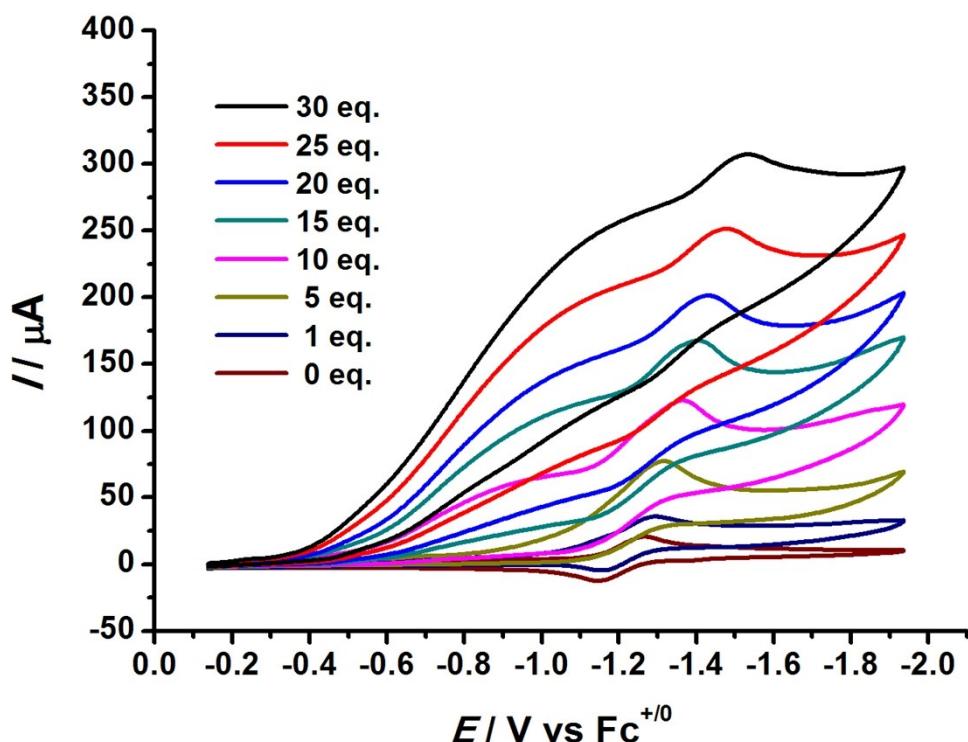
**Fig. S31** Cyclic voltammograms of **3[PF<sub>6</sub>]** (1 mM in 0.1 M *n*Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub> in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> under Ar, scan rate = 100 mv s<sup>-1</sup>) with increments of TFA (0, 1, 5, 10, 15, and 20 mM)



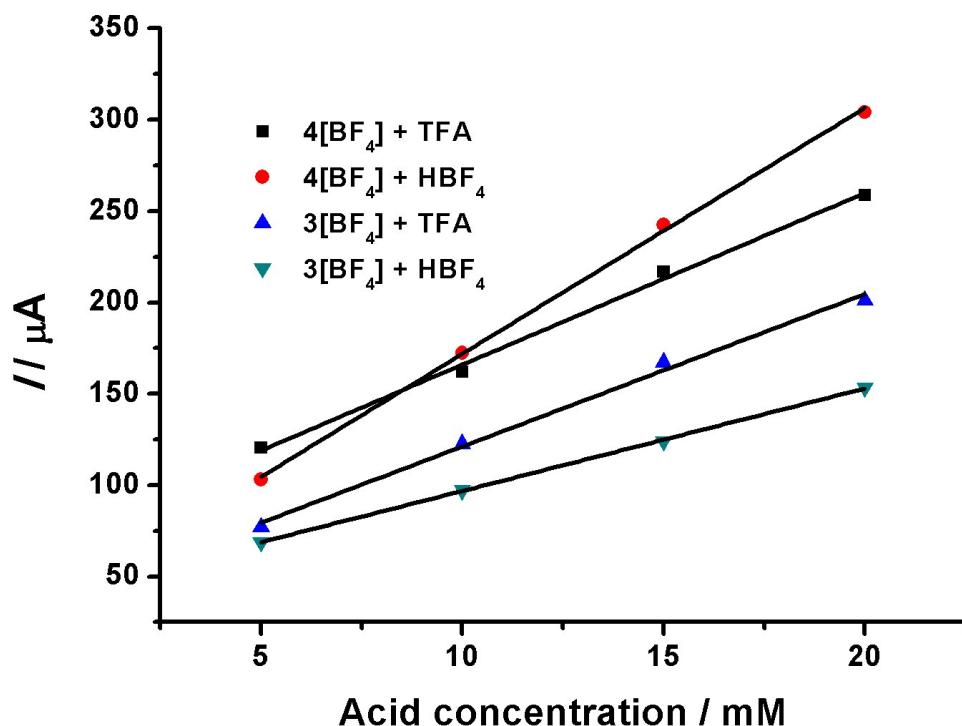
**Fig. S32** The cyclic voltammogram of **3[PF<sub>6</sub>]** (1 mM) in the presence of 1 equivalent of HBF<sub>4</sub> in 0.1 M *n*Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at 25 °C with a scan rate of 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>



**Fig. S33** Cyclic voltammograms of **3[PF<sub>6</sub>]** (1 mM in 0.1 M *n*Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub> in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> under Ar, scan rate = 100 mv s<sup>-1</sup>) with increments of HBF<sub>4</sub> (0, 1, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, and 30 mM)



**Fig. S34** The dependence of the catalytic peak currents for 1 mM **3[PF<sub>6</sub>]** and **4[BF<sub>4</sub>]** on the concentration of acid (HBF<sub>4</sub> and TFA) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>



**Fig. S35** Cyclic voltammograms of **4[BF<sub>4</sub>]** (1 mM in 0.1 M *n*Bu<sub>4</sub>NPF<sub>6</sub> in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> under Ar, scan rate = 100 mv s<sup>-1</sup>) with increments of TFA (a: c<sub>TFA</sub> = 10 mM, black line: before a short bulk electrolysis, blue line: after a short bulk electrolysis; b: c<sub>TFA</sub> = 30 mM, black line: before a short bulk electrolysis, red line: after a short bulk electrolysis.)

